$\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$  the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senators Brandes and Perry

591-02025-20 2020572c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to release from imprisonment; amending 3 s. 921.002, F.S.; revising a principle of the Criminal 4 Punishment Code relating to a prisoner's required 5 minimum term of imprisonment; amending s. 944.275, 6 F.S.; revising the incentive gain-time that the 7 Department of Corrections may grant a prisoner; 8 providing exceptions; providing that an inmate is considered in the care, custody, supervision, or 9 10 control of the Department of Corrections when 11 participating in specified programs and may receive 12 credit towards specified portions of a sentence for 13 such participation; amending s. 945.091, F.S.; authorizing the department to extend the limits of 14 15 confinement to allow an inmate to participate in supervised community release, subject to certain 16 17 requirements, as prescribed by the department by rule; 18 providing that an inmate participating in such 19 supervised community release is considered to be in 20 the custody, care, supervision, and control of the 21 department; authorizing the department to terminate 22 the inmate's supervised community release under 23 certain circumstances; providing that an inmate participating in supervised community release is 24 eligible to earn or lose gain-time, subject to certain 25 restrictions; prohibiting the inmate from being 2.6 27 counted in the population of the prison system; 28 prohibiting the inmate's approved community-based 29 housing location from being counted in the capacity

#### Page 1 of 9

	591-02025-20 2020572c1
30	figures for the prison system; reenacting ss.
31	775.084(4)(k) and 921.002(1)(e), F.S., relating to
32	violent criminals and habitual offenders and the
33	Criminal Punishment Code, respectively, to incorporate
34	the amendment made to s. 944.275, F.S., in references
35	thereto; reenacting s. 946.503(2), F.S., relating to
36	the definition of the term "correctional work program"
37	to incorporate the amendment made to s. 945.091, F.S.,
38	in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.
39	
40	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
41	
42	Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section
43	921.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
44	921.002 The Criminal Punishment CodeThe Criminal
45	Punishment Code shall apply to all felony offenses, except
46	capital felonies, committed on or after October 1, 1998.
47	(1) The provision of criminal penalties and of limitations
48	upon the application of such penalties is a matter of
49	predominantly substantive law and, as such, is a matter properly
50	addressed by the Legislature. The Legislature, in the exercise
51	of its authority and responsibility to establish sentencing
52	criteria, to provide for the imposition of criminal penalties,
53	and to make the best use of state prisons so that violent
54	criminal offenders are appropriately incarcerated, has
55	determined that it is in the best interest of the state to
56	develop, implement, and revise a sentencing policy. The Criminal
57	Punishment Code embodies the principles that:
58	(e) The sentence imposed by the sentencing judge reflects

# Page 2 of 9

	591-02025-20 2020572c1
59	the length of actual time to be served, shortened only by the
60	application of incentive and meritorious gain-time as provided
61	by law, and may not be shortened if the defendant would
62	consequently serve less than <u>65 percent of his or her term of</u>
63	imprisonment as provided in s. 944.275(4)(b)3.a. or less than 85
64	percent of his or her term of imprisonment as provided in s.
65	944.275(4) or s. 944.275(4)(b)3.b. The provisions of chapter
66	947, relating to parole, shall not apply to persons sentenced
67	under the Criminal Punishment Code.
68	Section 2. Paragraphs (b) and (f) of subsection (4) of
69	section 944.275, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
70	944.275 Gain-time
71	(4)
72	(b) For each month in which an inmate works diligently,
73	participates in training, uses time constructively, or otherwise
74	engages in positive activities, the department may grant
75	incentive gain-time in accordance with this paragraph. The rate
76	of incentive gain-time in effect on the date the inmate
77	committed the offense <u>that</u> <del>which</del> resulted in his or her
78	incarceration shall be the inmate's rate of eligibility to earn
79	incentive gain-time throughout the period of incarceration and
80	may shall not be altered by a subsequent change in the severity
81	level of the offense for which the inmate was sentenced.
82	1. For sentences imposed for offenses committed before
83	<del>prior to</del> January 1, 1994, up to 20 days of incentive gain-time
84	may be granted. If granted, such gain-time shall be credited and
85	applied monthly.
86	2. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after

87 January 1, 1994, and before October 1, 1995:

## Page 3 of 9

	591-02025-20 2020572c1
88	a. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 1 through
89	7, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 25 days
90	of incentive gain-time may be granted. If granted, such gain-
91	time shall be credited and applied monthly.
92	b. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 8, 9, and
93	10, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 20
94	days of incentive gain-time may be granted. If granted, such
95	gain-time shall be credited and applied monthly.
96	3. For sentences imposed for offenses, regardless of the
97	date committed, the department may grant up to 20 days per month
98	of incentive gain-time, except that:
99	a. If the offense is a nonviolent felony, as defined in s.
100	948.08(6), the prisoner is not eligible to earn any type of
101	gain-time in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire,
102	end, or terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release,
103	before he or she serves a minimum of 65 percent of the sentence
104	imposed. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, credits awarded
105	by the court for time physically incarcerated must be credited
106	toward satisfaction of 65 percent of the sentence imposed. A
107	prisoner who is granted incentive gain-time pursuant to this
108	sub-subparagraph may not accumulate further gain-time awards at
109	any point when the tentative release date is the same as that
110	date at which the prisoner will have served 65 percent of the
111	sentence imposed. State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment
112	must be incarcerated for the rest of their natural lives, unless
113	granted pardon or clemency.
114	b. If the offense is not a nonviolent felony, as defined in
115	s. 948.08(6), the prisoner is not eligible to earn any type of
116	gain-time in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire,

# Page 4 of 9

591-02025-20 2020572c1 117 end, or terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release, 118 before he or she serves a minimum of 85 percent of the sentence 119 imposed. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, credits awarded 120 by the court for time physically incarcerated must be credited 121 toward satisfaction of 85 percent of the sentence imposed. A 122 prisoner who is granted incentive gain-time pursuant to this 123 sub-subparagraph may not accumulate further gain-time awards at 124 any point when the tentative release date is the same as that 125 date at which the prisoner will have served 85 percent of the 126 sentence imposed. State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment 127 must be incarcerated for the rest of their natural lives, unless 128 granted pardon or clemency For sentences imposed for offenses 129 committed on or after October 1, 1995, the department may grant 130 up to 10 days per month of incentive gain-time.

131 (f) An inmate who is subject to subparagraph (b)3. is not 132 eligible to earn or receive gain-time under paragraph (a), 133 paragraph (b), paragraph (c), or paragraph (d) or any other type 134 of gain-time in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire, 135 end, or terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release, 136 prior to serving a minimum of 85 percent of the sentence 137 imposed. For purposes of this paragraph, credits awarded by the 138 court for time physically incarcerated or time spent in the 139 department's care, custody, supervision, or control through participation in a program under s. 945.091 shall be credited 140 toward satisfaction of 85 percent of the sentence imposed. 141 Except as provided by this section, a prisoner may not 142 143 accumulate further gain-time awards at any point when the tentative release date is the same as that date at which the 144 145 prisoner will have served 85 percent of the sentence imposed.

#### Page 5 of 9

591-02025-20 2020572c1 146 State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment shall be 147 incarcerated for the rest of their natural lives, unless granted 148 pardon or clemency. 149 Section 3. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of 150 section 945.091, Florida Statutes, to read: 151 945.091 Extension of the limits of confinement; restitution 152 by employed inmates.-153 (1) The department may adopt rules permitting the extension 154 of the limits of the place of confinement of an inmate as to 155 whom there is reasonable cause to believe that the inmate will 156 honor his or her trust by authorizing the inmate, under 157 prescribed conditions and following investigation and approval 158 by the secretary, or the secretary's designee, who shall maintain a written record of such action, to leave the confines 159 160 of that place unaccompanied by a custodial agent for a 161 prescribed period of time to: 162 (d) Participate in supervised community release as 163 prescribed by the department by rule. An inmate who has a 164 sentence of 2 years or more may begin participation in 165 supervised community release 365 days before his or her 166 provisional or tentative release date. The supervised community 167 release may include active electronic monitoring and community control as defined in s. 948.001. An inmate participating in 168 169 such supervised community release is considered to be in the 170 custody, care, supervision, and control of the department for 171 purposes of ss. 921.002 and 944.275 and must be assigned to the

- 172 <u>caseload of a community control officer. The department must</u>
- 173 <u>administer a risk assessment instrument to appropriately</u>
- 174 determine an inmate's ability to be released pursuant to this

### Page 6 of 9

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for SB 572

591-02025-20 2020572c1 175 paragraph. 176 1. If a participating inmate fails to comply with the 177 conditions prescribed in the department's rule for supervised 178 community release, the department may terminate the inmate's 179 supervised community release and return him or her to the same 180 or another institution designated by the department. A law 181 enforcement officer or a probation officer may arrest the inmate without a warrant in accordance with s. 948.06, if there are 182 183 reasonable grounds to believe he or she has violated the terms 184 and conditions of supervised community release. The law 185 enforcement officer must report the inmate's alleged violations 186 to the supervising probation office or the department's 187 emergency action center for disposition of disciplinary charges 188 as prescribed by the department by rule. 189 2. An inmate participating in supervised community release 190 under this paragraph remains eligible to earn or lose gain-time 191 in accordance with s. 944.275 and department rule, but may not 192 receive gain-time or other sentence credit in an amount that 193 would cause his or her sentence to expire, end, or terminate, or 194 that would result in his or her release before serving a minimum 195 of 85 percent of the sentence imposed. The inmate may not be 196 counted in the population of the prison system, and the inmate's 197 approved community-based housing location may not be counted in 198 the capacity figures for the prison system.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (k) of subsection (4) of section 775.084, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

203

775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony offenders

### Page 7 of 9

591-02025-20 2020572c1 204 and habitual violent felony offenders; three-time violent felony 205 offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced penalties or 206 mandatory minimum prison terms.-207 (4)208 (k)1. A defendant sentenced under this section as a 209 habitual felony offender, a habitual violent felony offender, or 210 a violent career criminal is eligible for gain-time granted by 211 the Department of Corrections as provided in s. 944.275(4)(b). 2. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, a 212 213 defendant sentenced under this section as a violent career 214 criminal is not eligible for any form of discretionary early 215 release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional 216 medical release granted pursuant to s. 947.149. 217 3. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 1999, a defendant sentenced under this section as a three-time violent 218 219 felony offender shall be released only by expiration of sentence 220 and shall not be eligible for parole, control release, or any 221 form of early release. 222 Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 223 made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a 224 reference thereto, paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 225 921.002, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 226 921.002 The Criminal Punishment Code.-The Criminal 227 Punishment Code shall apply to all felony offenses, except 228 capital felonies, committed on or after October 1, 1998.

(1) The provision of criminal penalties and of limitations
upon the application of such penalties is a matter of
predominantly substantive law and, as such, is a matter properly
addressed by the Legislature. The Legislature, in the exercise

### Page 8 of 9

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for SB 572

260

CS for SB 572

	591-02025-20 2020572c1
233	of its authority and responsibility to establish sentencing
234	criteria, to provide for the imposition of criminal penalties,
235	and to make the best use of state prisons so that violent
236	criminal offenders are appropriately incarcerated, has
237	determined that it is in the best interest of the state to
238	develop, implement, and revise a sentencing policy. The Criminal
239	Punishment Code embodies the principles that:
240	(e) The sentence imposed by the sentencing judge reflects
241	the length of actual time to be served, shortened only by the
242	application of incentive and meritorious gain-time as provided
243	by law, and may not be shortened if the defendant would
244	consequently serve less than 85 percent of his or her term of
245	imprisonment as provided in s. 944.275(4). The provisions of
246	chapter 947, relating to parole, shall not apply to persons
247	sentenced under the Criminal Punishment Code.
248	Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
249	made by this act to section 945.091, Florida Statutes, in a
250	reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 946.503, Florida
251	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
252	946.503 Definitions to be used with respect to correctional
253	work programs.—As used in this part, the term:
254	(2) "Correctional work program" means any program presently
255	a part of the prison industries program operated by the
256	department or any other correctional work program carried on at
257	any state correctional facility presently or in the future, but
258	the term does not include any program authorized by s. 945.091
259	or s. 946.40.

Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 2020.

# Page 9 of 9