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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the verification of employment eligibility; amending s. 287.058, F.S.; requiring written agreements for the procurement of specified contractual services to include a statement regarding the requirement that a contractor or subcontractor register with and use E-Verify; creating s. 287.137, F.S.; defining terms; requiring public employers and certain contractors and subcontractors to register with and use E-Verify by a specified date; prohibiting public employers, contractors, and subcontractors from entering into a contract unless each party to the contract registers with and uses E-Verify; amending s. 288.061, F.S.; prohibiting the approval of certain economic development incentive applications after a specified date; requiring an awardee to repay certain moneys within a specified timeframe under certain circumstances; creating s. 448.093, F.S.; defining terms; requiring employers to register with and use an electronic employment verification system to verify the employment eligibility of new employees by a certain date; authorizing employers to use an alternative system that meets specified criteria to confirm an employee's identity, subject to certain requirements; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to conduct random audits of employment files of certain employers; requiring the department to take certain action against a noncompliant employer; requiring the appropriate licensing agency

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to suspend a noncompliant employer's license until certain conditions are met; requiring permanent revocation of licenses under specified circumstances; authorizing the imposition of fines for violations of the act; prohibiting an employer from knowingly employing an unauthorized alien; providing civil immunity for an employer registered with and using an electronic employment verification system; providing specified immunity and nonliability for an employer who complies in good faith with the requirements of the act; creating a rebuttable presumption for certain employers that the employer did not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien; authorizing certain persons with knowledge of a violation to file a complaint with the department, subject to certain limitations; providing a penalty for persons who knowingly file false or frivolous complaints; prescribing procedures for the disposition of such complaints; requiring the department to notify the Federal Government of the identity of an unauthorized alien; requiring employers to provide copies of certain documentation, upon request, to specified persons and governmental entities for certain purposes; prohibiting specified persons and entities from making a determination as to whether a person is an unauthorized alien; requiring the department to define by rule electronic employment verification systems substantially equivalent to the E-Verify system; providing requirements for such rules; authorizing the department to adopt additional

rules in administering the act; providing for construction; providing appropriations and authorizing positions; providing for severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 287.058, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

287.058 Contract document.-

- (1) Every procurement of contractual services in excess of the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY TWO, except for the providing of health and mental health services or drugs in the examination, diagnosis, or treatment of sick or injured state employees or the providing of other benefits as required by chapter 440, shall be evidenced by a written agreement embodying all provisions and conditions of the procurement of such services, which shall, where applicable, include, but not be limited to, a provision:
- (a) That bills for fees or other compensation for services or expenses be submitted in detail sufficient for a proper preaudit and postaudit thereof.
- (b) That bills for any travel expenses be submitted in accordance with s. 112.061. A state agency may establish rates lower than the maximum provided in s. 112.061.
- (c) Allowing unilateral cancellation by the agency for refusal by the contractor to allow public access to all documents, papers, letters, or other material made or received by the contractor in conjunction with the contract, unless the

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records are exempt from s. 24(a) of Art. I of the State Constitution and s. 119.07(1).

- (d) Specifying a scope of work that clearly establishes all tasks the contractor is required to perform.
- (e) Dividing the contract into quantifiable, measurable, and verifiable units of deliverables that must be received and accepted in writing by the contract manager before payment. Each deliverable must be directly related to the scope of work and specify a performance measure. As used in this paragraph, the term "performance measure" means the required minimum acceptable level of service to be performed and criteria for evaluating the successful completion of each deliverable.
- (f) Specifying the criteria and the final date by which such criteria must be met for completion of the contract.
- (g) Specifying that the contract may be renewed for a period that may not exceed 3 years or the term of the original contract, whichever is longer, specifying the renewal price for the contractual service as set forth in the bid, proposal, or reply, specifying that costs for the renewal may not be charged, and specifying that renewals are contingent upon satisfactory performance evaluations by the agency and subject to the availability of funds. Exceptional purchase contracts pursuant to s. 287.057(3)(a) and (c) may not be renewed.
- (h) Specifying the financial consequences that the agency must apply if the contractor fails to perform in accordance with the contract.
- (i) Addressing the property rights of any intellectual property related to the contract and the specific rights of the state regarding the intellectual property if the contractor

fails to provide the services or is no longer providing services.

(j) Requiring a contractor or any subcontractor performing a portion of the contract to register with and use E-Verify to the extent required by s. 287.137 for all new employees hired in this state during the term of the contract.

In lieu of a written agreement, the agency may authorize the use of a purchase order for classes of contractual services if the provisions of paragraphs (a)-(j) (a)-(i) are included in the purchase order or solicitation. The purchase order must include, but need not be limited to, an adequate description of the services, the contract period, and the method of payment. In lieu of printing the provisions of paragraphs (a)-(c) and (g) in the contract document or purchase order, agencies may incorporate the requirements of paragraphs (a)-(c) and (g) by reference.

Section 2. Section 287.137, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- <u>287.137 Verification of work authorization status; public</u> employers.—
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Contractor" means a person or an entity that has more than 10 employees in this state and has entered into, or is attempting to enter into, a contract with a public employer to provide labor, supplies, or services to such employer.
- (b) "Employee" has the same meaning as provided in s. 448.093.
 - (c) "E-Verify" means the Internet-based electronic

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employment verification system operated by the United States
Department of Homeland Security.

- (d) "Public employer" means an agency or a subdivision of the state, regional, county, local, special district, or municipal government, whether executive, judicial, or legislative, or any public school, community college, or state university, which employs persons who perform labor or services for that employer in exchange for salary, wages, or other remuneration or enters into, or attempts to enter into, a contract with a contractor for an amount that will, or is expected to, exceed the CATEGORY TWO threshold amount provided in s. 287.017.
- (e) "Subcontractor" means a person or an entity that has more than 10 employees in this state and provides labor, supplies, or services to or for a contractor or another subcontractor pursuant to a contract that will, or is expected to, exceed the CATEGORY TWO threshold amount provided in s. 287.017.
- (f) "Unauthorized alien" means a person who is not authorized under federal law to be employed in the United States, as described in 8 U.S.C. s. 1324a(h)(3). The term shall be interpreted consistently with that section and any applicable federal rules or regulations.
 - (2) On or after July 1, 2021:
- (a) Every public employer, contractor, and subcontractor shall register with and use E-Verify to verify the work authorization status of all new employees and identify whether an employee is an unauthorized alien.
 - (b) A public employer or a contractor or subcontractor in

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this state may not enter into a contract under this section unless each party to the contract registers with and uses E-Verify.

Section 3. Present subsection (6) of section 288.061, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (7), and a new subsection (6) is added to that section to read:

288.061 Economic development incentive application process.—

(6) Beginning July 1, 2020, the executive director may not approve an economic development incentive application unless the application includes proof to the department that the applicant business will register with and use the E-Verify system, as defined in s. 287.137, or an alternative electronic employment verification system approved by the department, to verify the work authorization status of all newly hired employees. If the department determines that an awardee is not complying with this subsection, the department must notify the awardee by certified mail of the department's determination of noncompliance and the awardee's right to appeal the determination. Upon a final determination of noncompliance, the awardee must repay all moneys received as an economic development incentive to the department within 30 days after the final determination.

Section 4. Section 448.093, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

448.093 Definitions; use of electronic employment verification system required for private employers; business licensing enforcement.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Agency" means an agency, a department, a board, or a

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commission of this state or a county or municipality which
issues a license to operate a business in this state.

- (b) "Department" means the Department of Economic Opportunity.
 - (c) "Electronic employment verification system" means:
- 1. An Internet-based system operated by the United States

 Department of Homeland Security (E-Verify) which allows

 participating employers to electronically verify the employment eligibility of newly hired employees; or
- 2. A system substantially equivalent to E-Verify which verifies whether an employee is an unauthorized alien as certified by an employer, under penalty of perjury, on a form provided by the department.
- (d) "Employee" means an individual whose work is performed under the direction and supervision of the employer and whose employer withholds tax pursuant to the Federal Insurance

 Contributions Act (FICA) or federal income tax from the individual's compensation, or whose employer issues an Internal Revenue Service W-2 form, but not an Internal Revenue Service

 Form 1099, to an individual for purposes of documenting compensation. The term includes all individuals or entities that do not meet the definition of an independent contractor under federal laws or regulations to perform a specified portion of labor or services.
- (e) "Employer" means a person or an entity in this state which employs an employee. The term does not include any of the following:
 - 1. A government employer.
 - 2. The occupant or owner of a private residence who hires:

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- a. Casual labor, as defined in s. 443.036, to be performed entirely within the private residence; or
- b. A licensed independent contractor, as defined in federal laws or regulations, to perform a specified portion of labor or services.
- 3. An employee leasing company licensed pursuant to part XI of chapter 468 which enters into a written agreement or understanding with a client company which places the primary obligation for compliance with this section upon the client company. In the absence of a written agreement or understanding, the term includes an employee leasing company.
- (f) "Knowingly employ an unauthorized alien" has the same meaning as in 8 U.S.C. s. 1324a. The term shall be interpreted consistently with 8 U.S.C. s. 1324a and any applicable federal rules or regulations.
- (g) "License" means a franchise, a permit, a certificate, an approval, a registration, a charter, or any similar form of authorization required by state law and issued by an agency for the purpose of operating a business in this state. The term includes, but is not limited to:
 - 1. An article of incorporation.
- 2. A certificate of partnership, a partnership registration, or an article of organization.
- 3. A grant of authority issued pursuant to state or federal law.
 - 4. A transaction privilege tax license.
- (h) "Unauthorized alien" means a person who is not authorized under federal law to be employed in the United

 States, as described in 8 U.S.C. s. 1324a(h)(3). The term shall

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be interpreted consistently with that section and any applicable federal rules or regulations.

- (2) VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY; FINE FOR VIOLATION; SUSPENSION OF BUSINESS LICENSE.—
- (a) An employer shall, after making an offer of employment which has been accepted by an individual, use an electronic employment verification system to verify such individual's employment eligibility. Verification must occur within the period stipulated by applicable federal rules or regulations. However, an employer is not required to verify the employment eligibility of a continuing employee hired before the date of the employer's registration with an electronic employment verification system.
- (b) Employers in this state must use an electronic employment verification system or otherwise be in compliance with this section by no later than January 1, 2021.
- (c) As an alternative to registering with an electronic employment verification system, an employer may operate a system that complies with 8 U.S.C. s. 1324a, and must also maintain complete copies of all records used to establish an employee's identity and employment authorization for at least 3 years after the employer receives the records or 1 year after the employee ceases to provide services to the employer, whichever is later.
- 1. Copies of all records maintained by employers pursuant to this paragraph or paragraph (b) must be provided to any state or federal government agency upon request.
- 2. Beginning January 1, 2021, the department may conduct random audits of employment files of those employers that do not register with the E-Verify system.

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- (d) 1. If an employer does not register with an electronic employment verification system or otherwise comply with the requirements of paragraph (c), the department must submit a notice of violation to the employer, who must then register with an electronic employment verification system or otherwise comply with paragraph (c) and provide an affidavit stating such fact to the department within 30 calendar days after the notice of violation is mailed. If the employer does not become compliant and provide the required affidavit within 30 calendar days following the mailing of the notice of violation, the appropriate licensing agency must suspend all applicable licenses held by the employer until the employer becomes compliant and provides the department with the required affidavit.
- 2. For any employer found to have violated this subsection three times within any 36 month period, the appropriate agency shall permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the private employer specific to the business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. If the employer does not hold a license specific to the business location where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the private employer's business in general, the appropriate licensing agency shall permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of business.
- 3. For purposes of this paragraph, any licenses that are subject to suspension or revocation under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., respectively, are all licenses that are held by the employer specific to the business location where the

unauthorized alien performed work.

- (e) If the department determines that an employer has not registered with an electronic employment verification system or complied with the requirements of paragraph (c), the department may impose a fine of up to \$500 per violation of this subsection.
- (3) EMPLOYMENT OF UNAUTHORIZED ALIENS; IMMUNITY; COMPLAINTS.—
- (a) An employer may not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.
- (b) An employer registered with and using an electronic employment verification system may not be held civilly liable in a cause of action for the employer's:
- 1. Hiring of an unauthorized alien if the information obtained from the electronic employment verification system indicated that the person's work authorization status was not that of an unauthorized alien; or
- 2. Refusal to employ a person if the information obtained from the electronic employment verification system indicated that the person's work authorization status was that of an unauthorized alien.
- (c) An employer who in good faith registers with and uses an electronic employment verification system is considered to have complied with the requirements of 8 U.S.C. s. 1324a(b) and may not be held liable for any damages and is immune from any legal cause of action brought by any person or entity, including former employees, for the use of and reliance upon any incorrect information obtained from the electronic employment verification system, including any incorrect information obtained as a result

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of an isolated, sporadic, or accidental technical or procedural failure, when determining final action on a person's work authorization status.

- (d) For purposes of this subsection, compliance with subsection (2) creates a rebuttable presumption that an employer did not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien in violation of s. 448.09.
- (e) A person who has a good faith belief that an employer knowingly employs, or has knowingly employed within the last 90 calendar days, an unauthorized alien may file a complaint with the department.
- 1. A complaint may not be based on race, color, or national origin, pursuant to state or federal law.
- 2. A person who knowingly files a false or frivolous complaint under this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (f) Upon receipt of a valid complaint substantiated by evidence of a violation of paragraph (a), the department must notify the employer of the complaint and direct the employer to notify any employees named in the complaint. The department shall also determine whether the employer is registered with an electronic employment verification system or otherwise compliant with the requirements of paragraph (2)(c).
- (g) The department shall request that the Federal Government verify, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. s. 1373(c), the citizenship or immigration status of any employee named in the complaint, and the department must rely upon such verification. The department may not independently make a final determination

as to whether an employee is an unauthorized alien.

- (h) Upon finding that an employer has violated paragraph (a), the department must notify the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency of the identity of the unauthorized alien and, if known, the physical address at which the unauthorized alien resides.
 - (4) ENFORCEMENT.—

- (a) For purposes of enforcing this section, the following persons or entities may request, and an employer must provide, copies of any documentation relied upon by the employer for the verification of a person's employment eligibility, including, but not limited to, any documentation required under this section.
 - 1. The Department of Law Enforcement.
 - 2. The Attorney General.
 - 3. A state attorney.
 - 4. The statewide prosecutor.
- (b) A person or an entity specified in paragraph (a) that makes a request pursuant to this subsection must rely upon the Federal Government to verify a person's employment eligibility and may not independently make a final determination as to whether a person is an unauthorized alien.
 - (5) RULEMAKING.-
- (a) The department shall adopt rules to define an electronic employment verification system, if any, that is substantially equivalent to or more effective than the E-Verify system with respect to identifying unauthorized aliens and those persons eligible to work in the United States. The rules must identify the types of databases, methodologies, and evidence of

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identity and employment eligibility that qualify an electronic employment verification system as substantially equivalent to or more effective than the E-Verify system.

- (b) The department may adopt rules to:
- 1. Specify the manner of notifying licensing agencies, pursuant to paragraph (2)(d), of violations by employers;
- 2. Govern the administration of fines authorized under paragraph (2)(e); and
- $\underline{\mbox{3. Provide for procedures for complaints filed pursuant to}}$ subsection (3).
- (6) CONSTRUCTION.—This section shall be enforced without regard to race, color, or national origin, and shall be enforced in a manner that is fully consistent with any applicable federal laws or regulations.

Section 5. For the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the sum of \$1,612,045 in recurring funds and the sum of \$1,019,600 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund are appropriated to the Department of Economic Opportunity, and 15 full-time equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 681,500 are authorized, for purposes of implementing this act.

Section 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.