

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
02/27/2020		
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The Committee on Rules (Book) recommended the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (362874) (with title amendment)

4 Delete lines 42 - 189

and insert:

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(a) "Assisted reproductive technology" means those procreative procedures that involve the storage or laboratory handling of human eggs, preembryos, or sperm, including, but not limited to, in vitro fertilization embryo transfer, gamete intrafallopian transfer, pronuclear stage transfer, tubal embryo transfer, and zygote intrafallopian transfer.



12 (b) "Commissioning party" means the intended parent or 13 parents of a child who will be conceived by means of assisted 14 reproductive technology. 15 (c) "Donor" means a person who donates reproductive material, regardless of whether for personal use or 16 17 compensation. 18 (d) "Donor bank" means any facility that collects 19 reproductive material from donors for use by a fertility clinic. 2.0 (e) "Egg" means the unfertilized female reproductive cell. (f) "Fertility clinic" means a facility in which 21 reproductive materials are subject to assisted reproductive 22 23 technology for the purpose of being transferred into the body of 24 a recipient. 25 (g) "Health care practitioner" has the same meaning as in 26 s. 456.001. 27 (h) "Preembryo" means the product of fertilization of an 28 egg by a sperm until the appearance of the embryonic axis. 29 (i) "Recipient" means a person who has a donor's 30 reproductive material transferred into her body. 31 (j) "Reproductive material" means any human egg, preembryo, 32 or sperm. (k) "Reproductive storage facility" means a facility in 33 34 which reproductive materials are stored until such time that 35 they are transferred into the body of a recipient using assisted 36 reproductive technology. 37 (1) "Sperm" means the male reproductive cell. 38 (2) (a) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.—A commissioning party or

donor must enter into a contract with the donor bank, fertility

clinic, health care practitioner, or reproductive storage

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41 facility before he or she may make a donation of reproductive material. The contract must, at a minimum, indicate what must be 42 43 done with the reproductive material if any of the following 44 occurs:

- 1. The donor dies or becomes incapacitated.
- 2. A designated recipient for the donation dies or becomes incapacitated.
- 3. The commissioning party separates or the party's marriage is dissolved.
- 4. One member of the commissioning party dies or becomes incapacitated.
- 5. The reproductive material is unused, including whether it may be disposed of, offered to a different recipient, or donated to science.
 - 6. Any other unforeseen circumstance.
- (b) The donor bank, fertility clinic, health care practitioner, or reproductive storage facility must ensure that each donation is clearly labeled according to the terms of each donor or commissioning party's contract.
- (c) The donor bank, fertility clinic, health care practitioner, or reproductive storage facility must ensure that the donation is transferred to a recipient, returned, disposed of, or stored according to the terms of the contract.
 - (3) BEST PRACTICE POLICIES.—
- (a) By January 1, 2021, each donor bank, fertility clinic, health care practitioner, and reproductive storage facility that provides assisted reproductive technology in this state shall develop written best practice policies consistent with 42 U.S.C. s. 263a(f).



70 (b) The best practice policies must be submitted to the 71 appropriate licensing agency or department annually for review. (c) All reproductive material stored by a donor bank, 72 73 fertility clinic, health care practitioner, or reproductive 74 storage facility must be clearly labeled. 75 (d) A donor bank, fertility clinic, health care 76 practitioner, or reproductive storage facility must comply with 77 the terms of the contract pursuant to subsection (2). 78 (e) A donor bank, fertility clinic, health care 79 practitioner, or reproductive storage facility must maintain all records for at least 30 years. 80 81 (f) A health care practitioner may not transfer or 82 inseminate a recipient or cause a recipient to have transferred 83 into her body or be inseminated with the reproductive material 84 of the health care practitioner. 85 Section 2. Paragraphs (pp) and (qq) are added to subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, to read: 86 87 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement. (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which 88 89 the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be 90 taken: (pp) Intentionally transferring into a recipient or 91 92 inseminating a recipient with, or causing a recipient to have transferred into her body or be inseminated with, the 93 94 reproductive material, as defined in s. 383.61, of a donor 95 without the recipient's consent. 96 (qq) Violating s. 383.61. 97 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 456.074, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

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456.074 Certain health care practitioners; immediate suspension of license.-

- (1) The department shall issue an emergency order suspending the license of any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter 466, or chapter 484 who pleads quilty to, is convicted or found quilty of, or who enters a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, to:
- (a) A felony under chapter 409, chapter 817, or chapter 893 or under 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970 or under 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396;
- (b) A misdemeanor or felony under 18 U.S.C. s. 669, ss. 285-287, s. 371, s. 1001, s. 1035, s. 1341, s. 1343, s. 1347, s. 1349, or s. 1518 or 42 U.S.C. ss. 1320a-7b, relating to the Medicaid program; or
- (c) A felony under s. 784.086, relating to a reproductive battery.

Section 4. Section 456.51, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

456.51 Health care practitioners; consent for pelvic examinations.-

(1) As used in this section, the term "pelvic examination" means the series of tasks that comprise an examination of the vagina, cervix, uterus, fallopian tubes, ovaries, rectum, or external pelvic tissue or organs using any combination of modalities, which may include, but need not be limited to, the health care provider's gloved hand or instrumentation, in accordance with the prevailing professional standard of care for the health care practitioner as specified in s. 766.102.



128 (2) A health care practitioner may not perform a pelvic 129 examination on a patient without the written consent of the 130 patient or the patient's legal representative executed specific 131 to, and expressly identifying, the pelvic examination, unless: 132 (a) A court orders performance of the pelvic examination 133 for the collection of evidence; 134 (b) The pelvic examination is immediately necessary to 135 avert a serious risk of imminent, substantial, and irreversible 136 physical impairment of a major bodily function of the patient; 137 or 138 (c) The pelvic exam is indicated in the standard care for a 139 procedure that the patient has consented to. 140 Section 5. Paragraphs (ww) and (xx) are added to subsection 141 (1) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, to read: 142 458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the 143 board and department. (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a 144 145 license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2): 146 (ww) Intentionally transferring into a recipient or 147 inseminating a recipient with, or causing a recipient to have 148 transferred into her body or be inseminated with, the reproductive material, as defined in s. 383.61, of a donor 149 150 without the recipient's consent. 151 (xx) Violating s. 383.61. 152 Section 6. Paragraphs (yy) and (zz) are added to subsection 153 (1) of section 459.015, Florida Statutes, to read: 154 459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the 155 board and department.-156 (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a



license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
(yy) Intentionally transferring into a recipient or
inseminating a recipient with, or causing a recipient to have
transferred into her body or be inseminated with, the
reproductive material, as defined in s. 383.61, of a donor
without the recipient's consent.
(zz) Violating s. 383.61.
Section 7. Section 784.086, Florida Statutes, is created to
read:
784.086 Reproductive battery.—
(1) As used in this section, the term:
(a) "Donor" has the same meaning as in s. 383.61.
(b) "Health care practitioner" has the same meaning as in
s. 456.001.
(c) "Recipient" has the same meaning as in s. 383.61.
(d) "Reproductive material" has the same meaning as in s.
<u>383.61.</u>
(2) A health care practitioner may not intentionally
transfer into the body of a recipient the reproductive material
of a donor or any object containing the reproductive material of
a donor, knowing that the recipient has not consented to the use
of the reproductive material from that donor.
(a) A health care practitioner who violates this subsection
commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
(b) A health care practitioner who violates this section
and is the donor of the reproductive material commits a felony
of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
775.083, or s. 775.084, unless the recipient has provided



written consent to the use of the health care practitioner's reproductive material.

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189 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =============

190 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 5 - 30 191

192 and insert:

> donor bank, fertility clinic, health care practitioner, or reproductive storage facility before donating reproductive material; providing requirements for the contract; requiring certain donor banks, fertility clinics, health care practitioners, and reproductive storage facilities to develop certain written best practice policies by a specified date; requiring the annual submission of such written policies to the appropriate licensing agency or the Department of Health; providing labeling, contract compliance, and record retention requirements; prohibiting a health care practitioner from implanting or inseminating a recipient with the health care practitioner's own reproductive material; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; providing grounds for disciplinary action; amending s. 456.074, F.S.; requiring the department to immediately suspend the license of certain health care practitioners under certain circumstances; creating s. 456.51, F.S.; defining the term "pelvic examination"; prohibiting a health care practitioner from performing a pelvic examination on a patient without first obtaining the written consent of



the patient or the patient's legal representative;		
providing exceptions; amending ss. 458.331 and		
459.015, F.S.; providing grounds for disciplinary		
action; creating s. 784.086, F.S.; defining terms;		
establishing the criminal offense of reproductive		
battery; providing an exception; providing criminal		