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A bill to be entitled An act relating to prescription drug price transparency; amending s. 499.012, F.S.; providing that permits for prescription drug manufacturers and nonresident prescription drug manufacturers are subject to specified requirements; creating s. 499.026, F.S.; providing definitions; requiring prescription drug manufacturers to provide notice of drug price increases to insurers; requiring prescription drug manufacturers to provide an annual report on drug price increases to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Office of Insurance Regulation; providing report requirements; creating s. 624.491, F.S.; providing timelines and documentation requirements for pharmacy audits conducted by certain health insurers, health maintenance organizations, or their agents; amending s. 627.64741, F.S.; providing definitions; requiring reporting requirements in contracts between health insurers and pharmacy benefit managers; requiring health insurers to submit an annual report to the office; requiring the office to publish such reports and analyses of specified information; revising applicability; amending s. 627.6572, F.S.; providing definitions; requiring reporting requirements in

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26	contracts between health insurers and pharmacy benefit							
27	managers; requiring health insurers to submit an							
28	annual report to the office; requiring the office to							
29	publish such reports and analyses of specified							
30	information; revising applicability; amending s.							
31	641.314, F.S.; providing definitions; requiring							
32	reporting requirements in contracts between health							
33	maintenance organizations and pharmacy benefit							
34	managers; requiring health maintenance organizations							
35	to submit an annual report to the office; requiring							
36	the office to publish such reports and analyses of							
37	specified information; revising applicability;							
38	providing an effective date.							
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40	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:							
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42	Section 1. Subsection (16) is added to section 499.012,							
43	Florida Statutes, to read:							
44	499.012 Permit application requirements							
45	(16) A permit for a prescription drug manufacturer or a							
46	nonresident prescription drug manufacturer is subject to the							
47	requirements of s. 499.026.							
48	Section 2. Section 499.026, Florida Statutes, is created							
49	to read:							
50	499.026 Prescription drug price increases							

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Health insurer" means a health insurer issuing major medical coverage through an individual or group policy or a health maintenance organization issuing major medical coverage through an individual or group contract, regulated under chapter 627 or chapter 641.
- (b) "Manufacturer" means any person holding a prescription drug manufacturer permit or a nonresident prescription drug manufacturer permit under s. 499.01.
- (2) At least 60 days before the effective date of any manufacturer drug price increase, a manufacturer must provide notification of the upcoming drug price increase and the amount of the drug price increase to every health insurer that covers the drug.
- (3) By April 1 of each year, a manufacturer must submit a report to the department and the Office of Insurance Regulation on each manufacturer drug price increase made during the previous calendar year. At a minimum, the report shall include:
- (a) A list of all drugs affected by the drug price increase and both the dollar amount of each drug price increase and the percentage increase of each drug price increase, relative to the previous price of the drug.
- (b) A complete description of the factors contributing to the drug price increase.
  - Section 3. Section 624.491, Florida Statutes, is created

to read:

Maintenance organization providing pharmacy benefits through a major medical individual or group health policy or health maintenance contract, respectively, shall comply with the requirements of this section when the insurer or health maintenance organization or any entity acting on behalf of the insurer or health maintenance organization, including, but not limited to, a pharmacy benefit manager, audits the records of a pharmacy licensed under chapter 465. The entity conducting such an audit shall:

- (1) Notify the pharmacy at least 7 calendar days before the initial onsite audit for each audit cycle.
- (2) Ensure the audit is not initiated during the first 3 calendar days of a month unless the pharmacist consents otherwise.
- (3) Limit the audit period to 24 months after the date a claim is submitted to or adjudicated by the entity.
- (4) Provide a preliminary audit report to the pharmacy within 120 days after the conclusion of the audit.
- (5) Provide a final audit report to the pharmacy within 6 months after having providing the preliminary audit report.
- Section 4. Section 627.64741, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 627.64741 Pharmacy benefit manager contracts.

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Administrative fee" means a fee or payment under a contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager associated with the pharmacy benefit manager's administration of the insurer's prescription drug benefit programs that is paid by the insurer to the pharmacy benefit manager.
- (b) (a) "Maximum allowable cost" means the per-unit amount that a pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacist for a prescription drug, excluding dispensing fees, prior to the application of copayments, coinsurance, and other cost-sharing charges, if any.
- (c) (b) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person or entity doing business in this state which contracts to administer or manage prescription drug benefits on behalf of a health insurer to residents of this state.
- (d) "Rebate" means all discounts and other negotiated price concessions based on utilization of a prescription drug and paid by the pharmaceutical manufacturer or other entity, other than an insured, to the pharmacy benefit manager after the claim has been adjudicated at the pharmacy.
- (e) "Spread pricing" means any amount a pharmacy benefit manager charges or receives from a health insurer for payment of a prescription drug or pharmacy service that is greater than the amount the pharmacy benefit manager paid to the pharmacist or pharmacy that filled the prescription or provided the pharmacy

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- (2) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager must require that the pharmacy benefit manager:
- (a) Update maximum allowable cost pricing information at least every 7 calendar days.
- (b) Maintain a process that will, in a timely manner, eliminate drugs from maximum allowable cost lists or modify drug prices to remain consistent with changes in pricing data used in formulating maximum allowable cost prices and product availability.
- (3) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from limiting a pharmacist's ability to disclose whether the cost-sharing obligation exceeds the retail price for a covered prescription drug, and the availability of a more affordable alternative drug, pursuant to s. 465.0244.
- (4) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from requiring an insured to make a payment for a prescription drug at the point of sale in an amount that exceeds the lesser of:
  - (a) The applicable cost-sharing amount; or
- (b) The retail price of the drug in the absence of prescription drug coverage.
- (5) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager must require the pharmacy benefit manager to

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report annually the following to the insurer:

- (a) The aggregate amount of rebates the pharmacy benefit manager received in association with claims administered on behalf of the insurer and the aggregate amount of such rebates the pharmacy benefit manager received that were not passed through to the insurer.
- (b) The aggregate amount of administrative fees paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by the insurer for the administration of the insurer's prescription drug benefit programs.
- (c) The types and aggregate amounts of any fees or remittances paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by pharmacies.
- (d) The aggregate amount of revenue generated by the pharmacy benefit manager through the use of spread pricing in association with the administration of the insurer's pharmacy benefit programs.
- (6) Not later than June 30, 2021, and annually thereafter, a health insurer shall submit a report to the office that includes the information provided by its contracted pharmacy benefit managers under subsection (5). The office shall publish the reports and an analysis of the reported information on its website.
- (7) (5) This section applies to contracts entered into or renewed on or after July 1, 2020  $\frac{2018}{}$ .
  - Section 5. Section 627.6572, Florida Statutes, is amended

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176 to read:

- 627.6572 Pharmacy benefit manager contracts.
- (1) As used in this section, the term:
  - (a) "Administrative fee" means a fee or payment under a contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager associated with the pharmacy benefit manager's administration of the insurer's prescription drug benefit programs that is paid by the insurer to the pharmacy benefit manager.
  - (b) (a) "Maximum allowable cost" means the per-unit amount that a pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacist for a prescription drug, excluding dispensing fees, prior to the application of copayments, coinsurance, and other cost-sharing charges, if any.
  - (c) (b) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person or entity doing business in this state which contracts to administer or manage prescription drug benefits on behalf of a health insurer to residents of this state.
  - (d) "Rebate" means all discounts and other negotiated price concessions based on utilization of a prescription drug and paid by the pharmaceutical manufacturer or other entity, other than an insured, to the pharmacy benefit manager after the claim has been adjudicated at the pharmacy.
  - (e) "Spread pricing" means any amount a pharmacy benefit manager charges or receives from a health insurer for payment of a prescription drug or pharmacy service that is greater than the

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amount the pharmacy benefit manager paid to the pharmacist or pharmacy that filled the prescription or provided the pharmacy service.

- (2) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager must require that the pharmacy benefit manager:
- (a) Update maximum allowable cost pricing information at least every 7 calendar days.
- (b) Maintain a process that will, in a timely manner, eliminate drugs from maximum allowable cost lists or modify drug prices to remain consistent with changes in pricing data used in formulating maximum allowable cost prices and product availability.
- (3) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from limiting a pharmacist's ability to disclose whether the cost-sharing obligation exceeds the retail price for a covered prescription drug, and the availability of a more affordable alternative drug, pursuant to s. 465.0244.
- (4) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from requiring an insured to make a payment for a prescription drug at the point of sale in an amount that exceeds the lesser of:
  - (a) The applicable cost-sharing amount; or
- (b) The retail price of the drug in the absence of prescription drug coverage.

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- (a) The aggregate amount of rebates the pharmacy benefit manager received in association with claims administered on behalf of the insurer and the aggregate amount of such rebates the pharmacy benefit manager received that were not passed through to the insurer.
- (b) The aggregate amount of administrative fees paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by the insurer for the administration of the insurer's prescription drug benefit programs.
- (c) The types and aggregate amounts of any fees or remittances paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by pharmacies.
- (d) The aggregate amount of revenue generated by the pharmacy benefit manager through the use of spread pricing in association with the administration of the insurer's pharmacy benefit programs.
- (6) Not later than June 30, 2021, and annually thereafter, a health insurer shall submit a report to the office that includes the information provided by its contracted pharmacy benefit managers under subsection (5). The office shall publish the reports and an analysis of the reported information on its website.
  - (7) (5) This section applies to contracts entered into or

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251 renewed on or after July 1, 2020 <del>2018</del>.

Section 6. Section 641.314, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 641.314 Pharmacy benefit manager contracts.-
- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Administrative fee" means a fee or payment under a contract between a health maintenance organization and a pharmacy benefit manager associated with the pharmacy benefit manager's administration of the health maintenance organization's prescription drug benefit programs that is paid by the health maintenance organization to the pharmacy benefit manager.
- (b) (a) "Maximum allowable cost" means the per-unit amount that a pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacist for a prescription drug, excluding dispensing fees, prior to the application of copayments, coinsurance, and other cost-sharing charges, if any.
- (c) (b) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person or entity doing business in this state which contracts to administer or manage prescription drug benefits on behalf of a health maintenance organization to residents of this state.
- (d) "Rebate" means all discounts and other negotiated price concessions based on utilization of a prescription drug and paid by the pharmaceutical manufacturer or other entity, other than a subscriber, to the pharmacy benefit manager after

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the claim has been adjudicated at the pharmacy.

- (e) "Spread pricing" means any amount a pharmacy benefit manager charges or receives from a health maintenance organization for payment of a prescription drug or pharmacy service that is greater than the amount the pharmacy benefit manager paid to the pharmacist or pharmacy that filled the prescription or provided the pharmacy service.
- (2) A contract between a health maintenance organization and a pharmacy benefit manager must require that the pharmacy benefit manager:
- (a) Update maximum allowable cost pricing information at least every 7 calendar days.
- (b) Maintain a process that will, in a timely manner, eliminate drugs from maximum allowable cost lists or modify drug prices to remain consistent with changes in pricing data used in formulating maximum allowable cost prices and product availability.
- (3) A contract between a health maintenance organization and a pharmacy benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from limiting a pharmacist's ability to disclose whether the cost-sharing obligation exceeds the retail price for a covered prescription drug, and the availability of a more affordable alternative drug, pursuant to s. 465.0244.
- (4) A contract between a health maintenance organization and a pharmacy benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy

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benefit manager from requiring a subscriber to make a payment for a prescription drug at the point of sale in an amount that exceeds the lesser of:

(a) The applicable cost-sharing amount; or

- (b) The retail price of the drug in the absence of prescription drug coverage.
- (5) A contract between a health maintenance organization and a pharmacy benefit manager must require the pharmacy benefit manager to report annually the following to the health maintenance organization:
- (a) The aggregate amount of rebates the pharmacy benefit manager received in association with claims administered on behalf of the health maintenance organization and the aggregate amount of such rebates the pharmacy benefit manager received that were not passed through to the health maintenance organization.
- (b) The aggregate amount of administrative fees paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by the health maintenance organization for the administration of the health maintenance organization's prescription drug benefit programs.
- (c) The types and aggregate amounts of any fees or remittances paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by pharmacies.
- (d) The aggregate amount of revenue generated by the pharmacy benefit manager through the use of spread pricing in association with the administration of the health maintenance

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326	organization's pharmacy benefit programs.
327	(6) Not later than June 30, 2021, and annually thereafter,
328	a health maintenance organization shall submit a report to the
329	office that includes the information provided by its contracted
330	pharmacy benefit managers under subsection (5). The office shall
331	publish the reports and an analysis of the reported information
332	on its website.
333	(7) (5) This section applies to contracts entered into or
334	renewed on or after July 1, 2020 <del>2018</del> .

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.

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