

1                   A bill to be entitled  
2           An act relating to prescription drug price  
3           transparency; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; requiring  
4           the Department of Management Services to contract for  
5           an annual audit of any pharmacy benefit vendor  
6           contracted under the state employees' prescription  
7           drug program; providing requirements for such audit;  
8           amending s. 499.012, F.S.; providing that permits for  
9           prescription drug manufacturers and nonresident  
10          prescription drug manufacturers are subject to  
11          specified requirements; creating s. 499.026, F.S.;  
12          providing definitions; requiring prescription drug  
13          manufacturers to provide notification of drug price  
14          increases to insurers; providing requirements for such  
15          notification; requiring prescription drug  
16          manufacturers to provide an annual report on drug  
17          price increases to the Department of Business and  
18          Professional Regulation and the Office of Insurance  
19          Regulation; providing reporting requirements; creating  
20          s. 624.491, F.S.; providing timelines and  
21          documentation requirements for pharmacy audits  
22          conducted by certain health insurers, health  
23          maintenance organizations, or their agents; providing  
24          that such requirements do not apply to audits in which  
25          certain conditions are met; creating s. 627.42394,

26 F.S.; requiring certain health insurers to establish a  
27 single point of contact for manufacturers to report  
28 drug price increases; requiring the Office of  
29 Insurance Regulation to maintain and publish a list of  
30 such contacts; requiring certain health insurers to  
31 provide written notice to insureds in advance of  
32 formulary changes resulting from manufacturer drug  
33 price increases; providing applicability; amending s.  
34 627.64741, F.S.; providing definitions; requiring  
35 reporting requirements in contracts between health  
36 insurers and pharmacy benefit managers; requiring  
37 health insurers to submit an annual report to the  
38 office; requiring the office to publish such reports  
39 and analyses of specified information; revising  
40 applicability; amending s. 627.6572, F.S.; providing  
41 definitions; requiring reporting requirements in  
42 contracts between health insurers and pharmacy benefit  
43 managers; requiring health insurers to submit an  
44 annual report to the office; requiring the office to  
45 publish such reports and analyses of specified  
46 information; revising applicability; creating s.  
47 641.3131, F.S.; requiring certain health maintenance  
48 organizations to establish a single point of contact  
49 for manufacturers to report drug price increases;  
50 requiring the office to maintain and publish a list of

51 such contacts; requiring certain health maintenance  
52 organizations to provide written notice to subscribers  
53 in advance of formulary changes resulting from  
54 manufacturer drug price increases; providing  
55 applicability; amending s. 641.314, F.S.; providing  
56 definitions; requiring reporting requirements in  
57 contracts between health maintenance organizations and  
58 pharmacy benefit managers; requiring health  
59 maintenance organizations to submit an annual report  
60 to the office; requiring the office to publish such  
61 reports and analyses of specified information;  
62 revising applicability; requiring the Agency for  
63 Health Care Administration to contract for an  
64 independent analysis of pharmacy benefit management  
65 practices under the Statewide Medicaid Managed Care  
66 program; providing requirements for such audit;  
67 providing definitions; requiring the agency to submit  
68 the analysis to the Governor and the Legislature;  
69 requiring the agency to conduct an analysis and  
70 analyze the composition of managed care plan pharmacy  
71 networks under the program; providing requirements for  
72 such analysis; providing definitions; requiring the  
73 agency to submit the analysis to the Governor and the  
74 Legislature; providing an effective date.  
75

76 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

77  
78 Section 1. Subsection (11) is added to section 110.12315,  
79 Florida Statutes, to read:

80 110.12315 Prescription drug program.—The state employees'  
81 prescription drug program is established. This program shall be  
82 administered by the Department of Management Services, according  
83 to the terms and conditions of the plan as established by the  
84 relevant provisions of the annual General Appropriations Act and  
85 implementing legislation, subject to the following conditions:

86 (11) The department shall contract for an annual audit of  
87 any pharmacy benefit vendor contracted under the program. At a  
88 minimum, the audit shall determine whether state funds are  
89 expended in accordance with the terms of the vendor contract and  
90 shall include an assessment of compliance with contract terms.  
91 The audit shall identify any noncompliance and make  
92 recommendations for corrective action by a pharmacy benefit  
93 vendor. Specifically, the audit shall examine whether a pharmacy  
94 benefit vendor is compliant with contract provisions related to  
95 pass-through of pharmaceutical rebates and spread pricing, as  
96 set forth in a contract between the department and such a  
97 vendor.

98 Section 2. Subsection (16) is added to section 499.012,  
99 Florida Statutes, to read:

100 499.012 Permit application requirements.—

101       (16) A permit for a prescription drug manufacturer or a  
102 nonresident prescription drug manufacturer is subject to the  
103 requirements of s. 499.026.

104       Section 3. Section 499.026, Florida Statutes, is created  
105 to read:

106       499.026 Prescription drug price increases.—

107       (1) As used in this section, the term:

108       (a) "Drug price increase" means a manufacturer price  
109 increase equal to or greater than 15 percent of the price of a  
110 drug for a brand-name prescription drug with a wholesale  
111 acquisition cost of \$50 or more, or a manufacturer price  
112 increase equal to or greater than 25 percent of the price of a  
113 drug for a generic prescription drug or a biosimilar drug with a  
114 wholesale acquisition cost of \$25 or more, for a 30-day supply.

115       (b) "Health insurer" means a health insurer issuing major  
116 medical coverage through an individual or group policy or a  
117 health maintenance organization issuing major medical coverage  
118 through an individual or group contract, regulated under chapter  
119 627 or chapter 641.

120       (c) "Manufacturer" means any person holding a prescription  
121 drug manufacturer permit or a nonresident prescription drug  
122 manufacturer permit under s. 499.01.

123       (d) "Wholesale acquisition cost" has the same meaning as  
124 defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1395w-3a.

125       (2) At least 60 days before the effective date of any drug

126 price increase, a manufacturer must provide notification of the  
127 upcoming drug price increase and the amount of the drug price  
128 increase to every health insurer that covers the drug. A  
129 manufacturer must make the notification using the contact list  
130 published by the Office of Insurance Regulation pursuant to ss.  
131 627.42394 and 641.3131. Notification shall be presumed to occur  
132 on the date that a manufacturer attempts to communicate with the  
133 applicable point of contact published by the Office of Insurance  
134 Regulation.

135 (3) By April 1 of each year, a manufacturer must submit a  
136 report to the department and the Office of Insurance Regulation  
137 on each drug price increase made during the previous calendar  
138 year. At a minimum, the report shall include:

139 (a) A list of all drugs affected by the drug price  
140 increase and both the dollar amount of each drug price increase  
141 and the percentage increase of each drug price increase,  
142 relative to the previous price of the drug.

143 (b) A complete description of the factors contributing to  
144 the drug price increase.

145 Section 4. Section 624.491, Florida Statutes, is created  
146 to read:

147 624.491 Pharmacy audits.—

148 (1) A health insurer or health maintenance organization  
149 providing pharmacy benefits through a major medical individual  
150 or group health policy or health maintenance contract,

151 respectively, shall comply with the requirements of this section  
152 when the insurer or health maintenance organization or any  
153 entity acting on behalf of the insurer or health maintenance  
154 organization, including, but not limited to, a pharmacy benefit  
155 manager, audits the records of a pharmacy licensed under chapter  
156 465. This section does not apply to audits in which suspected  
157 fraudulent activity or other intentional or willful  
158 misrepresentation is evidenced by a physical review, review of  
159 claims data or statements, or other investigative methods;  
160 audits of claims paid for by federally funded programs; or  
161 concurrent reviews or desk audits that occur within 3 business  
162 days of transmission of a claim and where no chargeback or  
163 recoupment is demanded. An entity that audits a pharmacy located  
164 within a Health Care Fraud Prevention and Enforcement Action  
165 Team (HEAT) Task Force area designated by the United States  
166 Department of Health and Human Services and the United States  
167 Department of Justice may dispense with the notice requirements  
168 of subsection (2) if such pharmacy has been a member of a  
169 credentialed provider network for less than 12 months.

170 (2) An entity conducting a pharmacy audit shall:

171 (a) Notify the pharmacy at least 7 calendar days before  
172 the initial onsite audit for each audit cycle.

173 (b) Ensure the audit is not initiated during the first 3  
174 calendar days of a month unless the pharmacist consents  
175 otherwise.

176 (c) Limit the audit period to 24 months after the date a  
177 claim is submitted to or adjudicated by the entity.

178 (d) Provide a preliminary audit report to the pharmacy  
179 within 120 days after the conclusion of the audit.

180 (e) Provide a final audit report to the pharmacy within 6  
181 months after having providing the preliminary audit report.

182 Section 5. Section 627.42394, Florida Statutes, is created  
183 to read:

184 627.42394 Formulary changes resulting from drug price  
185 increases.—

186 (1) A health insurer issuing a major medical individual or  
187 group policy shall submit, and update as necessary, contact  
188 information for a single point of contact for use by  
189 prescription drug manufacturers to comply with s. 499.026. The  
190 office shall maintain and publish a list of such points of  
191 contact.

192 (2) A health insurer issuing a major medical individual or  
193 group policy must provide written notice to affected insureds at  
194 least 30 days in advance of making a drug formulary change  
195 resulting from a drug price increase reported pursuant to s.  
196 499.026.

197 (3) This section applies to policies entered into or  
198 renewed on or after January 1, 2021.

199 Section 6. Section 627.64741, Florida Statutes, is amended  
200 to read:



201 627.64741 Pharmacy benefit manager contracts.—

202 (1) As used in this section, the term:

203 (a) "Administrative fee" means a fee or payment under a  
 204 contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager  
 205 associated with the pharmacy benefit manager's administration of  
 206 the insurer's prescription drug benefit programs that is paid by  
 207 the insurer to the pharmacy benefit manager.

208 (b)-(a) "Maximum allowable cost" means the per-unit amount  
 209 that a pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacist for a  
 210 prescription drug, excluding dispensing fees, prior to the  
 211 application of copayments, coinsurance, and other cost-sharing  
 212 charges, if any.

213 (c)-(b) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person or entity  
 214 doing business in this state which contracts to administer or  
 215 manage prescription drug benefits on behalf of a health insurer  
 216 to residents of this state.

217 (d) "Rebate" means all discounts and other negotiated  
 218 price concessions based on utilization of a prescription drug  
 219 and paid by the pharmaceutical manufacturer or other entity,  
 220 other than an insured, to the pharmacy benefit manager after the  
 221 claim has been adjudicated at the pharmacy.

222 (e) "Spread pricing" means any amount a pharmacy benefit  
 223 manager charges or receives from a health insurer for payment of  
 224 a prescription drug or pharmacy service that is greater than the  
 225 amount the pharmacy benefit manager paid to the pharmacist or

226 | pharmacy that filled the prescription or provided the pharmacy  
 227 | service.

228 | (2) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy  
 229 | benefit manager must require that the pharmacy benefit manager:

230 | (a) Update maximum allowable cost pricing information at  
 231 | least every 7 calendar days.

232 | (b) Maintain a process that will, in a timely manner,  
 233 | eliminate drugs from maximum allowable cost lists or modify drug  
 234 | prices to remain consistent with changes in pricing data used in  
 235 | formulating maximum allowable cost prices and product  
 236 | availability.

237 | (3) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy  
 238 | benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from  
 239 | limiting a pharmacist's ability to disclose whether the cost-  
 240 | sharing obligation exceeds the retail price for a covered  
 241 | prescription drug, and the availability of a more affordable  
 242 | alternative drug, pursuant to s. 465.0244.

243 | (4) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy  
 244 | benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from  
 245 | requiring an insured to make a payment for a prescription drug  
 246 | at the point of sale in an amount that exceeds the lesser of:

247 | (a) The applicable cost-sharing amount; or

248 | (b) The retail price of the drug in the absence of  
 249 | prescription drug coverage.

250 | (5) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy

251 benefit manager must require the pharmacy benefit manager to  
252 report annually the following to the insurer:

253 (a) The aggregate amount of rebates the pharmacy benefit  
254 manager received in association with claims administered on  
255 behalf of the insurer and the aggregate amount of such rebates  
256 the pharmacy benefit manager received that were not passed  
257 through to the insurer.

258 (b) The aggregate amount of administrative fees paid to  
259 the pharmacy benefit manager by the insurer for the  
260 administration of the insurer's prescription drug benefit  
261 programs.

262 (c) The types and aggregate amounts of any fees or  
263 remittances paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by pharmacies.  
264 The pharmacy benefit manager shall distinguish between fees paid  
265 by covered entities, as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 256b, and fees  
266 paid by pharmacies that are not covered entities.

267 (d) The aggregate amount of revenue generated by the  
268 pharmacy benefit manager through the use of spread pricing in  
269 association with the administration of the insurer's pharmacy  
270 benefit programs.

271 (e) The type and aggregate amount of any other fees  
272 collected by the pharmacy benefit manager in association with  
273 claims administered on behalf of the insurer.

274 (6) Not later than June 30, 2021, and annually thereafter,  
275 a health insurer shall submit a report to the office that

276 includes the information provided by its contracted pharmacy  
277 benefit managers under subsection (5). The office shall publish  
278 on its website an analysis of the reported information required  
279 to be provided to the insurer under subsection (5) in an  
280 aggregated amount for each pharmacy benefit manager.

281 (7)~~(5)~~ This section applies to contracts entered into or  
282 renewed on or after July 1, 2020 ~~2018~~.

283 Section 7. Section 627.6572, Florida Statutes, is amended  
284 to read:

285 627.6572 Pharmacy benefit manager contracts.—

286 (1) As used in this section, the term:

287 (a) "Administrative fee" means a fee or payment under a  
288 contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager  
289 associated with the pharmacy benefit manager's administration of  
290 the insurer's prescription drug benefit programs that is paid by  
291 the insurer to the pharmacy benefit manager.

292 (b)~~(a)~~ "Maximum allowable cost" means the per-unit amount  
293 that a pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacist for a  
294 prescription drug, excluding dispensing fees, prior to the  
295 application of copayments, coinsurance, and other cost-sharing  
296 charges, if any.

297 (c)~~(b)~~ "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person or entity  
298 doing business in this state which contracts to administer or  
299 manage prescription drug benefits on behalf of a health insurer  
300 to residents of this state.

301        (d) "Rebate" means all discounts and other negotiated  
302 price concessions based on utilization of a prescription drug  
303 and paid by the pharmaceutical manufacturer or other entity,  
304 other than an insured, to the pharmacy benefit manager after the  
305 claim has been adjudicated at the pharmacy.

306        (e) "Spread pricing" means any amount a pharmacy benefit  
307 manager charges or receives from a health insurer for payment of  
308 a prescription drug or pharmacy service that is greater than the  
309 amount the pharmacy benefit manager paid to the pharmacist or  
310 pharmacy that filled the prescription or provided the pharmacy  
311 service.

312        (2) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy  
313 benefit manager must require that the pharmacy benefit manager:

314        (a) Update maximum allowable cost pricing information at  
315 least every 7 calendar days.

316        (b) Maintain a process that will, in a timely manner,  
317 eliminate drugs from maximum allowable cost lists or modify drug  
318 prices to remain consistent with changes in pricing data used in  
319 formulating maximum allowable cost prices and product  
320 availability.

321        (3) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy  
322 benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from  
323 limiting a pharmacist's ability to disclose whether the cost-  
324 sharing obligation exceeds the retail price for a covered  
325 prescription drug, and the availability of a more affordable

326 alternative drug, pursuant to s. 465.0244.

327 (4) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy  
328 benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy benefit manager from  
329 requiring an insured to make a payment for a prescription drug  
330 at the point of sale in an amount that exceeds the lesser of:

331 (a) The applicable cost-sharing amount; or

332 (b) The retail price of the drug in the absence of  
333 prescription drug coverage.

334 (5) A contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy  
335 benefit manager must require the pharmacy benefit manager to  
336 report annually the following to the insurer:

337 (a) The aggregate amount of rebates the pharmacy benefit  
338 manager received in association with claims administered on  
339 behalf of the insurer and the aggregate amount of such rebates  
340 the pharmacy benefit manager received that were not passed  
341 through to the insurer.

342 (b) The aggregate amount of administrative fees paid to  
343 the pharmacy benefit manager by the insurer for the  
344 administration of the insurer's prescription drug benefit  
345 programs.

346 (c) The types and aggregate amounts of any fees or  
347 remittances paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by pharmacies.  
348 The pharmacy benefit manager shall distinguish between fees paid  
349 by covered entities, as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 256b, and fees  
350 paid by pharmacies that are not covered entities.

351 (d) The aggregate amount of revenue generated by the  
 352 pharmacy benefit manager through the use of spread pricing in  
 353 association with the administration of the insurer's pharmacy  
 354 benefit programs.

355 (e) The type and aggregate amount of any other fees  
 356 collected by the pharmacy benefit manager in association with  
 357 claims administered on behalf of the insurer.

358 (6) Not later than June 30, 2021, and annually thereafter,  
 359 a health insurer shall submit a report to the office that  
 360 includes the information provided by its contracted pharmacy  
 361 benefit managers under subsection (5). The office shall publish  
 362 on its website an analysis of the reported information required  
 363 to be provided under subsection (5) in an aggregated amount for  
 364 each pharmacy benefit manager.

365 (7)~~(5)~~ This section applies to contracts entered into or  
 366 renewed on or after July 1, 2020 ~~2018~~.

367 Section 8. Section 641.3131, Florida Statutes, is created  
 368 to read:

369 641.3131 Formulary changes resulting from drug price  
 370 increases.—

371 (1) A health maintenance organization issuing a major  
 372 medical or other comprehensive coverage contract shall submit,  
 373 and update as necessary, contact information for a single point  
 374 of contact for use by prescription drug manufacturers to comply  
 375 with s. 499.026. The office shall maintain and publish a list of

376 such points of contact.

377 (2) A health maintenance organization issuing a major  
378 medical or other comprehensive coverage contract must provide  
379 written notice to affected subscribers at least 30 days in  
380 advance of making a drug formulary change resulting from a drug  
381 price increase reported pursuant to s. 499.026.

382 (3) This section applies to contracts entered into or  
383 renewed on or after January 1, 2021.

384 Section 9. Section 641.314, Florida Statutes, is amended  
385 to read:

386 641.314 Pharmacy benefit manager contracts.—

387 (1) As used in this section, the term:

388 (a) "Administrative fee" means a fee or payment under a  
389 contract between a health maintenance organization and a  
390 pharmacy benefit manager associated with the pharmacy benefit  
391 manager's administration of the health maintenance  
392 organization's prescription drug benefit programs that is paid  
393 by the health maintenance organization to the pharmacy benefit  
394 manager.

395 (b) ~~(a)~~ "Maximum allowable cost" means the per-unit amount  
396 that a pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacist for a  
397 prescription drug, excluding dispensing fees, prior to the  
398 application of copayments, coinsurance, and other cost-sharing  
399 charges, if any.

400 (c) ~~(b)~~ "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person or entity



401 doing business in this state which contracts to administer or  
402 manage prescription drug benefits on behalf of a health  
403 maintenance organization to residents of this state.

404 (d) "Rebate" means all discounts and other negotiated  
405 price concessions based on utilization of a prescription drug  
406 and paid by the pharmaceutical manufacturer or other entity,  
407 other than a subscriber, to the pharmacy benefit manager after  
408 the claim has been adjudicated at the pharmacy.

409 (e) "Spread pricing" means any amount a pharmacy benefit  
410 manager charges or receives from a health maintenance  
411 organization for payment of a prescription drug or pharmacy  
412 service that is greater than the amount the pharmacy benefit  
413 manager paid to the pharmacist or pharmacy that filled the  
414 prescription or provided the pharmacy service.

415 (2) A contract between a health maintenance organization  
416 and a pharmacy benefit manager must require that the pharmacy  
417 benefit manager:

418 (a) Update maximum allowable cost pricing information at  
419 least every 7 calendar days.

420 (b) Maintain a process that will, in a timely manner,  
421 eliminate drugs from maximum allowable cost lists or modify drug  
422 prices to remain consistent with changes in pricing data used in  
423 formulating maximum allowable cost prices and product  
424 availability.

425 (3) A contract between a health maintenance organization

426 and a pharmacy benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy  
427 benefit manager from limiting a pharmacist's ability to disclose  
428 whether the cost-sharing obligation exceeds the retail price for  
429 a covered prescription drug, and the availability of a more  
430 affordable alternative drug, pursuant to s. 465.0244.

431 (4) A contract between a health maintenance organization  
432 and a pharmacy benefit manager must prohibit the pharmacy  
433 benefit manager from requiring a subscriber to make a payment  
434 for a prescription drug at the point of sale in an amount that  
435 exceeds the lesser of:

436 (a) The applicable cost-sharing amount; or

437 (b) The retail price of the drug in the absence of  
438 prescription drug coverage.

439 (5) A contract between a health maintenance organization  
440 and a pharmacy benefit manager must require the pharmacy benefit  
441 manager to report annually the following to the health  
442 maintenance organization:

443 (a) The aggregate amount of rebates the pharmacy benefit  
444 manager received in association with claims administered on  
445 behalf of the health maintenance organization and the aggregate  
446 amount of such rebates the pharmacy benefit manager received  
447 that were not passed through to the health maintenance  
448 organization.

449 (b) The aggregate amount of administrative fees paid to  
450 the pharmacy benefit manager by the health maintenance

451 organization for the administration of the health maintenance  
452 organization's prescription drug benefit programs.

453 (c) The types and aggregate amounts of any fees or  
454 remittances paid to the pharmacy benefit manager by pharmacies.  
455 The pharmacy benefit manager shall distinguish between fees paid  
456 by covered entities, as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 256b, and fees  
457 paid by pharmacies that are not covered entities.

458 (d) The aggregate amount of revenue generated by the  
459 pharmacy benefit manager through the use of spread pricing in  
460 association with the administration of the health maintenance  
461 organization's pharmacy benefit programs.

462 (e) The type and aggregate amount of any other fees  
463 collected by the pharmacy benefit manager in association with  
464 claims administered on behalf of the health maintenance  
465 organization.

466 (6) Not later than June 30, 2021, and annually thereafter,  
467 a health maintenance organization shall submit a report to the  
468 office that includes the information provided by its contracted  
469 pharmacy benefit managers under subsection (5). The office shall  
470 publish on its website an analysis of the reported information  
471 required to be provided to the health maintenance organization  
472 under subsection (5) in an aggregated amount for each pharmacy  
473 benefit manager.

474 (7)~~(5)~~ This section applies to contracts entered into or  
475 renewed on or after July 1, 2020 ~~2018~~.

476           Section 10. (1) The Agency for Health Care Administration  
477 shall contract for an independent analysis of pharmacy benefit  
478 management practices under the Statewide Medicaid Managed Care  
479 program. The analysis shall outline the types of pharmacy  
480 benefit pricing contracts in place between managed care plans  
481 and contracted pharmacy benefit managers and between managed  
482 care plans or pharmacy benefit managers and pharmacies. At a  
483 minimum, the analysis shall include:

484           (a) An examination of the fees paid to each contracted  
485 pharmacy benefit manager by each managed care plan.

486           (b) An examination of the fees charged to pharmacies by  
487 each managed care plan or contracted pharmacy benefit manager.

488           (c) A determination of spread pricing revenues retained by  
489 each managed care plan or contracted pharmacy benefit manager.

490           (2) For purposes of this section, the term "pharmacy  
491 benefit manager" means a person or entity doing business in this  
492 state which contracts to administer or manage prescription drug  
493 benefits on behalf of a managed care plan.

494           (3) For purposes of this section, the term "spread  
495 pricing" refers to any amount a managed care plan or pharmacy  
496 benefit manager received from the Medicaid program for payment  
497 of a prescription drug that is greater than that paid to the  
498 pharmacist or pharmacy that filled a prescription for that  
499 prescription drug.

500           (4) The agency shall submit the completed analysis to the

501 Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the  
502 House of Representatives by June 30, 2020.

503 Section 11. (1) The Agency for Health Care Administration  
504 shall conduct an analysis of managed care plan pharmacy networks  
505 under the Statewide Medicaid Managed Care program to ensure that  
506 enrollees have sufficient choice of pharmacies within  
507 established geographic parameters. The agency must also analyze  
508 the composition of each managed care plan pharmacy network to  
509 determine the market share of large chain pharmacies, small  
510 chain pharmacies, and independent pharmacies, respectively. The  
511 analysis shall include:

512 (a) An examination of the pharmacy contracting patterns by  
513 each managed care plan or contracted pharmacy benefit manager.

514 (b) An examination of any financial relationship between a  
515 managed care provider or contracted pharmacy benefit manager and  
516 its contracted pharmacies. The analysis shall examine whether a  
517 managed care plan or pharmacy benefit manager establishes a  
518 network that favors pharmacies in which the managed care plan or  
519 pharmacy benefit manager owns a controlling or substantial  
520 financial interest.

521 (2) For purposes of this section, the term "pharmacy  
522 benefit manager" means a person or entity doing business in this  
523 state which contracts to administer or manage prescription drug  
524 benefits on behalf of a managed care plan.

525 (3) The agency shall submit the completed analysis to the

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526 | Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the  
527 | House of Representatives by June 30, 2020.

528 |       Section 12. This act shall take effect upon becoming a  
529 | law.