

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/02/2021 House

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Perry) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 455.213, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, to read: 455.213 General licensing provisions.-(3) (b)1. A conviction, or any other adjudication, for a crime

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11 more than 2 $\frac{5}{2}$ years before the date the application is received 12 by the applicable board may not be grounds for denial of a 13 license specified in paragraph (a). For purposes of this 14 paragraph, the term "conviction" means a determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether 15 adjudication is withheld. This paragraph does not limit the 16 17 applicable board from considering an applicant's criminal 18 history that includes a crime listed in s. 775.21(4)(a)1. or s. 19 776.08 at any time, but only if such criminal history has been 20 found to relate to the practice of the applicable profession.

2. The applicable board may consider the criminal history of an applicant for licensure under subparagraph (a)3. if such criminal history has been found to relate to good moral character.

(f) The applicable board shall approve educational programs credits offered to inmates in any correctional institution or correctional facility, whether offered as vocational training or through an industry certification program, for the purposes of satisfying applicable training requirements for licensure in a profession specified in paragraph (a).

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 921.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

921.002 The Criminal Punishment Code.-The Criminal Punishment Code shall apply to all felony offenses, except capital felonies, committed on or after October 1, 1998.

(1) The provision of criminal penalties and of limitations
upon the application of such penalties is a matter of
predominantly substantive law and, as such, is a matter properly
addressed by the Legislature. The Legislature, in the exercise

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of its authority and responsibility to establish sentencing criteria, to provide for the imposition of criminal penalties, and to make the best use of state prisons so that violent criminal offenders are appropriately <u>punished and rehabilitated</u> incarcerated, has determined that it is in the best interest of the state to develop, implement, and revise a sentencing policy. The Criminal Punishment Code embodies the principles that:

(a) Sentencing is neutral with respect to race, gender, and social and economic status.

(b) The <u>dual purposes</u> primary purpose of sentencing <u>in the</u> <u>criminal justice system are</u> is to punish the offender <u>and</u> <u>rehabilitate the offender so that he or she can successfully</u> <u>transition back into the community</u>. Rehabilitation is a desired goal of the criminal justice system but is subordinate to the goal of punishment.

(c) The penalty imposed is commensurate with the severity of the primary offense and the circumstances surrounding the primary offense.

(d) The severity of the sentence increases with the length and nature of the offender's prior record.

60 (e) The sentence imposed by the sentencing judge reflects 61 the length of actual time to be served, shortened only by the 62 application of good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, and 63 outstanding deed awards, incentive and meritorious gain-time as 64 provided by law, and may not be shortened if the defendant would 65 consequently serve less than 85 percent of his or her term of 66 imprisonment upon the application of good behavior time and 67 outstanding deed awards or 65 percent of his or her term of imprisonment upon the application of rehabilitation credits, as 68

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69 provided in s. 944.275(4). The provisions of chapter 947, 70 relating to parole, <u>do not</u> shall not apply to persons sentenced 71 under the Criminal Punishment Code.

(f) Departures below the lowest permissible sentence established by the code must be articulated in writing by the trial court judge and made only when circumstances or factors reasonably justify the mitigation of the sentence. The level of proof necessary to establish facts that support a departure from the lowest permissible sentence is a preponderance of the evidence.

(g) The trial court judge may impose a sentence up to and including the statutory maximum for any offense, including an offense that is before the court due to a violation of probation or community control.

(h) A sentence may be appealed on the basis that it departs from the Criminal Punishment Code only if the sentence is below the lowest permissible sentence or as enumerated in s. 924.06(1).

(i) Use of incarcerative sanctions is prioritized toward offenders convicted of serious offenses and certain offenders who have long prior records, in order to maximize the finite capacities of state and local correctional facilities.

91 Section 3. Subsections (5), (6), (7), and (8) of section 92 944.02, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6), 93 (7), (8), and (9), respectively, and subsection (5) is added to 94 that section, to read:

95 944.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases used in 96 this chapter shall, unless the context clearly indicates 97 otherwise, have the following meanings:

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98	(5) "Gain-time" means good behavior time, rehabilitation
99	credits, and outstanding deed awards, collectively, and as
100	defined under this chapter.
101	Section 4. Section 944.275, Florida Statutes, is amended to
102	read:
103	944.275 Good behavior time; rehabilitation credits;
104	outstanding deed awards gain-time
105	(1) The department is authorized to grant deductions from
106	sentences in the form of good behavior time, rehabilitation
107	credits, and outstanding deed awards gain-time in order to
108	encourage satisfactory prisoner behavior, to provide incentive
109	for prisoners to participate in productive activities, and to
110	reward prisoners who perform outstanding deeds or services.
111	(2)(a) The department shall establish for each prisoner
112	sentenced to a term of years a "maximum sentence expiration
113	date," which shall be the date when the sentence or combined
114	sentences imposed on a prisoner will expire. In establishing
115	this date, the department shall reduce the total time to be
116	served by any time lawfully credited.
117	(b) When a prisoner with an established maximum sentence
118	expiration date is sentenced to an additional term or terms
119	without having been released from custody, the department shall
120	extend the maximum sentence expiration date by the length of
121	time imposed in the new sentence or sentences, less lawful
122	credits.
123	(c) When an escaped prisoner or a parole violator is
124	returned to the custody of the department, the maximum sentence
125	expiration date in effect when the escape occurred or the parole
126	was effective shall be extended by the amount of time the



127 prisoner was not in custody plus the time imposed in any new 128 sentence or sentences, but reduced by any lawful credits.

129 (3) (a) The department shall also establish for each 130 prisoner sentenced to a term of years a "tentative release date" 131 which shall be the date projected for the prisoner's release 132 from custody by virtue of good behavior time, rehabilitation 133 credits, or outstanding deed awards gain-time granted or forfeited as described in this section. The initial tentative 134 135 release date shall be determined by deducting good behavior time 136 basic gain-time granted from the maximum sentence expiration 137 date. Rehabilitation credits and outstanding deed awards Other 138 gain-time shall be applied when granted or restored to make the 139 tentative release date proportionately earlier; and forfeitures 140 of gain-time, when ordered, shall be applied to make the 141 tentative release date proportionately later.

(b) When an initial tentative release date is reestablished because of additional sentences imposed before the prisoner has completely served all prior sentences, any <u>good behavior time</u>, <u>rehabilitation credits</u>, and outstanding deed awards <u>gain-time</u> granted during service of a prior sentence and not forfeited shall be applied.

148 (c) The tentative release date may not be later than the 149 maximum sentence expiration date.

(4) (a) As a means of encouraging satisfactory behavior and developing character traits necessary for successful reentry to the community, the department shall grant good behavior time basic gain-time at the rate of 10 days for each month of each sentence imposed on a prisoner, subject to the following: 1. Portions of any sentences to be served concurrently

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156 shall be treated as a single sentence when determining good 157 <u>behavior time</u> basic gain-time.

158 2. <u>Good behavior time</u> Basic gain-time for a partial month 159 shall be prorated on the basis of a 30-day month.

3. When a prisoner receives a new maximum sentence expiration date because of additional sentences imposed, <u>good</u> <u>behavior time</u> basic gain-time shall be granted for the amount of time the maximum sentence expiration date was extended.

164 (b) For each month in which a prisoner an inmate works 165 diligently, participates in training or education, uses time 166 constructively, or otherwise engages in positive activities, the department may grant rehabilitation credits incentive gain-time 167 168 in accordance with this paragraph. The rate of rehabilitation 169 credits incentive gain-time in effect on the date the prisoner 170 inmate committed the offense that which resulted in his or her incarceration shall be the prisoner's inmate's rate of 171 172 eligibility to earn rehabilitation credits incentive gain-time 173 throughout the period of incarceration and may shall not be 174 altered by a subsequent change in the severity level of the 175 offense for which the prisoner inmate was sentenced.

For sentences imposed for offenses committed <u>before</u>
 prior to January 1, 1994, <u>and on or after October 1, 1995,</u> up to
 20 days of <u>rehabilitation credits</u> <u>incentive gain-time</u> may be
 granted. If granted, such <u>rehabilitation credits</u> <u>gain-time</u> shall
 be credited and applied monthly.

181 2. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after182 January 1, 1994, and before October 1, 1995:

a. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 1 through 7, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 25 days

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185 of rehabilitation credits incentive gain-time may be granted. If granted, such rehabilitation credits gain-time shall be credited 186 and applied monthly. 187

b. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 8, 9, and 189 10, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 20 days of rehabilitation credits incentive gain-time may be granted. If granted, such rehabilitation credits gain-time shall be credited and applied monthly.

3. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on after October 1, 1995, the department may grant up to 10 days per month of incentive gain-time.

(c) A prisoner An inmate who performs some outstanding deed, such as saving a life or assisting in recapturing an escaped prisoner inmate, or who in some manner performs an outstanding service that would merit the granting of additional deductions from the term of his or her sentence may be granted an outstanding deed award meritorious gain-time of from 30 1 to 60 days per outstanding deed performed.

203 (d) Notwithstanding the monthly maximum awards of 204 rehabilitation credits under subparagraphs (b)1. and 2., 205 incentive gain-time under subparagraphs (b)1., 2., and 3., the 206 education program manager shall recommend, and the department of 207 Corrections may grant, to a prisoner who is otherwise eligible, 2.08 a one-time award of 60 additional days of rehabilitation credits 209 for each of the following successfully completed by a prisoner: 210 incentive gain-time to an inmate who is otherwise eligible and 211 who successfully completes requirements for and is, or has been 212 during the current commitment, awarded a high school equivalency 213 diploma, a college degree, a or vocational certificate, a drug

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214 treatment program, a life skills program, a reentry program, or 215 other evidence-based program approved by the department that serves the purpose of reducing recidivism and assisting a 216 217 prisoner reintegrate into society. For purposes of this 218 paragraph, a "life skills program" means a program, approved by 219 the department, which consists of at least 60 hours designed to reduce recidivism by addressing, at a minimum, education, job 220 221 skill, interpersonal skills, stress and anger management, and 2.2.2 personal development. Additionally, the department shall grant 5 223 additional days of rehabilitation credits for successful 224 completion of any other department-approved program, including 225 prisoner-developed programs or a passing grade in each online or in-person educational course, as approved by the department. 226 227 Rehabilitation credits under this paragraph are retroactive. 228 (e) Notwithstanding the monthly maximum awards of 229 rehabilitation credits under subparagraphs (b)1. and 2., the 230 department may grant up to 2 additional days per month of good 231 behavior time to prisoners serving sentences for violations of 232 s. 893.13 or s. 893.135. Good behavior time under this paragraph 233 is retroactive Under no circumstances may an inmate receive more 234 than 60 days for educational attainment pursuant to this 235 section. 236 (f) (e) Notwithstanding subparagraph (b) 1. subparagraph 2.37 (b)3., for sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after 238 October 1, 2014, the department may not grant rehabilitation 239 credits incentive gain-time if the offense is a violation of s. 240 782.04(1)(a)2.c.; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 800.04; s.

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825.1025; or s. 847.0135(5).

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243 (g)1.(f) A prisoner An inmate who is subject to this 244 subsection and who is serving a sentence imposed for an offense 245 committed on or after October 1, 1995, subparagraph (b)3. is not 246 eligible to earn or receive gain-time good behavior time or 247 outstanding deed awards under paragraph (a), paragraph (b), 248 paragraph (c), or paragraph (d) or any other type of gain-time 249 in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire, end, or 250 terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release, before 251 he or she serves prior to serving a minimum of 85 percent of the 252 sentence imposed.

2. A prisoner who is subject to this subsection may not earn or receive rehabilitation credits in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire, end, or terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release, before he or she serves a minimum of 65 percent of the sentence imposed.

258 3. For purposes of this paragraph, credits awarded by the 259 court for time physically incarcerated shall be credited toward 260 satisfaction of 85 percent of the sentence imposed. Except as 261 provided by this section, a prisoner serving a sentence imposed 262 for an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, may not 263 accumulate further good behavior time gain-time awards at any 264 point when the tentative release date is the same as that date 265 at which the prisoner will have served 85 percent of the 266 sentence imposed. A prisoner may not accumulate further 267 rehabilitation credits or outstanding deed awards at any point 268 when the tentative release date is the same as that date at 269 which the prisoner will have served 65 percent of the sentence 270 imposed. State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment shall be 271 incarcerated for the rest of their natural lives, unless granted

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272 pardon or clemency.

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(5) If When a prisoner is found quilty of an infraction of the laws of this state or the rules of the department, gain-time may be forfeited according to law after due process.

(6) (a) Good behavior time Basic gain-time under this section shall be computed on and applied to all sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after July 1, 1978, and before January 1, 1994.

(b) All good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, and outstanding deed awards are incentive and meritorious gain-time is granted according to this section.

(c) All additional gain-time previously awarded under former subsections (2) and (3) and all forfeitures ordered before prior to the effective date of the act that created this section shall remain in effect and be applied in establishing an initial tentative release date.

(7) The department shall adopt rules to implement the granting, forfeiture, restoration, and deletion of good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, and outstanding deed awards, gaintime.

Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 316.027, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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316.027 Crash involving death or personal injuries.-

(2) (a) The driver of a vehicle involved in a crash occurring on public or private property which results in injury to a person other than serious bodily injury shall immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the crash, or as close thereto 299 as possible, and shall remain at the scene of the crash until he or she has fulfilled the requirements of s. 316.062. A person 300



301 who willfully violates this paragraph commits a felony of the 302 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 303 or s. 775.084.

(b) The driver of a vehicle involved in a crash occurring 304 305 on public or private property which results in serious bodily 306 injury to a person shall immediately stop the vehicle at the 307 scene of the crash, or as close thereto as possible, and shall 308 remain at the scene of the crash until he or she has fulfilled the requirements of s. 316.062. A person who willfully violates 309 310 this paragraph commits a felony of the second degree, punishable 311 as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

312 (c) The driver of a vehicle involved in a crash occurring 313 on public or private property which results in the death of a 314 person shall immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the 315 crash, or as close thereto as possible, and shall remain at the 316 scene of the crash until he or she has fulfilled the requirements of s. 316.062. A person who is arrested for a 317 318 violation of this paragraph and who has previously been 319 convicted of a violation of this section, s. 316.061, s. 320 316.191, or s. 316.193, or a felony violation of s. 322.34, 321 shall be held in custody until brought before the court for 322 admittance to bail in accordance with chapter 903. A person who 323 willfully violates this paragraph commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 324 325 775.084, and shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of 326 imprisonment of 4 years. A person who willfully commits such a 327 violation while driving under the influence as set forth in s. 328 316.193(1) shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of 329 imprisonment of 4 years.

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330 (d) Notwithstanding s. 775.089(1)(a), if the driver of a 331 vehicle violates paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c), the court shall order the driver to make restitution to the 332 333 victim for any damage or loss unless the court finds clear and 334 compelling reasons not to order the restitution. Restitution may 335 be monetary or nonmonetary restitution. The court shall make the 336 payment of restitution a condition of probation in accordance 337 with s. 948.03. An order requiring the defendant to make restitution to a victim does not remove or diminish the 338 339 requirement that the court order payment to the Crimes 340 Compensation Trust Fund under chapter 960. Payment of an award 341 by the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund creates an order of 342 restitution to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund unless 343 specifically waived in accordance with s. 775.089(1)(b).

(e) A driver who violates paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) shall have his or her driver license revoked for at least 3 years as provided in s. 322.28(4).

1. A person convicted of violating paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) shall, before his or her driving privilege may be reinstated, present to the department proof of completion of a victim's impact panel session in a judicial circuit if such a panel exists, or if such a panel does not exist, a departmentapproved driver improvement course relating to the rights of vulnerable road users relative to vehicles on the roadway as provided in s. 322.0261(2).

355 2. The department may reinstate an offender's driving 356 privilege after he or she satisfies the 3-year revocation period 357 as provided in s. 322.28(4) and successfully completes either a 358 victim's impact panel session or a department-approved driver

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359 improvement course relating to the rights of vulnerable road 360 users relative to vehicles on the roadway as provided in s. 361 322.0261(2).

362 3. For purposes of this paragraph, an offender's driving 363 privilege may be reinstated only after the department verifies 364 that the offender participated in and successfully completed a 365 victim's impact panel session or a department-approved driver 366 improvement course.

367 (f) For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and 368 determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation 369 credits under chapter 944, an offense listed in this subsection 370 is ranked one level above the ranking specified in s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 for the offense committed if the victim of the 372 offense was a vulnerable road user.

373 (g) The defendant may move to depart from the mandatory 374 minimum term of imprisonment prescribed in paragraph (c) unless 375 the violation was committed while the defendant was driving 376 under the influence. The state may object to this departure. The 377 court may grant the motion only if it finds that a factor, 378 consideration, or circumstance clearly demonstrates that 379 imposing a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment would 380 constitute or result in an injustice. The court shall state in 381 open court the basis for granting the motion.

Section 6. Section 775.0845, Florida Statutes, is amended 382 383 to read:

384 775.0845 Wearing mask while committing offense; 385 reclassification.-The felony or misdemeanor degree of any 386 criminal offense, other than a violation of ss. 876.12-876.15, 387 shall be reclassified to the next higher degree as provided in

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388 this section if, while committing the offense, the offender was 389 wearing a hood, mask, or other device that concealed his or her 390 identity. 391 (1) (a) In the case of a misdemeanor of the second degree, 392 the offense is reclassified to a misdemeanor of the first 393 degree. 394 (b) In the case of a misdemeanor of the first degree, the 395 offense is reclassified to a felony of the third degree. For 396 purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 397 398 chapter 944, such offense is ranked in level 2 of the offense 399 severity ranking chart. 400 (2) (a) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the 401 offense is reclassified to a felony of the second degree. 402 (b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the 403 offense is reclassified to a felony of the first degree. 404 405 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 406 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 407 chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this 408 subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under former s. 921.0012, former s. 921.0013, s. 921.0022, or s. 921.0023 of the 409 410 offense committed. 411 Section 7. Section 775.0847, Florida Statutes, is amended 412 to read: 413 775.0847 Possession or promotion of certain images of child 414 pornography; reclassification.-415 (1) For purposes of this section:

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- - (a) "Child" means any person, whose identity is known or

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417 unknown, less than 18 years of age.

(b) "Child pornography" means any image depicting a minor engaged in sexual conduct.

(c) "Sadomasochistic abuse" means flagellation or torture by or upon a person or the condition of being fettered, bound, or otherwise physically restrained, for the purpose of deriving sexual satisfaction, or satisfaction brought about as a result of sadistic violence, from inflicting harm on another or receiving such harm oneself.

(d) "Sexual battery" means oral, anal, or vaginal penetration by, or union with, the sexual organ of another or the anal or vaginal penetration of another by any other object; however, sexual battery does not include an act done for a bona fide medical purpose.

(e) "Sexual bestiality" means any sexual act, actual or simulated, between a person and an animal involving the sex organ of the one and the mouth, anus, or vagina of the other.

(f) "Sexual conduct" means actual or simulated sexual 434 435 intercourse, deviate sexual intercourse, sexual bestiality, 436 masturbation, or sadomasochistic abuse; actual lewd exhibition 437 of the genitals; actual physical contact with a person's clothed 438 or unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or, if such person 439 is a female, breast with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of either party; or any act or conduct which 440 441 constitutes sexual battery or simulates that sexual battery is 442 being or will be committed. A mother's breastfeeding of her baby 443 does not under any circumstance constitute "sexual conduct."

444 (2) A violation of s. 827.071, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0137, or
445 s. 847.0138 shall be reclassified to the next higher degree as

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446	provided in subsection (3) if:
447	(a) The offender possesses 10 or more images of any form of
448	child pornography regardless of content; and
449	(b) The content of at least one image contains one or more
450	of the following:
451	1. A child who is younger than the age of 5.
452	2. Sadomasochistic abuse involving a child.
453	3. Sexual battery involving a child.
454	4. Sexual bestiality involving a child.
455	5. Any movie involving a child, regardless of length and
456	regardless of whether the movie contains sound.
457	(3)(a) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the
458	offense is reclassified to a felony of the second degree.
459	(b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the
460	offense is reclassified to a felony of the first degree.
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462	For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
463	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
464	chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this
465	section is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022
466	or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.
467	Section 8. Section 775.0861, Florida Statutes, is amended
468	to read:
469	775.0861 Offenses against persons on the grounds of
470	religious institutions; reclassification
471	(1) For purposes of this section, the term:
472	(a) "Religious institution" is as defined in s. 496.404.
473	(b) "Religious service" is a religious ceremony, prayer, or
474	other activity according to a form and order prescribed for

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475	worship, including a service related to a particular occasion.
476	(2) The felony or misdemeanor degree of any violation of:
477	(a) Section 784.011, relating to assault;
478	(b) Section 784.021, relating to aggravated assault;
479	(c) Section 784.03, relating to battery;
480	(d) Section 784.041, relating to felony battery;
481	(e) A statute defining any offense listed in s.
482	775.084(1)(b)1.; or
483	(f) Any other statute defining an offense that involves the
484	use or threat of physical force or violence against any
485	individual
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487	shall be reclassified as provided in this section if the offense
488	is committed on the property of a religious institution while
489	the victim is on the property for the purpose of participating
490	in or attending a religious service.
491	(3)(a) In the case of a misdemeanor of the second degree,
492	the offense is reclassified to a misdemeanor of the first
493	degree.
494	(b) In the case of a misdemeanor of the first degree, the
495	offense is reclassified to a felony of the third degree. For
496	purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, such offense is ranked
497	in level 2 of the offense severity ranking chart.
498	(c) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the
499	offense is reclassified to a felony of the second degree.
500	(d) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the
501	offense is reclassified to a felony of the first degree.
502	(e) In the case of a felony of the first degree, the
503	offense is reclassified to a life felony.
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505	For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
506	incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under
507	chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this
508	subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s.
509	921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.
510	Section 9. Section 775.0862, Florida Statutes, is amended
511	to read:
512	775.0862 Sexual offenses against students by authority
513	figures; reclassification
514	(1) As used in this section, the term:
515	(a) "Authority figure" means a person 18 years of age or
516	older who is employed by, volunteering at, or under contract
517	with a school.
518	(b) "School" has the same meaning as provided in s. 1003.01
519	and includes a private school as defined in s. 1002.01, a
520	voluntary prekindergarten education program as described in s.
521	1002.53(3), early learning programs, a public school as
522	described in s. 402.3025(1), the Florida School for the Deaf and
523	the Blind, and the Florida Virtual School established under s.
524	1002.37. The term does not include facilities dedicated
525	exclusively to the education of adults.
526	(c) "Student" means a person younger than 18 years of age
527	who is enrolled at a school.
528	(2) The felony degree of a violation of an offense listed
529	in s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.a., unless the offense is a violation of
530	s. 794.011(4)(e)7. or s. 810.145(8)(a)2., shall be reclassified
531	as provided in this section if the offense is committed by an
532	authority figure of a school against a student of the school.

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533 (3) (a) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the 534 offense is reclassified to a felony of the second degree. 535 (b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the 536 offense is reclassified to a felony of the first degree. 537 (c) In the case of a felony of the first degree, the 538 offense is reclassified to a life felony. 539 540 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 541 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 542 chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this 543 subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 544 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed. 545 Section 10. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 775.087, 546 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 547 775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; 548 felony reclassification; minimum sentence.-549 (1) Unless otherwise provided by law, whenever a person is 550 charged with a felony, except a felony in which the use of a 551 weapon or firearm is an essential element, and during the 552 commission of such felony the defendant carries, displays, uses, 553 threatens to use, or attempts to use any weapon or firearm, or 554 during the commission of such felony the defendant commits an 555 aggravated battery, the felony for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows: 556 557 (a) In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a life 558 felony. 559 (b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a 560 felony of the first degree.

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(c) In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a

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563 564 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 565 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 566 chapter 944, a felony offense which is reclassified under this 567 section is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 568 or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed. 569 (3) (a) 1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an 570 attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a 571 firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for: 572 a. Murder; 573 b. Sexual battery; 574 c. Robbery; 575 d. Burglary; 576 e. Arson; 577 f. Aggravated battery; 578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery; 589 p. Aggravated stalking; or	562	felony of the second degree.
<pre>565 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 566 chapter 944, a felony offense which is reclassified under this 567 section is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 568 or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed. 569 (3) (a) 1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an 570 attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a 571 firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for: 572 a. Murder; 573 b. Sexual battery; 574 c. Robbery; 575 d. Burglary; 576 e. Arson; 577 f. Aggravated battery; 578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;</pre>	563	
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 (3) (a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for: a. Murder; b. Sexual battery; c. Robbery; c. Robbery; d. Burglary; e. Arson; f. Aggravated battery; g. Kidnapping; h. Escape; i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; j. Aircraft piracy; k. Aggravated child abuse; k. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb; n. Carjacking; o. Home-invasion robbery; 	567	section is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022
570attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a571firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:572a. Murder;573b. Sexual battery;574c. Robbery;575d. Burglary;576e. Arson;577f. Aggravated battery;578g. Kidnapping;579h. Escape;580i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell,581manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance;582j. Aircraft piracy;583k. Aggravated child abuse;584l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;585m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a586o. Home-invasion robbery;	568	or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed.
<pre>571 firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for: 572 a. Murder; 573 b. Sexual battery; 574 c. Robbery; 575 d. Burglary; 576 e. Arson; 577 f. Aggravated battery; 578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated child abuse; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;</pre>	569	(3)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an
 572 a. Murder; 573 b. Sexual battery; 574 c. Robbery; 575 d. Burglary; 576 e. Arson; 577 f. Aggravated battery; 578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 o. Home-invasion robbery; 	570	attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a
573b. Sexual battery;574c. Robbery;575d. Burglary;576e. Arson;577f. Aggravated battery;578g. Kidnapping;579h. Escape;580i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell,581manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance;582j. Aircraft piracy;583k. Aggravated child abuse;584l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;585m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a586o. Home-invasion robbery;	571	firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
 574 c. Robbery; 575 d. Burglary; 576 e. Arson; 577 f. Aggravated battery; 578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery; 	572	a. Murder;
575 d. Burglary; 576 e. Arson; 577 f. Aggravated battery; 578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;	573	b. Sexual battery;
 576 e. Arson; 577 f. Aggravated battery; 578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery; 	574	c. Robbery;
577 f. Aggravated battery; 578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;	575	d. Burglary;
578 g. Kidnapping; 579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;	576	e. Arson;
<pre>579 h. Escape; 580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;</pre>	577	f. Aggravated battery;
580 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;	578	g. Kidnapping;
<pre>581 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;</pre>	579	h. Escape;
<pre>582 j. Aircraft piracy; 583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;</pre>	580	i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell,
<pre>583 k. Aggravated child abuse; 584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;</pre>	581	manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance;
584 l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;	582	j. Aircraft piracy;
<pre>585 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;</pre>	583	k. Aggravated child abuse;
<pre>586 destructive device or bomb; 587 n. Carjacking; 588 o. Home-invasion robbery;</pre>	584	l. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;
587 n. Carjacking;588 o. Home-invasion robbery;	585	m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
588 o. Home-invasion robbery;	586	destructive device or bomb;
-	587	n. Carjacking;
589 p. Aggravated stalking; or	588	o. Home-invasion robbery;
	589	p. Aggravated stalking; or
90 q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital	590	q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital

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591 importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital 592 importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, 593 capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in 594 methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking 595 in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking 596 in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid 597 (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, trafficking in 598 Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 893.135(1);

and during the commission of the offense, such person possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years.

2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

611 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of 612 613 whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and 614 during the course of the commission of the felony such person 615 discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box 616 magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the 617 result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be 618 sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 619

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620 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in 621 prison.

622 (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph 623 (a)3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence 624 of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum 625 mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law. Subparagraph (a)1., 626 627 subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a 62.8 court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by 629 law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

637 (c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed 638 pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized 639 by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be 640 641 imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant 642 to this section are less than the sentences that could be 643 imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal 644 Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by 645 the court must include the mandatory minimum term of 646 imprisonment as required in this section.

647 (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who648 possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use

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649 a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box 650 magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001 be punished 651 to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of 652 imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be 653 imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is 654 convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment 655 provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term 656 of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense. 657 (e) As used in this subsection, the term: 658 1. "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means any 659 detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm, 660 which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire 661 cartridges. 662 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm which is capable 663 of firing a series of rounds by separate successive depressions 664 of the trigger and which uses the energy of discharge to perform 665 a portion of the operating cycle. 666 Section 11. Section 775.0875, Florida Statutes, is amended 667 to read: 668 775.0875 Unlawful taking, possession, or use of law 669 enforcement officer's firearm; crime reclassification; 670 penalties.-671 (1) A person who, without authorization, takes a firearm 672 from a law enforcement officer lawfully engaged in law 673 enforcement duties commits a felony of the third degree, 674 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 675 (2) If a person violates subsection (1) and commits any 676 other crime involving the firearm taken from the law enforcement

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officer, such crime shall be reclassified as follows:

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678 (a)1. In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a 679 life felony. 680 2. In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a 681 felony of the first degree. 682 3. In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a felony 683 of the second degree. 684 685 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 686 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 687 chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this 688 paragraph is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 689 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed. 690 (b) In the case of a misdemeanor, to a felony of the third 691 degree. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and 692 determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation 693 credits under chapter 944, such offense is ranked in level 2 of 694 the offense severity ranking chart. 695 (3) A person who possesses a firearm that he or she knows 696 was unlawfully taken from a law enforcement officer commits a 697 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 698 775.082 or s. 775.083. 699 Section 12. Section 777.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to 700 read: 701 777.03 Accessory after the fact.-702 (1) (a) Any person not standing in the relation of husband 703 or wife, parent or grandparent, child or grandchild, brother or 704 sister, by consanguinity or affinity to the offender, who 705 maintains or assists the principal or an accessory before the 706 fact, or gives the offender any other aid, knowing that the

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707 offender had committed a crime and such crime was a third degree 708 felony, or had been an accessory thereto before the fact, with 709 the intent that the offender avoids or escapes detection, 710 arrest, trial, or punishment, is an accessory after the fact.

711 (b) Any person who maintains or assists the principal or 712 accessory before the fact, or gives the offender any other aid, 713 knowing that the offender had committed the offense of child 714 abuse, neglect of a child, aggravated child abuse, aggravated 715 manslaughter of a child under 18 years of age, or murder of a 716 child under 18 years of age, or had been an accessory thereto 717 before the fact, with the intent that the offender avoids or 718 escapes detection, arrest, trial, or punishment, is an accessory 719 after the fact unless the court finds that the person is a 720 victim of domestic violence.

(c) Any person who maintains or assists the principal or an accessory before the fact, or gives the offender any other aid, knowing that the offender had committed a crime and such crime was a capital, life, first degree, or second degree felony, or had been an accessory thereto before the fact, with the intent that the offender avoids or escapes detection, arrest, trial, or punishment, is an accessory after the fact.

(2) (a) If the felony offense committed is a capital felony, the offense of accessory after the fact is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 731 775.084.

(b) If the felony offense committed is a life felony or a felony of the first degree, the offense of accessory after the fact is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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(c) If the felony offense committed is a felony of the second degree or a felony of the third degree ranked in level 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023, the offense of accessory after the fact is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 741 775.084.

(d) If the felony offense committed is a felony of the third degree ranked in level 1 or level 2 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023, the offense of accessory after the fact is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 746 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in s. 921.0022, for purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining <u>incentive gain-time</u> eligibility <u>for rehabilitation credits</u> under chapter 944, the offense of accessory after the fact is ranked two levels below the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed.

Section 13. Section 777.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

777.04 Attempts, solicitation, and conspiracy.-

756 (1) A person who attempts to commit an offense prohibited 757 by law and in such attempt does any act toward the commission of 758 such offense, but fails in the perpetration or is intercepted or 759 prevented in the execution thereof, commits the offense of 760 criminal attempt, ranked for purposes of sentencing as provided 761 in subsection (4). Criminal attempt includes the act of an adult 762 who, with intent to commit an offense prohibited by law, 763 allures, seduces, coaxes, or induces a child under the age of 12 764 to engage in an offense prohibited by law.

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(2) A person who solicits another to commit an offense prohibited by law and in the course of such solicitation commands, encourages, hires, or requests another person to engage in specific conduct which would constitute such offense or an attempt to commit such offense commits the offense of criminal solicitation, ranked for purposes of sentencing as provided in subsection (4).

(3) A person who agrees, conspires, combines, or confederates with another person or persons to commit any offense commits the offense of criminal conspiracy, ranked for purposes of sentencing as provided in subsection (4).

(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 104.091(2), 379.2431(1), 828.125(2), 849.25(4), 893.135(5), and 921.0022, the offense of criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is ranked for purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944 one level below the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense attempted, solicited, or conspired to. If the criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is of an offense ranked in level 1 or level 2 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023, such offense is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) If the offense attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a capital felony, the offense of criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 792 775.084.

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(c) Except as otherwise provided in s. 893.135(5), if the

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794	offense attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a life felony
795	or a felony of the first degree, the offense of criminal
796	attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is a
797	felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
798	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
799	(d) Except as otherwise provided in s. 104.091(2), s.
800	379.2431(1), s. 828.125(2), or s. 849.25(4), if the offense
801	attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a:
802	1. Felony of the second degree;
803	2. Burglary that is a felony of the third degree; or
804	3. Felony of the third degree ranked in level 3, 4, 5, 6,
805	7, 8, 9, or 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023,
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807	the offense of criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or
808	criminal conspiracy is a felony of the third degree, punishable
809	as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
810	(e) Except as otherwise provided in s. 104.091(2), s.
811	379.2431(1), s. 849.25(4), or paragraph (d), if the offense
812	attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a felony of the third
813	degree, the offense of criminal attempt, criminal solicitation,
814	or criminal conspiracy is a misdemeanor of the first degree,
815	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
816	(f) Except as otherwise provided in s. 104.091(2), if the
817	offense attempted, solicited, or conspired to is a misdemeanor
818	of the first or second degree, the offense of criminal attempt,
819	criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy is a misdemeanor
820	of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
821	775.083.
822	(5) It is a defense to a charge of criminal attempt,

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823 criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy that, under 824 circumstances manifesting a complete and voluntary renunciation 825 of his or her criminal purpose, the defendant:

826 (a) Abandoned his or her attempt to commit the offense or827 otherwise prevented its commission;

(b) After soliciting another person to commit an offense,
persuaded such other person not to do so or otherwise prevented
commission of the offense; or

(c) After conspiring with one or more persons to commit an offense, persuaded such persons not to do so or otherwise prevented commission of the offense.

Section 14. Subsection (7) of section 794.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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794.011 Sexual battery.-

(7) A person who is convicted of committing a sexual battery on or after October 1, 1992, is not eligible for <u>good</u> <u>behavior</u> <u>basic</u> gain-time under s. 944.275. This subsection may be cited as the "Junny Rios-Martinez, Jr. Act of 1992."

Section 15. Section 794.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

794.023 Sexual battery by multiple perpetrators; reclassification of offenses.-

(1) The Legislature finds that an act of sexual battery,
when committed by more than one person, presents a great danger
to the public and is extremely offensive to civilized society.
It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to reclassify
offenses for acts of sexual battery committed by more than one
person.

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(2) A violation of s. 794.011 shall be reclassified as

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852 provided in this subsection if it is charged and proven by the 853 prosecution that, during the same criminal transaction or 854 episode, more than one person committed an act of sexual battery 855 on the same victim.

(a) A felony of the second degree is reclassified to a felony of the first degree.

(b) A felony of the first degree is reclassified to a life felony.

This subsection does not apply to life felonies or capital felonies. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.

Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information.-

(5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows:

875 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a876 felony of the third degree.

877 (b) A felony of the third degree is reclassified as a878 felony of the second degree.

879 (c) A felony of the second degree is reclassified as a880 felony of the first degree.

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881 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and incentive gain-882 883 time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a 884 felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is 885 ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 of the 886 felony offense committed, and a misdemeanor offense that is 887 reclassified under this subsection is ranked in level 2 of the 888 offense severity ranking chart in s. 921.0022. 889 Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 831.032, Florida 890 Statutes, is amended to read: 891 831.032 Offenses involving forging or counterfeiting 892 private labels.-893 (3) (a) Violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 894 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 895 775.082 or s. 775.083, except that: 896 1. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 897 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the offense involves 100 898 899 or more but less than 1,000 items bearing one or more 900 counterfeit marks or if the goods involved in the offense have a 901 total retail value of more than \$2,500, but less than \$20,000. 902 2. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 903 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 904 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the offense involves 905 1,000 or more items bearing one or more counterfeit marks or if 906 the goods involved in the offense have a total retail value of 907 \$20,000 or more. 908 3. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 909 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.



910 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 if, during the commission or 911 as a result of the commission of the offense, the person 912 engaging in the offense knowingly or by culpable negligence 913 causes or allows to be caused bodily injury to another.

914 4. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a
915 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
916 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 if, during the commission or
917 as a result of the commission of the offense, the person
918 engaging in the offense knowingly or by culpable negligence
919 causes or allows to be caused serious bodily injury to another.

920 5. A violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2) is a 921 felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 922 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 if, during the commission or 923 as a result of the commission of the offense, the person 924 engaging in the offense knowingly or by culpable negligence 925 causes or allows to be caused death to another.

(b) For any person who, having previously been convicted for an offense under this section, is subsequently convicted for another offense under this section, such subsequent offense shall be reclassified as follows:

930 1. In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a931 felony of the first degree.

932 2. In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a felony933 of the second degree.

934 3. In the case of a misdemeanor of the first degree, to a 935 felony of the third degree. For purposes of sentencing under 936 chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility 937 under chapter 944, such offense is ranked in level 4 of the 938 offense severity ranking chart.

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940 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 941 incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under 942 chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this 943 paragraph is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 944 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed.

945 (c) In lieu of a fine otherwise authorized by law, when any 946 person has been convicted of an offense under this section, the 947 court may fine the person up to three times the retail value of 948 the goods seized, manufactured, or sold, whichever is greater, 949 and may enter orders awarding court costs and the costs of 950 investigation and prosecution, reasonably incurred. The court 951 shall hold a hearing to determine the amount of the fine 952 authorized by this paragraph.

953 (d) When a person is convicted of an offense under this 954 section, the court, pursuant to s. 775.089, shall order the 955 person to pay restitution to the trademark owner and any other 956 victim of the offense. In determining the value of the property 957 loss to the trademark owner, the court shall include expenses 958 incurred by the trademark owner in the investigation or 959 prosecution of the offense as well as the disgorgement of any 960 profits realized by a person convicted of the offense.

961 Section 18. Section 843.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to 962 read:

843.22 Traveling across county lines with intent to commit a burglary.-

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

966 (a) "County of residence" means the county within this 967 state in which a person resides. Evidence of a person's county

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968	of residence includes, but is not limited to:
969	1. The address on a person's driver license or state
970	identification card;
971	2. Records of real property or mobile home ownership;
972	3. Records of a lease agreement for residential property;
973	4. The county in which a person's motor vehicle is
974	registered;
975	5. The county in which a person is enrolled in an
976	educational institution; and
977	6. The county in which a person is employed.
978	(b) "Burglary" means burglary as defined in s. 810.02,
979	including an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit such
980	offense.
981	(2) If a person who commits a burglary travels any distance
982	with the intent to commit the burglary in a county in this state
983	other than the person's county of residence, the degree of the
984	burglary shall be reclassified to the next higher degree if the
985	purpose of the person's travel is to thwart law enforcement
986	attempts to track the items stolen in the burglary. For purposes
987	of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-
988	time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, a
989	burglary that is reclassified under this section is ranked one
990	level above the ranking specified in s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023
991	for the burglary committed.
992	Section 19. Section 874.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to
993	read:
994	874.04 Gang-related offenses; enhanced penaltiesUpon a
995	finding by the factfinder that the defendant committed the

996 charged offense for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or



997 furthering the interests of a criminal gang, the penalty for any 998 felony or misdemeanor, or any delinquent act or violation of law 999 which would be a felony or misdemeanor if committed by an adult, 1000 may be enhanced. Penalty enhancement affects the applicable 1001 statutory maximum penalty only. Each of the findings required as 1002 a basis for such sentence shall be found beyond a reasonable 1003 doubt. The enhancement will be as follows:

(1) (a) A misdemeanor of the second degree may be punished as if it were a misdemeanor of the first degree.

(b) A misdemeanor of the first degree may be punished as if it were a felony of the third degree. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, such offense is ranked in level 1 of the offense severity ranking chart. The criminal gang multiplier in s. 921.0024 does not apply to misdemeanors enhanced under this paragraph.

(2)(a) A felony of the third degree may be punished as if it were a felony of the second degree.

(b) A felony of the second degree may be punished as if it were a felony of the first degree.

(c) A felony of the first degree may be punished as if it were a life felony.

For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility for rehabilitation credits under chapter 944, such felony offense is ranked as provided in s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023, and without regard to the penalty enhancement in this subsection.

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Section 20. Section 944.281, Florida Statutes, is amended


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944.281 Ineligibility to earn gain-time due to disciplinary action.—The department may declare that a prisoner who commits a violation of any law of the state or rule or regulation of the department or institution on or after January 1, 1996, and who is found guilty pursuant to s. 944.28(2), shall not be eligible to earn <u>rehabilitation credits</u> <u>incentive gain-time</u> for up to 6 months following the month in which the violation occurred. The department shall adopt rules to administer the provisions of this section.

Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 944.473, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

944.473 Inmate substance abuse testing program.-

1039 (1) RULES AND PROCEDURES. - The department shall establish 1040 programs for random and reasonable suspicion drug and alcohol 1041 testing by urinalysis or other noninvasive procedure for inmates 1042 to effectively identify those inmates abusing drugs, alcohol, or 1043 both. The department shall also adopt rules relating to fair, 1044 economical, and accurate operations and procedures of a random 1045 inmate substance abuse testing program and a reasonable 1046 suspicion substance abuse testing program by urinalysis or other 1047 noninvasive procedure which enumerate penalties for positive 1048 test results, including but not limited to the forfeiture of 1049 both good behavior time and rehabilitation credits basic and incentive gain-time, and which do not limit the number of times 1050 an inmate may be tested in any one fiscal or calendar year. 1051 1052 Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 944.70, Florida 1053 Statutes, is amended to read:

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944.70 Conditions for release from incarceration.-

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1055	(1)(a) A person who is convicted of a crime committed on or
1056	after October 1, 1983, but before January 1, 1994, may be
1057	released from incarceration only:
1058	1. Upon expiration of the person's sentence;
1059	2. Upon expiration of the person's sentence as reduced by
1060	accumulated gain-time;
1061	3. As directed by an executive order granting clemency;
1062	4. Upon attaining the provisional release date;
1063	5. Upon placement in a conditional release program pursuant
1064	to s. 947.1405; or
1065	6. Upon the granting of control release pursuant to s.
1066	947.146.
1067	(b) A person who is convicted of a crime committed on or
1068	after January 1, 1994, may be released from incarceration only:
1069	1. Upon expiration of the person's sentence;
1070	2. Upon expiration of the person's sentence as reduced by
1071	accumulated rehabilitation credits and outstanding deed awards
1072	meritorious or incentive gain-time;
1073	3. As directed by an executive order granting clemency;
1074	4. Upon placement in a conditional release program pursuant
1075	to s. 947.1405 or a conditional medical release program pursuant
1076	to s. 947.149; or
1077	5. Upon the granting of control release, including
1078	emergency control release, pursuant to s. 947.146.
1079	Section 23. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1080	made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a
1081	reference thereto, paragraph (k) of subsection (4) of section
1082	775.084, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
1083	775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony offenders

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1084 and habitual violent felony offenders; three-time violent felony 1085 offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced penalties or 1086 mandatory minimum prison terms.-

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(k)1. A defendant sentenced under this section as a habitual felony offender, a habitual violent felony offender, or a violent career criminal is eligible for gain-time granted by the Department of Corrections as provided in s. 944.275(4)(b).

2. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, a defendant sentenced under this section as a violent career criminal is not eligible for any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release granted pursuant to s. 947.149.

3. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 1999, a defendant sentenced under this section as a three-time violent felony offender shall be released only by expiration of sentence and shall not be eligible for parole, control release, or any form of early release.

Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (v) of subsection (2) and paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 900.05, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

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900.05 Criminal justice data collection.-

1108 1109 (2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

1109 (v) "Gain-time credit earned" means a credit of time 1110 awarded to an inmate in a county detention facility in 1111 accordance with s. 951.21 or a state correctional institution or 1112 facility in accordance with s. 944.275.

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1113 (3) DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING .- An entity required to collect data in accordance with this subsection shall collect 1114 1115 the specified data and report them in accordance with this 1116 subsection to the Department of Law Enforcement on a monthly 1117 basis. 1118 (e) Department of Corrections.-The Department of 1119 Corrections shall collect the following data: 1120 1. Information related to each inmate, including: 1121 a. Identifying information, including name, date of birth, 1122 race, ethnicity, gender, case number, and identification number 1123 assigned by the department. 1124 b. Highest education level. 1125 c. Date the inmate was admitted to the custody of the 1126 department for his or her current incarceration. 1127 d. Current institution placement and the security level 1128 assigned to the institution. 1129 e. Custody level assignment. 1130 f. Qualification for a flag designation as defined in this 1131 section, including sexual offender flag, habitual offender flag, 1132 habitual violent felony offender flag, prison releasee 1133 reoffender flag, three-time violent felony offender flag, violent career criminal flag, gang affiliation flag, or 1134 1135 concurrent or consecutive sentence flag. 1136 q. County that committed the prisoner to the custody of the 1137 department.

h. Whether the reason for admission to the department is for a new conviction or a violation of probation, community control, or parole. For an admission for a probation, community control, or parole violation, the department shall report

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1142	whether the violation was technical or based on a new violation
1143	of law.
1144	i. Specific statutory citation for which the inmate was
1145	committed to the department, including, for an inmate convicted
1146	of drug trafficking under s. 893.135, the statutory citation for
1147	each specific drug trafficked.
1148	j. Length of sentence served.
1149	k. Length of concurrent or consecutive sentences served.
1150	1. Tentative release date.
1151	m. Gain time earned in accordance with s. 944.275.
1152	n. Prior incarceration within the state.
1153	o. Disciplinary violation and action.
1154	p. Participation in rehabilitative or educational programs
1155	while in the custody of the department.
1156	q. Digitized sentencing scoresheet prepared in accordance
1157	with s. 921.0024.
1158	2. Information about each state correctional institution or
1159	facility, including:
1160	a. Budget for each state correctional institution or
1161	facility.
1162	b. Daily prison population of all inmates incarcerated in a
1163	state correctional institution or facility.
1164	c. Daily number of correctional officers for each state
1165	correctional institution or facility.
1166	3. Information related to persons supervised by the
1167	department on probation or community control, including:
1168	a. Identifying information for each person supervised by
1169	the department on probation or community control, including his
1170	or her name, date of birth, race, ethnicity, gender, case

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1171	number, and department-assigned case number.
1172	b. Length of probation or community control sentence
1173	imposed and amount of time that has been served on such
1174	sentence.
1175	c. Projected termination date for probation or community
1176	control.
1177	d. Revocation of probation or community control due to a
1178	violation, including whether the revocation is due to a
1179	technical violation of the conditions of supervision or from the
1180	commission of a new law violation.
1181	4. Per diem rates for:
1182	a. Prison bed.
1183	b. Probation.
1184	c. Community control.
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1186	This information only needs to be reported once annually at the
1187	time the most recent per diem rate is published.
1188	Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1189	made in this act to section 944.275, Florida statutes, in
1190	reference thereto, section 944.28, Florida Statutes, is
1191	reenacted to read:
1192	944.28 Forfeiture of gain-time and the right to earn gain-
1193	time in the future
1194	(1) If a prisoner is convicted of escape, or if the
1195	clemency, conditional release as described in chapter 947,
1196	probation or community control as described in chapter 948,
1197	provisional release as described in s. 944.277, parole, or
1198	control release as described in s. 947.146 granted to the
1199	prisoner is revoked, the department may, without notice or



1200 hearing, declare a forfeiture of all gain-time earned according 1201 to the provisions of law by such prisoner prior to such escape 1202 or his or her release under such clemency, conditional release, 1203 probation, community control, provisional release, control 1204 release, or parole.

1205 (2) (a) All or any part of the gain-time earned by a 1206 prisoner according to the provisions of law is subject to 1207 forfeiture if such prisoner unsuccessfully attempts to escape; 1208 assaults another person; threatens or knowingly endangers the 1209 life or person of another person; refuses by action or word to 1210 carry out any instruction duly given to him or her; neglects to 1211 perform in a faithful, diligent, industrious, orderly, and 1212 peaceful manner the work, duties, and tasks assigned to him or 1213 her; is found by a court to have brought a frivolous suit, 1214 action, claim, proceeding, or appeal in any court; is found by a 1215 court to have knowingly or with reckless disregard for the truth 1216 brought false information or evidence before the court; or 1217 violates any law of the state or any rule or regulation of the 1218 department or institution.

(b) A prisoner's right to earn gain-time during all or any part of the remainder of the sentence or sentences under which he or she is imprisoned may be declared forfeited because of the seriousness of a single instance of misconduct or because of the seriousness of an accumulation of instances of misconduct.

(c) The method of declaring a forfeiture under paragraph
(a) or paragraph (b) shall be as follows: A written charge shall
be prepared, which shall specify each instance of misconduct
upon which it is based and the approximate date thereof. A copy
of such charge shall be delivered to the prisoner, and he or she

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1229 shall be given notice of a hearing before the disciplinary 1230 committee created under the authorization of rules heretofore or 1231 hereafter adopted by the department for the institution in which 1232 he or she is confined. The prisoner shall be present at the 1233 hearing. If at such hearing the prisoner pleads guilty to the 1234 charge or if the committee determines that the prisoner is 1235 quilty thereof upon the basis of proof presented at such 1236 hearing, it shall find him or her guilty. If the committee 1237 considers that all or part of the prisoner's gain-time and the 1238 prisoner's right to earn gain-time during all or any part of the 1239 sentence or sentences under which he or she is imprisoned shall 1240 be forfeited, it shall so recommend in its written report. Such 1241 report shall be presented to the warden of the institution, who 1242 may approve such recommendation in whole or in part by endorsing 1243 such approval on the report. In the event of approval, the 1244 warden shall forward the report to the department. Thereupon, 1245 the department may, in its discretion, declare the forfeiture 1246 thus approved by the warden or any specified part thereof.

(3) Upon the recommendation of the warden, the department may, in its discretion, restore all or any part of any gain-time forfeited under this section.

1250 Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1251 made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a 1252 reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 944.605, Florida 1253 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

944.605 Inmate release; notification; identification card.-

(1) Within 6 months before the release of an inmate from
the custody of the Department of Corrections or a private
correctional facility by expiration of sentence under s.

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1258 944.275, any release program provided by law, or parole under 1259 chapter 947, or as soon as possible if the offender is released earlier than anticipated, notification of such anticipated 1260 1261 release date shall be made known by the Department of 1262 Corrections to the chief judge of the circuit in which the 1263 offender was sentenced, the appropriate state attorney, the 1264 original arresting law enforcement agency, the Department of Law 1265 Enforcement, and the sheriff as chief law enforcement officer of 1266 the county in which the inmate plans to reside. In addition, 1267 unless otherwise requested by the victim, the victim's parent or 1268 quardian if the victim is a minor, the lawful representative of 1269 the victim or of the victim's parent or guardian if the victim 1270 is a minor, the victim's next of kin in the case of a homicide, 1271 the state attorney or the Department of Corrections, whichever 1272 is appropriate, shall notify such person within 6 months before 1273 the inmate's release, or as soon as possible if the offender is 1274 released earlier than anticipated, when the name and address of 1275 such victim, or the name and address of the parent, guardian, 1276 next of kin, or lawful representative of the victim has been 1277 furnished to the agency. The state attorney shall provide the 1278 latest address documented for the victim, or for the victim's 1279 parent, quardian, next of kin, or lawful representative, as 1280 applicable, to the sheriff with the other documents required by 1281 law for the delivery of inmates to those agencies for service of 1282 sentence. Upon request, within 30 days after an inmate is 1283 approved for community work release, the state attorney, the 1284 victim, the victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a 1285 minor, the victim's next of kin in the case of a homicide, or 1286 the lawful representative of the victim or of the victim's

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1287 parent or guardian if the victim is a minor shall be notified 1288 that the inmate has been approved for community work release. 1289 This section does not imply any repeal or modification of any 1290 provision of law relating to notification of victims.

1291 Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1292 made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a 1293 reference thereto, subsection (6) of section 944.607, Florida 1294 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

944.607 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on sexual offenders.-

1297 (6) The information provided to the Department of Law 1298 Enforcement must include:

(a) The information obtained from the sexual offender under subsection (4);

1301 (b) The sexual offender's most current address, place of 1302 permanent, temporary, or transient residence within the state or 1303 out of state, and address, location or description, and dates of 1304 any current or known future temporary residence within the state 1305 or out of state, while the sexual offender is under supervision 1306 in this state, including the name of the county or municipality 1307 in which the offender permanently or temporarily resides, or has a transient residence, and address, location or description, and 1308 1309 dates of any current or known future temporary residence within 1310 the state or out of state, and, if known, the intended place of 1311 permanent, temporary, or transient residence, and address, 1312 location or description, and dates of any current or known 1313 future temporary residence within the state or out of state upon satisfaction of all sanctions; 1314

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(c) The legal status of the sexual offender and the

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1316 scheduled termination date of that legal status;

1317 (d) The location of, and local telephone number for, any 1318 Department of Corrections' office that is responsible for 1319 supervising the sexual offender;

(e) An indication of whether the victim of the offense that resulted in the offender's status as a sexual offender was a minor;

(f) The offense or offenses at conviction which resulted in the determination of the offender's status as a sex offender; and

1326 (q) A digitized photograph of the sexual offender which 1327 must have been taken within 60 days before the offender is 1328 released from the custody of the department or a private 1329 correctional facility by expiration of sentence under s. 944.275 1330 or must have been taken by January 1, 1998, or within 60 days 1331 after the onset of the department's supervision of any sexual 1332 offender who is on probation, community control, conditional 1333 release, parole, provisional release, or control release or who 1334 is supervised by the department under the Interstate Compact Agreement for Probationers and Parolees. If the sexual offender 1335 1336 is in the custody of a private correctional facility, the 1337 facility shall take a digitized photograph of the sexual 1338 offender within the time period provided in this paragraph and 1339 shall provide the photograph to the department.

1341 If any information provided by the department changes during the 1342 time the sexual offender is under the department's control, 1343 custody, or supervision, including any change in the offender's 1344 name by reason of marriage or other legal process, the

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1345 department shall, in a timely manner, update the information and provide it to the Department of Law Enforcement in the manner 1346 prescribed in subsection (2). 1347

1348 Section 28. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a 1349 1350 reference thereto, subsection (15) of section 947.005, Florida 1351 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

947.005 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(15) "Tentative release date" means the date projected for the prisoner's release from custody by virtue of gain-time granted or forfeited pursuant to s. 944.275(3)(a).

Section 29. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 944.275, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 985.4815, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

985.4815 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on juvenile sexual offenders.-

(6) (a) The information provided to the Department of Law Enforcement must include the following:

1. The information obtained from the sexual offender under subsection (4). 1366

1367 2. The sexual offender's most current address and place of 1368 permanent, temporary, or transient residence within the state or 1369 out of state, and address, location or description, and dates of 1370 any current or known future temporary residence within the state 1371 or out of state, while the sexual offender is in the care or custody or under the jurisdiction or supervision of the 1372 1373 department in this state, including the name of the county or

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1374 municipality in which the offender permanently or temporarily resides, or has a transient residence, and address, location or 1375 1376 description, and dates of any current or known future temporary 1377 residence within the state or out of state; and, if known, the 1378 intended place of permanent, temporary, or transient residence, 1379 and address, location or description, and dates of any current 1380 or known future temporary residence within the state or out of 1381 state upon satisfaction of all sanctions.

3. The legal status of the sexual offender and the scheduled termination date of that legal status.

4. The location of, and local telephone number for, any department office that is responsible for supervising the sexual offender.

5. An indication of whether the victim of the offense that resulted in the offender's status as a sexual offender was a minor.

1390 6. The offense or offenses at adjudication and disposition
1391 that resulted in the determination of the offender's status as a
1392 sex offender.

1393 7. A digitized photograph of the sexual offender, which 1394 must have been taken within 60 days before the offender was 1395 released from the custody of the department or a private 1396 correctional facility by expiration of sentence under s. 1397 944.275, or within 60 days after the onset of the department's 1398 supervision of any sexual offender who is on probation, 1399 postcommitment probation, residential commitment, nonresidential 1400 commitment, licensed child-caring commitment, community control, conditional release, parole, provisional release, or control 1401 1402 release or who is supervised by the department under the



1403	Interstate Compact Agreement for Probationers and Parolees. If
1404	the sexual offender is in the custody of a private correctional
1405	facility, the facility shall take a digitized photograph of the
1406	sexual offender within the time period provided in this
1407	subparagraph and shall provide the photograph to the department.
1408	Section 30. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
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1410	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
1411	And the title is amended as follows:
1412	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1413	and insert:
1414	A bill to be entitled
1415	An act relating to criminal convictions; amending s.
1416	455.213, F.S.; revising the timeframe when a
1417	conviction, or any other adjudication, for a crime may
1418	not be grounds for denial of licensure in specified
1419	professions; removing a provision requiring good moral
1420	character for licensure in such professions; requiring
1421	the applicable board to approve certain education
1422	program credits offered to inmates in correctional
1423	institutions or facilities to satisfy training
1424	requirements for licensure in specified professions;
1425	amending s. 921.002, F.S.; revising the principles
1426	that the Criminal Punishment Code embodies as it
1427	relates to punishment and rehabilitation; conforming
1428	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
1429	944.02, F.S.; defining the term "gain-time"; amending
1430	s. 944.275, F.S.; authorizing the Department of
1431	Corrections to grant deductions from sentences in the
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1432 form of, good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, 1433 and outstanding deed awards rather than solely for 1434 gain-time, for specified purposes; revising a 1435 prisoner's "tentative release date" that the 1436 department must calculate for each prisoner based on 1437 his or her good behavior time, rehabilitation credits, 1438 and outstanding deed awards; requiring the department 1439 to grant good behavior time, rather than basic gain-1440 time, as a means of encouraging satisfactory behavior 1441 and developing character traits necessary for 1442 successful reentry to the community, subject to 1443 certain conditions; authorizing the department to 1444 grant rehabilitation credits, rather than incentive 1445 gain-time, for each month during which a prisoner 1446 engages in specified activities; revising the rates of 1447 eligibility to earn rehabilitation credits; increasing 1448 the authorized amount of outstanding deed awards which 1449 a prisoner may be granted per outstanding deed 1450 performed; authorizing the department to grant a specified number of additional days of rehabilitation 1451 1452 credit for successful completion of specified 1453 programs; defining terms; providing for retroactivity 1454 of specified rehabilitation credits; authorizing the 1455 department to grant a certain additional amount of 1456 days per month to prisoners serving sentences for 1457 certain violations; providing for retroactivity of 1458 specified good behavior time; prohibiting certain 1459 prisoners from being eligible to earn or receive good 1460 behavior time or outstanding deed awards in an amount

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1461 that would cause a sentence to expire, end, or 1462 terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's 1463 release, before he or she serves a specified minimum 1464 percentage of the sentence imposed; prohibiting 1465 certain prisoners from earning or receiving 1466 rehabilitation credits in an amount that would cause a 1467 sentence to expire, end, or terminate, or that would 1468 result in a prisoner's release, before he or she 1469 serves a specified minimum percentage of the sentence 1470 imposed; providing that gain-time may be forfeited 1471 according to law after due process if a prisoner is 1472 found guilty of an infraction of certain laws or 1473 rules; requiring the department to adopt rules in 1474 accordance with the changes made by the act; 1475 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 1476 making technical changes; amending ss. 316.027, 775.0845, 775.0847, 775.0861, 775.0862, 775.087, 1477 775.0875, 777.03, 777.04, 794.011, 784.023, 817.568, 1478 831.032, 843.22, 874.04, 944.281, 944.473, 944.70, 1479 1480 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 1481 act; reenacting ss. 775.084(4)(k), 900.05(2)(v) and (3) (e), 944.28, 944.605(1), 944.607(6), 947.005(15), 1482 1483 and 985.4815(6)(a), F.S., relating to gain-time granted by the department, the definition of "gain-1484 1485 time credit earned" and gain-time data that the 1486 department must collect, a required notification of 1487 expiration of sentence, a requirement that a digitized photograph of sexual offenders be taken within a 1488 certain time before release, the definition of 1489

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1490	"tentative release date," and a requirement that a
1491	digitized photograph of sexual offenders be taken
1492	within a certain time before release, respectively, to
1493	incorporate the amendment made to s. 944.275, F.S., in
1494	references thereto; providing an effective date.