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A bill to be entitled An act relating to schools of hope; amending s. 1002.333, F.S.; revising the definition of "persistently low-performing school" to specify that a certain provision only applies to years in which the school received a grade; providing that certain nonprofit entities may be designated a local education agency; providing that certain entities report students to the department in a specified manner; specifying reporting provisions that only apply to certain schools of hope; providing schools of hope may comply with certain financial reporting in a specified manner; revising provisions related to the list of specified facilities; revising the date such list is due; revising the entities that provides and receive such list; providing how errors on the list may be corrected; authorizing certain unrestricted assets to be used in a specified manner; revising the length of time certain funds may be carried forward; amending s. 1012.32, F.S.; requiring certain school of hope personnel to undergo background screening; providing how such screening may be completed; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; providing that schools of hope are eligible to receive certain funds; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a), (g), and (h) of subsection (6), paragraph (d) of subsection (7), and paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, are amended and paragraph (e) is added to subsection (9) of that section, to read:

1002.333 Persistently low-performing schools.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Persistently low-performing school" means a school that has earned three grades lower than a "C," pursuant to s. 1008.34, in at least 3 of the previous 5 years in which the school received a grade and has not earned a grade of "B" or higher in the most recent 2 school years, and a school that was closed pursuant to s. 1008.33(4) within 2 years after the submission of a notice of intent.
 - (6) STATUTORY AUTHORITY.-
- (a) A school of hope or a nonprofit entity that operates more than one school of hope through a performance-based agreement with a school district may be designated as a local education agency by the department, if requested, for the purposes of receiving federal funds and, in doing so, accepts the full responsibility for all local education agency requirements and the schools for which it will perform local

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education agency responsibilities.

- 1. A nonprofit entity designated as a local education agency may report its students to the department in accordance with the definitions in s. 1011.61 and pursuant to the department's procedures and timelines.
- $\underline{2.}$ Students enrolled in a school established by a hope operator designated as a local educational agency are not eligible students for purposes of calculating the district grade pursuant to s. 1008.34(5).
- a local education agency shall report its students to the school district as required in s. 1011.62, and in accordance with the definitions in s. 1011.61. The school district shall include each charter school's enrollment in the district's report of student enrollment. All charter schools submitting student record information required by the department shall comply with the department's guidelines for electronic data formats for such data, and all districts shall accept electronic data that complies with the department's electronic format.
- (h) $\underline{1.}$ A school of hope shall provide the school district with a concise, uniform, quarterly financial statement summary sheet that contains a balance sheet and a statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The balance sheet and the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance shall be in the governmental fund format prescribed by

the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Additionally, a school of hope shall comply with the annual audit requirement for charter schools in s. 218.39.

- 2. A school of hope is in compliance with subparagraph 1.

 if it is operated by a nonprofit entity designated as a local

 education agency and the nonprofit submits to each school

 district in which it operates a school of hope:
- a. A concise, uniform, quarterly financial statement summary sheet that contains a balance sheet summarizing the revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the entity and for its schools of hope within the school district.
- b. An annual financial audit of the nonprofit that includes all schools of hope it operates within the state and that complies with s. 218.39 regarding audits of a school board.
 - (7) FACILITIES.-

(d) No later than <u>January October</u> 1, <u>the department each</u> school district shall annually provide to the <u>school districts</u> Department of Education a list of all underused, vacant, or surplus facilities owned or operated by the school district <u>as reported in the Florida Inventory of School Houses</u>. A school district may provide evidence to the department within 30 days that the list contains errors or omissions. No later than April 1, annually, the department shall update and publish a final list of all underused, vacant, or surplus facilities owned or operated by each school district, based upon the updated

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information provided by each school district. A hope operator establishing a school of hope may use an educational facility identified in this paragraph at no cost or at a mutually agreeable cost not to exceed \$600 per student. A hope operator using a facility pursuant to this paragraph may not sell or dispose of such facility without the written permission of the school district. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "underused, vacant, or surplus facility" means an entire facility or portion thereof which is not fully used or is used irregularly or intermittently by the school district for instructional or program use.

(9) FUNDING.—

- (e) For a nonprofit entity designated by the department as a local education entity pursuant to paragraph (6)(h), any unrestricted current and capital assets identified in the annual financial audit required by sub-subparagraph (6)(h)2.b. may be used by any school of hope operated by the local education agency within the state. Unrestricted current assets shall be used in accordance with s. 1011.62, and any unrestricted capital assets shall be used in accordance with s. 1013.62(2).
- (10) SCHOOLS OF HOPE PROGRAM.—The Schools of Hope Program is created within the Department of Education.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 216.301 and pursuant to s. 216.351, funds allocated for the purpose of this subsection which are not disbursed by June 30 of the fiscal year in which the funds are

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allocated may be carried forward for up to $\frac{7}{5}$ years after the effective date of the original appropriation.

Section 2. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) of section 1012.32, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (d) and (e), respectively, and a new paragraph (c) is added to that subsection, to read:

1012.32 Qualifications of personnel.-

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(c) Instructional and noninstructional personnel who are hired or contracted to fill positions in any school of hope charter school under s. 1002.333, must, upon employment, engagement of services, or appointment, undergo background screening pursuant to s. 1012.465 or s. 1012.56, whichever is applicable. Such screening may be completed by filing with the charter school a complete set of fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement agency, an employee of the school or school district who is trained to take fingerprints, or by any other entity authorized by s. 943.053(13).

Fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement for statewide criminal and juvenile records checks and to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for federal criminal records checks. A person subject to this subsection who is found ineligible for employment under s. 1012.315, or otherwise found through background screening to have been convicted of any crime

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involving moral turpitude as defined by rule of the State Board of Education, shall not be employed, engaged to provide services, or serve in any position that requires direct contact with students. Probationary persons subject to this subsection terminated because of their criminal record have the right to appeal such decisions. The cost of the background screening may be borne by the district school board, the charter school, the employee, the contractor, or a person subject to this subsection. A district school board shall reimburse a charter school the cost of background screening if it does not notify the charter school of the eligibility of a governing board member or instructional or noninstructional personnel within the earlier of 14 days after receipt of the background screening results from the Florida Department of Law Enforcement or 30 days of submission of fingerprints by the governing board member or instructional or noninstructional personnel.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1013.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.62 Charter schools capital outlay funding.-

(1) For the 2020-2021 fiscal year, charter school capital outlay funding shall consist of state funds appropriated in the 2020-2021 General Appropriations Act. Beginning in fiscal year 2021-2022, charter school capital outlay funding shall consist of state funds when such funds are appropriated in the General Appropriations Act and revenue resulting from the discretionary

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millage authorized in s. 1011.71(2) if the amount of state funds appropriated for charter school capital outlay in any fiscal year is less than the average charter school capital outlay funds per unweighted full-time equivalent student for the 2018-2019 fiscal year, multiplied by the estimated number of charter school students for the applicable fiscal year, and adjusted by changes in the Consumer Price Index issued by the United States Department of Labor from the previous fiscal year. Nothing in this subsection prohibits a school district from distributing to charter schools funds resulting from the discretionary millage authorized in s. 1011.71(2).

- (a) To be eligible to receive capital outlay funds, a charter school must:
 - 1.a. Have been in operation for 2 or more years;
- b. Be governed by a governing board established in the state for 2 or more years which operates both charter schools and conversion charter schools within the state;
- c. Be an expanded feeder chain of a charter school within the same school district that is currently receiving charter school capital outlay funds;
- d. Have been accredited by a regional accrediting association as defined by State Board of Education rule; or
- e. <u>Be operated as a school of hope by an operator as</u> defined in s. 1002.333; or
 - f. Serve students in facilities that are provided by a

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business partner for a charter school-in-the-workplace pursuant to s. 1002.33(15)(b).

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- 2. Have an annual audit that does not reveal any of the financial emergency conditions provided in s. 218.503(1) for the most recent fiscal year for which such audit results are available.
- 3. Have satisfactory student achievement based on state accountability standards applicable to the charter school.
- 4. Have received final approval from its sponsor pursuant to s. 1002.33 for operation during that fiscal year.
- 5. Serve students in facilities that are not provided by the charter school's sponsor.
- 213 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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