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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; requiring the Auditor General to audit the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Association every 3 years; providing requirements for such audit; amending s. 766.303, F.S.; requiring that the association administer the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan in a manner that promotes and protects the health and best interests of children with birth-related neurological injuries; amending s. 766.31, F.S.; authorizing parents or legal guardians receiving benefits under the plan to file a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings to dispute the denial or amount of reimbursement of actual expenses; increasing the amount that may be awarded to the parents or legal guardians of an infant found to have sustained a birth-related neurological injury; requiring that such amount be increased annually; increasing the death benefit for an infant found to have sustained a birth-related neurological injury; amending s. 766.315, F.S.; revising the membership of the board of directors of the association; providing a term limit for directors; revising the process for

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recommending new directors; authorizing removal of a director from office for specified reasons; revising the powers of the directors; providing that meetings of the board of directors are subject to the public meetings and records law; specifying notice and agenda requirements for board meetings; requiring the association to furnish a list of compensable expenses to parents receiving benefits; requiring the association to publish a report on its website by a specified date annually; providing requirements for such report; providing for retroactive application; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to conduct a review and develop policies and procedures regarding Medicaid third-party benefits payable by and recoverable from the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Paragraph (n) is added to subsection (2) of Section 1. section 11.45, Florida Statutes, to read: 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-DUTIES.—The Auditor General shall: (2)

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Once every 3 years, conduct an operational and

financial audit of the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury
Compensation Association. Each operational audit shall include,
at a minimum, an assessment of compliance with ss. 766.303766.315, and compliance with the public records and public
meetings laws of this state.

The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties
independently but under the general policies established by the
Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not limit
the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other
audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in
subsection (3).

Section 2. Subsection (4) is added to section 766.303,
Florida Statutes, to read:

766.303 Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury
Compensation Plan; exclusiveness of remedy.—

- (4) The association shall administer the plan in a manner that promotes and protects the health and best interests of children with birth-related neurological injuries.
- Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 766.31, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 766.31 Administrative law judge awards for birth-related neurological injuries; notice of award.—
- (1) Upon determining that an infant has sustained a birth-related neurological injury and that obstetrical services were

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delivered by a participating physician at the birth, the administrative law judge shall make an award providing compensation for the following items relative to such injury:

- (a) Actual expenses for medically necessary and reasonable medical and hospital, habilitative and training, family residential or custodial care, professional residential, and custodial care and service, for medically necessary drugs, special equipment, and facilities, and for related travel. However, such expenses shall not include:
- 1. Expenses for items or services that the infant has received, or is entitled to receive, under the laws of any state or the Federal Government, except to the extent such exclusion may be prohibited by federal law.
- 2. Expenses for items or services that the infant has received, or is contractually entitled to receive, from any prepaid health plan, health maintenance organization, or other private insuring entity.
- 3. Expenses for which the infant has received reimbursement, or for which the infant is entitled to receive reimbursement, under the laws of any state or the Federal Government, except to the extent such exclusion may be prohibited by federal law.
- 4. Expenses for which the infant has received reimbursement, or for which the infant is contractually entitled to receive reimbursement, pursuant to the provisions of any

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health or sickness insurance policy or other private insurance program.

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- Expenses included under this paragraph shall be limited to reasonable charges prevailing in the same community for similar treatment of injured persons when such treatment is paid for by the injured person. The parents or legal guardians receiving benefits under the plan may file a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings to dispute the amount of actual expenses reimbursed or the denial of reimbursement.
- (b)1. Periodic payments of an award to the parents or legal guardians of the infant found to have sustained a birth-related neurological injury, which award may shall not exceed \$100,000. However, at the discretion of the administrative law judge, such award may be made in a lump sum. Beginning on January 1, 2021, the award may not exceed \$250,000 and each January 1 thereafter, the award authorized under this paragraph shall increase by 3 percent.
- 2. Death benefit for the infant in an amount of $\frac{$50,000}{$10,000}$.
- Section 4. Section 766.315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 766.315 Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Association; board of directors; notice of meetings; report.—

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(1) (a) The Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan shall be governed by a board of <u>seven</u> five directors which shall be known as the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Association. The association is not a state agency, board, or commission. Notwithstanding the provision of s. 15.03, the association is authorized to use the state seal.

- (b) The directors shall be appointed for staggered terms of 3 years or until their successors are appointed and have qualified; however, a director may not serve for more than 6 consecutive years.
- (c) The directors shall be appointed by the Chief Financial Officer as follows:
- 1. One citizen representative who is not affiliated with any of the groups identified in subparagraphs 2.-6.
 - 2. One representative of participating physicians.
 - 3. One representative of hospitals.

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- 4. One representative of casualty insurers.
- 5. One representative of physicians other than participating physicians.
- 6. Two parents or legal guardians of children, living or deceased, who are or were beneficiaries of the plan.
- (2)(a) The Chief Financial Officer may select the representative of the participating physicians from a list of at least three names recommended by the American Congress of

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Obstetricians and Gynecologists, District XII; the representative of hospitals from a list of at least three names recommended by the Florida Hospital Association; the representative of casualty insurers from a list of at least three names, one of which is recommended by the American Insurance Association, one of which is recommended by the Florida Insurance Council, and one of which is recommended by the Property Casualty Insurers Association of America; and the representative of physicians, other than participating physicians, from a list of three names recommended by the Florida Medical Association and a list of three names recommended by the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association. However, the Chief Financial Officer is not required to make an appointment from among the nominees of the respective associations.

- (b) <u>If applicable</u>, the Chief Financial Officer shall promptly notify the appropriate <u>medical</u> association <u>or person</u> identified in paragraph (a) to make recommendations upon the occurrence of any vacancy, and like nominations may be made for the filling of the vacancy.
- (c) The Governor or the Chief Financial Officer may remove a director from office for misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect of duty in office. Any vacancy so created shall be filled as provided in paragraph (a).
 - (3) The directors may shall not transact any business or

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exercise any power of the plan except upon the affirmative vote of <u>four</u> three directors. The directors shall serve without salary, but <u>are entitled to receive reimbursement</u> each director shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her official duties as a director of the plan in accordance with s. 112.061. The directors <u>are</u> shall not be subject to any liability with respect to the administration of the plan.

- (4) The board of directors has shall have the power to:
- (a) Administer the plan.

- (b) Administer the funds collected on behalf of the plan.
- (c) Administer the payment of claims on behalf of the plan.
- (d) Direct the investment and reinvestment of any surplus funds over losses and expenses, <u>if provided that</u> any investment income generated thereby remains credited to the plan.
 - (e) Reinsure the risks of the plan in whole or in part.
- (f) Sue and be sued, and appear and defend, in all actions and proceedings in its name to the same extent as a natural person.
- (g) Have and exercise all powers necessary or convenient to effect any or all of the purposes for which the plan is created.
- (h) Enter into such contracts as are necessary or proper to administer the plan.

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(i) Employ or retain such persons as are necessary to perform the administrative and financial transactions and responsibilities of the plan and to perform other necessary and proper functions not prohibited by law.

- (j) Take such legal action as may be necessary to avoid payment of improper claims.
- (k) Indemnify any employee, agent, member of the board of directors or alternate thereof, or person acting on behalf of the plan in an official capacity, for expenses, including attorney attorney's fees, judgments, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any action, suit, or proceeding, including any appeal thereof, arising out of such person's capacity to act acting on behalf of the plan, if; provided that such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the plan and the health and best interest of the child having birth-related neurological injuries, and if provided that, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, such the person had reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was lawful.
- (5) (a) Money may be withdrawn on account of the plan only upon a voucher as authorized by the association.
- (b) All meetings of the board of directors are subject to the requirements of s. 286.011, and all books, records, and audits of the plan are open to the public for reasonable

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inspection to the general public, except that a claim file in the possession of the association or its representative is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until termination of litigation or settlement of the claim, although medical records and other portions of the claim file may remain confidential and exempt as otherwise provided by law. Any book, record, document, audit, or asset acquired by, prepared for, or paid for by the association is subject to the authority of the board of directors, which is responsible therefor.

association shall give notice of any board meeting by publication on the association's website not fewer than 7 days before the meeting. The association shall prepare an agenda in time to ensure that a copy of the agenda may be received at least 7 days before the meeting by any person who requests a copy and who pays the reasonable cost of the copy. The agenda, along with any meeting materials available in electronic form, excluding confidential and exempt information, shall be published on the association's website. The agenda shall contain the items to be considered in order of presentation and a telephone number for members of the public to participate telephonically at the board meeting. After the agenda has been made available, a change shall be made only for good cause, as determined by the person designated to preside, and must be

stated in the record. Notification of such change shall be at the earliest practicable time.

- (d) Each person authorized to receive deposits, issue vouchers, or withdraw or otherwise disburse any funds shall post a blanket fidelity bond in an amount reasonably sufficient to protect plan assets, as determined by the plan of operation. The cost of such bond will be paid from the assets of the plan.
- (e)(d) Annually, the association shall furnish audited financial reports to any plan participant upon request, to the Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission, and to the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee. The reports must be prepared in accordance with accepted accounting procedures and must include such information as may be required by the Office of Insurance Regulation or the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee. At any time determined to be necessary, the Office of Insurance Regulation or the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee may conduct an audit of the plan.
- (f) (e) Funds held on behalf of the plan are funds of the State of Florida. The association may only invest plan funds in the investments and securities described in s. 215.47, and shall be subject to the limitations on investments contained in that section. All income derived from such investments will be credited to the plan. The State Board of Administration may invest and reinvest funds held on behalf of the plan in accordance with the trust agreement approved by the association

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and the State Board of Administration and within the provisions of ss. 215.44-215.53.

- (6) The association shall furnish annually to each parent and legal guardian receiving benefits under the plan either by mail or electronically a list of expenses compensable under the plan.
- (7) The association shall publish a report on its website by January 1, 2022, and every January 1 thereafter. The report shall include:
- (a) The names and terms of each board member and executive staff member.
- (b) The amount of compensation paid to each association employee.
 - (c) A summary of reimbursement disputes and resolutions.
- 290 (d) A list of expenditures for attorney fees and lobbying 291 fees.
 - (e) Other expenses to oppose each plan claim. Any personal identifying information of the parent, legal guardian, or child involved in the claim must be removed from this list.
 - Section 5. The amendments made to s. 766.31, Florida

 Statutes, by this act, apply to petitions pending or filed under s. 766.305, Florida Statutes, on or after January 1, 2021.
 - Section 6. The Agency for Health Care Administration must review its Medicaid third-party liability functions and rights under s. 409.910, Florida Statutes, relative to the Florida

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Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan established
under s. 766.303, Florida Statutes, and must include in its
review the extent and value of the liabilities owed by the plan
as a third-party benefit provider. The agency shall develop
policies and procedures to ensure robust implementation of
agency functions and rights relative to the primacy of the
plan's third-party benefits payable under s. 766.31(1)(a)1. and
3., Florida Statutes, and recoveries due the agency under s.
409.910, Florida Statutes.
Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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