By the Committees on Finance and Tax; and Community Affairs; and Senator Brandes

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to property assessments for elevated properties; amending ss. 193.155 and 193.1554, F.S.; specifying that changes to elevate certain homestead and nonhomestead residential property, respectively, do not increase the assessed value of the property under certain circumstances; requiring property owners to provide certification for such property; defining the terms "voluntary elevation" and "voluntarily elevated"; prohibiting certain areas from being included in square footage calculation; revising applicability; making clarifying revisions; amending s. 193.1557, F.S.; revising applicability; providing a contingent effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 193.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.155 Homestead assessments.—Homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8) apply.

(4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, changes, additions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.

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(b) Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all or a portion of homestead property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity shall not increase the homestead property's assessed value when the square footage of the homestead property as changed or improved does not exceed 110 percent of the square footage of the homestead property before the damage, or destruction, or voluntary elevation of the homestead property if:

- 1. The homestead property was damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity; or
- 2. Before the voluntary elevation, the homestead property did not comply with the Federal Emergency Management Agency's National Flood Insurance Program requirements and Florida Building Code elevation requirements and was elevated in compliance with such requirements. The property owner shall provide elevation certificates for both the original and the elevated homestead property. For purposes of this subsection, the term "voluntary elevation" or "voluntarily elevated" means the elevation of an existing nonconforming homestead property or the removal and rebuilding of a nonconforming homestead property. Conforming areas below an elevated structure designated only for parking, storage, or access may not be included in the 110 percent calculation unless the area exceeds 110 percent of the square footage before the voluntary elevation.

Additionally, the homestead property's assessed value <u>may</u> shall not increase if the total square footage of the homestead property as changed, or improved, or elevated does not exceed

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1,500 square feet.

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(c) Changes, additions, or improvements that do not cause the total to exceed 110 percent of the total square footage of the homestead property before the qualifying damage, or destruction, or voluntary elevation or that do not cause the total to exceed 1,500 total square feet shall be reassessed as provided under subsection (1). The homestead property's assessed value shall be increased by the just value of that portion of the changed or improved homestead property which is in excess of 110 percent of the square footage of the homestead property before the qualifying damage, or destruction, or voluntary elevation or of that portion exceeding 1,500 square feet. Homestead property damaged, or destroyed, or voluntarily elevated by misfortune or calamity which, after being changed or improved, has a square footage of less than 100 percent of the homestead property's total square footage before the qualifying damage, or destruction, or voluntary elevation shall be assessed pursuant to subsection (5).

- (d) For changes, additions, or improvements made to replace property that was damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity, this subsection paragraph applies to the changes, additions, or improvements commenced within 3 years after the January 1 following the qualifying damage or destruction of the homestead property.
- (e) (c) Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all or a portion of real property that was damaged, or destroyed, or voluntarily elevated by misfortune or calamity shall be assessed upon substantial completion as if such qualifying damage, or destruction, or voluntary elevation had not occurred and in

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accordance with paragraph (b) if the owner of such property:

- 1. Was permanently residing on such property when the <u>qualifying damage</u>, or destruction, or voluntary elevation occurred;
- 2. Was not entitled to receive homestead exemption on such property as of January 1 of that year; and
- 3. Applies for and receives homestead exemption on such property the following year.
- <u>(f)(d)</u> Changes, additions, or improvements include improvements made to common areas or other improvements made to property other than to the homestead property by the owner or by an owner association, which improvements directly benefit the homestead property. Such changes, additions, or improvements shall be assessed at just value, and the just value shall be apportioned among the parcels benefiting from the improvement.
- Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 193.1554, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.-
- (6) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, changes, additions, or improvements to nonhomestead residential property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.
- (b) Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all or a portion of nonhomestead residential property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity shall not increase the property's assessed value when the square footage of the property as changed or improved does not exceed 110 percent of the square footage of the property before the damage, or

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destruction, or voluntary elevation of the property if:

- 1. The property was damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity; or
- 2. Before the voluntary elevation, the property did not comply with the Federal Emergency Management Agency's National Flood Insurance Program requirements and Florida Building Code elevation requirements and was elevated in compliance with such requirements. The property owner must provide elevation certificates for both the original and the elevated property. For purposes of this subsection, the term "voluntary elevation" or "voluntarily elevated" means the elevation of an existing nonconforming nonhomestead residential property or the removal and rebuilding of a nonconforming nonhomestead residential property. Conforming areas below an elevated structure designated only for parking, storage, or access may not be included in the 110 percent calculation unless the area exceeds 110 percent of the square footage before the voluntary elevation.

Additionally, the property's assessed value <u>may shall</u> not increase if the total square footage of the property as changed, <u>or elevated</u> does not exceed 1,500 square feet.

(c) Changes, additions, or improvements that do not cause the total to exceed 110 percent of the total square footage of the property before the <u>qualifying</u> damage, or destruction, or <u>voluntary elevation</u> or that do not cause the total to exceed 1,500 total square feet shall be reassessed as provided under subsection (3). The property's assessed value shall be increased by the just value of that portion of the changed or improved

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property which is in excess of 110 percent of the square footage of the property before the <u>qualifying</u> damage, or destruction, or <u>voluntary elevation</u> or of that portion exceeding 1,500 square feet. Property damaged, or destroyed, or voluntarily elevated by <u>misfortune or calamity</u> which, after being changed or improved, has a square footage of less than 100 percent of the property's total square footage before the <u>qualifying</u> damage, or destruction, or voluntary elevation shall be assessed pursuant to subsection (8).

- (d) For changes, additions, or improvements made to replace property that was damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity, this subsection paragraph applies to the changes, additions, or improvements commenced within 3 years after the January 1 following the qualifying damage or destruction of the property.
- (e) (e) Changes, additions, or improvements include improvements made to common areas or other improvements made to property other than to the nonhomestead residential property by the owner or by an owner association, which improvements directly benefit the property. Such changes, additions, or improvements shall be assessed at just value, and the just value shall be apportioned among the parcels benefiting from the improvement.

Section 3. Section 193.1557, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.1557 Assessment of certain property damaged or destroyed by Hurricane Michael.—For property damaged or destroyed by Hurricane Michael in 2018, s. 193.155(4)(b), Florida Statutes (2020), s. 193.1554(6)(b), Florida Statutes

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(2020), or s. 193.1555(6)(b), Florida Statutes (2020), applies to changes, additions, or improvements commenced within 5 years after January 1, 2019. This section applies to the 2019-2023 tax rolls and shall stand repealed on December 31, 2023.

Section 4. This act shall take effect on the effective date of the amendment to the State Constitution proposed by SJR 1182 or a similar joint resolution having substantially the same specific intent and purpose, if such amendment to the State Constitution is approved at the general election held in November 2022 or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose.