By Senator Bean

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4-00898C-21 20211254\_\_\_ A bill to be entitled

An act relating to ad valorem assessments; amending s. 193.155, F.S.; adding exceptions to the definition of the term "change of ownership" for purposes of a certain homestead assessment limitation; providing that changes, additions, or improvements, including ancillary improvements, to homestead property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity must be assessed upon substantial completion; specifying that the assessed value of the replaced homestead property must be calculated using the assessed value of the homestead property on a certain date before the date on which the damage or destruction was sustained; providing that certain changes, additions, or improvements must be reassessed at just value in subsequent years; amending s. 193.1554, F.S.; providing that changes, additions, or improvements, including ancillary improvements, to nonhomestead residential property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity must be assessed upon substantial completion; specifying that the assessed value of the replaced nonhomestead residential property must be calculated using the assessed value of the nonhomestead residential property on a certain date before the date on which the damage or destruction was sustained; providing that certain

changes, additions, or improvements must be reassessed

193.1555, F.S.; providing that changes, additions, or

at just value in subsequent years; amending s.

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improvements, including ancillary improvements, to certain nonresidential real property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity must be assessed upon substantial completion; specifying that the assessed value of the replaced nonresidential real property shall be calculated using the assessed value of the residential and nonresidential real property on a certain date before the date on which the damage or destruction was sustained; providing that certain changes, additions, or improvements must be reassessed at just value in subsequent years; reenacting s. 193.1557, F.S., relating to assessment of property damaged or destroyed by Hurricane Michael, to incorporate amendments made by this act in references thereto; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 193.155, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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193.155 Homestead assessments.—Homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8) apply.

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(3) (a) Except as provided in this subsection or subsection

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(8), property assessed under this section shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following a change of ownership. Thereafter, the annual changes in the assessed value of the property are subject to the limitations in subsections (1) and (2). For the purpose of this section, a change of ownership means any sale, foreclosure, or transfer of legal title or beneficial title in equity to any person, except if any of the following apply:

- 1. Subsequent to the change or transfer, the same person is entitled to the homestead exemption as was previously entitled and:
  - a. The transfer of title is to correct an error;
- b. The transfer is between legal and equitable title or equitable and equitable title and no additional person applies for a homestead exemption on the property;
- c. The change or transfer is by means of an instrument in which the owner is listed as both grantor and grantee of the real property and one or more other individuals are additionally named as grantee. However, if any individual who is additionally named as a grantee applies for a homestead exemption on the property, the application is considered a change of ownership; or
- d. The change or transfer is by means of an instrument in which the owner entitled to the homestead exemption is listed as both grantor and grantee of the real property and one or more other individuals, all of whom held title as joint tenants with rights of survivorship with the owner, are named only as grantors and are removed from the title; or
  - e. The person is a lessee entitled to the homestead

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exemption under s. 196.041(1).

- 2. Legal or equitable title is changed or transferred between husband and wife, including a change or transfer to a surviving spouse or a transfer due to a dissolution of marriage;
- 3. The transfer occurs by operation of law to the surviving spouse or minor child or children under s. 732.401; or
- 4. Upon the death of the owner, the transfer is between the owner and another who is a permanent resident and who is legally or naturally dependent upon the owner; or
- 5. The transfer occurs with respect to a property where all of the following apply:
- <u>a. Multiple owners hold title as joint tenants with rights</u> of survivorship;
- b. One or more owners were entitled to and received the homestead exemption on the property;
  - c. The death of one or more owners occurs; and
- d. Subsequent to the transfer, the surviving owner or owners previously entitled to and receiving the homestead exemption continue to be entitled to and receive the homestead exemption.

(4)

(b) 1. Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all or a portion of homestead property, including ancillary improvements, damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity shall be assessed upon substantial completion as provided in this paragraph. Such assessment must be calculated using shall not increase the homestead property's assessed value as of the January 1 immediately before the date on which the damage or destruction was sustained, subject to the assessment limitations

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## in subsections (1) and (2), when:

- $\underline{a}$ . The square footage of the homestead property as changed or improved does not exceed 110 percent of the square footage of the homestead property before the damage or destruction; or-
- <u>b.</u> Additionally, the homestead property's assessed value shall not increase if The total square footage of the homestead property as changed or improved does not exceed 1,500 square feet. Changes, additions, or improvements that do not cause the total to exceed 110 percent of the total square footage of the homestead property before the damage or destruction or that do not cause the total to exceed 1,500 total square feet shall be reassessed as provided under subsection (1).
- 2. The homestead property's assessed value <u>must shall</u> be increased by the just value of that portion of the changed or improved homestead property which is in excess of 110 percent of the square footage of the homestead property before the damage or destruction or of that portion exceeding 1,500 square feet.
- Changes, additions, or improvements assessed pursuant to this paragraph must be reassessed pursuant to subsection (1) in subsequent years.
- 3. Homestead property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity which, after being changed or improved, has a square footage of less than 100 percent of the homestead property's total square footage before the damage or destruction shall be assessed pursuant to subsection (5).
- $\underline{4.}$  This paragraph applies to changes, additions, or improvements commenced within 3 years after the January 1 following the damage or destruction of the homestead.

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Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 193.1554, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.—
(6)

- (b) 1. Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all or a portion of nonhomestead residential property, including ancillary improvements, damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity must be assessed upon substantial completion as provided in this paragraph. Such assessment must be calculated using shall not increase the nonhomestead property's assessed value as of the January 1 immediately before the date on which the damage or destruction was sustained, subject to the assessment limitations in subsections (1) and (2), when:
- $\underline{a}$ . The square footage of the property as changed or improved does not exceed 110 percent of the square footage of the property before the damage or destruction; or-
- <u>b.</u> Additionally, the property's assessed value shall not increase if The total square footage of the property as changed or improved does not exceed 1,500 square feet. Changes, additions, or improvements that do not cause the total to exceed 110 percent of the total square footage of the property before the damage or destruction or that do not cause the total to exceed 1,500 total square feet shall be reassessed as provided under subsection (3).
- 2. The property's assessed value <u>must shall</u> be increased by the just value of that portion of the changed or improved property which is in excess of 110 percent of the square footage of the property before the damage or destruction or of that portion exceeding 1,500 square feet.

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Changes, additions, or improvements assessed pursuant to this paragraph shall be reassessed pursuant to subsection (3) in subsequent years.

- 3. Property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity which, after being changed or improved, has a square footage of less than 100 percent of the property's total square footage before the damage or destruction shall be assessed pursuant to subsection (8).
- $\underline{4}$ . This paragraph applies to changes, additions, or improvements commenced within 3 years after the January 1 following the damage or destruction of the property.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 193.1555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.1555 Assessment of certain residential and nonresidential real property.—

(6)

- (b) 1. Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all or a portion of nonresidential real property, including ancillary improvements, damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity must be assessed upon substantial completion as provided in this paragraph. Such assessment must be calculated using shall not increase the nonresidential real property's assessed value as of the January 1 immediately before the date on which the damage or destruction was sustained, subject to the assessment limitations in subsections (1) and (2), when:
- $\underline{a}$ . The square footage of the property as changed or improved does not exceed 110 percent of the square footage of the property before the damage or destruction; and

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b. The changes, additions, or improvements do not change the property's character or use. Changes, additions, or improvements that do not cause the total to exceed 110 percent of the total square footage of the property before the damage or destruction and do not change the property's character or use shall be reassessed as provided under subsection (3).

 $\underline{2.}$  The property's assessed value  $\underline{\text{must}}$  shall be increased by the just value of that portion of the changed or improved property which is in excess of 110 percent of the square footage of the property before the damage or destruction.

Changes, additions, or improvements assessed pursuant to this paragraph must be reassessed pursuant to subsection (3) in subsequent years.

- 3. Property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity which, after being changed or improved, has a square footage of less than 100 percent of the property's total square footage before the damage or destruction shall be assessed pursuant to subsection (8).
- $\underline{4.}$  This paragraph applies to changes, additions, or improvements commenced within 3 years after the January 1 following the damage or destruction of the property.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 193.155, 193.1554, and 193.1555, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 193.1557, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

193.1557 Assessment of certain property damaged or destroyed by Hurricane Michael.—For property damaged or destroyed by Hurricane Michael in 2018, s. 193.155(4)(b), s.

4-00898C-21 20211254 233 193.1554(6)(b), or s. 193.1555(6)(b) applies to changes, 234 additions, or improvements commenced within 5 years after 235 January 1, 2019. This section applies to the 2019-2023 tax rolls 236 and shall stand repealed on December 31, 2023. 237 Section 5. The amendments made by this act to sections 238 193.155, 193.1554, and 193.1555, Florida Statutes, are remedial 239 and clarifying in nature, but the amendments may not affect any assessment for tax rolls before 2021 unless the assessment is 240 241 under review by a value adjustment board or a Florida court as 242 of the effective date of this act. If changes, additions, or 243 improvements that replaced all or a portion of property damaged 244 or destroyed by misfortune or calamity were not assessed in 245 accordance with this act as of the January 1 immediately after 246 they were substantially completed, the property appraiser must 247 determine the assessment for the year they were substantially 248 completed and recalculate the just and assessed value for each 249 subsequent year so that the 2021 tax roll and subsequent tax 250 rolls will be corrected. 251 Section 6. This act applies to assessments made as of 252 January 1, 2021. 253 Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.