By Senator Hooper

16-01471-21 20211290

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to step-therapy protocols; amending s. 627.42393, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which step-therapy protocols may not be required; providing definitions; requiring health insurers to publish on their websites and provide to their insureds specified information; requiring health insurers to grant or deny protocol exemption requests and respond to appeals within specified timeframes; providing requirements for granting and denying protocol exemption requests; authorizing health insurers to request specified documentation under certain circumstances; providing construction; amending s. 641.31, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which step-therapy protocols may not be required; providing definitions; requiring health maintenance organizations to publish on their websites and provide to their subscribers specified information; requiring health maintenance organizations to grant or deny protocol exemption requests and respond to appeals within specified timeframes; providing requirements for granting and denying protocol exemption requests; authorizing health maintenance organizations to request specified documentation under certain circumstances; providing construction; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 627.42393, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.42393 Step-therapy protocol <u>restrictions and</u> exemptions.—

- (2) (1) STEP-THERAPY PROTOCOL RESTRICTIONS.—In addition to the protocol exemptions granted under subsection (3), a health insurer issuing a major medical individual or group policy may not require a step-therapy protocol under the policy for a covered prescription drug requested by an insured if:
- (a) The insured has previously been approved to receive the prescription drug through the completion of a step-therapy protocol required by a separate health coverage plan; and
- (b) The insured provides documentation originating from the health coverage plan that approved the prescription drug as described in paragraph (a) indicating that the health coverage plan paid for the drug on the insured's behalf during the 90 days immediately before the request.
  - $\underline{\text{(1)}}$  <u>DEFINITIONS.</u>—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Health coverage plan" means any of the following which is currently or was previously providing major medical or similar comprehensive coverage or benefits to the insured:
  - 1.(a) A health insurer or health maintenance organization.
- $\frac{2.(b)}{A}$  A plan established or maintained by an individual employer as provided by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, Pub. L. No. 93-406.
- 3.(c) A multiple-employer welfare arrangement as defined in s. 624.437.
- $\underline{4.}$  (d) A governmental entity providing a plan of self-insurance.

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(b) "Health insurer" has the same meaning as in s. 627.42392(1).

- (c) "Preceding prescription drug or medical treatment"

  means a prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of

  treatment that must be used pursuant to a health insurer's step
  therapy protocol as a condition of coverage under a health

  insurance policy to treat an insured's condition.
- (d) "Protocol exemption" means a determination by a health insurer that a step-therapy protocol is not medically appropriate or indicated for the treatment of an insured's condition, and the health insurer authorizes the use of another prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment prescribed or recommended by the treating health care provider for the insured's condition.
- (e) "Step-therapy protocol" means a written protocol that specifies the order in which certain prescription drugs, medical procedures, or courses of treatment must be used to treat an insured's condition.
- (f) "Urgent care situation" means an injury or condition of an insured which, if medical care and treatment are not provided earlier than the time the medical profession generally considers reasonable for a nonurgent situation, would, in the opinion of the insured's treating physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse:
- 1. Seriously jeopardize the insured's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function; or
- 2. Subject the insured to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed.
  - (3) STEP-THERAPY PROTOCOL EXEMPTIONS; REQUIREMENTS AND

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## PROCEDURES.-

(a) A health insurer shall publish on its website and provide to an insured in writing a procedure for the insured and his or her health care provider to request a protocol exemption. The procedure must include:

- 1. The manner in which an insured or health care provider may request a protocol exemption. The health insurer must have available a prior authorization form for the insured or health care provider to complete and submit for a protocol exemption request.
- 2. The manner and timeframe in which the health insurer is required to authorize or deny a protocol exemption request or to respond to an appeal of the health insurer's granting or denial of a request.
- $\underline{\text{3. The conditions under which the protocol exemption}}$  request must be granted.
- (b) 1. A health insurer must authorize or deny a protocol exemption request or respond to an appeal of the health insurer's granting or denial of a request within:
- a. Seventy-two hours after receiving a completed prior authorization form for nonurgent care situations.
- b. Twenty-four hours after receiving a completed prior authorization form for urgent care situations.
- 2. A granting of the request must specify the approved prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment benefits.
- 3. A denial of the request must include a detailed written explanation of the reason for the denial, the clinical rationale that supports the denial, and the procedure for appealing the

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health insurer's determination.

- (c) A health insurer must grant a protocol exemption request if any of the following applies:
- 1. A preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is contraindicated or will likely cause an adverse reaction or physical or mental harm to the insured.
- 2. A preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is expected to be ineffective based on the insured's medical history and the clinical evidence of the characteristics of the preceding prescription drug or medical treatment.
- 3. The insured has previously received a prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment that is in the same pharmacologic class or has the same mechanism of action as the preceding prescription drug or medical treatment, and such prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment lacked efficacy or effectiveness or adversely affected the insured.
- 4. A preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is not in the insured's best interest because his or her use of the preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is expected to:
- a. Cause a significant barrier to the insured's adherence to or compliance with his or her plan of care;
- b. Worsen the insured's medical condition that exists simultaneously with, but independently of, the condition under treatment; or
- c. Decrease the insured's ability to achieve or maintain his or her ability to perform daily activities.
- 5. A preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is an opioid prescription drug and the protocol exemption request is

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for a nonopioid prescription drug or treatment with a likelihood of similar or better results.

- (d) A health insurer may request a copy of relevant documentation from an insured's medical record in support of a protocol exemption request.
  - (4) <del>(3)</del> CONSTRUCTION.—This section:
- (a) Does not require a health insurer to add a drug to its prescription drug formulary or to cover a prescription drug that the insurer does not otherwise cover.
  - (b) May not be construed to:
- 1. Alter any other law with regard to provisions limiting coverage for drugs that are not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- 2. Require coverage for any drug if the United States Food and Drug Administration has determined that the use of the drug is contraindicated.
- 3. Require coverage for a drug that is not otherwise approved for any indication by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- 4. Affect the determination as to whether particular levels, dosages, or usage of a medication associated with bone marrow transplant procedures are covered under an individual or group health insurance policy or health maintenance contract.
- 5. Apply to specified disease or supplemental policies.
  Section 2. Subsection (46) of section 641.31, Florida
  Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
  - 641.31 Health maintenance contracts.
- (46) (b) (a) <u>Step-therapy protocol restrictions.—In addition</u> to the protocol exemptions granted under paragraph (c), a health

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maintenance organization issuing major medical coverage through an individual or group contract may not require a step-therapy protocol under the contract for a covered prescription drug requested by a subscriber if:

- 1. The subscriber has previously been approved to receive the prescription drug through the completion of a step-therapy protocol required by a separate health coverage plan; and
- 2. The subscriber provides documentation originating from the health coverage plan that approved the prescription drug as described in subparagraph 1. indicating that the health coverage plan paid for the drug on the subscriber's behalf during the 90 days immediately before the request.
- (a) (b) <u>Definitions.</u>—As used in this subsection, the term:

  1. "Health coverage plan" means any of the following which previously provided or is currently providing major medical or similar comprehensive coverage or benefits to the subscriber:
- $\underline{\text{c.3.}}$  A multiple-employer welfare arrangement as defined in s. 624.437.; or
- $\underline{\text{d.4.}}$  A governmental entity providing a plan of self-insurance.
- 2. "Preceding prescription drug or medical treatment" means a prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment that must be used pursuant to a health maintenance organization's step-therapy protocol as a condition of coverage under a health maintenance contract to treat a subscriber's

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condition.

3. "Protocol exemption" means a determination by a health maintenance organization that a step-therapy protocol is not medically appropriate or indicated for the treatment of a subscriber's condition, and the health maintenance organization authorizes the use of another prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment prescribed or recommended by the treating health care provider for the subscriber's condition.

- 4. "Step-therapy protocol" means a written protocol that specifies the order in which certain prescription drugs, medical procedures, or courses of treatment must be used to treat a subscriber's condition.
- 5. "Urgent care situation" means an injury or condition of a subscriber which, if medical care and treatment are not provided earlier than the time the medical profession generally considers reasonable for a nonurgent situation, would, in the opinion of the subscriber's treating physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse:
- a. Seriously jeopardize the subscriber's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function; or
- b. Subject the subscriber to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed.
- (c) Step-therapy protocol exemptions; requirements and procedures.—
- 1. A health maintenance organization shall publish on its website and provide to a subscriber in writing a procedure for the subscriber and his or her health care provider to request a protocol exemption. The procedure must include:

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a. The manner in which a subscriber or health care provider may request a protocol exemption. A health maintenance organization must have available a prior authorization form for the subscriber or health care provider to complete and submit for a protocol exemption request.

- b. The manner and timeframe in which the health maintenance organization is required to authorize or deny a protocol exemption request or to respond to an appeal of the health maintenance organization's granting or denial of a request.
- c. The conditions under which the protocol exemption request must be granted.
- 2.a. A health maintenance organization must authorize or deny a protocol exemption request or respond to an appeal of the health maintenance organization's granting or denial of a request within:
- (I) Seventy-two hours after receiving a completed prior authorization form for nonurgent care situations.
- (II) Twenty-four hours after receiving a completed prior authorization form for urgent care situations.
- b. A granting of the request must specify the approved prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment benefits.
- c. A denial of the request must include a detailed written explanation of the reason for the denial, the clinical rationale that supports the denial, and the procedure for appealing the health maintenance organization's determination.
- 3. A health maintenance organization must grant a protocol exemption request if any of the following applies:
  - a. A preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is

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contraindicated or will likely cause an adverse reaction or physical or mental harm to the subscriber.

- b. A preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is expected to be ineffective based on the subscriber's medical history and the clinical evidence of the characteristics of the preceding prescription drug or medical treatment.
- c. The subscriber has previously received a prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment that is in the same pharmacologic class or has the same mechanism of action as the preceding prescription drug or medical treatment, and such prescription drug, medical procedure, or course of treatment lacked efficacy or effectiveness or adversely affected the subscriber.
- d. A preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is not in the subscriber's best interest because his or her use of the preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is expected to:
- (I) Cause a significant barrier to the subscriber's adherence to or compliance with his or her plan of care;
- (II) Worsen the subscriber's medical condition that exists simultaneously with, but independently of, the condition under treatment; or
- (III) Decrease the subscriber's ability to achieve or maintain his or her ability to perform daily activities.
- e. A preceding prescription drug or medical treatment is an opioid prescription drug and the protocol exemption request is for a nonopioid prescription drug or treatment with a likelihood of similar or better results.
  - 4. A health maintenance organization may request a copy of

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relevant documentation from a subscriber's medical record in support of a protocol exemption request.

- (d) <del>(c)</del> Construction.—This subsection:
- 1. Does not require a health maintenance organization to add a drug to its prescription drug formulary or to cover a prescription drug that the health maintenance organization does not otherwise cover.
  - 2. May not be construed to:
- a. Alter any other law with regard to provisions limiting coverage for drugs that are not approved by the United States
  Food and Drug Administration.
- b. Require coverage for any drug if the United States Food and Drug Administration has determined that the use of the drug is contraindicated.
- c. Require coverage for a drug that is not otherwise approved for any indication by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- d. Affect the determination as to whether particular levels, dosages, or usage of a medication associated with bone marrow transplant procedures are covered under a health maintenance contract.
- e. Apply to specified disease or supplemental contracts.

  Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.