By Senator Brandes

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A bill to be entitled
An act relating to the Energy 2040 Task Force;
creating the Energy 2040 Task Force within the Public

Service Commission; specifying the purpose of the task

force; requiring the task force to make

recommendations, giving consideration to certain

topics; requiring the commission to provide

administrative and support services; specifying the

task force membership; authorizing the task force to establish advisory committees; specifying that the

establish advisory committees; specifying that the

task force and any advisory committee members will serve without compensation, but are entitled to per

diem and travel expenses; requiring that state

agencies assist and cooperate with the task force and

any advisory committees; specifying that appointments

to the task force be made by a certain date;

specifying the first meeting of the task force;

specifying the process for filling vacancies;

specifying quorum and voting procedures; requiring the

task force to submit recommendations to the Governor

and the Legislature by a specified date; providing an

expiration date; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. (1) The Energy 2040 Task Force, a task force as defined in s. 20.03(8), Florida Statutes, is created within the Public Service Commission to project this state's electric energy needs over the next 19 years and determine how best to

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meet those needs in an efficient, affordable, and reliable manner while increasing competition and consumer choice and ensuring adequate electric reserves.

- (2) Based on these projections and determinations, the task force shall recommend appropriate electric policies for the state, including any necessary statutory changes. In making its projections and determinations, the task force shall consider all relevant topics, including, but not limited to:
- (a) Forecasts through the year 2040 of this state's population growth, electricity needs, and electric supply and the expected diversity of fuels and their sources for use in this state.
- (b) Projections of the effects of allowing nonutility retail sales of renewable energy, including determinations and recommendations on what types of fuels and technologies should be included in the definition of the term "renewable energy" and what criteria, including restrictions, should be required of entities considered nonutility retail renewable energy producers. For purposes of this section, solar technologies are considered renewable energy.
- (c) The rights of and obligations between a nonutility direct retail renewable energy producer and its customers, including whether such rights and obligations should be a matter of contract or subject to oversight or regulation by the Public Service Commission and whether the courts or the commission should resolve any disputes.
- (d) The effects of nonutility direct retail renewable energy sales on regulated public utilities' recovery of previously incurred or sunken costs, including what mechanisms

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should be used to recover these costs.

(e) The effects of nonutility direct retail renewable energy sales on a regulated public utility's obligation to serve all users of electricity within its service territory and these customers' continued purchase of any services from the regulated public utility.

- (f) Projections of the effects of allowing the use of micro grids, including services provided by nonutility entities, on energy grid reliability and what economic, safety, or reliability regulations should apply to nonutility operators of micro grids.
- (g) Emerging and projected electric technologies and concepts, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Solar and other renewable energy;
 - 2. Sustainable energy;
 - 3. Smart grid technology;
 - 4. Energy storage;
- 5. Electric vehicles, including their potential impact on power supply needs and overall emissions;
- 6. Distributed generation technologies, including their potential contribution to reliable electric supplies and their impact on this state, its environment, and its electric policies; and
- 7. Storm hardening of this state's electric power transmission and distribution systems.
- (h) Analysis of the impacts of state and local taxes on government revenues and the electric supply.
- (i) The environmental impact of electricity production, generation, and transmission in this state.

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(3) The Public Service Commission shall provide administrative and support services related to the functions of the task force and any of its advisory committees.

- (4) The task force consists of the following members:
- (a) The Public Counsel, or his or her designee, who shall serve as the chair of the task force;
- (b) The executive director of the Public Service Commission, or his or her designee;
- (c) The chair of the Florida Energy Systems Consortium, or his or her designee;
- (d) The chief executive officer of the Florida Reliability Coordinating Council, or his or her designee; and
- (e) Two members of the Senate and two members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, respectively.
- (5) The task force may establish any necessary technical advisory committees and appoint task force members to those committees.
- (6) The task force members and any advisory committee members shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to per diem and travel expenses pursuant to s. 112.061, Florida Statutes.
- (7) All state agencies shall assist and cooperate with the task force as requested by the task force or any of its advisory committees.
- (8) Appointments to the task force pursuant to subsection
 (4) must be made by July 1, 2021, and the first meeting of the
 task force must be held by August 1, 2021. Any vacancy occurring
 in the membership of the task force is to be filled in the same

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117 manner as the original appointment. The task force may not meet 118 or take any action without a quorum present, which is a minimum 119 of five members. Each member of the task force is entitled to 120 one vote, and any recommendation or other action of the task 121 force must be upon a majority vote of the entire membership of 122 the task force. 123 (9) The task force shall submit its recommendations to the 124 Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 125 House of Representatives by January 1, 2023. 126 (10) This section expires on June 30, 2023.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.