

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #: CS/HB 1423 Florida Postsecondary Student Assistance Grant Program

SPONSOR(S): Post-Secondary Education & Lifelong Learning Subcommittee, Tuck

TIED BILLS: None **IDEN./SIM. BILLS:**

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
1) Post-Secondary Education & Lifelong Learning Subcommittee	15 Y, 0 N, As CS	Sleap	Kiner
2) Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee	13 Y, 0 N	Peters	Smith
3) Education & Employment Committee			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

The bill authorizes the following postsecondary institutions to participate in the Florida Postsecondary Student Assistance Grant Program (FSAG Postsecondary):

- A competency-based nonprofit virtual postsecondary institution that is accredited by a member of the Council of Regional Accrediting Commissions and is created by the governors of several states, has established and continually maintains a location of operation in Florida, and maintains a governing body or advisory board in Florida at least 1 year before the institution's students are eligible to receive a FSAG Postsecondary grant; or
- An aviation maintenance school which is located in Florida, certified by the Federal Aviation Administration, and licensed by the Commission for Independent Education.

The bill authorizes a full-time degree seeking student who is accepted at the competency-based nonprofit virtual postsecondary institution or a full-time certificate seeking student accepted at the aviation maintenance school to be eligible to receive an FSAG Postsecondary grant.

The bill authorizes a full-time certificate seeking student to be eligible for a FSAG Postsecondary award for up to 110 percent of the number of clock hours required to complete the program in which the student is enrolled.

The bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact. See Fiscal Comments.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2021.

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Present Situation

Florida Student Assistance Grant Program

The Florida Student Assistance Grant (FSAG) Program, created in 1972, is Florida's largest need-based grant program.¹ The FSAG Program consists of four student financial aid programs:

- FSAG Public;²
- FSAG Public Postsecondary Career Education;³
- FSAG Private;⁴ and
- FSAG Postsecondary.⁵

The FSAG Program is available to degree- and certificate-seeking undergraduate Florida residents who demonstrate substantial financial need and are enrolled in participating postsecondary institutions.⁶

A FSAG award, in combination with other financial aid, may not exceed a student's demonstrated financial need.⁷ Financial need is determined by the institutional cost of attendance, less the Expected Family Contribution (EFC)⁸ as determined by the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), less aid from other sources such as federal grants, state grants and institutional aid (not including loans).⁹ The program is administered by participating institutions in accordance with state board rule.¹⁰

The FSAG Program provides state student assistance grants to students who meet general eligibility requirements¹¹ and qualifications specific to each program.

Florida Postsecondary Student Assistance Grant Program

The Florida Postsecondary Student Assistance Grant Program (FSAG Postsecondary) is available to students who attend eligible independent institutions¹² that meet the following criteria:

¹ Florida Department of Education, Office of Student Financial Assistance, *Annual Report to the Commissioner 2018-19*, at 11, available at <https://www.floridastudentfinancialaidsg.org/pdf/annualreportcurrent.pdf>; see also Florida Department of Education, Office of Student Financial Assistance, *Florida Student Assistance Grant Fact Sheet (2020-21)* available at, <https://www.floridastudentfinancialaidsg.org/PDF/factsheets/FSAG.pdf>.

² Section 1009.50, F.S.

³ Section 1009.505, F.S.

⁴ Section 1009.51, F.S.

⁵ Section 1009.52, F.S.

⁶ Sections 1009.50, 1009.505, 1009.51, and 1009.52, F.S.

⁷ Florida Department of Education, Office of Student Financial Assistance, *Annual Report to the Commissioner 2018-19*, at 11, available at <https://www.floridastudentfinancialaidsg.org/pdf/annualreportcurrent.pdf>.

⁸ Expected Family Contribution (EFC) is calculated according to a formula established by law which considers a student's family size, number of family members who will attend college or career school during the year, the family's taxed and untaxed income, assets, and benefits, such as unemployment for Social Security. U.S. Department of Education, Federal Student Aid, *How Aid is Calculated*, <https://studentaid.gov/complete-aid-process/how-calculated> (last visited March 11, 2021).

⁹ *Id.*

¹⁰ Section 1009.50(6), 1009.505(5), 1009.51(6), and 1009.52(7), F.S.; Postsecondary educational administrative responsibilities for state student aid and tuition assistance programs are outlined in rule 6A-20.002, F.A.C.

¹¹ Section 1009.40, F.S.

¹² Section 1009.52(2)(a), F.S.

- Be a private nursing diploma school which is approved by the Florida Board of Nursing, is located in Florida, and administers the Pell Grant;¹³ or
- Be an independent college or university located in Florida, which is licensed by the Commission for Independent Education (CIE), offers degrees, administers the Pell Grant and does not participate in the FSAG Private grant.¹⁴

An FSAG Postsecondary grant is only awarded to full-time degree seeking students (enrolled in a minimum of 12 credit hours per term, or the equivalent)¹⁵ who meet general requirements for student eligibility,¹⁶ are accepted to and attend an eligible institution.¹⁷ A student applying for an FSAG Postsecondary grant must apply for the Pell Grant, and any federal aid provided is considered when assessing financial resources available to the student.¹⁸

The total FSAG Postsecondary grant a student receives must be for the amount of demonstrated unmet need for tuition and fees and may not exceed the maximum annual award amount specified in the General Appropriations Act (GAA).¹⁹ For fiscal year (FY) 2020-2021, the GAA established a maximum award amount of \$3,260 to any student from FSAG Postsecondary.²⁰ A student is not eligible for a FSAG Postsecondary grant if demonstrated unmet need is less than \$200.²¹ Priority of grant money may be given to students who are within one semester of completing a degree or certificate program and an institution is prohibited from awarding a grant to a student whose EFC exceeds one and one-half times the maximum Pell Grant-eligible family contribution.²²

To maintain eligibility in the FSAG Postsecondary grant, a student must have earned a minimum institutional cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale for 12 credit hours for each term the award was received.²³ A student is eligible to receive a FSAG Postsecondary grant for nine semesters or 14 quarters of full-time enrollment.²⁴

FSAG Postsecondary Reporting and Distribution Requirements

Each participating institution determines an applicant's eligibility and award amount,²⁵ and reports to the Department of Education (DOE) the students who are eligible for the FSAG Postsecondary for each academic term, including necessary demographic and eligibility date for such students.²⁶

The funds appropriated for FSAG Postsecondary must be distributed to eligible institutions in accordance with a formula approved by the State Board of Education (SBE).²⁷ The formula must consider at least the prior year's distribution of funds, the number of eligible applicants who did not receive awards, the standardization of the EFC, and provisions for unused funds. The formula must

¹³ *Id.*, see also Florida Department of Education, Office of Student Financial Assistance, *2020-21 Institutional Eligibility Program Requirements for Participation in State Scholarship & Grant Programs*, at 2, available at https://www.floridastudentfinancialaidsg.org/pdf/Institution_Eligibility_Requirements.pdf.

¹⁴ *Id.*

¹⁵ Florida Department of Education, Office of Student Financial Assistance, *Florida Student Assistance Grant Fact Sheet (2020-21)*, at 2, available at, <https://www.floridastudentfinancialaidsg.org/PDF/factsheets/FSAG.pdf>.

¹⁶ Section 1009.40, F.S. see also 6A-20.033(1), F.A.C.

¹⁷ Section 1009.52(2)(a), F.S.

¹⁸ Section 1009.52(2)(b), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 1009.52(2)(a), F.S.

²⁰ Specific Appropriations 7 and 74, s. 2, ch. 2020-111, L.O.F.

²¹ Section 1009.52(2)(a), F.S.

²² Section 1009.52(2)(c), F.S. An institution may not impose additional criteria to determine a student's eligibility to receive a grant award.

²³ Section 1009.40(1)(b)1.

²⁴ Section 1009.52(2)(a), F.S. Flush left provision.

²⁵ Florida Department of Education, Office of Student Financial Assistance, *Florida Student Assistance Grant Fact Sheet (2020-21)*, at 4, available at, <https://www.floridastudentfinancialaidsg.org/PDF/factsheets/FSAG.pdf>.

²⁶ Section 1009.52(2)(d), F.S.

²⁷ Section 1009.52(4)(a), F.S.

account for changes in the number of eligible students across all student assistance grant programs.²⁸ Institutions must comply with disbursement and remittance requirements specified in law.²⁹

Each institution that receives money through the FSAG Postsecondary must prepare a biennial report, which includes a financial audit of the institution's administration of the program and a complete account of moneys for the program, submitted to the DOE by March 1 every other year.³⁰ The DOE may conduct its own annual or biennial audit of an institution's administration of the program and its allocated funds in lieu of the required biennial report and financial audit report.³¹ The DOE may suspend or revoke an institution's eligibility to receive future moneys for the program or request a refund of any moneys overpaid to the institution for the program if the department finds noncompliance.³²

In FY 2019-2020, the FSAG Postsecondary grant disbursed \$6.1 million dollars to 5,597 students.³³ The average student award amount was \$1,096.66.³⁴

Council of Regional Accrediting Commissions

The Council of Regional Accrediting Commissions (C-RAC) represents the seven organizations responsible for the accreditation³⁵ of approximately 3,000 of the nation's colleges and universities:

- Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges;
- Higher Learning Commission;
- Middle States Commission on Higher Education;
- New England Commission of Higher Education;
- Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities;
- SACSCOC; and
- WASC Senior College and University Commission.³⁶

As of 2017, C-RAC members help assure quality at 2,866 Title IV institutions in 3,524 locations across the United States.³⁷

Florida Members

²⁸ *Id.*

²⁹ *Id.* at (4)(d).

³⁰ *Id.* at (4)(e).

³¹ *Id.*

³² *Id.*

³³ Florida Department of Education, Office of Student Financial Assistance, *End-of-Year Report 2019-20 Florida Student Assistance Grant Postsecondary*, at 1, available at https://www.floridastudentfinancialaidsg.org/PDF/PSI/FSAGPO_2019_2020.pdf.

³⁴ *Id.* at 6.

³⁵ Defined as “a process of external review used by the higher education community to assure quality and spur ongoing improvement.” Council of Regional Accrediting Commissions, *Accreditation 101*, <https://www.c-rac.org/accreditation-101> (last visited March 11, 2021). Accrediting commissions are private, nonprofit organizations comprised of college and university members, with commissions and visiting teams made up of volunteers. *Id.* The U.S. Department of Education lists four primary functions of accreditation:

1. Assess the quality of academic programs at institutions of higher education.
2. Create a culture of continuous improvement of academic quality at colleges and universities and stimulate a general raising of standards among educational institutions.
3. Involve faculty and staff comprehensively in institutional evaluation and planning.
4. Establish criteria for professional certification and licensure and for upgrading courses offering such preparation.

U.S. Department of Education, *Accreditation in the United States* (Feb. 4, 2021), available at https://www2.ed.gov/admins/finaid/accred/accreditation_pg2.html#U.S.

³⁶ Council of Regional Accrediting Commissions, *Who We Are*, <https://www.c-rac.org/copy-of-about-us> (last visited March 11, 2021).

³⁷ Council of Regional Accrediting Commissions, *Quick Facts*, <https://www.c-rac.org/quick-facts> (last visited March 11, 2021).

SACSCOC accredits 74 Florida public and private colleges and universities,³⁸ including 12 universities that make up the State University System of Florida, 28 institutions in the Florida College System, and 34 private colleges and universities.

Aviation Maintenance Schools

An Aviation Maintenance Technician School (AMTS) is an educational facility which is certified by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) to train aviation maintenance technicians for careers in the airline industry, in aviation maintenance facilities, and in commercial and general aviation.³⁹ The FAA requires high standards of AMTS to provide the knowledge, skills, and abilities for aviation maintenance technicians.⁴⁰ The FAA provides minimum standards for facilities, curriculum and teaching levels at an AMTS. An AMTS may be FAA-certificated for the following ratings: airframe, powerplant, or combined airframe and powerplant.⁴¹ The curriculum for an AMTS must be submitted and approved by the FAA initially, and with any subsequent curriculum revisions.⁴² The FAA may, at any time, inspect an AMTS to determine compliance, with an inspection normally occurring once every six months.⁴³ In Florida, there are a total of 14 FAA-certified AMTS.⁴⁴

Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill authorizes additional institutions to participate in the Florida Postsecondary Student Assistance Grant Program (FSAG Postsecondary) if they meet the following criteria:

- A competency-based nonprofit virtual postsecondary institution that is accredited by a member of the Council of Regional Accrediting Commissions and is created by the governors of several states, has established and continually maintains a location of operation in this state, and maintains a governing body or advisory board in this state. The competency-based nonprofit virtual postsecondary institution must have established its presence and location of operation in this state and its governing body or advisory board in this state at least 1 year before the institution's students are eligible to receive a FSAG Postsecondary grant; or
- An aviation maintenance school which is located in Florida, certified by the Federal Aviation Administration, and licensed by the Commission for Independent Education.

The bill requires FSAG Postsecondary grants awarded by such eligible institutions to be made only to the following students:

- Full-time degree seeking students accepted at the competency-based nonprofit virtual institution; or
- Full-time certificate seeking students accepted at the aviation maintenance school.

³⁸ Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges, *SACSCOC Accredited and Candidate List* (January 2021), available at <https://sacscoc.org/app/uploads/2019/11/Institutionswebmemlist.pdf>.

³⁹ United States Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration Advisory Circular, *Certification and Operation of Aviation Maintenance Technician Schools* (June 5, 2015), at 2, available at https://www.faa.gov/documentLibrary/media/Advisory_Circular/AC_147-3B.pdf. An Aviation Maintenance Technician School must meet the requirements of 14 C.F.R. Part 147.

⁴⁰ *Id.*

⁴¹ *Id.* at 3. Florida Department of Education Curriculum Frameworks which set the standards and benchmarks for career and technical education programs for public institutions in Florida, lists the Aviation Airframe Mechanic Career Program and the Aviation Powerplant Mechanics Career Program as 1,350 clock hour programs each. Florida Department of Education, 2020-21 CTE Curriculum Frameworks, *Transportation, Distribution & Logistics*, <http://www.fldoe.org/academics/career-adult-edu/career-tech-edu/curriculum-frameworks/2020-21-frameworks/transportation-distribution-logistics.stml> (last visited March 11, 2021).

⁴² *Id.* at 4.

⁴³ *Id.* at 12.

⁴⁴ Federal Aviation Administration, *Maintenance Schools Search-Florida*, <https://av-info.faa.gov/MaintenanceSchool.asp> (last visited March 11, 2021).

The bill authorizes a full-time certificate seeking student to be eligible for a FSAG Postsecondary award for up to 110 percent of the number of clock hours required to complete the program in which the student is enrolled.

Allowing students who have been accepted at a competency-based nonprofit virtual postsecondary institution or aviation maintenance school to receive a FSAG Postsecondary grant may allow additional students to receive the grant. However, an institution meeting the expanded eligibility criteria to administer such grants may be required to translate student competency attainment and student clock hour program enrollment to meet student eligibility requirements for a renewal award under the FSAG Postsecondary program, including a minimum 2.0 cumulative grade point average (GPA) and completion of 12 credits per term.⁴⁵

B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1: Amends s. 1009.52, F.S.; revising the eligibility requirements for Florida postsecondary student assistance grants.

Section 2: Provides an effective date of July 1, 2021.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

The bill may provide a cost savings to eligible students enrolled in postsecondary education institutions now authorized to participate in the Florida Postsecondary Student Assistance Grant Program.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

Expanding eligibility for the Florida Postsecondary Student Assistance Grant Program may affect how funds are allocated across the several Florida student assistance grants,⁴⁶ including decreased availability of funds for students already eligible for grants.

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

⁴⁵ Florida Department of Education, Office of Student Financial Assistance, *Florida Student Assistance Grant Fact Sheet (2020-21)*, at 2, available at, <https://www.floridastudentfinancialaids.org/PDF/factsheets/FSAG.pdf>.

⁴⁶ Section 1009.52(4)(a), F.S.

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

None. This bill does not appear to affect county or municipal governments.

2. Other:

None.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

IV. AMENDMENTS/ COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

On March 16, 2021, the Post-Secondary Education & Lifelong Learning Subcommittee adopted a proposed committee substitute (PCS) and reported the bill favorably as a committee substitute. The PCS differed from HB 1423 in the following ways:

- adds to the Florida Postsecondary Student Assistance Grant Program (FSAG Postsecondary) the eligibility for a grant award to be made to a full-time degree seeking student who has been accepted at a competency-based nonprofit virtual postsecondary institution that is accredited by a member of the Council of Regional Accrediting Commissions and is created by the governors of several states, has established and continually maintains a location of operation in Florida, and maintains a governing body or advisory board in Florida;
- requires that a competency-based nonprofit virtual postsecondary institution must have established a presence and location of operation in Florida and its governing body or advisory board in Florida at least 1 year before the institution's students are eligible to receive FSAG Postsecondary awards;
- authorizes FSAG Postsecondary awards to be made to full-time certificate-seeking students who have been accepted at an aviation maintenance school that is located in Florida, certified by the Federal Aviation Administration, and licensed by the Commission for Independent Education; and
- specifies that an FSAG Postsecondary award made to a certificate-seeking student at an eligible aviation maintenance school is only eligible to receive an award for up to 110 percent of the number of clock hours required to complete the program.

The bill analysis is drafted to the committee substitute adopted by the Post-Secondary Education & Lifelong Learning Subcommittee.