1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to renewable energy sources; amending 3 s. 366.91, F.S.; providing definitions; authorizing a public educational customer to enter into a contract 4 5 for the installation, maintenance, or operation of a 6 renewable energy source device located on property 7 owned or controlled by the public educational 8 customer; providing that financing arrangements for 9 such contracts are not considered retail sales of 10 electricity; limiting the capacity of the renewable energy source device; requiring electric utilities to 11 12 provide meter aggregation to public educational customers under certain circumstances; providing that 13 14 shared solar facilities may participate in an electric utility's net metering program; limiting the annual 15 allocated credits for a public educational customer; 16 17 requiring electric utilities to adopt a tariff, subject to Public Service Commission review, by a 18 19 specified date; authorizing business entities or third parties contracted by such owners, to install, 20 21 maintain, and operate a renewable energy source device 22 on or about the structure in which the business entity 23 operates or on a property the business entity owns or 24 leases; authorizing business entities or contracted 25 third parties to sell electricity generated from the

Page 1 of 12

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26 device to certain businesses regardless of whether the 27 device is located in a utility's service territory; 28 limiting the capacity of the renewable energy source 29 device; limiting the annual allocated credits for 30 business entities; exempting from regulation the sale of electricity produced by such devices; creating s. 31 32 366.9151, F.S.; providing definitions; authorizing 33 public customers to use specified mechanisms to generate electricity using renewable energy generating 34 35 systems on eligible properties; authorizing a public 36 customer with multiple meters on multiple properties 37 to aggregate its electricity consumption for net metering purposes; requiring third party installers to 38 39 comply with certain safety and disclosure requirements; requiring electric utilities to offer 40 41 public customers a method to aggregate meters after a 42 certain date; limiting the capacity of the renewable 43 energy generating system; limiting the annual allocated credits for public customers; authorizing 44 45 the commission to adopt specified rules; amending s. 1013.44, F.S.; prohibiting costs associated with such 46 47 systems from being included in the calculation of 48 total cost per student station for the purpose of a limit imposed on such costs for certain new 49 50 construction; amending ss. 366.92, 373.236, and

Page 2 of 12

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403.973, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing

HB 1611

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52 an effective date. 53 54 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 55 56 Subsection (2) of section 366.91, Florida Section 1. 57 Statutes, is amended, and subsections (9), (10), and (11) are 58 added to that section, to read: 59 366.91 Renewable energy.-60 (2)As used in this section, the term: "Aggregated solar school facility" means a single 61 (a) 62 solar facility that is less than 5 megawatts and serves a public 63 educational customer. 64 (b) (a) "Biomass" means a power source that is comprised of, but not limited to, combustible residues or gases from 65 forest products manufacturing, waste, byproducts, or products 66 67 from agricultural and orchard crops, waste or coproducts from 68 livestock and poultry operations, waste or byproducts from food 69 processing, urban wood waste, municipal solid waste, municipal 70 liquid waste treatment operations, and landfill gas. 71 (c) "Business entity" means a nonprofit corporation, an 72 owner of a commercial or industrial business, or an owner of 73 residential multifamily housing units. "Customer-owned renewable generation" means an 74 (d)<del>(b)</del> 75 electric generating system located on a customer's premises that

Page 3 of 12

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76 is primarily intended to offset part or all of the customer's 77 electricity requirements with renewable energy.

78 <u>(e) (c)</u> "Net metering" means a metering and billing 79 methodology whereby customer-owned renewable generation is 80 allowed to offset the customer's electricity consumption on 81 site.

82 (f) "Public educational customer" means a publicly funded
83 K-12 educational institution.

(g) (d) "Renewable energy" means electrical energy produced 84 85 from a method that uses one or more of the following fuels or energy sources: hydrogen produced from sources other than fossil 86 87 fuels, biomass, solar energy, geothermal energy, wind energy, ocean energy, and hydroelectric power. The term includes the 88 89 alternative energy resource, waste heat, from sulfuric acid manufacturing operations and electrical energy produced using 90 pipeline-quality synthetic gas produced from waste petroleum 91 92 coke with carbon capture and sequestration.

93	(h) "Renewable energy source device" has the same meaning
94	as in s. 193.624(1).
95	(9)(a) A public educational customer may enter into a
96	contract with a third party to install, maintain, or operate a
97	renewable energy source device located on property owned or

98 controlled by the public educational customer. The contracted

renewable energy source device to the public educational

99 third party may sell the electricity generated from the

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### Page 4 of 12

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2021

101	customer through a power purchase agreement or similar financing
102	arrangement. For purposes of this chapter, such financing
103	arrangements are not retail sales of electricity and do not
104	subject the contracted third party, unless otherwise regulated
105	by the commission, to regulation under this chapter.
106	(b) The capacity of the renewable energy source device may
107	not exceed 150 percent of the public educational customer's
108	usage in the prior calendar year.
109	(10)(a) To facilitate the adoption of solar energy by
110	public educational customers, each electric utility shall
111	provide meter aggregation for purposes of net metering to all
112	public educational customers that seek to allocate bill credits
113	within a single school district from an aggregated solar school
114	facility.
115	(b) If the aggregated solar school facility and accounts
116	are within the same county and served by the same electric
117	utility, a public educational customer may elect to have net
118	metering bill credits from a single aggregated solar school
119	facility allocated to at least 2 but not more than 20 public
120	educational customer accounts within a single school district
121	without regard to physical location.
122	(c) Shared solar school facilities may fully participate
123	in each electric utility's net metering program. Electric
124	utilities shall allocate the net electricity generated in each
125	billing period from the aggregated solar school facility to each
	Dago 5 of 12

Page 5 of 12

2021

126	qualifying account per the instructions of the public
127	educational customer.
128	(d) The annual allocated credits in kilowatt hours may not
129	exceed 150 percent of the usage in the prior calendar year of
130	the public educational customer's aggregated qualifying accounts
131	to which the bill credits are transferred.
132	(e) Subject to review by the commission, each electric
133	utility shall adopt a tariff providing for meter aggregation
134	which complies with this subsection by January 1, 2022.
135	(11) (a) A business entity or a contracted third party may
136	install, maintain, and operate a renewable energy source device
137	on or about the structure in which the business operates or on
138	any property the business owns or leases. The business entity or
139	the contracted third party may sell the electricity generated
140	from the device, regardless of whether the device is located in
141	a utility's service territory, to another business entity that
142	is located immediately adjacent to the structure, within the
143	same parcel as the structure, or on an immediately adjacent
144	parcel. Such sales are not retail sales of electricity for
145	purposes of this chapter and do not subject the energy-producing
146	business, unless otherwise subject to regulation by the
147	commission, to regulation under this chapter.
148	(b) A business entity is not required to purchase directly
149	or indirectly, by lease or other contractual arrangement, the
150	electricity produced pursuant to paragraph (a).
	Dago 6 of 12

# Page 6 of 12

151 The annual allocated credits in kilowatt hours may not (C) 152 exceed 150 percent of usage in the prior calendar year of the 153 business entity's accounts to which the bill credits are 154 transferred. If a business entity is an owner of residential 155 multifamily housing units, the usage calculation must include 156 all the meters on the property, even if those meters are not in 157 the name of the owner of the housing units. (d) 158 The capacity of the renewable energy source device may 159 not exceed 150 percent of the business entity's usage in the 160 prior calendar year. If a business entity is an owner of 161 residential multifamily housing units, the usage calculation 162 must include all the meters on the property, even if those 163 meters are not in the name of the owner of the housing units. 164 Section 2. Section 366.9151, Florida Statutes, is created 165 to read: 166 366.9151 Renewable energy for local governments, colleges, 167 and universities.-168 (1) Definitions.-As used in this section and s. 366.9153, 169 the term: 170 (a) "College" means a Florida College System institution as described in s. 1000.21(3). 171 172 (b) "Customer-owned renewable energy generation" means a 173 renewable energy generating system located on a customer's 174 premises that is primarily intended to offset part or all of the 175 customer's electricity requirements with renewable energy.

Page 7 of 12

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"Eligible property" means any property owned, leased, 176 (C) 177 or rented by a public customer that is located: 178 1. Within the same county as the customer's renewable 179 energy generation system; and 180 2. Within the same electric utility service territory as 181 the customer's renewable energy generating system. (d) "Local government" means: 182 1. A county, municipality, school district, or other 183 184 political subdivision; and 185 2. Any department, agency, board, bureau, district, 186 commission, authority, or similar body of a county, 187 municipality, school district, or other political subdivision. (e) "Public customer" means a local government, college, 188 189 or university. 190 "Renewable energy generating system" is a system that (f) generates electricity from renewable energy. The term "renewable 191 192 energy" means renewable energy as defined in s. 366.91(2). 193 (g) "University" means a state university as described in 194 s. 1000.21(6). 195 (2) Financing and leasing of customer-owned renewable 196 energy generating systems.-197 (a) A public customer may install, maintain, and operate or may contract with a third party to install, maintain, and 198 199 operate, one or more renewable energy generating systems on any eligible property to offset the public customer's electricity 200

Page 8 of 12

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2021

201	requirements. For purposes of this section, electricity produced
202	by the renewable energy generating system is deemed to be
203	customer-owned generation, without regard to the ownership of
204	the renewable energy source device by a contracted third party.
205	(b) A contracted third party may sell the electricity
206	generated by a renewable energy generating system to a public
207	customer or may guarantee the quantity of electricity to be
208	produced by such device under a lease or financing agreement.
209	Such sales or guarantees are not considered retail sales of
210	electricity and do not subject the public customer or contracted
211	third party to regulation under this chapter, unless the third
212	party is otherwise subject to regulation.
213	(c) The capacity of the renewable energy generating system
214	may not exceed 150 percent of the public customer's usage in the
215	prior calendar year.
216	(d) Each third party who installs a renewable energy
217	generating system under this section must comply with the safety
218	and disclosure requirements of ss. 520.20-520.26.
219	(3) Meter aggregation
220	(a) In order to offset part or all of a public customer's
221	electricity requirements with renewable energy across multiple
222	facilities or properties, a public customer with multiple meters
223	may aggregate its electricity consumption by totaling the
224	consumption on any or all of the meters located on the
225	customer's eligible properties and offset such aggregated
	Dage 0 of 12

Page 9 of 12

2021

226	consumption requirements with customer-owned renewable energy
227	generation under the electric utility's net metering program.
228	(b) On or before January 1, 2022, each electric utility
229	shall offer to all public customers a method to aggregate meters
230	consistent with its net metering program and its standardized
231	interconnection agreement for customer-owned renewable energy
232	generation.
233	(c) The annual allocated credits in kilowatt hours may not
234	exceed 150 percent of usage in the prior calendar year of the
235	public customer's aggregated qualifying accounts to which the
236	bill credits are transferred.
237	(4) RulesThe commission may adopt rules to administer
238	this section.
239	Section 3. Subsection (4) is added to section 1013.44,
240	Florida Statutes, to read:
241	1013.44 Low-energy use design; solar energy systems;
242	swimming pool heaters
243	(4) Any cost associated with a solar energy system that is
244	located on the property of an educational facility may not be
245	included in calculating the total cost per student station for
246	purposes of the limitation imposed on cost per student station
247	for new construction under s. 1013.64(6)(b).
248	Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
249	366.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
250	366.92 Florida renewable energy policy
	Dogo $10 \text{ of } 10$
	Page 10 of 12

251 (2) As used in this section, the term: 252 "Renewable energy" means renewable energy as defined (b) 253 in s. 366.91(2) s. 366.91(2)(d). 254 Section 5. Subsection (7) of section 373.236, Florida 255 Statutes, is amended to read: 256 373.236 Duration of permits; compliance reports.-257 (7) A permit approved for a renewable energy generating 258 facility or the cultivation of agricultural products on lands 259 consisting of 1,000 acres or more for use in the production of renewable energy, as defined in s. 366.91(2) s. 366.91(2)(d), 260 261 shall be granted for a term of at least 25 years at the 262 applicant's request based on the anticipated life of the 263 facility if there is sufficient data to provide reasonable 264 assurance that the conditions for permit issuance will be met 265 for the duration of the permit; otherwise, a permit may be 266 issued for a shorter duration that reflects the longest period 267 for which such reasonable assurances are provided. Such a permit 268 is subject to compliance reports under subsection (4). 269 Section 6. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) and paragraph

270 (b) of subsection (19) of section 403.973, Florida Statutes, are 271 amended to read:

272 403.973 Expedited permitting; amendments to comprehensive 273 plans.-274 (3)

275 (f) Projects resulting in the production of biofuels

Page 11 of 12

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276 cultivated on lands that are 1,000 acres or more or in the 277 construction of a biofuel or biodiesel processing facility or a 278 facility generating renewable energy, as defined in <u>s. 366.91(2)</u> 279 <del>s. 366.91(2)(d)</del>, are eligible for the expedited permitting 280 process. 281 (19) The following projects are ineligible for review

282 under this part:

(b) A project, the primary purpose of which is to:

284 1. Effect the final disposal of solid waste, biomedical
285 waste, or hazardous waste in this state.

286 2. Produce electrical power, unless the production of 287 electricity is incidental and not the primary function of the 288 project or the electrical power is derived from a fuel source 289 for renewable energy as defined in <u>s. 366.91(2)</u> <del>s. 366.91(2)(d)</del>.

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4. Produce oil.

3. Extract natural resources.

292 5. Construct, maintain, or operate an oil, petroleum, or293 sewage pipeline.

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Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

Page 12 of 12

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