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8-01659B-21 20211724___ A bill to be entitled

An act relating to workers' compensation; amending s. 440.02, F.S.; including the terms "specific" and "specifically" as defined terms along with the term "specificity" and revising the associated definition; amending s. 440.11, F.S.; deleting an exception from applicability of fellow-employee immunities; creating s. 440.1915, F.S.; requiring injured employees and other claimants to sign and attest to a specified statement relating to the payment of attorney fees before engaging an attorney or any other representative for certain purposes; prohibiting such injured employees or claimants from proceeding with a petition for benefits, except pro se, until the signature is obtained; amending s. 440.192, F.S.; revising conditions under which a petition for benefits or a portion thereof must be dismissed by the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims or the assigned judge of compensation claims; revising the information required in such petitions; providing construction; requiring claimants and their attorneys to make a good faith effort to resolve the dispute before filing a petition; requiring that petitions include evidence demonstrating such good faith effort; authorizing judges of compensation claims to determine

if such effort was made; requiring the judge of

compensation claims to dismiss the petition, and

authorizing the judge to impose sanctions, including

attorney fees, if he or she finds such effort was not

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made; providing that certain dismissals are without prejudice; specifying timeframes within which a judge of compensation claims must enter an order on certain motions to dismiss; revising conditions under which judges of compensation claims are prohibited from awarding attorney fees; amending s. 440.25, F.S.; requiring that the pretrial outline under a certain expedited dispute resolution process contain a specified personal attestation by the claimant's attorney relating to hours to date; revising the timeframe and conditions under which attorney fees attach to certain proceedings; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (40) of section 440.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.02 Definitions.—When used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(40) <u>"Specific," "specifically," or "specificity" means,</u>
for purposes of determining the adequacy of a petition for
benefits under s. 440.192, that information on the petition is
for benefits sufficient to put the employer or carrier on notice
of the exact statutory classification and outstanding time
period for each requested benefit, the specific amount of each
requested benefit, the calculation used for computing the
specific amount of each requested benefit, and of benefits being

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requested and includes a detailed explanation of any such benefit benefits received that should be increased, decreased, changed, or otherwise modified. If the petition is for medical benefits, the information must shall include specific details as to why such benefits are being requested, including details demonstrating that such benefits have specifically been denied by the adjuster responsible for determining whether benefits are payable to the claimant; why such benefits are medically necessary; r and why current treatment, if any, is not sufficient. Any petition requesting alternate or other medical care, including, but not limited to, petitions requesting psychiatric or psychological treatment, must specifically identify the physician, as defined in s. 440.13(1), who is recommending such treatment. A copy of a report from such physician making the recommendation for alternate or other medical care must shall also be attached to the petition and must include specific allegations and statements of fact rebutting the specific denial by the adjuster handling payment of benefits to the injured employee. A judge of compensation claims may shall not order such treatment if a physician is not recommending such treatment.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 440.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.11 Exclusiveness of liability.-

(1) The liability of an employer prescribed in s. 440.10 <u>is</u> shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability, including vicarious liability, of such employer to any third-party tortfeasor and to the employee, the <u>employee's</u> legal representative thereof, husband or wife, parents, dependents,

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next of kin, and anyone otherwise entitled to recover damages from such employer at law or in admiralty on account of such injury or death, except as follows:

- (a) If an employer fails to secure payment of compensation as required by this chapter, an injured employee, or the employee's legal representative thereof in case death results from the injury, may elect to claim compensation under this chapter or to maintain an action at law or in admiralty for damages on account of such injury or death. In such action the defendant may not plead as a defense that the injury was caused by negligence of a fellow employee, that the employee assumed the risk of the employment, or that the injury was due to the comparative negligence of the employee.
- (b) When an employer commits an intentional tort that causes the injury or death of the employee. For purposes of this paragraph, an employer's actions <u>are shall be</u> deemed to constitute an intentional tort and not an accident only when the employee proves, by clear and convincing evidence, that:
- 1. The employer deliberately intended to injure the employee; or
- 2. The employer engaged in conduct that the employer knew, based on prior similar accidents or on explicit warnings specifically identifying a known danger, was virtually certain to result in injury or death to the employee, and the employee was not aware of the risk because the danger was not apparent and the employer deliberately concealed or misrepresented the danger so as to prevent the employee from exercising informed judgment about whether to perform the work.

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The same immunities from liability enjoyed by an employer shall extend as well to each employee of the employer when such employee is acting in furtherance of the employer's business and the injured employee is entitled to receive benefits under this chapter. Such fellow-employee immunities do not apply shall not be applicable to an employee who acts, with respect to a fellow employee, with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression or with gross negligence when such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such injury or death, nor shall such immunities be applicable to employees of the same employer when each is operating in the furtherance of the employer's business but they are assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by an employer shall also apply to any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that which caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of said managerial or policymaking duties and was not a violation of a law, whether or not a violation was charged, for which the maximum penalty that which may be imposed does not exceed 60 days' imprisonment as provided set forth in s. 775.082. The immunity from liability provided in this subsection extends to county governments with respect to employees of county constitutional officers whose offices are funded by the board of county commissioners.

Section 3. Section 440.1915, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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440.1915 Notice regarding payment of attorney fees.—Before engaging an attorney or any other representative for services related to a petition for benefits under s. 440.192 or s. 440.25, an injured employee or any other party making a claim for benefits under this chapter through an attorney shall attest with his or her personal signature that he or she has reviewed, understands, and acknowledges the following statement, which must be in at least 14-point bold type: "THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION LAW REQUIRES YOU TO PAY YOUR OWN ATTORNEY FEES. YOUR EMPLOYER AND ITS INSURANCE CARRIER ARE NOT REQUIRED TO PAY YOUR ATTORNEY FEES EXCEPT IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. EVEN THEN, YOU MAY BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING ATTORNEY FEES IN ADDITION TO ANY AMOUNT YOUR EMPLOYER OR ITS CARRIER MAY BE REQUIRED TO PAY OR AGREE TO PAY, DEPENDING ON THE DETAILS OF YOUR AGREEMENT WITH YOUR ATTORNEY. CAREFULLY READ AND MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND ANY AGREEMENT OR RETAINER FOR REPRESENTATION BEFORE YOU SIGN IT." If the injured employee or other party does not sign or refuses to sign the document attesting that he or she has reviewed, understands, and acknowledges the statement, the injured employee or other party making a claim under this chapter may not proceed with a petition for benefits under s. 440.192 or s. 440.25, except pro se, until such signature is obtained. Section 4. Subsections (2), (4), (5), and (7) of section

440.192, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (1) of that section is republished, to read:

440.192 Procedure for resolving benefit disputes.-

(1) Any employee may, for any benefit that is ripe, due, and owing, file with the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims a petition for benefits which meets the requirements of

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this section and the definition of specificity in s. 440.02. An employee represented by an attorney shall file by electronic means approved by the Deputy Chief Judge. An employee not represented by an attorney may file by certified mail or by electronic means approved by the Deputy Chief Judge. The department shall inform employees of the location of the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims and the office's website address for purposes of filing a petition for benefits. The employee shall also serve copies of the petition for benefits by certified mail, or by electronic means approved by the Deputy Chief Judge, upon the employer and the employer's carrier. The Deputy Chief Judge shall refer the petitions to the judges of compensation claims.

- (2) Upon receipt of a petition, the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims, or, upon motion, the assigned judge of compensation claims, shall review the each petition and shall dismiss the each petition or any portion of the such a petition which that does not comply with the requirements of this section, does not meet the definition of specificity under s.

 440.02(40), and does not on its face specifically identify or itemize the following:
- (a) The name, address, and telephone number, and social security number of the employee.
- (b) $\underline{\text{The}}$ name, address, and telephone number of the employer.
- (c) A detailed description of the injury and cause of the injury, including the location of the occurrence and the date or dates of the accident and the county in this state or, if the accident occurred outside of this state, the state where the

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accident occurred.

(d) A detailed description of the employee's job, work responsibilities, and work the employee was performing when the injury occurred.

- (e) The <u>specific</u> time period for which compensation and the specific classification of compensation were not timely provided.
- (f) The specific date of maximum medical improvement, character of disability, and specific statement of all benefits or compensation that the employee is seeking. A claim for permanent benefits must include the specific date of maximum medical improvement and the specific date on which such permanent benefits are claimed to begin.
- (g) All specific travel costs to which the employee believes she or he is entitled, including dates of travel and purpose of travel, means of transportation, and mileage and including the date the request for mileage was filed with the carrier and a copy of the request filed with the carrier.
- (h) Specific listing of all medical charges alleged unpaid, including the name and address of the medical provider, the amounts due, and the specific dates of treatment.
- (i) The type or nature of treatment care or attendance sought and the justification for such treatment. If the employee is under the care of a physician for an injury identified under paragraph (c), a copy of the physician's request, authorization, or recommendation for treatment, care, or attendance must accompany the petition.
- (j) The specific amount of compensation claimed and the methodology used to calculate the average weekly wage, if the

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233 average weekly wage calculated by the employer or carrier is
234 disputed. There is a rebuttable presumption that the average
235 weekly wage and corresponding compensation calculated by the
236 employer or carrier is accurate.

- (k) Specific explanation of any other disputed issue that a judge of compensation claims will be called to rule upon.
- (1) The signed attestation required pursuant to s. 440.1915.
- (m) Certification and evidence of a good faith attempt to resolve the dispute pursuant to subsection (4).

The dismissal of any petition or portion of such a petition under this <u>subsection</u> section is without prejudice and does not require a hearing.

- (4) (a) Before filing a petition, the claimant or, if the claimant is represented by counsel, the claimant's attorney shall make a good faith effort to resolve the dispute. The petition must include:
- 1. A certification by the claimant or, if the claimant is represented by counsel, the claimant's attorney, stating that the claimant, or attorney if the claimant is represented by counsel, has made a good faith effort to resolve the dispute and that the claimant or attorney was unable to resolve the dispute with the carrier, or the employer if self-insured; and
- 2. Evidence demonstrating such good faith attempt to resolve the dispute as described in the certification.
- (b) If the petition is not dismissed under subsection (2), the judge of compensation claims has jurisdiction to determine, in his or her independent discretion, whether a good faith

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effort to resolve the dispute was made by the claimant or the claimant's attorney. If the judge of compensation claims determines that the claimant or the claimant's attorney did not make a good faith effort to resolve the dispute before filing the petition for benefits, the judge of compensation claims must dismiss the petition and may impose sanctions to ensure compliance with this subsection, which may include, but are not limited to, assessment of attorney fees payable by the claimant's attorney.

- (5) (a) All motions to dismiss must state with particularity the basis for the motion. The judge of compensation claims shall enter an order upon such motions without hearing, unless good cause for hearing is shown. Dismissal of any petition or portion of a petition under this subsection is without prejudice.
- (b) Upon a motion that a petition or a portion of a petition be dismissed for lack of specificity, a judge of compensation claims shall enter an order on the motion, unless stipulated in writing by the parties, within 10 days after the motion is filed or, if good cause for a hearing is shown, within 20 days after a hearing on the motion. When any petition or portion of a petition is dismissed for lack of specificity under this subsection, the claimant must be allowed 20 days after the date of the order of dismissal in which to file an amended petition. Any grounds for dismissal for lack of specificity under this section which are not asserted within 30 days after receipt of the petition for benefits are thereby waived.
- (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 440.34, a judge of compensation claims may not award attorney attorney's fees payable by the employer or carrier for services expended or

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costs incurred before: prior to

- (a) The filing of a petition that meets the definition of specificity under s. 440.02(40) and includes all items required under subsection (2); or
- (b) The claimant or the claimant's attorney, if the claimant is represented by counsel, has made a good faith effort to resolve the dispute does not meet the requirements of this section.

Section 5. Paragraphs (h) and (j) of subsection (4) of section 440.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

440.25 Procedures for mediation and hearings.-

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(h) To further expedite dispute resolution and to enhance the self-executing features of the system, those petitions filed in accordance with s. 440.192 that involve a claim for benefits of \$5,000 or less shall, in the absence of compelling evidence to the contrary, are be presumed to be appropriate for expedited resolution under this paragraph; and any other claim filed in accordance with s. 440.192, upon the written agreement of both parties and application by either party, may similarly be resolved under this paragraph. A claim in a petition of \$5,000 or less for medical benefits only or a petition for reimbursement for mileage for medical purposes must shall, in the absence of compelling evidence to the contrary, be resolved through the expedited dispute resolution process provided in this paragraph. For purposes of expedited resolution pursuant to this paragraph, the Deputy Chief Judge shall make provision by rule or order for expedited and limited discovery and expedited docketing in such cases. At least 15 days before the prior to

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hearing, the parties shall exchange and file with the judge of compensation claims a pretrial outline of all issues, defenses, and witnesses, including a personal attestation by the claimant's attorney detailing his or her hours to date, on a form adopted by the Deputy Chief Judge, \div provided that, in no event shall such hearing may not be held without 15 days' written notice to all parties. The personal attestation by the claimant's attorney must specifically allocate the hours by each benefit claimed and account for hours relating to multiple benefits in a manner that apportions such hours by percentage, in whole numbers, to each benefit. A No pretrial hearing may not shall be held and a no mediation may not be scheduled unless requested by a party. The judge of compensation claims shall limit all argument and presentation of evidence at the hearing to a maximum of 30 minutes, and such hearings may shall not exceed 30 minutes in length. Neither party shall be required to be represented by counsel. The employer or carrier may be represented by an adjuster or other qualified representative. The employer or carrier and any witness may appear at such hearing by telephone. The rules of evidence shall be liberally construed in favor of allowing introduction of evidence.

(j) A judge of compensation claims may not award interest on unpaid medical bills and the amount of such bills may not be used to calculate the amount of interest awarded. Regardless of the date benefits are were initially requested, attorney attorney's fees do not attach under this subsection until 45 business 30 days after the date on which a the carrier or self-insured employer receives the petition is filed with the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims and unless the following

20211724___ 8-01659B-21 349 conditions are met: 350 1. Before the petition is filed, the claimant or the claimant's attorney, if the claimant is represented by counsel, 351 352 makes a good faith effort to resolve the dispute as provided in 353 s. 440.192(4); and 354 2. The petition meets the definition of specificity under 355 s. 440.02(40) and includes all items required under s. 356 440.192(2). 357 Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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