By Senator Cruz

	18-01915-21 20211764
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the recycling of organic waste
3	material; amending s. 403.703, F.S.; defining terms;
4	creating s. 403.7044, F.S.; requiring certain
5	commercial waste generators and certain institutions
6	of higher education, beginning on specified dates and
7	under certain circumstances, to ensure that their
8	organic waste materials are separated and recycled at
9	specified recycling facilities; providing an exception
10	for commercial waste generators or institutions of
11	higher education that perform composting of or treat
12	organic waste material onsite; amending s. 403.707,
13	F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an
14	effective date.
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16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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18	Section 1. Present subsections (1) through (5), (6) through
19	(22), and (23) through (47) of section 403.703, Florida
20	Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (2) through (6), (10)
21	through (26), and (28) through (52), respectively, new
22	subsections (1), (7), (8), (9), and (27) are added to that
23	section, and present subsection (35) is amended, to read:
24	403.703 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
25	(1) "Anaerobic digestion" means the process by which
26	biological decomposition of organic products is carried out
27	under controlled anaerobic conditions, which stabilizes the
28	organic fraction into a material that can be easily and safely
29	stored, handled, and used in an environmentally acceptable

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30	manner.
31	(7) "Commercial waste generator" means any commercial food
32	wholesaler or distributor, industrial food manufacturer or
33	processor, supermarket, resort or conference center, banquet
34	hall, restaurant, religious institution, military installation,
35	prison, corporation, hospital or other medical care institution,
36	or casino.
37	(8) "Composting" means the process by which biological
38	decomposition of organic solid waste is carried out under
39	controlled aerobic conditions, which stabilizes the organic
40	fraction into a material that can be easily and safely stored,
41	handled, and used in an environmentally acceptable manner. The
42	presence of anaerobic zones within the composting material does
43	not affect the classification of the process as composting.
44	(9) "Composting facility" means a solid waste management
45	facility where solid waste is processed using composting
46	technology, which may include physical turning, windrowing,
47	aeration, or other mechanical handling of the organic matter.
48	(27) "Organic waste material" means the portion of the
49	solid waste stream which is organic material, including, but not
50	limited to, food scraps, food processing residue, and soiled or
51	unrecyclable paper that has been separated from nonorganic
52	material.
53	(40) (35) "Solid waste" means sludge unregulated under the
54	federal Clean Water Act or Clean Air Act, sludge from a waste
55	treatment works, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution
56	control facility, or garbage, rubbish, refuse, special waste, or
57	other discarded material, including solid, liquid, semisolid, or
58	contained gaseous material resulting from domestic, industrial,
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59	commercial, mining, agricultural, or governmental operations.
60	Post-use polymers as defined in subsection (29) and recovered
61	materials as defined in subsection (33) (28) and post-use
62	polymers as defined in subsection (24) are not solid waste.
63	Section 2. Section 403.7044, Florida Statutes, is created
64	to read:
65	403.7044 Required recycling of organic waste material
66	(1) Any commercial waste generator or institution of higher
67	education at which organic waste material is generated shall:
68	(a) Beginning January 1, 2022, ensure that such material
69	generated onsite is separated from other solid waste material
70	and recycled at a composting facility or a facility that uses
71	anaerobic digestion if:
72	1. The commercial waste generator or institution generates
73	more than 104 tons per year of organic waste material;
74	2. The commercial waste generator or institution is located
75	within 15 miles of the facility; and
76	3. The facility has available capacity to accept such
77	material.
78	(b) Beginning January 1, 2024, ensure that such material
79	generated onsite is separated from other solid waste material
80	and recycled at a composting facility or a facility that uses
81	anaerobic digestion if:
82	1. The commercial waste generator or institution generates
83	more than 52 tons per year of organic waste material;
84	2. The commercial waste generator or institution is located
85	within 15 miles of the facility; and
86	3. The facility has available capacity to accept such
87	material.

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88	(2) This section does not apply to a commercial waste
89	generator or institution of higher education that performs
90	composting of organic waste material onsite or treats organic
91	waste material onsite using organic treatment equipment
92	authorized by state or federal law.
93	Section 3. Paragraph (j) of subsection (9) of section
94	403.707, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
95	403.707 Permits
96	(9) The department shall establish a separate category for
97	solid waste management facilities that accept only construction
98	and demolition debris for disposal or recycling. The department
99	shall establish a reasonable schedule for existing facilities to
100	comply with this section to avoid undue hardship to such
101	facilities. However, a permitted solid waste disposal unit that
102	receives a significant amount of waste prior to the compliance
103	deadline established in this schedule shall not be required to
104	be retrofitted with liners or leachate control systems.
105	(j) The Legislature recognizes that recycling, waste
106	reduction, and resource recovery are important aspects of an
107	integrated solid waste management program and as such are
108	necessary to protect the public health and the environment. If
109	necessary to promote such an integrated program, the county may
110	determine, after providing notice and an opportunity for a
111	hearing prior to April 30, 2008, that some or all of the
112	material described in <u>s. 403.703</u> s. 403.703(6)(b) shall be
113	excluded from the definition of "construction and demolition
114	debris" in <u>s. 403.703</u> s. 403.703(6) within the jurisdiction of
115	such county. The county may make such a determination only if it
116	finds that, prior to June 1, 2007, the county has established an
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117	adequate method for the use or recycling of such wood material
118	at an existing or proposed solid waste management facility that
119	is permitted or authorized by the department on June 1, 2007.
120	The county is not required to hold a hearing if the county
121	represents that it previously has held a hearing for such
122	purpose, or if the county represents that it previously has held
123	a public meeting or hearing that authorized such method for the
124	use or recycling of trash or other nonputrescible waste
125	materials and that such materials include those materials
126	described in <u>s. 403.703</u> s. 403.703(6)(b). The county shall
127	provide written notice of its determination to the department by
128	no later than April 30, 2008; thereafter, the materials
129	described in <u>s. 403.703</u> s. 403.703(6) shall be excluded from the
130	definition of "construction and demolition debris" in <u>s. 403.703</u>
131	s. 403.703(6) within the jurisdiction of such county. The county
132	may withdraw or revoke its determination at any time by
133	providing written notice to the department.
134	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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