By Senator Pizzo

	38-01914-21 20211908
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to gain-time for certain women
3	prisoners; creating s. 944.243, F.S.; defining the
4	term "violent felony"; specifying that a pregnant
5	prisoner or a prisoner who is the mother of a child of
6	a certain age sentenced to a state correctional
7	institution is eligible under certain circumstances to
8	earn or receive gain-time in an amount that would
9	cause her sentence to expire, end, or terminate after
10	serving 65 percent of the sentence imposed; amending
11	ss. 921.002 and 944.275, F.S.; conforming provisions
12	to changes made by the act; providing an effective
13	date.
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15	WHEREAS, the absence of the mother of a young child on a
16	daily basis may lead to problems and disorders connected to such
17	absence for the child, and
18	WHEREAS, a mother's presence soothes a child's stress and
19	helps to regulate a child's emotions, and
20	WHEREAS, a mother's extended absence can cause a child to
21	experience higher levels of stress and anxiety, and
22	WHEREAS, the more emotionally and physically present a
23	mother can be for her child, the better the chance that child
24	will be emotionally healthy and mentally well, NOW, THEREFORE,
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26	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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28	Section 1. Section 944.243, Florida Statutes, is created to
29	read:
	Page 1 of 6

	38-01914-21 20211908
30	944.243 Gain-time for pregnant prisoners or prisoners who
31	are mothers of young children
32	(1) As used in this section, the term "violent felony"
33	means the commission of, an attempt to commit, or a conspiracy
34	to commit any offense enumerated in s. 775.084(1)(c)1.
35	(2) A prisoner sentenced to a state correctional
36	institution who is a pregnant prisoner as defined in s. 944.241
37	or who is the mother of a child 3 years of age or younger at the
38	time the offense or offenses were committed is eligible to earn
39	or receive gain-time under s. 944.275 in an amount that would
40	cause the sentence to expire, end, or terminate, or that would
41	result in the prisoner's release, after serving 65 percent of
42	the sentence imposed if:
43	(a) No offense for which the prisoner was convicted is a
44	violent felony;
45	(b) The prisoner has demonstrated good behavior while
46	incarcerated; and
47	(c) The prisoner has participated in at least one
48	educational or rehabilitative program while incarcerated, if
49	such education or rehabilitative program was available.
50	Section 2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section
51	921.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
52	921.002 The Criminal Punishment CodeThe Criminal
53	Punishment Code shall apply to all felony offenses, except
54	capital felonies, committed on or after October 1, 1998.
55	(1) The provision of criminal penalties and of limitations
56	upon the application of such penalties is a matter of
57	predominantly substantive law and, as such, is a matter properly
58	addressed by the Legislature. The Legislature, in the exercise
	Page 2 of 6

1	38-01914-21 20211908
59	of its authority and responsibility to establish sentencing
60	criteria, to provide for the imposition of criminal penalties,
61	and to make the best use of state prisons so that violent
62	criminal offenders are appropriately incarcerated, has
63	determined that it is in the best interest of the state to
64	develop, implement, and revise a sentencing policy. The Criminal
65	Punishment Code embodies the principles that:
66	(e) The sentence imposed by the sentencing judge reflects
67	the length of actual time to be served, shortened only by the
68	application of incentive and meritorious gain-time as provided
69	by law, and may not be shortened if the defendant would
70	consequently serve less than <u>the specified percentage</u> 85 percent
71	of his or her term of imprisonment as provided in s. 944.275(4).
72	The provisions of chapter 947, relating to parole, <u>do</u> shall not
73	apply to persons sentenced under the Criminal Punishment Code.
74	Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 944.275, Florida
75	Statutes, is amended to read:
76	944.275 Gain-time
77	(4)(a) As a means of encouraging satisfactory behavior, the
78	department shall grant basic gain-time at the rate of 10 days
79	for each month of each sentence imposed on a prisoner, subject
80	to the following:
81	1. Portions of any sentences to be served concurrently
82	shall be treated as a single sentence when determining basic
83	gain-time.
84	2. Basic gain-time for a partial month shall be prorated on
85	the basis of a 30-day month.
86	3. When a prisoner receives a new maximum sentence

87 expiration date because of additional sentences imposed, basic

Page 3 of 6

38-01914-2120211908_88gain-time shall be granted for the amount of time the maximum89sentence expiration date was extended.

90 (b) For each month in which an inmate works diligently, 91 participates in training, uses time constructively, or otherwise 92 engages in positive activities, the department may grant incentive gain-time in accordance with this paragraph. The rate 93 94 of incentive gain-time in effect on the date the inmate 95 committed the offense which resulted in his or her incarceration 96 shall be the inmate's rate of eligibility to earn incentive 97 gain-time throughout the period of incarceration and may shall 98 not be altered by a subsequent change in the severity level of 99 the offense for which the inmate was sentenced.

100 1. For sentences imposed for offenses committed prior to 101 January 1, 1994, up to 20 days of incentive gain-time may be 102 granted. If granted, such gain-time shall be credited and 103 applied monthly.

104 2. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after 105 January 1, 1994, and before October 1, 1995:

a. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 1 through
7, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 25 days
of incentive gain-time may be granted. If granted, such gaintime shall be credited and applied monthly.

b. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 8, 9, and 111 10, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 20 112 days of incentive gain-time may be granted. If granted, such 113 gain-time shall be credited and applied monthly.

3. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after October 1, 1995, the department may grant up to 10 days per month of incentive gain-time.

Page 4 of 6

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38-01914-21
                                                             20211908
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          (c) An inmate who performs some outstanding deed, such as
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     saving a life or assisting in recapturing an escaped inmate, or
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     who in some manner performs an outstanding service that would
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     merit the granting of additional deductions from the term of his
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     or her sentence may be granted meritorious gain-time of from 1
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     to 60 days.
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           (d) Notwithstanding the monthly maximum awards of incentive
     gain-time under subparagraphs (b)1., 2., and 3., the education
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     program manager shall recommend, and the Department of
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     Corrections may grant, a one-time award of 60 additional days of
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     incentive gain-time to an inmate who is otherwise eligible and
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     who successfully completes requirements for and is, or has been
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     during the current commitment, awarded a high school equivalency
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     diploma or vocational certificate. Under no circumstances may an
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     inmate receive more than 60 days for educational attainment
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     pursuant to this section.
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          (e) Notwithstanding subparagraph (b)3., for sentences
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     imposed for offenses committed on or after October 1, 2014, the
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     department may not grant incentive gain-time if the offense is a
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     violation of s. 782.04(1)(a)2.c.; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s.
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     787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s.
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     800.04; s. 825.1025; or s. 847.0135(5).
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           (f) Except as provided in s. 944.243, an inmate who is
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     subject to subparagraph (b)3. is not eligible to earn or receive
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     gain-time under paragraph (a), paragraph (b), paragraph (c), or
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     paragraph (d) or any other type of gain-time in an amount that
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     would cause a sentence to expire, end, or terminate, or that
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     would result in a prisoner's release, prior to serving a minimum
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Page 5 of 6

of 85 percent of the sentence imposed. For purposes of this

	38-01914-21 20211908_
146	paragraph, credits awarded by the court for time physically
147	incarcerated shall be credited toward satisfaction of 85 percent
148	of the sentence imposed. Except as provided by this section, a
149	prisoner may not accumulate further gain-time awards at any
150	point when the tentative release date is the same as that date
151	at which the prisoner will have served 85 percent of the
152	sentence imposed. State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment
153	shall be incarcerated for the rest of their natural lives,
154	unless granted pardon or clemency.
155	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

SB 1908