House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/24/2021

The Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs (Book) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Present subsections (9) through (87) of section 39.01, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (10) through (88), respectively, a new subsection (9) is added to that section, and present subsections (10) and (37) are amended, to read:

39.01 Definitions.-When used in this chapter, unless the

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11 context otherwise requires:

12 (9) "Attorney for the child" means an attorney providing 13 direct representation to the child, which may include the 14 appointment of the Office of Child Representation, an attorney 15 provided by an entity contracted through the Office of Child 16 Representation to provide direct representation, any privately 17 retained counsel or pro bono counsel, or any other attorney who 18 represents the child under this chapter.

(11) (10) "Caregiver" means the parent, legal custodian, permanent quardian, adult household member, or other person 21 responsible for a child's welfare as defined in subsection (55) 22 (54).

(38) (37) "Institutional child abuse or neglect" means situations of known or suspected child abuse or neglect in which the person allegedly perpetrating the child abuse or neglect is an employee of a public or private school, public or private day care center, residential home, institution, facility, or agency or any other person at such institution responsible for the child's welfare as defined in subsection (55) (54).

Section 2. Subsection (13) is added to that section, to 30 31 read:

39.013 Procedures and jurisdiction; right to counsel.-(13) The court shall appoint an attorney for the child pursuant to s. 39.831.

35 Section 3. Present subsections (6) through (9) are 36 redesignated as subsections (5) through (8), respectively, and 37 subsections (4) and (5) of section 39.01305, Florida Statutes, 38 are amended to read:

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39.01305 Appointment of an attorney for a dependent child

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. SB 1920



40 with certain special needs.-

41 (4) An attorney for the child appointed under this section shall be made in accordance with s. 39.831. (a) Before a court 42 43 may appoint an attorney, who may be compensated pursuant to this 44 section, the court must request a recommendation from the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office for an attorney who is 45 46 willing to represent a child without additional compensation. If such an attorney is available within 15 days after the court's 47 48 request, the court must appoint that attorney. However, the 49 court may appoint a compensated attorney within the 15-day period if the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office informs the 50 51 court that it will not be able to recommend an attorney within 52 that time period.

53 (b) After an attorney is appointed, the appointment 54 continues in effect until the attorney is allowed to withdraw or 55 is discharged by the court or until the case is dismissed. An 56 attorney who is appointed under this section to represent the 57 child shall provide the complete range of legal services, from 58 the removal from home or from the initial appointment through 59 all available appellate proceedings. With the permission of the court, the attorney for the dependent child may arrange for 60 61 supplemental or separate counsel to represent the child in 62 appellate proceedings. A court order appointing an attorney 63 under this section must be in writing.

64 (5) Unless the attorney has agreed to provide pro bono
65 services, an appointed attorney or organization must be
66 adequately compensated. All appointed attorneys and
67 organizations, including pro bono attorneys, must be provided
68 with access to funding for expert witnesses, depositions, and

Page 3 of 59



69	other due process costs of litigation. Payment of attorney fees
70	and case-related due process costs are subject to appropriations
71	and review by the Justice Administrative Commission for
72	reasonableness. The Justice Administrative Commission shall
73	contract with attorneys appointed by the court. Attorney fees
74	may not exceed \$1,000 per child per year.
75	Section 3. Part XI of chapter 39, Florida Statutes,
76	entitled "GUARDIANS AD LITEM AND GUARDIAN ADVOCATES," is renamed
77	"GUARDIANS AD LITEM, GUARDIAN ADVOCATES, AND ATTORNEY FOR THE
78	CHILD."
79	Section 4. Subsection (3) is added to section 39.820,
80	Florida Statutes, to read:
81	39.820 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
82	(3) "Related adoption proceeding" means an adoption
83	proceeding under chapter 63 which arises from dependency
84	proceedings under this chapter.
85	Section 5. Section 39.822, Florida Statutes, is amended to
86	read:
87	39.822 Appointment of guardian ad litem for abused,
88	abandoned, or neglected child
89	(1) <u>(a) Before July 1, 2022,</u> a guardian ad litem <u>must</u> shall
90	be appointed by the court at the earliest possible time to
91	represent <u>a</u> the child in any child abuse, abandonment, or
92	neglect judicial proceeding, whether civil or criminal.
93	(b) On or after July 1, 2022, a guardian ad litem must be
94	appointed by the court at the earliest possible time to
95	represent a child under the following circumstances:
96	1. The child is younger than 10 years of age and is the
97	subject of a dependency proceeding under this chapter or a

163466

98	related adoption proceeding;
99	2. The child is the subject of a dependency proceeding
100	under this chapter or a related adoption proceeding and a
101	criminal proceeding;
102	3. The child is the subject of a termination of parental
103	rights proceeding under part X; or
104	4. The child is a dependent child as described in s.
105	39.01305(3).
106	(2) On or after July 1, 2022, the court shall discharge the
107	guardian ad litem program, if appointed, within 60 days after
108	such child reaches 10 years of age unless:
109	(a) The child meets a criterion specified in subparagraph
110	(1) (b)2., 3., or 4.; or
111	(b) The child expresses that he or she wishes to remain
112	with the guardian ad litem and the court determines that the
113	expression is voluntary and knowing and that the child is of an
114	appropriate age and maturity to make such expression.
115	(3) Upon request by a child who is subject to a dependency
116	proceeding under this chapter or a related adoption proceeding,
117	who is 10 years of age or older, and who has a guardian ad litem
118	assigned, or upon any party presenting evidence that there is
119	reasonable cause to suspect the assigned guardian ad litem has a
120	conflict of interest as defined in s. 39.8296(2)(b)9., the court
121	may:
122	(a) Order that a new guardian ad litem be assigned; or
123	(b) Discharge the child's current guardian ad litem and
124	appoint an attorney for the child if one is not appointed.
125	(4) Any person participating in a civil or criminal
126	judicial proceeding resulting from such appointment shall be

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127 presumed prima facie to be acting in good faith and in so doing 128 shall be immune from any liability, civil or criminal, that 129 otherwise might be incurred or imposed.

130 <u>(5)(2)</u> In those cases in which the parents are financially 131 able, the parent or parents of the child shall reimburse the 132 court, in part or in whole, for the cost of provision of 133 guardian ad litem services. Reimbursement to the individual 134 providing guardian ad litem services <u>may shall</u> not be contingent 135 upon successful collection by the court from the parent or 136 parents.

<u>(6)</u> Upon presentation by a guardian ad litem of a court order appointing the guardian ad litem:

(a) An agency, as defined in chapter 119, shall allow the guardian ad litem to inspect and copy records related to the best interests of the child who is the subject of the appointment, including, but not limited to, records made confidential or exempt from s. 119.07(1) or s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The guardian ad litem shall maintain the confidential or exempt status of any records shared by an agency under this paragraph.

(b) A person or organization, other than an agency under paragraph (a), shall allow the guardian ad litem to inspect and copy any records related to the best interests of the child who is the subject of the appointment, including, but not limited to, confidential records.

153 For the purposes of this subsection, the term "records related 154 to the best interests of the child" includes, but is not limited 155 to, medical, mental health, substance abuse, child care,

Page 6 of 59

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156 education, law enforcement, court, social services, and 157 financial records.

<u>(7)</u>(4) The guardian ad litem or the program representative shall review all disposition recommendations and changes in placements, and must be present at all critical stages of the dependency proceeding or submit a written report of recommendations to the court. Written reports must be filed with the court and served on all parties whose whereabouts are known at least 72 hours <u>before</u> prior to the hearing.

Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 39.8296, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.8296 Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office; legislative findings and intent; creation; appointment of executive director; duties of office.-

170 (2) STATEWIDE GUARDIAN AD LITEM OFFICE.-There is created a 171 Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office within the Justice Administrative Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission 172 173 shall provide administrative support and service to the office 174 to the extent requested by the executive director within the 175 available resources of the commission. The Statewide Guardian Ad 176 Litem Office is not subject to control, supervision, or 177 direction by the Justice Administrative Commission in the 178 performance of its duties, but the employees of the office are 179 governed by the classification plan and salary and benefits plan 180 approved by the Justice Administrative Commission.

(a) The head of the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office is
the executive director, who shall be appointed by the Governor
from a list of a minimum of three eligible applicants submitted
by <u>the Child Well-Being</u> a Guardian Ad Litem Qualifications

163466

185 Committee. The Child Well-Being Guardian Ad Litem Qualifications 186 Committee shall be composed of five persons, two persons 187 appointed by the Governor, two persons appointed by the Chief 188 Justice of the Supreme Court, and one person appointed by the 189 Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Association. The committee shall 190 provide for statewide advertisement and the receiving of 191 applications for the position of executive director. The 192 Governor shall appoint an executive director from among the 193 recommendations, or the Governor may reject the nominations and 194 request the submission of new nominees. The executive director 195 must have knowledge in dependency law and knowledge of social 196 service delivery systems available to meet the needs of children 197 who are abused, neglected, or abandoned. The executive director 198 shall serve on a full-time basis and shall personally, or 199 through representatives of the office, carry out the purposes 200 and functions of the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office in 201 accordance with state and federal law. The executive director 202 shall report to the Governor. The executive director shall serve 203 a 3-year term, subject to removal for cause by the Governor. Any 204 person appointed to serve as the executive director may be 205 reappointed permitted to serve more than one term in accordance 206 with the process provided for in this paragraph. Every second or 207 subsequent appointment shall be for a term of 3 years.

(b) The Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office shall, within 209 available resources, have oversight responsibilities for and provide technical assistance to all guardian ad litem and 211 attorney ad litem programs located within the judicial circuits.

1. The office shall identify the resources required to implement methods of collecting, reporting, and tracking

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214 reliable and consistent case data.

215 2. The office shall review the current guardian ad litem216 programs in Florida and other states.

3. The office, in consultation with local guardian ad litem offices, shall develop statewide performance measures and standards.

220 4. The office shall develop a quardian ad litem training 221 program, which shall include, but is not limited to, training on the recognition of and responses to head trauma and brain injury 2.2.2 223 in a child under 6 years of age. The office shall establish a 224 curriculum committee to develop the training program specified 225 in this subparagraph. The curriculum committee shall include, 226 but not be limited to, dependency judges, directors of circuit 227 guardian ad litem programs, active certified guardians ad litem, 228 a mental health professional who specializes in the treatment of 229 children, a member of a child advocacy group, a representative 230 of a domestic violence advocacy group, an individual with a 231 degree in social work, and a social worker experienced in 232 working with victims and perpetrators of child abuse.

5. The office shall review the various methods of funding guardian ad litem programs, maximize the use of those funding sources to the extent possible, and review the kinds of services being provided by circuit guardian ad litem programs.

6. The office shall determine the feasibility or
desirability of new concepts of organization, administration,
financing, or service delivery designed to preserve the civil
and constitutional rights and fulfill other needs of dependent
children.

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7. In an effort to promote normalcy and establish trust



243 between a court-appointed volunteer guardian ad litem and a 244 child alleged to be abused, abandoned, or neglected under this 245 chapter, a guardian ad litem may transport a child. However, a 246 guardian ad litem volunteer may not be required or directed by 247 the program or a court to transport a child.

248 8. The office shall submit to the Governor, the President 249 of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and 250 the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court an interim report 251 describing the progress of the office in meeting the goals as 252 described in this section. The office shall submit to the 253 Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House 254 of Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court a 255 proposed plan including alternatives for meeting the state's 256 guardian ad litem and attorney ad litem needs. This plan may 257 include recommendations for less than the entire state, may 258 include a phase-in system, and shall include estimates of the 259 cost of each of the alternatives. Each year the office shall 260 provide a status report and provide further recommendations to 261 address the need for quardian ad litem services and related 262 issues.

9. The office shall develop guidelines to identify any possible conflicts of interest of a guardian ad litem when he or she is being considered for assignment to a child's case. The office must not assign a guardian ad litem for whom a conflict of interest has been identified to a child's case. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "conflicts of interest" means the guardian ad litem:

270 <u>a. Has a personal relationship that could influence a</u>
 271 <u>recommendation regarding a child whom he or she is serving as a</u>

Page 10 of 59

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272	guardian ad litem;
273	b. Is in a position to derive a personal benefit from his
274	or her role as a guardian ad litem; or
275	c. Has a particular factor or circumstance, including
276	personal bias or prejudice against a protected class of the
277	child or the child's family, that prevents or substantially
278	impairs his or her ability to fairly and fully discharge the
279	duties of the guardian ad litem.
280	(c) The Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office shall identify
281	any guardian ad litem who is experiencing an issue with his or
282	her physical or mental health or who appears to present a danger
283	to any child to whom the guardian ad litem is assigned. As soon
284	as possible after identification, the office must remove such
285	guardian ad litem from all assigned cases, terminate his or her
286	volunteer services with the Guardian Ad Litem Program, and
287	disclose such action to the appropriate circuit court.
288	Section 7. Section 39.83, Florida Statutes, is created to
289	read:
290	39.83 Statewide Office of Child Representation;
291	qualifications, appointment, and duties of executive director
292	and attorney for the child
293	(1) STATEWIDE OFFICE OF CHILD REPRESENTATION
294	(a) There is created a Statewide Office of Child
295	Representation within the Justice Administrative Commission. The
296	Justice Administrative Commission shall provide administrative
297	support and services to the statewide office as directed by the
298	executive director within the available resources of the
299	commission. The statewide office is not subject to control,
300	supervision, or direction by the Justice Administrative

163466

301	Commission in the performance of its duties, but the employees
302	of the office are governed by the classification plan and salary
303	and benefits plan approved by the Justice Administrative
304	Commission.
305	(b) The head of the Statewide Office of Child
306	Representation is the executive director who must be a member of
307	The Florida Bar in good standing for at least 5 years and have
308	knowledge of dependency law and the social service delivery
309	systems available to meet the needs of children who are abused,
310	neglected, or abandoned. The executive director shall be
311	appointed in accordance with the process, and serve in
312	accordance with the terms and requirements, provided in s.
313	39.8296(2)(a) for the head of the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem
314	Office. The appointment for the initial executive director must
315	be completed by January 1, 2022.
316	(c) The Statewide Office of Child Representation, within
317	available resources of the Justice Administrative Commission, is
318	responsible for oversight of, and for providing technical
319	assistance to, all offices of child representation in this
320	state. The statewide office:
321	1. Shall identify the resources required to implement
322	methods of collecting, reporting, and tracking reliable and
323	consistent case data;
324	2. Shall review and collect information relating to offices
325	of child representation and other models of attorney
326	representation of children in other states;
327	3. In consultation with the regional offices of child
328	representation established under subsection (2), shall develop
329	statewide performance measures and standards;

Page 12 of 59

330	4. Shall develop a training program for each attorney for
331	the child. To that end, the statewide office shall establish a
332	curriculum committee composed of members including, but not
333	limited to, a dependency judge, a director of circuit guardian
334	ad litem programs, an active certified guardian ad litem, a
335	mental health professional who specializes in the treatment of
336	children, a member of a child advocacy group, a representative
337	of a domestic violence advocacy group, an individual with at
338	least a Master of Social Work degree, and a social worker
339	experienced in working with victims and perpetrators of child
340	abuse;
341	5. Shall develop protocols that must be implemented to
342	assist children who are represented by the Statewide Office of
343	Child Representation, regional offices, or its contracted local
344	agencies in meeting eligibility requirements to receive all
345	available federal funding. This subparagraph may not be
346	construed to mean that the protocols may interfere with zealous
347	and effective representation of the children;
348	6. Shall review the various methods of funding the regional
349	offices, maximize the use of those funding sources to the extent
350	possible, and review the kinds of services being provided by the
351	regional offices;
352	7. Shall determine the feasibility or desirability of new
353	concepts of organization, administration, financing, or service
354	delivery designed to preserve the civil and constitutional
355	rights of, and fulfill other needs of, dependent children 10
356	years of age and older;
357	8. Shall submit to the Governor, the President of the
358	Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
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Chief Justice of the Supreme Court:	
a. An interim report describing the progress of the	
statewide office in meeting the responsibilities described in	
this paragraph.	
b. A proposed plan that includes alternatives for meeting	
the representation needs of children in this state. The plan may	
include recommendations for implementation in only a portion of	
this state or phased-in statewide implementation and must	
include an estimate of the cost of each such alternative.	
c. An annual status report that includes any additional	
recommendations for addressing the representation needs of	
children in this state and related issues.	
(d) The department or community-based care lead agency	
shall take any steps necessary to obtain all available federal	
funding and maintain compliance with eligibility requirements.	
(e) The office may contract with a local nonprofit agency	
to provide direct attorney representation to a child if the	
office determines that the contract is the most efficient method	
to satisfy its statutory duties and if federal funding has been	
approved for this purpose. The office must ensure that	
reimbursement of any Title IV-E funds is properly documented.	
(2) REGIONAL OFFICES OF CHILD REPRESENTATION	
(a) An office of child representation is created within the	
area served by each of the five district courts of appeal. The	
offices shall commence fulfilling their statutory purpose and	
duties on July 1, 2022.	
(b) Each office of child representation is assigned to the	
Justice Administrative Commission for administrative purposes.	
The commission shall provide administrative support and service	

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388	to the offices within the available resources of the commission.
389	The offices are not subject to control, supervision, or
390	direction by the commission in the performance of their duties,
391	but the employees of the offices are governed by the
392	classification plan and the salary and benefits plan for the
393	commission.
394	(3) CHILD REPRESENTATION COUNSEL; DUTIES.—The child
395	representation counsel shall serve on a full-time basis and may
396	not engage in the private practice of law while holding office.
397	Each assistant child representation counsel shall give priority
398	and preference to his or her duties as assistant child
399	representation counsel and may not otherwise engage in the
400	practice of dependency law. However, a part-time child
401	representation counsel may practice dependency law for private
402	payment so long as the representation does not result in a legal
403	or ethical conflict of interest with a case in which the office
404	of child representation is providing representation.
405	Section 8. Section 39.831, Florida Statutes, is created to
406	read:
407	39.831 Attorney for the child
408	(1) APPOINTMENT
409	(a) Attorney for the child:
410	1. Shall be appointed by the court as provided in s.
411	<u>39.01305(3);</u>
412	2. Shall be appointed by the court for any child who
413	reaches 10 years of age or older on or after July 1, 2022, and
414	who is the subject of a dependency proceeding under this chapter
415	or a related adoption proceeding; or
416	3. May be appointed at the court's discretion upon a

Page 15 of 59

163466

417 finding that circumstances exist which require the appointment. 418 (b) The court shall appoint the Statewide Office of Child Representation unless the child is otherwise represented by 419 420 counsel. 421 (c) Unless the attorney has agreed to provide pro bono 422 services, an appointed attorney or organization must be 423 adequately compensated. All appointed attorneys and 424 organizations, including pro bono attorneys, must be provided 425 with access to funding for expert witnesses, depositions, and 426 other due process costs of litigation. Payment of attorney fees 427 and case-related due process costs are subject to appropriations 428 and review by the Justice Administrative Commission for 429 reasonableness. The Justice Administrative Commission shall 430 contract with attorneys appointed by the court. Attorney fees 431 may not exceed \$1,000 per child per year. 432 (d) In cases in which one or both parents are financially able, the parent or parents, as applicable, of the child shall 433 reimburse the court, in whole or in part, for the cost of 434 435 services provided under this section; however, reimbursement for 436 services provided by the attorney for the child may not be 437 contingent upon successful collection by the court of 438 reimbursement from the parent or parents. 439 (e) Once an attorney for the child is appointed, the 440 appointment continues in effect until the attorney for the child 441 is allowed to withdraw or is discharged by the court or until 442 the case is dismissed. An attorney for the child who is 443 appointed under this section to represent a child shall provide 444 all required legal services from the time of the child's removal from home or of the attorney for the child's initial appointment 445

Page 16 of 59

163466

446 through all appellate proceedings. With the permission of the 447 court, the appointed attorney for the child may arrange for 448 supplemental or separate counsel to represent the child in 449 appellate proceedings. A court order appointing an attorney for 450 the child under this section must be in writing. 451 (2) ACCESS TO RECORDS.-Upon presentation of a court order 452 appointing an attorney for the child: 453 (a) An agency as defined in chapter 119 must allow the 454 attorney for the child to inspect and copy records related to 455 the child who is the subject of the appointment, including, but 456 not limited to, records made confidential or exempt from s. 119.07(1) or s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The 457 458 attorney for the child shall maintain the confidential or exempt 459 status of any records shared by an agency under this paragraph. 460 (b) A person or an organization, other than an agency under 461 paragraph (a), must allow the attorney for the child to inspect and copy any records related to the child who is the subject of 462 the appointment, including, but not limited to, confidential 463 464 records. 465 466 For the purposes of this subsection, the term "records" includes, but is not limited to, medical, mental health, 467 468 substance abuse, child care, education, law enforcement, court, 469 social services, and financial records. 470 (3) COURT HEARINGS. - The attorney for the child shall review 471 all disposition recommendations and changes in placements and 472 file all appropriate motions on behalf of the child at least 72 473 hours before the hearing. 474 (4) PROCEDURES. - The department shall develop procedures to

Page 17 of 59

163466

475	request that a court appoint an attorney for the child
	request that a court appoint an attorney for the child.
476	(5) RULEMAKINGThe department may adopt rules to implement
477	this section.
478	Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 28.345, Florida
479	Statutes, is amended to read:
480	28.345 State access to records; exemption from court-
481	related fees and charges
482	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the clerk
483	of the circuit court shall, upon request, provide access to
484	public records without charge to the state attorney, public
485	defender, guardian ad litem, public guardian, attorney ad litem,
486	criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, <u>court-appointed</u>
487	attorney for the child, and private court-appointed counsel paid
488	by the state, and to authorized staff acting on their behalf.
489	The clerk of court may provide the requested public record in an
490	electronic format in lieu of a paper format if the requesting
491	entity is capable of accessing such public record
492	electronically.
493	Section 10. Paragraph (j) of subsection (3) and paragraph
494	(a) of subsection (10) of section 39.001, Florida Statutes, are
495	amended to read:
496	39.001 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and
497	screening
498	(3) GENERAL PROTECTIONS FOR CHILDRENIt is a purpose of
499	the Legislature that the children of this state be provided with
500	the following protections:
501	(j) The ability to contact their guardian ad litem or
502	attorney for the child attorney ad litem, if appointed, by
503	having that individual's name entered on all orders of the



504 court.

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(10) PLAN FOR COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH.-

506 (a) The office shall develop a state plan for the promotion 507 of adoption, support of adoptive families, and prevention of 508 abuse, abandonment, and neglect of children. The Department of 509 Children and Families, the Department of Corrections, the 510 Department of Education, the Department of Health, the 511 Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Law 512 Enforcement, and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities shall 513 participate and fully cooperate in the development of the state 514 plan at both the state and local levels. Furthermore, 515 appropriate local agencies and organizations shall be provided 516 an opportunity to participate in the development of the state 517 plan at the local level. Appropriate local groups and 518 organizations shall include, but not be limited to, community 519 mental health centers; guardian ad litem programs for children 520 under the circuit court; child representation counsel regional 521 offices; the school boards of the local school districts; the 522 Florida local advocacy councils; community-based care lead 523 agencies; private or public organizations or programs with 524 recognized expertise in working with child abuse prevention 525 programs for children and families; private or public 526 organizations or programs with recognized expertise in working 527 with children who are sexually abused, physically abused, 528 emotionally abused, abandoned, or neglected and with expertise 529 in working with the families of such children; private or public 530 programs or organizations with expertise in maternal and infant 531 health care; multidisciplinary Child Protection Teams; child day 532 care centers; law enforcement agencies; and the circuit courts,

163466

533 when guardian ad litem programs <u>and attorney for the child</u> are 534 not available in the local area. The state plan to be provided 535 to the Legislature and the Governor shall include, as a minimum, 536 the information required of the various groups in paragraph (b).

537 Section 11. Subsections (2) and (4) of 39.00145, Florida 538 Statutes, are amended to read:

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39.00145 Records concerning children.-

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, all records in a child's case record must be made available for inspection, upon request, to the child who is the subject of the case record and to the child's caregiver, guardian ad litem, or attorney for the child attorney.

(a) A complete and accurate copy of any record in a child's case record must be provided, upon request and at no cost, to the child who is the subject of the case record and to the child's caregiver, guardian ad litem, or attorney.

(b) The department shall release the information in a manner and setting that are appropriate to the age and maturity of the child and the nature of the information being released, which may include the release of information in a therapeutic setting, if appropriate. This paragraph does not deny the child access to his or her records.

(c) If a child or the child's caregiver, guardian ad litem, or <u>attorney for the child</u> attorney requests access to the child's case record, any person or entity that fails to provide any record in the case record under assertion of a claim of exemption from the public records requirements of chapter 119, or fails to provide access within a reasonable time, is subject to sanctions and penalties under s. 119.10.

Page 20 of 59

163466

(d) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "caregiver" is limited to parents, legal custodians, permanent guardians, or foster parents; employees of a residential home, institution, facility, or agency at which the child resides; and other individuals legally responsible for a child's welfare in a residential setting.

568 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all state 569 and local agencies and programs that provide services to 570 children or that are responsible for a child's safety, including 571 the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Health, 572 the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for 573 Persons with Disabilities, the Department of Education, the 574 Department of Revenue, the school districts, the Statewide 575 Guardian Ad Litem Office, the Statewide Office of Child 576 Representation, and any provider contracting with such agencies, 577 may share with each other confidential records or information 578 that are confidential or exempt from disclosure under chapter 579 119 if the records or information are reasonably necessary to 580 ensure access to appropriate services for the child, including 581 child support enforcement services, or for the safety of the 582 child. However:

583 (a) Records or information made confidential by federal law584 may not be shared.

(b) This subsection does not apply to information concerning clients and records of certified domestic violence centers, which are confidential under s. 39.908 and privileged under s. 90.5036.

589 Section 12. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 39.0132, 590 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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39.0132 Oaths, records, and confidential information.-(3) The clerk shall keep all court records required by this chapter separate from other records of the circuit court. All court records required by this chapter shall not be open to inspection by the public. All records shall be inspected only upon order of the court by persons deemed by the court to have a proper interest therein, except that, subject to the provisions of s. 63.162, a child, and the parents of the child and their attorneys, guardian ad litem, attorney for the child, law enforcement agencies, and the department and its designees shall always have the right to inspect and copy any official record pertaining to the child. The Justice Administrative Commission may inspect court dockets required by this chapter as necessary to audit compensation of court-appointed attorneys. If the docket is insufficient for purposes of the audit, the commission may petition the court for additional documentation as necessary and appropriate. The court may permit authorized representatives of recognized organizations compiling statistics for proper purposes to inspect and make abstracts from official records, under whatever conditions upon their use and disposition the court may deem proper, and may punish by contempt proceedings any violation of those conditions.

(4) (a)1. All information obtained pursuant to this part in the discharge of official duty by any judge, employee of the court, authorized agent of the department, correctional probation officer, or law enforcement agent is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and may not be disclosed to anyone other than the authorized personnel of the court, the department and its designees, correctional probation officers, law

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620 enforcement agents, guardian ad litem, attorney for the child, 621 and others entitled under this chapter to receive that 622 information, except upon order of the court.

2.a. The following information held by a quardian ad litem is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:

626 (I) Medical, mental health, substance abuse, child care, 627 education, law enforcement, court, social services, and financial records. 62.8

(II) Any other information maintained by a guardian ad 630 litem which is identified as confidential information under this 631 chapter.

632 b. Such confidential and exempt information may not be 633 disclosed to anyone other than the authorized personnel of the 634 court, the department and its designees, correctional probation 635 officers, law enforcement agents, guardians ad litem, and others 636 entitled under this chapter to receive that information, except 637 upon order of the court.

638 (b) The department shall disclose to the school 639 superintendent the presence of any child in the care and custody 640 or under the jurisdiction or supervision of the department who 641 has a known history of criminal sexual behavior with other 642 juveniles; is an alleged juvenile sex offender, as defined in s. 643 39.01; or has pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or has been 644 found to have committed, a violation of chapter 794, chapter 645 796, chapter 800, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0133, regardless of 646 adjudication. Any employee of a district school board who 647 knowingly and willfully discloses such information to an 648 unauthorized person commits a misdemeanor of the second degree,

Page 23 of 59

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649 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

650 Section 13. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) of 651 section 39.0139, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

39.0139 Visitation or other contact; restrictions.-

(4) HEARINGS.—A person who meets any of the criteria set forth in paragraph (3)(a) who seeks to begin or resume contact with the child victim shall have the right to an evidentiary hearing to determine whether contact is appropriate.

(a) <u>Before</u> Prior to the hearing, the court shall appoint <u>an</u> <u>attorney for the child</u> an attorney ad litem or a guardian ad litem, as appropriate, for the child if one has not already been appointed. Any <u>attorney for the child</u> attorney ad litem or guardian ad litem appointed shall have special training in the dynamics of child sexual abuse.

(b) At the hearing, the court may receive and rely upon any relevant and material evidence submitted to the extent of its probative value, including written and oral reports or recommendations from the Child Protection Team, the child's therapist, <u>or</u> the child's guardian ad litem, or the child's attorney ad litem, even if these reports, recommendations, and evidence may not be admissible under the rules of evidence.

Section 14. Paragraphs (k) and (t) of subsection (2) of section 39.202, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

39.202 Confidentiality of reports and records in cases of child abuse or neglect.-

674 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), access to such
675 records, excluding the name of, or other identifying information
676 with respect to, the reporter which shall be released only as
677 provided in subsection (5), shall be granted only to the

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. SB 1920



678 following persons, officials, and agencies:

(k) Any appropriate official of a Florida advocacy council investigating a report of known or suspected child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; the Auditor General or the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability for the purpose of conducting audits or examinations pursuant to law; or the <u>child's</u> guardian ad litem <u>or attorney for the child</u> for the child.

686 (t) Persons with whom the department is seeking to place 687 the child or to whom placement has been granted, including 688 foster parents for whom an approved home study has been 689 conducted, the designee of a licensed child-caring agency as 690 defined in s. 39.01(42) s. 39.01(41), an approved relative or 691 nonrelative with whom a child is placed pursuant to s. 39.402, 692 preadoptive parents for whom a favorable preliminary adoptive 693 home study has been conducted, adoptive parents, or an adoption 694 entity acting on behalf of preadoptive or adoptive parents.

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 39.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.302 Protective investigations of institutional child abuse, abandonment, or neglect.-

699 (1) The department shall conduct a child protective 700 investigation of each report of institutional child abuse, 701 abandonment, or neglect. Upon receipt of a report that alleges 702 that an employee or agent of the department, or any other entity 703 or person covered by s. 39.01(38) or (55) s. 39.01(37) or (54), 704 acting in an official capacity, has committed an act of child 705 abuse, abandonment, or neglect, the department shall initiate a 706 child protective investigation within the timeframe established

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707 under s. 39.201(5) and notify the appropriate state attorney, 708 law enforcement agency, and licensing agency, which shall 709 immediately conduct a joint investigation, unless independent 710 investigations are more feasible. When conducting investigations 711 or having face-to-face interviews with the child, investigation 712 visits shall be unannounced unless it is determined by the 713 department or its agent that unannounced visits threaten the 714 safety of the child. If a facility is exempt from licensing, the 715 department shall inform the owner or operator of the facility of 716 the report. Each agency conducting a joint investigation is 717 entitled to full access to the information gathered by the 718 department in the course of the investigation. A protective 719 investigation must include an interview with the child's parent 720 or legal guardian. The department shall make a full written 721 report to the state attorney within 3 working days after making 722 the oral report. A criminal investigation shall be coordinated, 723 whenever possible, with the child protective investigation of 724 the department. Any interested person who has information 725 regarding the offenses described in this subsection may forward 726 a statement to the state attorney as to whether prosecution is 727 warranted and appropriate. Within 15 days after the completion 728 of the investigation, the state attorney shall report the 729 findings to the department and shall include in the report a 730 determination of whether or not prosecution is justified and 731 appropriate in view of the circumstances of the specific case. 732

Section 16. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) and paragraph (a) of subsection (14) of section 39.402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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39.402 Placement in a shelter.-

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736 (8) (c) At the shelter hearing, the court shall: 737 1. Appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the best 738 739 interest of the child or an attorney for the child to provide 740 direct representation as provided in part XI, unless the court 741 finds that such representation is unnecessary; 742 2. Inform the parents or legal custodians of their right to 743 counsel to represent them at the shelter hearing and at each subsequent hearing or proceeding, and the right of the parents 744 745 to appointed counsel, pursuant to the procedures set forth in s. 746 39.013; 747 3. Give the parents or legal custodians an opportunity to 748 be heard and to present evidence; and 749 4. Inquire of those present at the shelter hearing as to 750 the identity and location of the legal father. In determining 751 who the legal father of the child may be, the court shall 752 inquire under oath of those present at the shelter hearing 753 whether they have any of the following information: 754 a. Whether the mother of the child was married at the 755 probable time of conception of the child or at the time of birth 756 of the child. 757 b. Whether the mother was cohabiting with a male at the 758 probable time of conception of the child. 759 c. Whether the mother has received payments or promises of support with respect to the child or because of her pregnancy 760 from a man who claims to be the father. 761 762 d. Whether the mother has named any man as the father on 763 the birth certificate of the child or in connection with 764 applying for or receiving public assistance.

Page 27 of 59

765	e. Whether any man has acknowledged or claimed paternity of
766	the child in a jurisdiction in which the mother resided at the
767	time of or since conception of the child or in which the child
768	has resided or resides.
769	f. Whether a man is named on the birth certificate of the
770	child pursuant to s. 382.013(2).
771	g. Whether a man has been determined by a court order to be
772	the father of the child.
773	h. Whether a man has been determined to be the father of
774	the child by the Department of Revenue as provided in s.
775	409.256.
776	(14) The time limitations in this section do not include:
777	(a) Periods of delay resulting from a continuance granted
778	at the request or with the consent of the attorney for the child
779	or the child's counsel or the child's guardian ad litem, if one
780	has been appointed by the court, or, if the child is of
781	sufficient capacity to express reasonable consent, at the
782	request or with the consent of the attorney for the child
783	child's attorney or the child's guardian ad litem, if one has
784	been appointed by the court, and the child.
785	Section 17. Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (3) and
786	subsection (6) of section 39.407, Florida Statutes, are amended
787	to read:
788	39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination
789	and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse
790	examination of person with or requesting child custody
791	(3)
792	(e)1. If the child's prescribing physician or psychiatric
793	nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, certifies in the signed medical



794 report required in paragraph (c) that delay in providing a 795 prescribed psychotropic medication would more likely than not 796 cause significant harm to the child, the medication may be provided in advance of the issuance of a court order. In such 797 798 event, the medical report must provide the specific reasons why 799 the child may experience significant harm and the nature and the 800 extent of the potential harm. The department must submit a 801 motion seeking continuation of the medication and the 802 physician's or psychiatric nurse's medical report to the court, 803 the child's guardian ad litem or the attorney for the child, and 804 all other parties within 3 working days after the department 805 commences providing the medication to the child. The department 806 shall seek the order at the next regularly scheduled court 807 hearing required under this chapter, or within 30 days after the 808 date of the prescription, whichever occurs sooner. If any party 809 objects to the department's motion, the court shall hold a 810 hearing within 7 days.

811 2. Psychotropic medications may be administered in advance 812 of a court order in hospitals, crisis stabilization units, and 813 in statewide inpatient psychiatric programs. Within 3 working 814 days after the medication is begun, the department must seek 815 court authorization as described in paragraph (c).

(f)1. The department shall fully inform the court of the child's medical and behavioral status as part of the social services report prepared for each judicial review hearing held for a child for whom psychotropic medication has been prescribed or provided under this subsection. As a part of the information provided to the court, the department shall furnish copies of all pertinent medical records concerning the child which have

3/15/2021 12:22:59 PM



been generated since the previous hearing. On its own motion or on good cause shown by any party, including any guardian ad litem, or the child attorney, or attorney ad litem who has been appointed to represent the child or the child's interests, the court may review the status more frequently than required in this subsection.

829 2. The court may, in the best interests of the child, order 830 the department to obtain a medical opinion addressing whether 831 the continued use of the medication under the circumstances is 832 safe and medically appropriate.

833 (6) Children who are in the legal custody of the department 834 may be placed by the department, without prior approval of the 835 court, in a residential treatment center licensed under s. 836 394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 395 for residential 837 mental health treatment only pursuant to this section or may be 838 placed by the court in accordance with an order of involuntary 839 examination or involuntary placement entered pursuant to s. 840 394.463 or s. 394.467. All children placed in a residential 841 treatment program under this subsection must be appointed have a 842 guardian ad litem and an attorney for the child appointed.

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(a) As used in this subsection, the term:

844 1. "Residential treatment" means placement for observation, 845 diagnosis, or treatment of an emotional disturbance in a 846 residential treatment center licensed under s. 394.875 or a 847 hospital licensed under chapter 395.

848 2. "Least restrictive alternative" means the treatment and 849 conditions of treatment that, separately and in combination, are 850 no more intrusive or restrictive of freedom than reasonably 851 necessary to achieve a substantial therapeutic benefit or to

163466

852 protect the child or adolescent or others from physical injury. 853 3. "Suitable for residential treatment" or "suitability" 854 means a determination concerning a child or adolescent with an 855 emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) or a serious 856 emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(6) that each of 857 the following criteria is met:

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a. The child requires residential treatment.

b. The child is in need of a residential treatment program and is expected to benefit from mental health treatment.

c. An appropriate, less restrictive alternative to residential treatment is unavailable.

863 (b) Whenever the department believes that a child in its 864 legal custody is emotionally disturbed and may need residential 865 treatment, an examination and suitability assessment must be 866 conducted by a qualified evaluator who is appointed by the 867 Agency for Health Care Administration. This suitability 868 assessment must be completed before the placement of the child 869 in a residential treatment center for emotionally disturbed 870 children and adolescents or a hospital. The qualified evaluator 871 must be a psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed in Florida who 872 has at least 3 years of experience in the diagnosis and 873 treatment of serious emotional disturbances in children and 874 adolescents and who has no actual or perceived conflict of 875 interest with any inpatient facility or residential treatment 876 center or program.

(c) Before a child is admitted under this subsection, the child shall be assessed for suitability for residential treatment by a qualified evaluator who has conducted a personal examination and assessment of the child and has made written

Page 31 of 59



881 findings that:

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1. The child appears to have an emotional disturbance serious enough to require residential treatment and is reasonably likely to benefit from the treatment.

2. The child has been provided with a clinically
appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the
treatment.

3. All available modalities of treatment less restrictive than residential treatment have been considered, and a less restrictive alternative that would offer comparable benefits to the child is unavailable.

A copy of the written findings of the evaluation and suitability assessment must be provided to the department, to the guardian ad litem <u>and attorney for the child</u>, and, if the child is a member of a Medicaid managed care plan, to the plan that is financially responsible for the child's care in residential treatment, all of whom must be provided with the opportunity to discuss the findings with the evaluator.

(d) Immediately upon placing a child in a residential treatment program under this section, the department must notify the guardian ad litem, the attorney for the child, and the court having jurisdiction over the child and must provide the guardian ad litem, the attorney for the child, and the court with a copy of the assessment by the qualified evaluator.

906 (e) Within 10 days after the admission of a child to a 907 residential treatment program, the director of the residential 908 treatment program or the director's designee must ensure that an 909 individualized plan of treatment has been prepared by the

163466

910 program and has been explained to the child, to the department, and to the guardian ad litem, and to the attorney for the child, 911 912 and submitted to the department. The child must be involved in 913 the preparation of the plan to the maximum feasible extent 914 consistent with his or her ability to understand and 915 participate, and the guardian ad litem, the attorney for the 916 child, and the child's foster parents must be involved to the 917 maximum extent consistent with the child's treatment needs. The 918 plan must include a preliminary plan for residential treatment 919 and aftercare upon completion of residential treatment. The plan must include specific behavioral and emotional goals against 920 921 which the success of the residential treatment may be measured. 922 A copy of the plan must be provided to the child, to the 923 guardian ad litem, to the attorney for the child, and to the 924 department.

925 (f) Within 30 days after admission, the residential 926 treatment program must review the appropriateness and 927 suitability of the child's placement in the program. The 928 residential treatment program must determine whether the child 929 is receiving benefit toward the treatment goals and whether the 930 child could be treated in a less restrictive treatment program. 931 The residential treatment program shall prepare a written report 932 of its findings and submit the report to the guardian ad litem, 933 to the attorney for the child, and to the department. The 934 department must submit the report to the court. The report must 935 include a discharge plan for the child. The residential 936 treatment program must continue to evaluate the child's 937 treatment progress every 30 days thereafter and must include its 938 findings in a written report submitted to the department. The

Page 33 of 59



939 department may not reimburse a facility until the facility has 940 submitted every written report that is due.

(g)1. The department must submit, at the beginning of each 941 942 month, to the court having jurisdiction over the child, a 943 written report regarding the child's progress toward achieving 944 the goals specified in the individualized plan of treatment.

945 2. The court must conduct a hearing to review the status of 946 the child's residential treatment plan no later than 60 days after the child's admission to the residential treatment 947 948 program. An independent review of the child's progress toward 949 achieving the goals and objectives of the treatment plan must be 950 completed by a qualified evaluator and submitted to the court 951 before its 60-day review.

3. For any child in residential treatment at the time a 953 judicial review is held pursuant to s. 39.701, the child's continued placement in residential treatment must be a subject 954 955 of the judicial review.

956 4. If at any time the court determines that the child is 957 not suitable for continued residential treatment, the court 958 shall order the department to place the child in the least 959 restrictive setting that is best suited to meet his or her 960 needs.

961 (h) After the initial 60-day review, the court must conduct 962 a review of the child's residential treatment plan every 90 963 days.

964 (i) The department must adopt rules for implementing 965 timeframes for the completion of suitability assessments by 966 qualified evaluators and a procedure that includes timeframes 967 for completing the 60-day independent review by the qualified

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. SB 1920

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968 evaluators of the child's progress toward achieving the goals 969 and objectives of the treatment plan which review must be 970 submitted to the court. The Agency for Health Care 971 Administration must adopt rules for the registration of 972 qualified evaluators, the procedure for selecting the evaluators 973 to conduct the reviews required under this section, and a reasonable, cost-efficient fee schedule for qualified 974 975 evaluators.

Section 18. Subsections (20) and (21) of section 39.4085, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

39.4085 Legislative findings and declaration of intent for goals for dependent children.—The Legislature finds and declares that the design and delivery of child welfare services should be directed by the principle that the health and safety of children should be of paramount concern and, therefore, establishes the following goals for children in shelter or foster care:

(20) To have a guardian ad litem appointed to represent, within reason, their best interests; and, as appropriate, have an attorney for the child and, where appropriate, an attorney ad litem appointed to represent their legal interests.; The guardian ad litem and attorney for the child attorney ad litem shall have immediate and unlimited access to the children they represent.

991 (21) To have all their records available for review by 992 their guardian ad litem <u>or attorney for the child, as</u> 993 <u>applicable, and attorney ad litem</u> if they deem such review 994 necessary.

996 The provisions of this section establish goals and not rights.

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997 Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as requiring the 998 delivery of any particular service or level of service in excess 999 of existing appropriations. No person shall have a cause of 1000 action against the state or any of its subdivisions, agencies, 1001 contractors, subcontractors, or agents, based upon the adoption 1002 of or failure to provide adequate funding for the achievement of these goals by the Legislature. Nothing herein shall require the 1003 1004 expenditure of funds to meet the goals established herein except 1005 funds specifically appropriated for such purpose.

Section 19. Subsections (8), (12), (13), (14), and (17) of section 39.502, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

39.502 Notice, process, and service.-

1009 (8) It is not necessary to the validity of a proceeding covered by this part that the parents be present if their 1011 identity or residence is unknown after a diligent search has 1012 been made, but in this event the petitioner shall file an 1013 affidavit of diligent search prepared by the person who made the search and inquiry, and the court may appoint a guardian ad 1014 1015 litem for the child or an attorney for the child, as 1016 appropriate.

1017 (12) All process and orders issued by the court shall be served or executed as other process and orders of the circuit 1018 1019 court and, in addition, may be served or executed by authorized 1020 agents of the department or the guardian ad litem or attorney 1021 for the child, as applicable.

1022 (13) Subpoenas may be served within the state by any person 1023 over 18 years of age who is not a party to the proceeding and, in addition, may be served by authorized agents of the 1024 department or the guardian ad litem or attorney for the child, 1025

Page 36 of 59


1026 as applicable.

(14) No fee shall be paid for service of any process or other papers by an agent of the department or the guardian ad litem <u>or attorney for the child, as applicable</u>. If any process, orders, or any other papers are served or executed by any sheriff, the sheriff's fees shall be paid by the county.

(17) The parent or legal custodian of the child, the attorney for the department, the guardian ad litem <u>or attorney</u> for the child, as applicable, the foster or preadoptive parents, and all other parties and participants shall be given reasonable notice of all proceedings and hearings provided for under this part. All foster or preadoptive parents must be provided with at least 72 hours' notice, verbally or in writing, of all proceedings or hearings relating to children in their care or children they are seeking to adopt to ensure the ability to provide input to the court.

Section 20. Paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (1) of section 39.521, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

39.521 Disposition hearings; powers of disposition.-

(1) A disposition hearing shall be conducted by the court, if the court finds that the facts alleged in the petition for dependency were proven in the adjudicatory hearing, or if the parents or legal custodians have consented to the finding of dependency or admitted the allegations in the petition, have failed to appear for the arraignment hearing after proper notice, or have not been located despite a diligent search having been conducted.

(c) When any child is adjudicated by a court to be dependent, the court having jurisdiction of the child has the



1055 power by order to:

1. Require the parent and, when appropriate, the legal 1056 1057 guardian or the child to participate in treatment and services 1058 identified as necessary. The court may require the person who 1059 has custody or who is requesting custody of the child to submit 1060 to a mental health or substance abuse disorder assessment or 1061 evaluation. The order may be made only upon good cause shown and 1062 pursuant to notice and procedural requirements provided under 1063 the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure. The mental health 1064 assessment or evaluation must be administered by a qualified 1065 professional as defined in s. 39.01, and the substance abuse 1066 assessment or evaluation must be administered by a qualified 1067 professional as defined in s. 397.311. The court may also 1068 require such person to participate in and comply with treatment 1069 and services identified as necessary, including, when 1070 appropriate and available, participation in and compliance with 1071 a mental health court program established under chapter 394 or a 1072 treatment-based drug court program established under s. 397.334. 1073 Adjudication of a child as dependent based upon evidence of harm 1074 as defined in s. 39.01(36)(g) s. 39.01(35)(g) demonstrates good 1075 cause, and the court shall require the parent whose actions 1076 caused the harm to submit to a substance abuse disorder 1077 assessment or evaluation and to participate and comply with treatment and services identified in the assessment or 1078 1079 evaluation as being necessary. In addition to supervision by the department, the court, including the mental health court program 1080 1081 or the treatment-based drug court program, may oversee the progress and compliance with treatment by a person who has 1082 custody or is requesting custody of the child. The court may 1083

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1084 impose appropriate available sanctions for noncompliance upon a 1085 person who has custody or is requesting custody of the child or make a finding of noncompliance for consideration in determining 1086 1087 whether an alternative placement of the child is in the child's 1088 best interests. Any order entered under this subparagraph may be 1089 made only upon good cause shown. This subparagraph does not 1090 authorize placement of a child with a person seeking custody of 1091 the child, other than the child's parent or legal custodian, who 1092 requires mental health or substance abuse disorder treatment.

2. Require, if the court deems necessary, the parties to participate in dependency mediation.

1095 3. Require placement of the child either under the 1096 protective supervision of an authorized agent of the department 1097 in the home of one or both of the child's parents or in the home 1098 of a relative of the child or another adult approved by the 1099 court, or in the custody of the department. Protective 1100 supervision continues until the court terminates it or until the child reaches the age of 18, whichever date is first. Protective 1101 1102 supervision shall be terminated by the court whenever the court 1103 determines that permanency has been achieved for the child, 1104 whether with a parent, another relative, or a legal custodian, 1105 and that protective supervision is no longer needed. The 1106 termination of supervision may be with or without retaining jurisdiction, at the court's discretion, and shall in either 1107 1108 case be considered a permanency option for the child. The order 1109 terminating supervision by the department must set forth the 1110 powers of the custodian of the child and include the powers ordinarily granted to a guardian of the person of a minor unless 1111 otherwise specified. Upon the court's termination of supervision 1112

3/15/2021 12:22:59 PM

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. SB 1920

163466

1113	by the department, further judicial reviews are not required if
1114	permanency has been established for the child.
1115	4. Determine whether the child has a strong attachment to
1116	the prospective permanent guardian and whether such guardian has
1117	a strong commitment to permanently caring for the child.
1118	(e) The court shall, in its written order of disposition,
1119	include all of the following:
1120	1. The placement or custody of the child.
1121	2. Special conditions of placement and visitation.
1122	3. Evaluation, counseling, treatment activities, and other
1123	actions to be taken by the parties, if ordered.
1124	4. The persons or entities responsible for supervising or
1125	monitoring services to the child and parent.
1126	5. Continuation or discharge of the guardian ad litem <u>or</u>
1127	attorney for the child if appointed, as appropriate.
1128	6. The date, time, and location of the next scheduled
1129	review hearing, which must occur within the earlier of:
1130	a. Ninety days after the disposition hearing;
1131	b. Ninety days after the court accepts the case plan;
1132	c. Six months after the date of the last review hearing; or
1133	d. Six months after the date of the child's removal from
1134	his or her home, if no review hearing has been held since the
1135	child's removal from the home.
1136	7. If the child is in an out-of-home placement, child
1137	support to be paid by the parents, or the guardian of the
1138	child's estate if possessed of assets which under law may be
1139	disbursed for the care, support, and maintenance of the child.
1140	The court may exercise jurisdiction over all child support
1141	matters, shall adjudicate the financial obligation, including
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Page 40 of 59



1142 health insurance, of the child's parents or guardian, and shall 1143 enforce the financial obligation as provided in chapter 61. The 1144 state's child support enforcement agency shall enforce child 1145 support orders under this section in the same manner as child 1146 support orders under chapter 61. Placement of the child shall 1147 not be contingent upon issuance of a support order.

1148 8.a. If the court does not commit the child to the 1149 temporary legal custody of an adult relative, legal custodian, 1150 or other adult approved by the court, the disposition order must 1151 include the reasons for such a decision and shall include a 1152 determination as to whether diligent efforts were made by the 1153 department to locate an adult relative, legal custodian, or 1154 other adult willing to care for the child in order to present 1155 that placement option to the court instead of placement with the 1156 department.

1157 b. If no suitable relative is found and the child is placed 1158 with the department or a legal custodian or other adult approved 1159 by the court, both the department and the court shall consider 1160 transferring temporary legal custody to an adult relative 1161 approved by the court at a later date, but neither the 1162 department nor the court is obligated to so place the child if 1163 it is in the child's best interest to remain in the current 1164 placement.

1166 For the purposes of this section, "diligent efforts to locate an 1167 adult relative" means a search similar to the diligent search 1168 for a parent, but without the continuing obligation to search 1169 after an initial adequate search is completed.

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9. Other requirements necessary to protect the health,

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1171 safety, and well-being of the child, to preserve the stability 1172 of the child's child care, early education program, or any other 1173 educational placement, and to promote family preservation or 1174 reunification whenever possible.

Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 39.523, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1198 1199 39.523 Placement in out-of-home care.-

(2) ASSESSMENT AND PLACEMENT.-When any child is removed from a home and placed into out-of-home care, a comprehensive placement assessment process shall be completed to determine the level of care needed by the child and match the child with the most appropriate placement.

(a) The community-based care lead agency or subcontracted 1183 1184 agency with the responsibility for assessment and placement must 1185 coordinate a multidisciplinary team staffing with any available 1186 individual currently involved with the child, including, but not 1187 limited to, a representative from the department and the case manager for the child; a therapist, attorney ad litem, a 1188 1189 quardian ad litem, an attorney for the child, teachers, coaches, 1190 and Children's Medical Services; and other community providers 1191 of services to the child or stakeholders as applicable. The team may also include clergy, relatives, and fictive kin if 1192 1193 appropriate. Team participants must gather data and information 1194 on the child which is known at the time including, but not 1195 limited to:

1196 1. Mental, medical, behavioral health, and medication 1197 history;

2. Community ties and school placement;

3. Current placement decisions relating to any siblings;

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1200 4. Alleged type of abuse or neglect including sexual abuse 1201 and trafficking history; and 1202 5. The child's age, maturity, strengths, hobbies or 1203 activities, and the child's preference for placement. 1204 Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1205 39.6011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1206 39.6011 Case plan development.-1207 (1) The department shall prepare a draft of the case plan 1208 for each child receiving services under this chapter. A parent 1209 of a child may not be threatened or coerced with the loss of 1210 custody or parental rights for failing to admit in the case plan 1211 of abusing, neglecting, or abandoning a child. Participating in 1212 the development of a case plan is not an admission to any 1213 allegation of abuse, abandonment, or neglect, and it is not a 1214 consent to a finding of dependency or termination of parental 1215 rights. The case plan shall be developed subject to the 1216 following requirements: 1217 (a) The case plan must be developed in a face-to-face 1218 conference with the parent of the child, any court-appointed 1219 guardian ad litem or attorney for the child, and, if 1220 appropriate, the child and the temporary custodian of the child. 1221 Section 23. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1222

39.6012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.6012 Case plan tasks; services.-

(1) The services to be provided to the parent and the tasks that must be completed are subject to the following:

(c) If there is evidence of harm as defined in s. $39.01(36)(q) = \frac{39.01(35)(q)}{(35)(q)}$, the case plan must include as a required task for the parent whose actions caused the harm that

Page 43 of 59

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1229 the parent submit to a substance abuse disorder assessment or 1230 evaluation and participate and comply with treatment and 1231 services identified in the assessment or evaluation as being 1232 necessary.

1233 Section 24. Subsection (8) of section 39.6251, Florida 1234 Statutes, is amended to read:

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39.6251 Continuing care for young adults.-

1236 (8) During the time that a young adult is in care, the 1237 court shall maintain jurisdiction to ensure that the department 1238 and the lead agencies are providing services and coordinate 1239 with, and maintain oversight of, other agencies involved in 1240 implementing the young adult's case plan, individual education 1241 plan, and transition plan. The court shall review the status of 1242 the young adult at least every 6 months and hold a permanency 1243 review hearing at least annually. If the young adult is 1244 appointed a guardian under chapter 744 or a guardian advocate 1245 under s. 393.12, at the permanency review hearing the court 1246 shall review the necessity of continuing the guardianship and 1247 whether restoration of quardianship proceedings are needed when the young adult reaches 22 years of age. The court may appoint 1248 1249 an attorney for the child a guardian ad litem or continue the appointment of a guardian ad litem or an attorney for the child, 1250 1251 as applicable, with the young adult's consent. The young adult 1252 or any other party to the dependency case may request an 1253 additional hearing or review.

Section 25. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 39.701, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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39.701 Judicial review.-



(1) GENERAL PROVISIONS.-

(b)1. The court shall retain jurisdiction over a child returned to his or her parents for a minimum period of 6 months following the reunification, but, at that time, based on a report of the social service agency and the guardian ad litem or attorney for the child, if one has been appointed, and any other relevant factors, the court shall make a determination as to whether supervision by the department and the court's jurisdiction shall continue or be terminated.

2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., the court must retain jurisdiction over a child if the child is placed in the home with a parent or caregiver with an in-home safety plan and such safety plan remains necessary for the child to reside safely in the home.

(2) REVIEW HEARINGS FOR CHILDREN YOUNGER THAN 18 YEARS OF AGE.-

(b) Submission and distribution of reports.-

1. A copy of the social service agency's written report and the written report of the quardian ad litem, and a report of the attorney for the child, if he or she has prepared one, must be served on all parties whose whereabouts are known; to the foster parents or legal custodians; and to the citizen review panel, at least 72 hours before the judicial review hearing or citizen review panel hearing. The requirement for providing parents with a copy of the written report does not apply to those parents who have voluntarily surrendered their child for adoption or who have had their parental rights to the child terminated.

2. In a case in which the child has been permanently placed 1286 with the social service agency, the agency shall furnish to the

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1287	court a written report concerning the progress being made to
1288	place the child for adoption. If the child cannot be placed for
1289	adoption, a report on the progress made by the child towards
1290	alternative permanency goals or placements, including, but not
1291	limited to, guardianship, long-term custody, long-term licensed
1292	custody, or independent living, must be submitted to the court.
1293	The report must be submitted to the court at least 72 hours
1294	before each scheduled judicial review.
1295	3. In addition to or in lieu of any written statement
1296	provided to the court, the foster parent or legal custodian, or
1297	any preadoptive parent, shall be given the opportunity to
1298	address the court with any information relevant to the best
1299	interests of the child at any judicial review hearing.
1300	Section 26. Paragraph (g) of subsection (5) of section
1301	39.702, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1302	39.702 Citizen review panels
1303	(5) The independent not-for-profit agency authorized to
1304	administer each citizen review panel shall:
1305	(g) Establish policies to ensure adequate communication
1306	with the parent, the foster parent or legal custodian, the
1307	guardian ad litem or attorney for the child, and any other
1308	person deemed appropriate.
1309	Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and subsections
1310	(5), (6), and (7) of section 39.801, Florida Statutes, are
1311	amended to read:
1312	39.801 Procedures and jurisdiction; notice; service of
1313	process
1314	(3) Before the court may terminate parental rights, in
1315	addition to the other requirements set forth in this part, the

Page 46 of 59

163466

1316	following requirements must be met:
1317	(a) Notice of the date, time, and place of the advisory
1318	hearing for the petition to terminate parental rights and a copy
1319	of the petition must be personally served upon the following
1320	persons, specifically notifying them that a petition has been
1321	filed:
1322	1. The parents of the child.
1323	2. The legal custodians of the child.
1324	3. If the parents who would be entitled to notice are dead
1325	or unknown, a living relative of the child, unless upon diligent
1326	search and inquiry no such relative can be found.
1327	4. Any person who has physical custody of the child.
1328	5. Any grandparent entitled to priority for adoption under
1329	s. 63.0425.
1330	6. Any prospective parent who has been identified under s.
1331	39.503 or s. 39.803, unless a court order has been entered
1332	pursuant to s. 39.503(4) or (9) or s. 39.803(4) or (9) which
1333	indicates no further notice is required. Except as otherwise
1334	provided in this section, if there is not a legal father, notice
1335	of the petition for termination of parental rights must be
1336	provided to any known prospective father who is identified under
1337	oath before the court or who is identified by a diligent search
1338	of the Florida Putative Father Registry. Service of the notice
1339	of the petition for termination of parental rights is not
1340	required if the prospective father executes an affidavit of
1341	nonpaternity or a consent to termination of his parental rights
1342	which is accepted by the court after notice and opportunity to
1343	be heard by all parties to address the best interests of the
1344	child in accepting such affidavit.

Page 47 of 59

163466

1345 7. The guardian ad litem for the child or the representative of the quardian ad litem program, if the program 1346 1347 has been appointed. 1348 8. The attorney for the child, if appointed. 1349 1350 The document containing the notice to respond or appear must 1351 contain, in type at least as large as the type in the balance of 1352 the document, the following or substantially similar language: 1353 "FAILURE TO PERSONALLY APPEAR AT THIS ADVISORY HEARING 1354 CONSTITUTES CONSENT TO THE TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS OF 1355 THIS CHILD (OR CHILDREN). IF YOU FAIL TO APPEAR ON THE DATE AND 1356 TIME SPECIFIED, YOU MAY LOSE ALL LEGAL RIGHTS AS A PARENT TO THE 1357 CHILD OR CHILDREN NAMED IN THE PETITION ATTACHED TO THIS 1358 NOTICE." 1359 (5) All process and orders issued by the court must be served or executed as other process and orders of the circuit 1360 court and, in addition, may be served or executed by authorized 1361 agents of the department, or the guardian ad litem, or the 1362 1363 attorney for the child. 1364 (6) Subpoenas may be served within the state by any person 1365 over 18 years of age who is not a party to the proceeding and, 1366 in addition, may be served or executed by authorized agents of 1367 the department, or of the guardian ad litem, or of the attorney 1368 for the child. 1369 (7) A fee may not be paid for service of any process or 1370 other papers by an agent of the department, or the guardian ad 1371 litem, or the attorney for the child. If any process, orders, or 1372 other papers are served or executed by any sheriff, the 1373 sheriff's fees must be paid by the county.

Page 48 of 59

163466

1374Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 39.802, Florida1375Statutes, is amended to read:

1376 39.802 Petition for termination of parental rights; filing; 1377 elements.-

(1) All proceedings seeking an adjudication to terminate parental rights pursuant to this chapter must be initiated by the filing of an original petition by the department, the guardian ad litem, <u>the attorney for the child</u>, or any other person who has knowledge of the facts alleged or is informed of them and believes that they are true.

1384 Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 39.808, Florida
1385 Statutes, is amended to read:

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39.808 Advisory hearing; pretrial status conference.-

(2) At the hearing the court shall inform the parties of their rights under s. 39.807, shall appoint counsel for the parties in accordance with legal requirements, and shall appoint a guardian ad litem <u>or an attorney for the child as provided for</u> <u>in s. 39.831</u> to represent the interests of the child if one has not already been appointed.

1393 Section 30. Subsection (11) of section 39.810, Florida
1394 Statutes, is amended to read:

39.810 Manifest best interests of the child.-In a hearing 1395 1396 on a petition for termination of parental rights, the court shall consider the manifest best interests of the child. This 1397 1398 consideration shall not include a comparison between the 1399 attributes of the parents and those of any persons providing a 1400 present or potential placement for the child. For the purpose of determining the manifest best interests of the child, the court 1401 1402 shall consider and evaluate all relevant factors, including, but

Page 49 of 59



1403 not limited to:

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(11) The recommendations for the child provided by the child's guardian ad litem or legal representative.

1406 Section 31. Subsection (9) of section 39.811, Florida
1407 Statutes, is amended to read:

39.811 Powers of disposition; order of disposition.-

1409 (9) After termination of parental rights, the court shall retain jurisdiction over any child for whom custody is given to 1410 1411 a social service agency until the child is adopted. The court 1412 shall review the status of the child's placement and the 1413 progress being made toward permanent adoptive placement. As part 1414 of this continuing jurisdiction, for good cause shown by the 1415 attorney for the child or quardian ad litem for the child, the 1416 court may review the appropriateness of the adoptive placement 1417 of the child.

1418 Section 32. Subsection (4) of section 39.812, Florida 1419 Statutes, is amended to read:

39.812 Postdisposition relief; petition for adoption.-

1421 (4) The court shall retain jurisdiction over any child 1422 placed in the custody of the department until the child is 1423 adopted. After custody of a child for subsequent adoption has 1424 been given to the department, the court has jurisdiction for the 1425 purpose of reviewing the status of the child and the progress 1426 being made toward permanent adoptive placement. As part of this 1427 continuing jurisdiction, for good cause shown by the attorney 1428 for the child or guardian ad litem for the child, the court may 1429 review the appropriateness of the adoptive placement of the 1430 child. When a licensed foster parent or court-ordered custodian 1431 has applied to adopt a child who has resided with the foster

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1432 parent or custodian for at least 6 months and who has previously been permanently committed to the legal custody of the 1433 1434 department and the department does not grant the application to 1435 adopt, the department may not, in the absence of a prior court 1436 order authorizing it to do so, remove the child from the foster 1437 home or custodian, except when: 1438 (a) There is probable cause to believe that the child is at 1439 imminent risk of abuse or neglect; 1440 (b) Thirty days have expired following written notice to 1441 the foster parent or custodian of the denial of the application 1442 to adopt, within which period no formal challenge of the 1443 department's decision has been filed; or 1444 (c) The foster parent or custodian agrees to the child's 1445 removal. 1446 Section 33. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section 43.16, 1447 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 43.16 Justice Administrative Commission; membership, powers 1448 1449 and duties .-1450 (5) The duties of the commission shall include, but not be 1451 limited to, the following: 1452 (a) The maintenance of a central state office for 1453 administrative services and assistance when possible to and on 1454 behalf of the state attorneys and public defenders of Florida, 1455 the capital collateral regional counsel of Florida, the criminal 1456 conflict and civil regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem 1457 Program, and the Statewide Office of Child Representation. 1458 (b) Each state attorney, public defender, and criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem 1459

1460 Program, and the Statewide Office of Child Representation shall

Page 51 of 59



1461 continue to prepare necessary budgets, vouchers that represent 1462 valid claims for reimbursement by the state for authorized 1463 expenses, and other things incidental to the proper 1464 administrative operation of the office, such as revenue 1465 transmittals to the Chief Financial Officer and automated 1466 systems plans, but will forward such items to the commission for 1467 recording and submission to the proper state officer. However, 1468 when requested by a state attorney, a public defender, a 1469 criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, or the Guardian Ad 1470 Litem Program, or the Statewide Office of Child Representation, 1471 the commission will either assist in the preparation of budget 1472 requests, voucher schedules, and other forms and reports or 1473 accomplish the entire project involved.

(6) The commission, each state attorney, each public defender, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, the capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program, and the Statewide Office of Child Representation shall establish and maintain internal controls designed to:

(a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse as definedin s. 11.45(1).

(b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.

(c) Support economical and efficient operations.

(d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.(e) Safeguard assets.

1486 (7) The provisions contained in this section shall be
1487 supplemental to those of chapter 27, relating to state
1488 attorneys, public defenders, criminal conflict and civil
1489 regional counsel, and capital collateral regional counsel; to

Page 52 of 59

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1490 those of chapter 39, relating to the Guardian Ad Litem Program 1491 and the Statewide Office of Child Representation; or to other 1492 laws pertaining hereto.

Section 34. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 63.085, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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(2) DISCLOSURE TO ADOPTIVE PARENTS.-

63.085 Disclosure by adoption entity.-

1497 (a) At the time that an adoption entity is responsible for 1498 selecting prospective adoptive parents for a born or unborn 1499 child whose parents are seeking to place the child for adoption 1500 or whose rights were terminated pursuant to chapter 39, the 1501 adoption entity must provide the prospective adoptive parents 1502 with information concerning the background of the child to the 1503 extent such information is disclosed to the adoption entity by 1504 the parents, legal custodian, or the department. This subsection 1505 applies only if the adoption entity identifies the prospective 1506 adoptive parents and supervises the placement of the child in 1507 the prospective adoptive parents' home. If any information 1508 cannot be disclosed because the records custodian failed or 1509 refused to produce the background information, the adoption 1510 entity has a duty to provide the information if it becomes available. An individual or entity contacted by an adoption 1511 1512 entity to obtain the background information must release the 1513 requested information to the adoption entity without the 1514 necessity of a subpoena or a court order. In all cases, the 1515 prospective adoptive parents must receive all available 1516 information by the date of the final hearing on the petition for 1517 adoption. The information to be disclosed includes: 1518 1. A family social and medical history form completed

Page 53 of 59



1519 pursuant to s. 63.162(6).

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2. The biological mother's medical records documenting her prenatal care and the birth and delivery of the child.

1522 3. A complete set of the child's medical records 1523 documenting all medical treatment and care since the child's 1524 birth and before placement.

4. All mental health, psychological, and psychiatric records, reports, and evaluations concerning the child before placement.

5. The child's educational records, including all records 1529 concerning any special education needs of the child before 1530 placement.

6. Records documenting all incidents that required the department to provide services to the child, including all 1533 orders of adjudication of dependency or termination of parental rights issued pursuant to chapter 39, any case plans drafted to 1535 address the child's needs, all protective services 1536 investigations identifying the child as a victim, and all 1537 quardian ad litem reports or attorney for the child reports 1538 filed with the court concerning the child.

7. Written information concerning the availability of adoption subsidies for the child, if applicable.

Section 35. Subsection (4) of section 322.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.09 Application of minors; responsibility for negligence or misconduct of minor.-

1545 (4) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), if a caregiver 1546 of a minor who is under the age of 18 years and is in out-ofhome care as defined in s. 39.01(56) s. 39.01(55), an authorized 1547

Page 54 of 59

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. SB 1920



1548 representative of a residential group home at which such a minor 1549 resides, the caseworker at the agency at which the state has 1550 placed the minor, or a guardian ad litem specifically authorized 1551 by the minor's caregiver to sign for a learner's driver license 1552 signs the minor's application for a learner's driver license, 1553 that caregiver, group home representative, caseworker, or 1554 guardian ad litem does not assume any obligation or become 1555 liable for any damages caused by the negligence or willful 1556 misconduct of the minor by reason of having signed the 1557 application. Before signing the application, the caseworker, 1558 authorized group home representative, or guardian ad litem shall 1559 notify the caregiver or other responsible party of his or her 1560 intent to sign and verify the application. 1561 Section 36. Paragraph (p) of subsection (4) of section 1562 394.495, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1563 394.495 Child and adolescent mental health system of care; 1564 programs and services.-1565 (4) The array of services may include, but is not limited 1566 to: 1567 (p) Trauma-informed services for children who have suffered 1568 sexual exploitation as defined in s. 39.01(78)(g) s. 1569 39.01(77)(q). 1570 Section 37. Section 627.746, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1571 1572 627.746 Coverage for minors who have a learner's driver 1573 license; additional premium prohibited.-An insurer that issues 1574 an insurance policy on a private passenger motor vehicle to a named insured who is a caregiver of a minor who is under the age 1575 1576 of 18 years and is in out-of-home care as defined in s.

Page 55 of 59

163466

1577	39.01(56) s. 39.01(55) may not charge an additional premium for
1578	coverage of the minor while the minor is operating the insured
1579	vehicle, for the period of time that the minor has a learner's
1580	driver license, until such time as the minor obtains a driver
1581	license.
1582	Section 38. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
1583	934.255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1584	934.255 Subpoenas in investigations of sexual offenses
1585	(1) As used in this section, the term:
1586	(c) "Sexual abuse of a child" means a criminal offense
1587	based on any conduct described in <u>s. 39.01(78)</u> s. $39.01(77)$.
1588	Section 39. Subsection (5) of section 960.065, Florida
1589	Statutes, is amended to read:
1590	960.065 Eligibility for awards.—
1591	(5) A person is not ineligible for an award pursuant to
1592	paragraph (2)(a), paragraph (2)(b), or paragraph (2)(c) if that
1593	person is a victim of sexual exploitation of a child as defined
1594	in s. 39.01(78)(g) s. 39.01(77)(g) .
1595	Section 40. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
1596	====================================
1597	And the title is amended as follows:
1598	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1599	and insert:
1600	A bill to be entitled
1601	An act relating to child welfare; amending s. 39.01,
1602	F.S.; defining the term "attorney for the child";
1603	amending s. 39.013, F.S.; conforming provisions to
1604	changes made by the act; amending s. 39.01305, F.S.;
1605	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;

Page 56 of 59



1606 renaming part XI of ch. 39, F.S., as "Guardians ad litem, guardian advocates, and attorney for the 1607 child"; amending s. 39.820, F.S.; defining the term 1608 1609 "related adoption proceeding"; amending s. 39.822, 1610 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 1611 act; specifying circumstances under which a court is 1612 required, on or after a specified date, to appoint a 1613 quardian ad litem; requiring the court to appoint an 1614 attorney for the child to represent a child and to 1615 discharge the guardian ad litem under specified 1616 circumstances; authorizing the court to order that a 1617 new guardian ad litem be assigned for a child or 1618 discharge a guardian ad litem and appoint an attorney 1619 for the child under specified circumstances; amending 1620 s. 39.8296, F.S.; renaming the Guardian Ad Litem 1621 Oualifications Committee as the Child Well-Being 1622 Qualifications Committee; specifying that the 1623 executive director of the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem 1624 Office may be reappointed; clarifying that second and 1625 subsequent appointments made for the executive 1626 director of the office are for 3 years; requiring the 1627 office to develop quidelines to identify conflicts of 1628 interest of guardians ad litem and prohibit the office 1629 from assigning such guardian; defining the term 1630 "conflicts of interest"; requiring the office to 1631 identify guardians ad litem who are experiencing 1632 health issues or who present a danger to the child to 1633 whom the quardian ad litem is assigned; requiring the 1634 office to remove such guardians from assigned cases,



1635 terminate their volunteer services, and disclose such 1636 actions to the circuit court; creating s. 39.83, F.S.; 1637 creating the Statewide Office of Child Representation 1638 within the Justice Administration Commission; 1639 requiring the commission to provide administrative 1640 support and services to the statewide office; 1641 providing that the statewide office is not subject to 1642 control, supervision, or direction by the commission; 1643 providing that employees of the statewide office are 1644 governed by the classification plan and salary and 1645 benefits plan approved by the commission; providing 1646 that the head of the statewide office is the executive 1647 director; providing the process for appointment; 1648 requiring that the initial executive director be 1649 appointed by a specified date; providing 1650 responsibilities of the office; authorizing the office 1651 to contract with local nonprofit agencies under 1652 certain conditions; creating a regional office of 1653 child representation within the boundaries of each of 1654 the five district courts of appeal; requiring such 1655 offices to commence fulfilling their purpose and 1656 duties on a specified date; requiring the commission 1657 to provide administrative support to the regional 1658 offices; providing that the offices are not subject to 1659 control, supervision, or direction by the commission; 1660 providing that employees of the offices are governed 1661 by the classification plan and salary and benefits 1662 plan for the commission; prescribing qualifications for an attorney for the child; providing certain 1663



1664 prohibitions; creating s. 39.831, F.S.; specifying 1665 when the court is authorized or required to appoint an 1666 attorney for the child; requiring an attorney for the 1667 child to be compensated and have access to funding for 1668 expenses with specified conditions; providing 1669 conditions under which a parent is required to 1670 reimburse the court for the cost of the attorney; 1671 providing for appellate representation; requiring 1672 agencies, persons, and organizations to allow an 1673 attorney for the child to inspect and copy certain records; defining the term "records"; providing 1674 1675 requirements for an attorney for the child relating to 1676 hearings; requiring the Department of Children and 1677 Families to develop procedures to request that a court 1678 appoint an attorney for the child; authorizing the 1679 department to adopt rules; amending ss. 28.345, 39.001, 39.00145, 39.0132, 39.0139, 39.202, 39.302, 1680 39.402, 39.407, 39.4085, 39.502, 39.521, 39.523, 1681 39.6011, 39.6012, 39.6251, 39.701, 39.702, 39.801, 1682 1683 39.802, 39.808, 39.810, 39.811, 39.812, 43.16, 63.085, 1684 322.09, 394.495, 627.746, 934.255, and 960.065, F.S.; 1685 conforming cross-references and provisions to changes 1686 made by the act; providing an effective date.