

1 A bill to be entitled
 2 An act relating to social media websites; providing a
 3 short title; providing definitions; providing that the
 4 owner or operator of a social media website is subject
 5 to a private right of action by certain social media
 6 website users in this state under certain conditions;
 7 providing for damages; authorizing the award of
 8 reasonable attorney fees and costs; prohibiting a
 9 social media website from using hate speech as a
 10 defense; authorizing the Attorney General to bring an
 11 action on behalf of social media website users;
 12 providing exceptions for the deletion or censorship of
 13 certain types of speech; providing an effective date.

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 15 WHEREAS, this state has a compelling interest in holding
 16 certain social media websites to higher standards for having
 17 substantially created a digital public square, and

18 WHEREAS, this state has an interest in helping its
 19 residents enjoy their free exercise of rights in certain semi-
 20 public forums commonly used for religious and political speech,
 21 NOW, THEREFORE,

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 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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 25 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Stop Social Media

26 Censorship Act."

27 Section 2. Social media website speech; cause of action;
28 penalties.-

29 (1) As used in this section, the term:

30 (a) "Algorithm" means a set of instructions designed to
31 perform a specific task.

32 (b) "Hate speech" means a phrase concerning content that
33 an individual finds offensive based on his or her personal moral
34 code.

35 (c) "Obscene" means that an average person, applying
36 contemporary community standards, would find that, taken as a
37 whole, the dominant theme of the material appeals to prurient
38 interests.

39 (d) "Political speech" means speech relating to the state,
40 government, body politic, or public administration as it relates
41 to governmental policymaking. The term includes speech by the
42 government or a candidate for office and any discussion of
43 social issues. The term does not include speech concerning the
44 administration, law, or civil aspects of government.

45 (e) "Religious speech" means a set of unproven answers,
46 truth claims, faith-based assumptions, and naked assertions that
47 attempt to explain such greater questions as how the world was
48 created, what constitutes right and wrong actions by humans, and
49 what happens after death.

50 (f) "Social media website" means an Internet website or

51 application that enables users to communicate with each other by
52 posting information, comments, messages, or images and that
53 meets all of the following requirements:

- 54 1. Is open to the public.
- 55 2. Has more than 75 million subscribers.
- 56 3. From its inception, has not been specifically
57 affiliated with any one religion or political party.

58 (2) (a) The owner or operator of a social media website who
59 contracts with a social media website user in this state is
60 subject to a private right of action by such user if the social
61 media website purposely:

- 62 1. Deletes or censors the user's religious speech or
63 political speech; or
- 64 2. Uses an algorithm to disfavor or censure the user's
65 religious speech or political speech.

66 (b) A social media website user may be awarded all of the
67 following damages under this section:

- 68 1. A minimum of \$75,000 in statutory damages per
69 purposeful deletion or censoring of the social media website
70 user's speech.
- 71 2. Actual damages.
- 72 3. If aggravating factors are present, punitive damages.
- 73 4. Other forms of equitable relief.

74 (c) The prevailing party in a cause of action under this
75 section may be awarded costs and reasonable attorney fees.

76 (d) A social media website that restores from deletion or
77 removes the censoring of a social media website user's speech in
78 a reasonable amount of time may use that fact to mitigate any
79 damages.

80 (3) A social media website may not use the social media
81 website user's alleged hate speech as a basis for justification
82 or defense of the social media website's actions at trial.

83 (4) The Attorney General may also bring a civil cause of
84 action under this section on behalf of a social media website
85 user who resides in this state and whose religious speech or
86 political speech has been censored by a social media website.

87 (5) This section does not apply to any of the following:

88 (a) A social media website that deletes or censors a
89 social media website user's speech or that uses an algorithm to
90 disfavor or censure speech that:

91 1. Calls for immediate acts of violence;

92 2. Is obscene or pornographic in nature;

93 3. Is the result of operational error;

94 4. Is the result of a court order;

95 5. Comes from an inauthentic source or involves false
96 personation;

97 6. Entices criminal conduct; or

98 7. Involves minors bullying minors.

99 (b) A social media website user's censoring of another
100 social media website user's speech.

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101 (6) Only users who are 18 years of age or older have
102 standing to seek enforcement of this section.

103 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.