By Senator Burgess

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1213

1415

1617

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

20-00874-21 2021484

A bill to be entitled An act relating to combating public disorder; amending s. 166.241, F.S.; authorizing a resident of a municipality to file an appeal to the Administration Commission if the governing body of the municipality makes a specified reduction to the operating budget of a municipal law enforcement agency; requiring the petition to contain specified information; requiring the Executive Office of the Governor to conduct a budget hearing considering the matter and make findings and recommendations to the Administration Commission; requiring the commission to approve, amend, or modify the municipality's budget; amending s. 316.2045, F.S.; revising the prohibition on obstructing traffic by standing on the street, highway, or road; deleting provisions concerning charitable solicitations; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; creating a cause of action against a municipality for obstructing or interfering with reasonable law enforcement protection during a riot or an unlawful assembly; waiving sovereign immunity for a municipality in specified circumstances; amending s. 784.011, F.S.; reclassifying the penalty for an assault committed in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot; amending s. 784.021, F.S.; increasing the offense severity ranking of an aggravated assault

for the purposes of the Criminal Punishment Code if

committed in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated

riot; amending s. 784.03, F.S.; reclassifying the

31

32

33 34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43 44

45 46

47

48 49

50

51

52 53

54

55

56

57

58

20-00874-21 2021484

penalty for a battery committed in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot; amending s. 784.045, F.S.; increasing the offense severity ranking of an aggravated battery for the purposes of the Criminal Punishment Code if committed in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot; creating s. 784.0495, F.S.; prohibiting specified assemblies from using or threatening the use of force against another person to do any act or assume or abandon a particular viewpoint; providing a penalty; requiring a person arrested for a violation to be held in custody until first appearance; amending s. 784.07, F.S.; requiring a minimum term of imprisonment for a person convicted of battery on a law enforcement officer committed in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot; increasing the offense severity ranking of an assault or battery against specified first responders for the purposes of the Criminal Punishment Code if committed in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot; amending s. 806.13, F.S.; prohibiting defacing, injuring, or damaging a memorial; providing a penalty; requiring a court to order restitution for such a violation; creating s. 806.135, F.S.; providing a definition; prohibiting a person from destroying or demolishing a memorial; providing a penalty; requiring a court to order restitution for such a violation; amending s. 810.02, F.S.; reclassifying specified burglary offenses committed during a riot or an aggravated riot and facilitated by conditions arising

60

61

62

63

64 65

66

67 68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79 80

81

82

83

8485

86

87

20-00874-21 2021484

from the riot; providing a definition; requiring a person arrested for such a violation to be held in custody until first appearance; amending s. 812.014, F.S.; reclassifying specified theft offenses committed during a riot or an aggravated riot and facilitated by conditions arising from the riot; providing a definition; requiring a person arrested for such a violation to be held in custody until first appearance; creating s. 836.115, F.S.; providing definitions; prohibiting cyberintimidation by publication; providing criminal penalties; amending s. 870.01, F.S.; prohibiting a person from fighting in a public place; prohibiting specified assemblies from engaging in disorderly and violent conduct resulting in specified damage or injury; providing an increased penalty for rioting under specified circumstances; prohibiting a person from inciting or encouraging a riot; providing an increased penalty for inciting or encouraging a riot under specified circumstances; providing definitions; requiring a person arrested for such a violation to be held in custody until first appearance; providing an exception; amending s. 870.02, F.S.; requiring a person arrested for an unlawful assembly to be held in custody until first appearance; amending s. 870.03, F.S.; requiring a person arrested for a riot or rout to be held in custody until first appearance; creating s. 870.07, F.S.; creating an affirmative defense to a civil action where the plaintiff participated in a riot or

20-00874-21 2021484

unlawful assembly; amending s. 872.02, F.S.; increasing the offense severity ranking of specified offenses involving graves and tombs for the purposes of the Criminal Punishment Code if committed in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; ranking offenses created by the act on the offense severity ranking chart; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (4) through (6) of section 166.241, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) through (8), respectively, new subsections (4) and (5) are added to that section, and present subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

166.241 Fiscal years, budgets, appeal of municipal law enforcement agency budget, and budget amendments.—

(4) (a) Within 30 days after a municipality posts its tentative budget to the official website under subsection (3), a resident of the municipality may file an appeal by petition to the Administration Commission if the tentative budget contains a funding reduction to the operating budget of the municipal law enforcement agency. The petition must set forth the tentative budget proposed by the municipality, in the form and manner prescribed by the Executive Office of the Governor and approved by the Administration Commission, the operating budget of the

municipal law enforcement agency as approved by the municipality

20-00874-21 2021484

for the previous year, and state the reasons or grounds for the
appeal. The petition shall be filed with the Executive Office of
the Governor, and a copy served upon the governing body of the
municipality or to the clerk of the circuit court of the county
in which the municipality is located.

- (b) The governing body of the municipality has 5 working days after delivery of a copy of the petition to file a reply with the Executive Office of the Governor, and shall deliver a copy of such reply to the petitioner.
- (5) Upon receipt of the petition, the Executive Office of the Governor shall provide for a budget hearing at which the matters presented in the petition and the reply shall be considered. A report of the findings and recommendations of the Executive Office of the Governor thereon shall be promptly submitted to the Administration Commission, which, within 30 days, shall approve the action of the governing body of the municipality or amend or modify the budget as to each separate item within the operating budget of the municipal law enforcement agency. The budget as approved, amended, or modified by the Administration Commission shall be final.
- (8) (6) If the governing body of a municipality amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (7)(c) paragraph (5)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the municipality within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of such county

20-00874-21 2021484

or counties who shall post the adopted amendment on the county's website.

Section 2. Section 316.2045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.2045 Obstruction of public streets, highways, and roads.—

- (1) A It is unlawful for any person may not intentionally or persons willfully to obstruct the free, convenient, and normal use of a any public street, highway, or road by impeding, hindering, stifling, retarding, or restraining traffic or passage thereon, by standing or remaining on the street, highway, or road or approaching motor vehicles thereon, or by endangering the safe movement of vehicles or pedestrians traveling thereon. A ; and any person or persons who violates violate the provisions of this subsection, upon conviction, shall be cited for a pedestrian violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.
- (2) It is unlawful, without proper authorization or a lawful permit, for any person or persons willfully to obstruct the free, convenient, and normal use of any public street, highway, or road by any of the means specified in subsection (1) in order to solicit. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

  Organizations qualified under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and registered pursuant to chapter 496, or persons or organizations acting on their behalf are exempted from the provisions of this subsection for activities on streets or roads not maintained by the state. Permits for the use of any portion

20-00874-21 2021484

of a state-maintained road or right-of-way shall be required only for those purposes and in the manner set out in s. 337.406.

- (3) Permits for the use of any street, road, or right-of-way not maintained by the state may be issued by the appropriate local government. An organization that is qualified under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and registered under chapter 496, or a person or organization acting on behalf of that organization, is exempt from local requirements for a permit issued under this subsection for charitable solicitation activities on or along streets or roads that are not maintained by the state under the following conditions:
- (a) The organization, or the person or organization acting on behalf of the organization, must provide all of the following to the local government:
- 1. No fewer than 14 calendar days prior to the proposed solicitation, the name and address of the person or organization that will perform the solicitation and the name and address of the organization that will receive funds from the solicitation.
- 2. For review and comment, a plan for the safety of all persons participating in the solicitation, as well as the motoring public, at the locations where the solicitation will take place.
- 3. Specific details of the location or locations of the proposed solicitation and the hours during which the solicitation activities will occur.
- 4. Proof of commercial general liability insurance against claims for bodily injury and property damage occurring on streets, roads, or rights-of-way or arising from the solicitor's activities or use of the streets, roads, or rights-of-way by the

232

20-00874-21 2021484 solicitor or the solicitor's agents, contractors, or employees. 204 205 The insurance shall have a limit of not less than \$1 million per 206 occurrence for the general aggregate. The certificate of 207 insurance shall name the local government as an additional 208 insured and shall be filed with the local government no later 209 than 72 hours before the date of the solicitation. 210 5. Proof of registration with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 496.405 or proof that the 211 soliciting organization is exempt from the registration 212 213 requirement. 214 (b) Organizations or persons meeting the requirements of 215 subparagraphs (a) 1.-5. may solicit for a period not to exceed 10 cumulative days within 1 calendar year. 216 217 (c) All solicitation shall occur during daylight hours 218 only. 219 (d) Solicitation activities shall not interfere with the 220 safe and efficient movement of traffic and shall not cause 221 danger to the participants or the public. 222 (e) No person engaging in solicitation activities shall 223 persist after solicitation has been denied, act in a demanding 224 or harassing manner, or use any sound or voice-amplifying 225 apparatus or device. 226 (f) All persons participating in the solicitation shall be 227 at least 18 years of age and shall possess picture identification. 228 229 (g) Signage providing notice of the solicitation shall be 230 posted at least 500 feet before the site of the solicitation.

if any conditions or requirements of this subsection are not

(h) The local government may stop solicitation activities

20-00874-21 2021484\_\_\_

met.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to inhibit political campaigning on the public right-of-way or to require a permit for such activity.

(2) (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), any commercial vehicle used solely for the purpose of collecting solid waste or recyclable or recovered materials may stop or stand on any public street, highway, or road for the sole purpose of collecting solid waste or recyclable or recovered materials. However, such solid waste or recyclable or recovered materials collection vehicle shall show or display amber flashing hazard lights at all times that it is engaged in stopping or standing for the purpose of collecting solid waste or recyclable or recovered materials. Local governments may establish reasonable regulations governing the standing and stopping of such commercial vehicles, provided that such regulations are applied uniformly and without regard to the ownership of the vehicles.

Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; civil liability for damages caused during a riot; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.—

(5) (a) The state and its agencies and subdivisions shall be liable for tort claims in the same manner and to the same extent as a private individual under like circumstances, but liability shall not include punitive damages or interest for the period before judgment. Neither the state nor its agencies or

263

264265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

20-00874-21 2021484

subdivisions shall be liable to pay a claim or a judgment by any one person which exceeds the sum of \$200,000 or any claim or judgment, or portions thereof, which, when totaled with all other claims or judgments paid by the state or its agencies or subdivisions arising out of the same incident or occurrence, exceeds the sum of \$300,000. However, a judgment or judgments may be claimed and rendered in excess of these amounts and may be settled and paid pursuant to this act up to \$200,000 or \$300,000, as the case may be; and that portion of the judgment that exceeds these amounts may be reported to the Legislature, but may be paid in part or in whole only by further act of the Legislature. Notwithstanding the limited waiver of sovereign immunity provided herein, the state or an agency or subdivision thereof may agree, within the limits of insurance coverage provided, to settle a claim made or a judgment rendered against it without further action by the Legislature, but the state or agency or subdivision thereof shall not be deemed to have waived any defense of sovereign immunity or to have increased the limits of its liability as a result of its obtaining insurance coverage for tortious acts in excess of the \$200,000 or \$300,000 waiver provided above. The limitations of liability set forth in this subsection shall apply to the state and its agencies and subdivisions whether or not the state or its agencies or subdivisions possessed sovereign immunity before July 1, 1974.

(b) A governing body of a municipality that intentionally obstructs or interferes with the ability of a municipal law enforcement agency to provide reasonable law enforcement protection during a riot or unlawful assembly is civilly liable for any damages, including damages arising from personal injury,

20-00874-21 2021484

wrongful death, or property damage, proximately caused by the agency's failure to provide reasonable law enforcement protection during a riot or unlawful assembly. The sovereign immunity recovery limits in paragraph (a) do not apply to an action under this paragraph.

Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 784.011, Florida Statutes, is amended and subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

784.011 Assault.-

- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person who assaults another person Whoever commits an assault shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) A person who assaults another person in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 784.021, Florida Statutes, is amended and subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

784.021 Aggravated assault.-

- (2) A person who Whoever commits an aggravated assault commits shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) For the purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a violation of this section committed by a person acting in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022

20-00874-21 2021484

for the offense committed.

Section 6. Section 784.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

784.03 Battery; felony battery.-

- (1) (a) The offense of battery occurs when a person:
- 1. Actually and intentionally touches or strikes another person against the will of the other; or
  - 2. Intentionally causes bodily harm to another person.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (2) or subsection (3), a person who commits battery commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (2) A person who has one prior conviction for battery, aggravated battery, or felony battery and who commits any second or subsequent battery commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. For purposes of this subsection, "conviction" means a determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or a trial, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld or a plea of nolo contendere is entered.
- (3) A person who commits a battery in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 775.084.

Section 7. Section 784.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

784.045 Aggravated battery.-

- (1)(a) A person commits aggravated battery who, in committing battery:
  - 1. Intentionally or knowingly causes great bodily harm,

Page 12 of 52

20-00874-21 2021484

permanent disability, or permanent disfigurement; or

- 2. Uses a deadly weapon.
- (b) A person commits aggravated battery if the person who was the victim of the battery was pregnant at the time of the offense and the offender knew or should have known that the victim was pregnant.
- (2) A person who violates subsection (1) commits Whoever commits aggravated battery shall be guilty of a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) For the purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a violation of this section committed by a person acting in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 for the offense committed.

Section 8. Section 784.0495, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

## 784.0495 Mob intimidation.

- (1) It is unlawful for a person, assembled with two or more other persons and acting with a common intent, to compel or induce, or attempt to compel or induce, another person by force, or threat of force, to do any act or to assume or abandon a particular viewpoint.
- (2) A person who violates subsection (1) commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) A person arrested for a violation of this section shall be held in custody until brought before the court for admittance

379

380

381

382

383

384

385

386

387

388

389

390391

392

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401

402 403

404

405

406

20-00874-21 2021484

to bail in accordance with chapter 903.

Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 784.07, Florida Statutes, is amended and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences.—

(2) Whenever any person is charged with knowingly committing an assault or battery upon a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical care provider, a railroad special officer, a traffic accident investigation officer as described in s. 316.640, a nonsworn law enforcement agency employee who is certified as an agency inspector, a blood alcohol analyst, or a breath test operator while such employee is in uniform and engaged in processing, testing, evaluating, analyzing, or transporting a person who is detained or under arrest for DUI, a law enforcement explorer, a traffic infraction enforcement officer as described in s. 316.640, a parking enforcement specialist as defined in s. 316.640, a person licensed as a security officer as defined in s. 493.6101 and wearing a uniform that bears at least one patch or emblem that is visible at all times that clearly identifies the employing agency and that clearly identifies the person as a licensed security officer, or a security officer employed by the board of trustees of a community college, while the officer, firefighter, emergency medical care provider, railroad special officer, traffic accident investigation officer, traffic infraction enforcement officer, inspector, analyst, operator, law

20-00874-21 2021484

enforcement explorer, parking enforcement specialist, public transit employee or agent, or security officer is engaged in the lawful performance of his or her duties, the offense for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows:

- (a) In the case of assault, from a misdemeanor of the second degree to a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- (b) In the case of battery, from a misdemeanor of the first degree to a felony of the third degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person convicted of battery upon a law enforcement officer committed in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 6 months.
- (c) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony of the third degree to a felony of the second degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person convicted of aggravated assault upon a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years.
- (d) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony of the second degree to a felony of the first degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person convicted of aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 5 years.
- (4) For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a felony violation of this section committed by a person acting in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 for the offense committed.
  - Section 10. Subsections (3) through (9) of section 806.13,

20-00874-21 2021484

Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through (10), respectively, a new subsection (3) is added to that section, and present subsection (8) of that section is amended, to read:

806.13 Criminal mischief; penalties; penalty for minor.-

- (3) Any person who, without the consent of the owner thereof, willfully and maliciously defaces, injures, or otherwise damages by any means a memorial, as defined in s. 806.135, and the value of the damage to the memorial is greater than \$200, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A court shall order any person convicted of violating this subsection to pay restitution, which shall include the full cost of repair or replacement of such memorial.
- (9)(8) A minor whose driver license or driving privilege is revoked, suspended, or withheld under subsection (8)(7) may elect to reduce the period of revocation, suspension, or withholding by performing community service at the rate of 1 day for each hour of community service performed. In addition, if the court determines that due to a family hardship, the minor's driver license or driving privilege is necessary for employment or medical purposes of the minor or a member of the minor's family, the court shall order the minor to perform community service and reduce the period of revocation, suspension, or withholding at the rate of 1 day for each hour of community service performed. As used in this subsection, the term "community service" means cleaning graffiti from public property.
  - Section 11. Section 806.135, Florida Statutes, is created

20-00874-21 2021484

to read:

465

466

467

468

469

470

471

472473

474

475

476

477478

479

480

481

482

483

484

485

486

487

488

489

490

491

492

493

806.135 Destroying or demolishing a memorial.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "memorial" means a plaque, statue, marker, flag, banner, cenotaph, religious symbol, painting, seal, tombstone, structure name, or display that is constructed and located with the intent of being permanently displayed or perpetually maintained; is dedicated to a historical person, an entity, an event, or a series of events; and honors or recounts the military service of any past or present United States Armed Forces military personnel, or the past or present public service of a resident of the geographical area comprising the state or the United States. The term includes, but is not limited to, the following memorials established under chapter 265:
  - (a) Florida Women's Hall of Fame.
  - (b) Florida Medal of Honor Wall.
  - (c) Florida Veterans' Hall of Fame.
  - (d) POW-MIA Chair of Honor Memorial.
- (e) Florida Veterans' Walk of Honor and Florida Veterans' Memorial Garden.
  - (f) Florida Law Enforcement Officers' Hall of Fame.
  - (g) Florida Holocaust Memorial.
  - (h) Florida Slavery Memorial.
- (i) Any other memorial located within the Capitol Complex, including, but not limited to, Waller Park.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person to willfully and maliciously destroy or demolish any memorial, or pull down a memorial, unless authorized by the owner of the memorial. A person who violates this section commits a felony of the second

20-00874-21 2021484

degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(3) A court shall order any person convicted of violating this section to pay restitution, which shall include the full cost of repair or replacement of such memorial.

Section 12. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 810.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

810.02 Burglary.-

- (3) Burglary is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if, in the course of committing the offense, the offender does not make an assault or battery and is not and does not become armed with a dangerous weapon or explosive, and the offender enters or remains in a:
- (a) Dwelling, and there is another person in the dwelling at the time the offender enters or remains;
- (b) Dwelling, and there is not another person in the dwelling at the time the offender enters or remains;
- (c) Structure, and there is another person in the structure at the time the offender enters or remains;
- (d) Conveyance, and there is another person in the conveyance at the time the offender enters or remains;
- (e) Authorized emergency vehicle, as defined in s. 316.003; or
- (f) Structure or conveyance when the offense intended to be committed therein is theft of a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02. Notwithstanding any other law, separate judgments and sentences for burglary with the intent to commit theft of a controlled substance under this paragraph and for any applicable

20-00874-21 2021484

possession of controlled substance offense under s. 893.13 or trafficking in controlled substance offense under s. 893.135 may be imposed when all such offenses involve the same amount or amounts of a controlled substance.

527528

529

530

531

532

533534

535

536

537538

539

540

541

542

543

544

545

546

547

548

549

550

551

However, if the burglary is committed during a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 and the perpetration of the burglary is facilitated by conditions arising from the riot; or within a county that is subject to a state of emergency declared by the Governor under chapter 252 after the declaration of emergency is made and the perpetration of the burglary is facilitated by conditions arising from the emergency, the burglary is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. As used in this subsection, the term "conditions arising from the riot" means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, or a reduction in the presence of or response time for first responders or homeland security personnel and the term "conditions arising from the emergency" means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, voluntary or mandatory evacuations, or a reduction in the presence of or response time for first responders or homeland security personnel. A person arrested for committing a burglary during a riot or an aggravated riot or within a county that is subject to such a state of emergency may not be released until the person appears before a committing magistrate at a first appearance hearing. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.

553

554555

556

557

558

559

560

561

562563

564565

566567

568

569

570

571

572

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580

20-00874-21 2021484

(4) Burglary is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if, in the course of committing the offense, the offender does not make an assault or battery and is not and does not become armed with a dangerous weapon or explosive, and the offender enters or remains in a:

- (a) Structure, and there is not another person in the structure at the time the offender enters or remains; or
- (b) Conveyance, and there is not another person in the conveyance at the time the offender enters or remains.

However, if the burglary is committed during a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 and the perpetration of the burglary is facilitated by conditions arising from the riot; or within a county that is subject to a state of emergency declared by the Governor under chapter 252 after the declaration of emergency is made and the perpetration of the burglary is facilitated by conditions arising from the emergency, the burglary is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. As used in this subsection, the terms "conditions arising from the riot" and term "conditions arising from the emergency" have the same meanings as provided in subsection (3) means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, voluntary or mandatory evacuations, or a reduction in the presence of or response time for first responders or homeland security personnel. A person arrested for committing a burglary during a riot or an aggravated riot or within a county that is subject to such a state of emergency may not be released until the person appears before a committing

20-00874-21 2021484

magistrate at a first appearance hearing. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.

Section 13. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 812.014, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

812.014 Theft.-

(2)

- (b)1. If the property stolen is valued at \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000;
- 2. The property stolen is cargo valued at less than \$50,000 that has entered the stream of interstate or intrastate commerce from the shipper's loading platform to the consignee's receiving dock;
- 3. The property stolen is emergency medical equipment, valued at \$300 or more, that is taken from a facility licensed under chapter 395 or from an aircraft or vehicle permitted under chapter 401; or
- 4. The property stolen is law enforcement equipment, valued at \$300 or more, that is taken from an authorized emergency vehicle, as defined in s. 316.003,

the offender commits grand theft in the second degree, punishable as a felony of the second degree, as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Emergency medical equipment means mechanical or electronic apparatus used to provide emergency services and care as defined in s. 395.002(9) or to treat medical emergencies. Law enforcement equipment means any

611

612

613

614

615

616

617

618619

620

621

622

623

624625

626

627

628

629

630

631

632

633

634

635

636

637

638

20-00874-21 2021484

property, device, or apparatus used by any law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10 in the officer's official business. However, if the property is stolen during a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 and the perpetration of the theft is facilitated by conditions arising from the riot; or within a county that is subject to a state of emergency declared by the Governor under chapter 252, the theft is committed after the declaration of emergency is made, and the perpetration of the theft is facilitated by conditions arising from the emergency, the theft is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. As used in this paragraph, the term "conditions arising from the riot" means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, or a reduction in the presence of or response time for first responders or homeland security personnel and the term "conditions arising from the emergency" means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, voluntary or mandatory evacuations, or a reduction in the presence of or response time for first responders or homeland security personnel. A person arrested for committing a theft during a riot or an aggravated riot or within a county that is subject to a state of emergency may not be released until the person appears before a committing magistrate at a first appearance hearing. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, a felony offense that is reclassified under this paragraph is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.

(c) It is grand theft of the third degree and a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the property stolen is:

20-00874-21 2021484

- 1. Valued at \$750 or more, but less than \$5,000.
- 2. Valued at \$5,000 or more, but less than \$10,000.
- 3. Valued at \$10,000 or more, but less than \$20,000.
- 4. A will, codicil, or other testamentary instrument.
  - 5. A firearm.

- 6. A motor vehicle, except as provided in paragraph (a).
- 7. Any commercially farmed animal, including any animal of the equine, avian, bovine, or swine class or other grazing animal; a bee colony of a registered beekeeper; and aquaculture species raised at a certified aquaculture facility. If the property stolen is a commercially farmed animal, including an animal of the equine, avian, bovine, or swine class or other grazing animal; a bee colony of a registered beekeeper; or an aquaculture species raised at a certified aquaculture facility, a \$10,000 fine shall be imposed.
- 8. Any fire extinguisher that, at the time of the taking, was installed in any building for the purpose of fire prevention and control. This subparagraph does not apply to a fire extinguisher taken from the inventory at a point-of-sale business.
- 9. Any amount of citrus fruit consisting of 2,000 or more individual pieces of fruit.
- 10. Taken from a designated construction site identified by the posting of a sign as provided for in s. 810.09(2)(d).
  - 11. Any stop sign.
  - 12. Anhydrous ammonia.
- 13. Any amount of a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02. Notwithstanding any other law, separate judgments and sentences for theft of a controlled substance under this

20-00874-21 2021484

subparagraph and for any applicable possession of controlled substance offense under s. 893.13 or trafficking in controlled substance offense under s. 893.135 may be imposed when all such offenses involve the same amount or amounts of a controlled substance.

673674

675676

677

678

679

680

681

682683

684

685

686

687

688

689

690

691

692693

694

695

696

668

669

670

671

672

However, if the property is stolen during a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 and the perpetration of the theft is facilitated by conditions arising from the riot; or within a county that is subject to a state of emergency declared by the Governor under chapter 252, the property is stolen after the declaration of emergency is made, and the perpetration of the theft is facilitated by conditions arising from the emergency, the offender commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the property is valued at \$5,000 or more, but less than \$10,000, as provided under subparagraph 2., or if the property is valued at \$10,000 or more, but less than \$20,000, as provided under subparagraph 3. As used in this paragraph, the terms "conditions arising from a riot" and term "conditions arising from the emergency" have the same meanings as provided in paragraph (b). A person arrested for committing a theft during a riot or an aggravated riot or within a county that is subject to a state of emergency may not be released until the person appears before a committing magistrate at a first appearance hearing means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, voluntary or mandatory evacuations, or a reduction in the presence of or the response time for first responders or homeland security personnel. For purposes of sentencing under

701

702

703

704

705

706

707

708

709

710

711

712

713

714

715

716

717

718

719

720721

722

723

724

725

20-00874-21 2021484

chapter 921, a felony offense that is reclassified under this paragraph is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.

Section 14. Section 836.115, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 836.115 Cyberintimidation by publication.-
- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Electronically publish" means to disseminate, post, or otherwise disclose information to an Internet site or forum.
- (b) "Harass" has the same meaning as provided in s. 817.568(1)(c).
- (c) "Personal identification information" has the same meaning as provided in s. 817.568(1)(f).
- (2) A person who electronically publishes another's personal identification information with the intent to, or with the intent the information will be used by another to, threaten, intimidate, harass, incite violence, or commit a crime against a person, or place a person in reasonable fear of death or great bodily harm commits a misdemeanor of a first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 15. Section 870.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

870.01 Affrays and riots.-

- (1) A person who, by mutual consent, engages in fighting with another in a public place to the terror of the people commits All persons guilty of an affray, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
  - (2) A person who participates in a public disturbance

735

736

737

738

739

740

741

742

743

744

745746

747

748

749750

751

752

753

754

20-00874-21 2021484

726 involving an assembly of three or more persons acting with a 727 common intent to mutually assist each other in disorderly and 728 violent conduct resulting in injury or damage to another person 729 or property, or creating a clear and present danger of injury or 730 damage to another person or property, commits All persons quilty 731 of a riot, or of inciting or encouraging a riot, shall be guilty 732 of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 733

- (3) A person commits aggravated rioting, if, in the course of committing a riot, he or she:
  - (a) Participates with nine or more other persons;
- (b) Causes great bodily harm to a person not participating in the riot;
  - (c) Causes property damage in excess of \$5,000;
- (d) Displays, uses, threatens to use, or attempts to use a deadly weapon; or
- (e) By force, or threat of force, endangers the safe movement of a vehicle traveling on a public street, highway, or road.
- A violation of this subsection is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (4) A person who willfully incites or encourages another to participate in a riot, resulting in a riot or a clear and present danger of a riot, commits inciting or encouraging a riot, a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (5) A person commits aggravated inciting or encouraging a riot if he or she:

20-00874-21 2021484

(a) Incites or encourages a riot resulting in great bodily harm to another person not participating in the riot;

- (b) Incites or encourages a riot resulting in property damage in excess of \$5,000; or
- (c) Supplies a deadly weapon to another person or teaches another person to prepare a deadly weapon with intent that the deadly weapon be used in a riot.

A violation of this subsection is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(6) Except for a violation of subsection (1), a person arrested for a violation of this section shall be held in custody until brought before the court for admittance to bail in accordance with chapter 903.

Section 16. Section 870.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

870.02 Unlawful assemblies.-

- (1) If three or more persons meet together to commit a breach of the peace, or to do any other unlawful act, each of them commits shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (2) A person arrested for a violation of this section shall be held in custody until brought before the court for admittance to bail in accordance with chapter 903.

Section 17. Section 870.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

870.03 Riots and routs.-

(1) If any persons unlawfully assembled demolish, pull down or destroy, or begin to demolish, pull down or destroy, any

20-00874-21 2021484

dwelling house or other building, or any ship or vessel, each of them <u>commits</u> shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(2) A person arrested for a violation of this section shall be held in custody until brought before the court for admittance to bail in accordance with chapter 903.

Section 18. Section 870.07, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

870.07 Affirmative defense in civil action; party convicted of riot or unlawful assembly.—

- (1) In a civil action for damages for personal injury, wrongful death, or property damage, it is an affirmative defense that such action arose from injury or damage sustained by a participant acting in furtherance of a riot or unlawful assembly. The affirmative defense authorized by this section shall be established by evidence that the participant has been convicted of riot, aggravated riot, or unlawful assembly, or by proof of the commission of such crime by a preponderance of the evidence.
- (2) In a civil action in which a defendant raises an affirmative defense under this section, the court must, on motion by the defendant, stay the action during the pendency of a criminal action that forms the basis for the defense, unless the court finds that a conviction in the criminal action would not form a valid defense under this section.

Section 19. Subsections (3) through (6) of section 872.02, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through (7), respectively, a new subsection (3) is added to that section, subsections (1) and (2) of that section are republished, and

20-00874-21 2021484

present subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

872.02 Injuring or removing tomb or monument; disturbing contents of grave or tomb; penalties.—

- (1) A person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if he or she:
- (a) Willfully and knowingly destroys, mutilates, defaces, injures, or removes any tomb, monument, gravestone, burial mound, earthen or shell monument containing human skeletal remains or associated burial artifacts, or other structure or thing placed or designed for a memorial of the dead, or any fence, railing, curb, or other thing intended for the protection or ornamentation of any tomb, monument, gravestone, burial mound, earthen or shell monument containing human skeletal remains or associated burial artifacts, or other structure before mentioned, or for any enclosure for the burial of the dead; or
- (b) Willfully destroys, mutilates, removes, cuts, breaks, or injures any tree, shrub, or plant placed or being within any such enclosure, except for a person performing routine maintenance and upkeep.
- (2) A person who willfully and knowingly excavates, exposes, moves, removes, or otherwise disturbs the contents of a grave or tomb commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a violation of this section, committed by a person in furtherance of a riot or an aggravated riot prohibited under s. 870.01 is

20-00874-21

842

2021484

843 921.0023 for the offense committed. (7) (6) If a legally authorized person refuses to sign a 844 845 written authorization, as provided in paragraph (6)(a) $\frac{(5)(a)}{(a)}$ , or if a legally authorized person objects, as provided in paragraph 846 847 (6) (b)  $\frac{(5)}{(b)}$ , a public hearing shall be held before the county 848 commission of the county where the cemetery is located, or the 849 city council, if the cemetery is located in a municipality, and 850 the county commission or the city council shall have the 851 authority to grant a request for relocation of the contents of 852 such graves or tombs. 853 Section 20. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (3) 854 of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 855 921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking 856 chart.-857 (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART 858 (b) LEVEL 2 859 860 Florida Felony Description Statute Degree 861 379.2431 Possession of 11 or fewer 3rd (1) (e) 3.marine turtle eggs in violation of the Marine Turtle Protection Act. 862 Possession of more than 11 379.2431 3rd marine turtle eggs in violation (1) (e) 4.

ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s.

Page 30 of 52

1	20-00874-21		2021484
			of the Marine Turtle Protection
			Act.
863			
	403.413(6)(c)	3rd	Dumps waste litter exceeding
			500 lbs. in weight or 100 cubic
			feet in volume or any quantity
			for commercial purposes, or
864			hazardous waste.
004	517.07(2)	3rd	Failure to furnish a prospectus
	317.07(2)	JIG	meeting requirements.
865			
	590.28(1)	3rd	Intentional burning of lands.
866			
	784.03(3)	<u>3rd</u>	Battery during a riot or an
			aggravated riot.
867			
	784.05(3)	3rd	Storing or leaving a loaded
			firearm within reach of minor
			who uses it to inflict injury
0.60			or death.
868	707 04/1)	2 al	To minimum of sount and an
	787.04(1)	3rd	In violation of court order,
			take, entice, etc., minor beyond state limits.
869			Deyona Deace Timies.
	806.13(1)(b)3.	3rd	Criminal mischief; damage
			\$1,000 or more to public
			communication or any other

Page 31 of 52

	2021484
	public service.
<u>3rd</u>	Criminal mischief; damage of
	\$200 or more to a memorial.
21	
3ra	Impairing or impeding telephone or power to a dwelling;
	facilitating or furthering
	burglary.
3rd	Trespassing on posted
	commercial horticulture
	property.
1. 3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree; \$750
	or more but less than \$5,000.
3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree; \$100
	or more but less than \$750,
	taken from unenclosed curtilage of dwelling.
	or awerring.
3rd	Possession, use, or attempted
	use of an antishoplifting or
	inventory control device
	countermeasure.
2. 3rd	False statement in support of
	insurance claim.
	3rd 3rd 3rd 3rd

Page 32 of 52

1	20-00874-21		2021484
877	817.481(3)(a)	3rd	Obtain credit or purchase with false, expired, counterfeit, etc., credit card, value over \$300.
	817.52(3)	3rd	Failure to redeliver hired vehicle.
879	817.54	3rd	With intent to defraud, obtain mortgage note, etc., by false representation.
880	817.60(5)	3rd	Dealing in credit cards of another.
882	817.60(6)(a)	3rd	Forgery; purchase goods, services with false card.
883	817.61	3rd	Fraudulent use of credit cards over \$100 or more within 6 months.
884	826.04	3rd	Knowingly marries or has sexual intercourse with person to whom related.
885	831.01	3rd	Forgery.

Page 33 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484
	831.02	3rd	Uttering forged instrument; utters or publishes alteration with intent to defraud.
886			with intent to defladd.
	831.07	3rd	Forging bank bills, checks, drafts, or promissory notes.
887			
	831.08	3rd	Possessing 10 or more forged notes, bills, checks, or drafts.
888			
	831.09	3rd	Uttering forged notes, bills, checks, drafts, or promissory notes.
889			
	831.11	3rd	Bringing into the state forged bank bills, checks, drafts, or notes.
890			
	832.05(3)(a)	3rd	Cashing or depositing item with intent to defraud.
891			
892	843.08	3rd	False personation.
	893.13(2)(a)2.	3rd	Purchase of any s.  893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,  (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)6.,  (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9.,  (2)(c)10., (3), or (4) drugs

Page 34 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484
			other than cannabis.
893			
	893.147(2)	3rd	Manufacture or delivery of drug paraphernalia.
894			paraphernaria.
895	(c) LEVEL 3		
896			
897			
	Florida	Felony	Description
0.00	Statute	Degree	
898	119.10(2)(b)	3rd	Unlawful use of confidential
	119.10(2)(0)	JIU	information from police
			reports.
899			
	316.066	3rd	Unlawfully obtaining or using
	(3) (b) - (d)		confidential crash reports.
900	21 ( 102 (0) (1-)	21	Halana Dili Qud sanadati as
901	316.193(2)(b)	3rd	Felony DUI, 3rd conviction.
JU1	316.1935(2)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to elude
	. ,		law enforcement officer in
			patrol vehicle with siren and
			lights activated.
902			
	319.30(4)	3rd	Possession by junkyard of motor
			vehicle with identification number plate removed.
903			namber prace removed.

Page 35 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484
	319.33(1)(a)	3rd	Alter or forge any certificate
			of title to a motor vehicle or
			mobile home.
904			
	319.33(1)(c)	3rd	Procure or pass title on stolen
			vehicle.
905			
	319.33(4)	3rd	With intent to defraud,
			possess, sell, etc., a blank,
			forged, or unlawfully obtained
0.0.6			title or registration.
906	227 25 (2) (1)	21	Dellere Ditt
907	327.35(2)(b)	3rd	Felony BUI.
907	328.05(2)	3rd	Possess, sell, or counterfeit
	320.03(2)	JIU	fictitious, stolen, or
			fraudulent titles or bills of
			sale of vessels.
908			
	328.07(4)	3rd	Manufacture, exchange, or
	, ,		possess vessel with counterfeit
			or wrong ID number.
909			
	376.302(5)	3rd	Fraud related to reimbursement
			for cleanup expenses under the
			Inland Protection Trust Fund.
910			
	379.2431	3rd	Taking, disturbing, mutilating,
	(1)(e)5.		destroying, causing to be

Page 36 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484
			destroyed, transferring,
			selling, offering to sell,
			molesting, or harassing marine
			turtles, marine turtle eggs, or
			marine turtle nests in
			violation of the Marine Turtle
			Protection Act.
911			
	379.2431	3rd	Possessing any marine turtle
	(1) (e) 6.		species or hatchling, or parts
			thereof, or the nest of any
			marine turtle species described
			in the Marine Turtle Protection
			Act.
912			
	379.2431	3rd	Soliciting to commit or
	(1) (e) 7.		conspiring to commit a
			violation of the Marine Turtle
			Protection Act.
913			
	400.9935(4)(a)	3rd	Operating a clinic, or offering
	or (b)		services requiring licensure,
			without a license.
914			
	400.9935(4)(e)	3rd	Filing a false license
			application or other required
			information or failing to
			report information.
915			

	20-00874-21		2021484
	440.1051(3)	3rd	False report of workers'
			compensation fraud or
			retaliation for making such a
			report.
916			
	501.001(2)(b)	2nd	Tampers with a consumer product
			or the container using
			materially false/misleading
0.4.5			information.
917	604 404 44 4	0 1	
	624.401(4)(a)	3rd	Transacting insurance without a
918			certificate of authority.
910	624.401(4)(b)1.	3rd	Transacting insurance without a
	024.401(4)(0)1.	Jiu	certificate of authority;
			premium collected less than
			\$20,000.
919			
	626.902(1)(a) &	3rd	Representing an unauthorized
	(b)		insurer.
920			
	697.08	3rd	Equity skimming.
921			
	790.15(3)	3rd	Person directs another to
			discharge firearm from a
			vehicle.
922			
	806.10(1)	3rd	Maliciously injure, destroy, or
			interfere with vehicles or

Page 38 of 52

ı	20-00874-21		2021484
			equipment used in firefighting.
923	806.10(2)	3rd	Interferes with or assaults firefighter in performance of duty.
924	810.09(2)(c)	3rd	Trespass on property other than structure or conveyance armed with firearm or dangerous weapon.
925			
	812.014(2)(c)2.	3rd	Grand theft; \$5,000 or more but less than \$10,000.
926			
	812.0145(2)(c)	3rd	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$300 or more but less than \$10,000.
927			
	812.015(8)(b)	3rd	Retail theft with intent to sell; conspires with others.
928			
	815.04(5)(b)	2nd	Computer offense devised to defraud or obtain property.
929	817.034(4)(a)3.	3rd	Engages in scheme to defraud (Florida Communications Fraud Act), property valued at less than \$20,000.
l			l

	20-00874-21		2021484
	817.233	3rd	Burning to defraud insurer.
931			
	817.234	3rd	Unlawful solicitation of
	(8)(b) & (c)		persons involved in motor
932			vehicle accidents.
932	817.234(11)(a)	3rd	Insurance fraud; property value
	017.234(11)(a)	Sid	less than \$20,000.
933			
	817.236	3rd	Filing a false motor vehicle
			insurance application.
934			
	817.2361	3rd	Creating, marketing, or
			presenting a false or
			fraudulent motor vehicle
025			insurance card.
935	817.413(2)	3rd	Sale of used goods of \$1,000 or
	017.413(2)	JIU	more as new.
936			more do nem.
	831.28(2)(a)	3rd	Counterfeiting a payment
			instrument with intent to
			defraud or possessing a
			counterfeit payment instrument
			with intent to defraud.
937			
	831.29	2nd	Possession of instruments for
			counterfeiting driver licenses or identification cards.
			or identification cards.

Page 40 of 52

938	20-00874-21		2021484
	838.021(3)(b)	3rd	Threatens unlawful harm to public servant.
939	843.19	2nd	Injure, disable, or kill police, fire, or SAR canine or police horse.
	860.15(3)	3rd	Overcharging for repairs and parts.
941	870.01(2)	3rd	Riot <del>; inciting or encouraging</del> .
943	870.01(4)	<u>3rd</u>	Inciting or encouraging a riot.
944	893.13(1)(a)2.	3rd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cannabis (or other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (2)(c)10., (3), or (4) drugs).
	893.13(1)(d)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (2)(c)10., (3), or (4) drugs within 1,000 feet of university.

Page 41 of 52

0.45	20-00874-21		2021484
945	893.13(1)(f)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (2)(c)10., (3), or (4) drugs within 1,000 feet of public housing facility.
946	893.13(4)(c)	3rd	Use or hire of minor; deliver to minor other controlled substances.
947	893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of any controlled substance other than felony possession of cannabis.
310	893.13(7)(a)8.	3rd	Withhold information from practitioner regarding previous receipt of or prescription for a controlled substance.
949	893.13(7)(a)9.	3rd	Obtain or attempt to obtain controlled substance by fraud, forgery, misrepresentation, etc.
950	893.13(7)(a)10.	3rd	Affix false or forged label to package of controlled

Page 42 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484	
			substance.	
951				
	893.13(7)(a)11.	3rd	Furnish false or fraudulent	
			material information on any	
			document or record required by	
			chapter 893.	
952				
	893.13(8)(a)1.	3rd	Knowingly assist a patient,	
			other person, or owner of an	
			animal in obtaining a	
			controlled substance through	
			deceptive, untrue, or	
			fraudulent representations in	
			or related to the	
0.5.3			practitioner's practice.	
953	893.13(8)(a)2.	3rd	Employ a trick or achemo in the	
	093.13(0)(a)2.	31 a	Employ a trick or scheme in the practitioner's practice to	
			assist a patient, other person,	
			or owner of an animal in	
			obtaining a controlled	
			substance.	
954				
	893.13(8)(a)3.	3rd	Knowingly write a prescription	
	. , . ,		for a controlled substance for	
			a fictitious person.	
955			-	
	893.13(8)(a)4.	3rd	Write a prescription for a	
			controlled substance for a	
I				1

Page 43 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484
			patient, other person, or an
			animal if the sole purpose of
			writing the prescription is a
			monetary benefit for the
			practitioner.
956			
	918.13(1)(a)	3rd	Alter, destroy, or conceal
			investigation evidence.
957			
	944.47	3rd	Introduce contraband to
	(1)(a)1. & 2.		correctional facility.
958			
	944.47(1)(c)	2nd	Possess contraband while upon
			the grounds of a correctional
			institution.
959			
	985.721	3rd	Escapes from a juvenile
			facility (secure detention or
			residential commitment
			facility).
960			
961	(d) LEVEL 4		
962			
963			
	Florida	Felony	Description
	Statute	Degree	
964			
	316.1935(3)(a)	2nd	Driving at high speed or with
			wanton disregard for safety

Page 44 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484
			while fleeing or attempting to
			elude law enforcement officer
			who is in a patrol vehicle with
			siren and lights activated.
965			
	499.0051(1)	3rd	Failure to maintain or deliver
			transaction history,
			transaction information, or
			transaction statements.
966			
	499.0051(5)	2nd	Knowing sale or delivery, or
			possession with intent to sell,
			contraband prescription drugs.
967			
	517.07(1)	3rd	Failure to register securities.
968			
	517.12(1)	3rd	Failure of dealer, associated
			person, or issuer of securities
0.60			to register.
969	704 07 (0) (1)	2 1	
	784.07(2)(b)	3rd	Battery of law enforcement
070			officer, firefighter, etc.
970	704 074/1)/~\	2	Dattoni of compally riglant
	784.074(1)(c)	3rd	Battery of sexually violent
971			predators facility staff.
J/1	784.075	3rd	Battery on detention or
	104.013	Siu	commitment facility staff.
972			Committenent ractificy Staff.
514			

	20-00874-21		2021484
	784.078	3rd	Battery of facility employee by throwing, tossing, or expelling certain fluids or materials.
973			
	784.08(2)(c)	3rd	Battery on a person 65 years of age or older.
974			
	784.081(3)	3rd	Battery on specified official or employee.
975			
	784.082(3)	3rd	Battery by detained person on
976			visitor or other detainee.
977	784.083(3)	3rd	Battery on code inspector.
	784.085	3rd	Battery of child by throwing, tossing, projecting, or expelling certain fluids or materials.
978			
	787.03(1)	3rd	Interference with custody; wrongly takes minor from appointed guardian.
979	787.04(2)	3rd	Take, entice, or remove child
			beyond state limits with
			criminal intent pending custody
980			proceedings.

i	20-00874-21		2021484
	787.04(3)	3rd	Carrying child beyond state
			lines with criminal intent to
			avoid producing child at
			custody hearing or delivering
			to designated person.
981			
0.00	787.07	3rd	Human smuggling.
982	700 115 (1)	2 1	
	790.115(1)	3rd	Exhibiting firearm or weapon
983			within 1,000 feet of a school.
903	790.115(2)(b)	3rd	Possessing electric weapon or
	790.113(2)(D)	JIU	device, destructive device, or
			other weapon on school
			property.
984			
	790.115(2)(c)	3rd	Possessing firearm on school
			property.
985			
	800.04(7)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition;
			offender less than 18 years.
986			
	806.135	<u>2nd</u>	Destroying or demolishing a
			memorial.
987			
	810.02(4)(a)	3rd	Burglary, or attempted
			burglary, of an unoccupied
			structure; unarmed; no assault
			or battery.

Page 47 of 52

I	20-00874-21		2021484
988	810.02(4)(b)	3rd	Burglary, or attempted
	010.02(4)(D)	Jiu	burglary, of accempted burglary, of an unoccupied
			conveyance; unarmed; no assault
			or battery.
989			
	810.06	3rd	Burglary; possession of tools.
990			
	810.08(2)(c)	3rd	Trespass on property, armed
			with firearm or dangerous weapon.
991			weapon:
	812.014(2)(c)3.	3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree \$10,000
			or more but less than \$20,000.
992			
	812.014	3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree;
0.00	(2) (c) 410.		specified items.
993	812.0195(2)	3rd	Dealing in stolen property by
	012.0193(2)	31 a	use of the Internet; property
			stolen \$300 or more.
994			
	817.505(4)(a)	3rd	Patient brokering.
995			
	817.563(1)	3rd	Sell or deliver substance other
			than controlled substance
			agreed upon, excluding s.
996			893.03(5) drugs.

Page 48 of 52

1	20-00874-21		2021484
	817.568(2)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent use of personal
			identification information.
997	017 (25 (2) (5)	21	
	817.625(2)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent use of scanning device, skimming device, or
			reencoder.
998			
	817.625(2)(c)	3rd	Possess, sell, or deliver
			skimming device.
999			
	828.125(1)	2nd	Kill, maim, or cause great
			bodily harm or permanent breeding disability to any
			registered horse or cattle.
1000			
	837.02(1)	3rd	Perjury in official
			proceedings.
1001			
	837.021(1)	3rd	Make contradictory statements
1002			in official proceedings.
1002	838.022	3rd	Official misconduct.
1003			
	839.13(2)(a)	3rd	Falsifying records of an
			individual in the care and
			custody of a state agency.
1004	000 10/00 /	2	
	839.13(2)(c)	3rd	Falsifying records of the
			Department of Children and

Page 49 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484
			Families.
1005			
	843.021	3rd	Possession of a concealed
			handcuff key by a person in
			custody.
1006	0.4.0	0 1	
	843.025	3rd	Deprive law enforcement,
			correctional, or correctional
			probation officer of means of protection or communication.
1007			procection or communication.
1007	843.15(1)(a)	3rd	Failure to appear while on bail
	, , , ,		for felony (bond estreature or
			bond jumping).
1008			
	847.0135(5)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition
			using computer; offender less
			than 18 years.
1009			
	870.01(3)	<u>3rd</u>	Aggravated rioting.
1010	000 01 (5)	2 1	
	<u>870.01(5)</u>	<u>3rd</u>	Aggravated inciting or
1011			encouraging a riot.
1011	874.05(1)(a)	3rd	Encouraging or recruiting
	074.00(1)(4)	JIU	another to join a criminal
			gang.
1012			
	893.13(2)(a)1.	2nd	Purchase of cocaine (or other

Page 50 of 52

	20-00874-21		2021484
			s. 893.03(1)(a), (b), or (d),
			(2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)5.
			drugs).
1013			-
	914.14(2)	3rd	Witnesses accepting bribes.
1014	J = 1 • = 1 ( a )	010	wronesses accepting silses.
1014	914.22(1)	3rd	Force, threaten, etc., witness,
	914.22(1)	31 a	
1015			victim, or informant.
1015	01.4.00.40	2 1	
	914.23(2)	3rd	Retaliation against a witness,
			victim, or informant, no bodily
			injury.
1016			
	916.1085	3rd	Introduction of specified
	(2)(c)1.		contraband into certain DCF
			facilities.
1017			
	918.12	3rd	Tampering with jurors.
1018			
	934.215	3rd	Use of two-way communications
			device to facilitate commission
			of a crime.
1019			
	944.47(1)(a)6.	3rd	Introduction of contraband
	3 1 1 <b>1</b> 1 ( 1 ) ( 1 ) ( 1 )	0 2 0.	(cellular telephone or other
			portable communication device)
			into correctional institution.
1000			into correctional institution.
1020	051 00/11/11	2 1	
	951.22(1)(h),	3rd	Intoxicating drug,

Page 51 of 52

20-00874-21 2021484\_\_\_

(j) & (k)

instrumentality or other device to aid escape, or cellular telephone or other portable communication device introduced into county detention facility.

10211022

Section 21. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

Page 52 of 52