House

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS/CS/SB 50, 1st Eng.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

Floor: 1/F/RM 04/08/2021 05:10 PM

Senator Farmer moved the following:

Senate Amendment to House Amendment (642177) (with title 1 2 amendment) 3 4 Delete lines 4 - 38 5 and insert: Delete lines 205 - 2048 6 7 and insert: 8 (a)1.a. At the rate of 5.75 $\frac{6}{5}$ percent of the sales price of each item or article of tangible personal property when sold at 9 10 retail in this state, computed on each taxable sale for the 11 purpose of remitting the amount of tax due the state, and

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12 including each and every retail sale.

13 b. Each occasional or isolated sale of an aircraft, boat, 14 mobile home, or motor vehicle of a class or type which is 15 required to be registered, licensed, titled, or documented in this state or by the United States Government shall be subject 16 to tax at the rate provided in this paragraph. The department 17 18 shall by rule adopt any nationally recognized publication for 19 valuation of used motor vehicles as the reference price list for 20 any used motor vehicle which is required to be licensed pursuant 21 to s. 320.08(1), (2), (3)(a), (b), (c), or (e), or (9). If any 22 party to an occasional or isolated sale of such a vehicle 23 reports to the tax collector a sales price which is less than 80 24 percent of the average loan price for the specified model and 25 year of such vehicle as listed in the most recent reference price list, the tax levied under this paragraph shall be 26 27 computed by the department on such average loan price unless the 28 parties to the sale have provided to the tax collector an 29 affidavit signed by each party, or other substantial proof, 30 stating the actual sales price. Any party to such sale who reports a sales price less than the actual sales price is guilty 31 32 of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in 33 s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. The department shall collect or 34 attempt to collect from such party any delinquent sales taxes. 35 In addition, such party shall pay any tax due and any penalty 36 and interest assessed plus a penalty equal to twice the amount 37 of the additional tax owed. Notwithstanding any other provision 38 of law, the Department of Revenue may waive or compromise any 39 penalty imposed pursuant to this subparagraph.

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2. This paragraph does not apply to the sale of a boat or

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aircraft by or through a registered dealer under this chapter to 41 42 a purchaser who, at the time of taking delivery, is a nonresident of this state, does not make his or her permanent 43 44 place of abode in this state, and is not engaged in carrying on in this state any employment, trade, business, or profession in 45 which the boat or aircraft will be used in this state, or is a 46 47 corporation none of the officers or directors of which is a resident of, or makes his or her permanent place of abode in, 48 49 this state, or is a noncorporate entity that has no individual 50 vested with authority to participate in the management, 51 direction, or control of the entity's affairs who is a resident 52 of, or makes his or her permanent abode in, this state. For 53 purposes of this exemption, either a registered dealer acting on 54 his or her own behalf as seller, a registered dealer acting as broker on behalf of a seller, or a registered dealer acting as 55 56 broker on behalf of the purchaser may be deemed to be the 57 selling dealer. This exemption shall not be allowed unless:

a. The purchaser removes a qualifying boat, as described in sub-subparagraph f., from the state within 90 days after the date of purchase or extension, or the purchaser removes a nonqualifying boat or an aircraft from this state within 10 days after the date of purchase or, when the boat or aircraft is repaired or altered, within 20 days after completion of the repairs or alterations; or if the aircraft will be registered in a foreign jurisdiction and:

(I) Application for the aircraft's registration is properly filed with a civil airworthiness authority of a foreign jurisdiction within 10 days after the date of purchase;

(II) The purchaser removes the aircraft from the state to a

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70 foreign jurisdiction within 10 days after the date the aircraft 71 is registered by the applicable foreign airworthiness authority; 72 and

(III) The aircraft is operated in the state solely to remove it from the state to a foreign jurisdiction.

76 For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "foreign 77 jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction outside of the United 78 States or any of its territories;

79 b. The purchaser, within 90 days from the date of departure, provides the department with written proof that the 80 81 purchaser licensed, registered, titled, or documented the boat 82 or aircraft outside the state. If such written proof is 83 unavailable, within 90 days the purchaser shall provide proof 84 that the purchaser applied for such license, title, 85 registration, or documentation. The purchaser shall forward to 86 the department proof of title, license, registration, or documentation upon receipt; 87

c. The purchaser, within 30 days after removing the boat or aircraft from Florida, furnishes the department with proof of 89 90 removal in the form of receipts for fuel, dockage, slippage, 91 tie-down, or hangaring from outside of Florida. The information so provided must clearly and specifically identify the boat or aircraft; 93

94 d. The selling dealer, within 30 days after the date of 95 sale, provides to the department a copy of the sales invoice, 96 closing statement, bills of sale, and the original affidavit 97 signed by the purchaser attesting that he or she has read the provisions of this section; 98

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e. The seller makes a copy of the affidavit a part of his or her record for as long as required by s. 213.35; and

f. Unless the nonresident purchaser of a boat of 5 net tons of admeasurement or larger intends to remove the boat from this state within 10 days after the date of purchase or when the boat is repaired or altered, within 20 days after completion of the repairs or alterations, the nonresident purchaser applies to the selling dealer for a decal which authorizes 90 days after the date of purchase for removal of the boat. The nonresident purchaser of a qualifying boat may apply to the selling dealer within 60 days after the date of purchase for an extension decal that authorizes the boat to remain in this state for an additional 90 days, but not more than a total of 180 days, before the nonresident purchaser is required to pay the tax imposed by this chapter. The department is authorized to issue decals in advance to dealers. The number of decals issued in advance to a dealer shall be consistent with the volume of the dealer's past sales of boats which qualify under this subsubparagraph. The selling dealer or his or her agent shall mark and affix the decals to qualifying boats in the manner prescribed by the department, before delivery of the boat.

(I) The department is hereby authorized to charge dealers a fee sufficient to recover the costs of decals issued, except the extension decal shall cost \$425.

(II) The proceeds from the sale of decals will be depositedinto the administrative trust fund.

(III) Decals shall display information to identify the boat as a qualifying boat under this sub-subparagraph, including, but not limited to, the decal's date of expiration.

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128 (IV) The department is authorized to require dealers who 129 purchase decals to file reports with the department and may 130 prescribe all necessary records by rule. All such records are 131 subject to inspection by the department. 132 (V) Any dealer or his or her agent who issues a decal 133 falsely, fails to affix a decal, mismarks the expiration date of 134 a decal, or fails to properly account for decals will be 135 considered prima facie to have committed a fraudulent act to 136 evade the tax and will be liable for payment of the tax plus a 137 mandatory penalty of 200 percent of the tax, and shall be liable 138 for fine and punishment as provided by law for a conviction of a 139 misdemeanor of the first degree, as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 140 775.083. 141 (VI) Any nonresident purchaser of a boat who removes a 142 decal before permanently removing the boat from the state, or 143 defaces, changes, modifies, or alters a decal in a manner 144 affecting its expiration date before its expiration, or who 145 causes or allows the same to be done by another, will be 146 considered prima facie to have committed a fraudulent act to 147 evade the tax and will be liable for payment of the tax plus a 148 mandatory penalty of 200 percent of the tax, and shall be liable for fine and punishment as provided by law for a conviction of a 149 150 misdemeanor of the first degree, as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 151

(VII) The department is authorized to adopt rules necessary administer and enforce this subparagraph and to publish the necessary forms and instructions.

(VIII) The department is hereby authorized to adopt
emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4) to administer and

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157 enforce the provisions of this subparagraph.

159 If the purchaser fails to remove the qualifying boat from this 160 state within the maximum 180 days after purchase or a 161 nonqualifying boat or an aircraft from this state within 10 days 162 after purchase or, when the boat or aircraft is repaired or 163 altered, within 20 days after completion of such repairs or 164 alterations, or permits the boat or aircraft to return to this 165 state within 6 months from the date of departure, except as 166 provided in s. 212.08(7)(fff), or if the purchaser fails to furnish the department with any of the documentation required by 167 168 this subparagraph within the prescribed time period, the 169 purchaser shall be liable for use tax on the cost price of the 170 boat or aircraft and, in addition thereto, payment of a penalty 171 to the Department of Revenue equal to the tax payable. This 172 penalty shall be in lieu of the penalty imposed by s. 212.12(2). 173 The maximum 180-day period following the sale of a qualifying 174 boat tax-exempt to a nonresident may not be tolled for any 175 reason.

176 (b) At the rate of 6 percent of the cost price of each item 177 or article of tangible personal property when the same is not 178 sold but is used, consumed, distributed, or stored for use or 179 consumption in this state; however, for tangible property 180 originally purchased exempt from tax for use exclusively for 181 lease and which is converted to the owner's own use, tax may be 182 paid on the fair market value of the property at the time of 183 conversion. If the fair market value of the property cannot be 184 determined, use tax at the time of conversion shall be based on the owner's acquisition cost. Under no circumstances may the 185

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186 aggregate amount of sales tax from leasing the property and use 187 tax due at the time of conversion be less than the total sales 188 tax that would have been due on the original acquisition cost 189 paid by the owner.

190 (c) At the rate of 6 percent of the gross proceeds derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, as 191 defined herein; however, the following special provisions apply 192 193 to the lease or rental of motor vehicles:

194 1. When a motor vehicle is leased or rented for a period of 195 less than 12 months:

196 a. If the motor vehicle is rented in Florida, the entire 197 amount of such rental is taxable, even if the vehicle is dropped off in another state.

b. If the motor vehicle is rented in another state and dropped off in Florida, the rental is exempt from Florida tax.

201 2. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., for the lease or 202 rental of a motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12 203 months, sales tax is due on the lease or rental payments if the 204 vehicle is registered in this state; provided, however, that no 205 tax shall be due if the taxpayer documents use of the motor 206 vehicle outside this state and tax is being paid on the lease or 207 rental payments in another state.

208 3. The tax imposed by this chapter does not apply to the lease or rental of a commercial motor vehicle as defined in s. 209 210 316.003(13)(a) to one lessee or rentee for a period of not less 211 than 12 months when tax was paid on the purchase price of such 212 vehicle by the lessor. To the extent tax was paid with respect to the purchase of such vehicle in another state, territory of 213 the United States, or the District of Columbia, the Florida tax 214

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215 payable shall be reduced in accordance with the provisions of s.
216 212.06(7). This subparagraph shall only be available when the
217 lease or rental of such property is an established business or
218 part of an established business or the same is incidental or
219 germane to such business.

(d) At the rate of 6 percent of the lease or rental price paid by a lessee or rentee, or contracted or agreed to be paid by a lessee or rentee, to the owner of the tangible personal property.

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(e)1. At the rate of 6 percent on charges for:

a. Prepaid calling arrangements. The tax on charges for prepaid calling arrangements shall be collected at the time of sale and remitted by the selling dealer.

(I) "Prepaid calling arrangement" has the same meaning as provided in s. 202.11.

(II) If the sale or recharge of the prepaid calling arrangement does not take place at the dealer's place of business, it shall be deemed to have taken place at the customer's shipping address or, if no item is shipped, at the customer's address or the location associated with the customer's mobile telephone number.

(III) The sale or recharge of a prepaid calling arrangement shall be treated as a sale of tangible personal property for purposes of this chapter, regardless of whether a tangible item evidencing such arrangement is furnished to the purchaser, and such sale within this state subjects the selling dealer to the jurisdiction of this state for purposes of this subsection.

(IV) No additional tax under this chapter or chapter 202 isdue or payable if a purchaser of a prepaid calling arrangement

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who has paid tax under this chapter on the sale or recharge of such arrangement applies one or more units of the prepaid calling arrangement to obtain communications services as described in s. 202.11(9)(b)3., other services that are not communications services, or products.

b. The installation of telecommunication and telegraphic equipment.

c. Electrical power or energy, except that the tax rate for charges for electrical power or energy is 4.35 percent. Charges for electrical power and energy do not include taxes imposed under ss. 166.231 and 203.01(1)(a)3.

255 2. Section 212.17(3), regarding credit for tax paid on 256 charges subsequently found to be worthless, is equally 257 applicable to any tax paid under this section on charges for 258 prepaid calling arrangements, telecommunication or telegraph 259 services, or electric power subsequently found to be 260 uncollectible. As used in this paragraph, the term "charges" 261 does not include any excise or similar tax levied by the Federal 262 Government, a political subdivision of this state, or a 263 municipality upon the purchase, sale, or recharge of prepaid 264 calling arrangements or upon the purchase or sale of 265 telecommunication, television system program, or telegraph 266 service or electric power, which tax is collected by the seller 2.67 from the purchaser.

(f) At the rate of 6 percent on the sale, rental, use, consumption, or storage for use in this state of machines and equipment, and parts and accessories therefor, used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, producing, mining, or quarrying personal property for sale or to be used in furnishing

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273 communications, transportation, or public utility services.
274 (g)1. At the rate of 6 percent on the retail price of
275 newspapers and magazines sold or used in Florida.

2. Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter, inserts of printed materials which are distributed with a newspaper or magazine are a component part of the newspaper or magazine, and neither the sale nor use of such inserts is subject to tax when:

a. Printed by a newspaper or magazine publisher or commercial printer and distributed as a component part of a newspaper or magazine, which means that the items after being printed are delivered directly to a newspaper or magazine publisher by the printer for inclusion in editions of the distributed newspaper or magazine;

b. Such publications are labeled as part of the designated newspaper or magazine publication into which they are to be inserted; and

c. The purchaser of the insert presents a resale certificate to the vendor stating that the inserts are to be distributed as a component part of a newspaper or magazine.

293 (h)1. A tax is imposed at the rate of 4 percent on the 294 charges for the use of coin-operated amusement machines. The tax 295 shall be calculated by dividing the gross receipts from such 296 charges for the applicable reporting period by a divisor, 297 determined as provided in this subparagraph, to compute gross 298 taxable sales, and then subtracting gross taxable sales from 299 gross receipts to arrive at the amount of tax due. For counties 300 that do not impose a discretionary sales surtax, the divisor is equal to 1.04; for counties that impose a 0.5 percent 301

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302 discretionary sales surtax, the divisor is equal to 1.045; for 303 counties that impose a 1 percent discretionary sales surtax, the 304 divisor is equal to 1.050; and for counties that impose a 2 305 percent sales surtax, the divisor is equal to 1.060. If a county 306 imposes a discretionary sales surtax that is not listed in this 307 subparagraph, the department shall make the applicable divisor 308 available in an electronic format or otherwise. Additional 309 divisors shall bear the same mathematical relationship to the 310 next higher and next lower divisors as the new surtax rate bears 311 to the next higher and next lower surtax rates for which 312 divisors have been established. When a machine is activated by a 313 slug, token, coupon, or any similar device which has been 314 purchased, the tax is on the price paid by the user of the 315 device for such device.

316 2. As used in this paragraph, the term "operator" means any 317 person who possesses a coin-operated amusement machine for the 318 purpose of generating sales through that machine and who is 319 responsible for removing the receipts from the machine.

a. If the owner of the machine is also the operator of it,
he or she shall be liable for payment of the tax without any
deduction for rent or a license fee paid to a location owner for
the use of any real property on which the machine is located.

b. If the owner or lessee of the machine is also its
operator, he or she shall be liable for payment of the tax on
the purchase or lease of the machine, as well as the tax on
sales generated through the machine.

328 c. If the proprietor of the business where the machine is 329 located does not own the machine, he or she shall be deemed to 330 be the lessee and operator of the machine and is responsible for

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331 the payment of the tax on sales, unless such responsibility is 332 otherwise provided for in a written agreement between him or her 333 and the machine owner.

334 3.a. An operator of a coin-operated amusement machine may 335 not operate or cause to be operated in this state any such 336 machine until the operator has registered with the department 337 and has conspicuously displayed an identifying certificate 338 issued by the department. The identifying certificate shall be 339 issued by the department upon application from the operator. The identifying certificate shall include a unique number, and the 340 certificate shall be permanently marked with the operator's 341 342 name, the operator's sales tax number, and the maximum number of 343 machines to be operated under the certificate. An identifying 344 certificate shall not be transferred from one operator to 345 another. The identifying certificate must be conspicuously displayed on the premises where the coin-operated amusement 346 347 machines are being operated.

348 b. The operator of the machine must obtain an identifying 349 certificate before the machine is first operated in the state 350 and by July 1 of each year thereafter. The annual fee for each 351 certificate shall be based on the number of machines identified 352 on the application times \$30 and is due and payable upon 353 application for the identifying device. The application shall 354 contain the operator's name, sales tax number, business address 355 where the machines are being operated, and the number of 356 machines in operation at that place of business by the operator. 357 No operator may operate more machines than are listed on the 358 certificate. A new certificate is required if more machines are 359 being operated at that location than are listed on the

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360 certificate. The fee for the new certificate shall be based on 361 the number of additional machines identified on the application 362 form times \$30.

363 c. A penalty of \$250 per machine is imposed on the operator 364 for failing to properly obtain and display the required 365 identifying certificate. A penalty of \$250 is imposed on the 366 lessee of any machine placed in a place of business without a 367 proper current identifying certificate. Such penalties shall 368 apply in addition to all other applicable taxes, interest, and 369 penalties.

d. Operators of coin-operated amusement machines must
obtain a separate sales and use tax certificate of registration
for each county in which such machines are located. One sales
and use tax certificate of registration is sufficient for all of
the operator's machines within a single county.

4. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to coinoperated amusement machines owned and operated by churches or synagogues.

5. In addition to any other penalties imposed by this chapter, a person who knowingly and willfully violates any provision of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

6. The department may adopt rules necessary to administer the provisions of this paragraph.

(i)1. At the rate of 6 percent on charges for all:
a. Detective, burglar protection, and other protection
services (NAICS National Numbers 561611, 561612, 561613, and
561621). Fingerprint services required under s. 790.06 or s.
790.062 are not subject to the tax. Any law enforcement officer,

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389 as defined in s. 943.10, who is performing approved duties as 390 determined by his or her local law enforcement agency in his or 391 her capacity as a law enforcement officer, and who is subject to the direct and immediate command of his or her law enforcement 392 393 agency, and in the law enforcement officer's uniform as 394 authorized by his or her law enforcement agency, is performing 395 law enforcement and public safety services and is not performing 396 detective, burglar protection, or other protective services, if 397 the law enforcement officer is performing his or her approved 398 duties in a geographical area in which the law enforcement 399 officer has arrest jurisdiction. Such law enforcement and public 400 safety services are not subject to tax irrespective of whether 401 the duty is characterized as "extra duty," "off-duty," or 402 "secondary employment," and irrespective of whether the officer 403 is paid directly or through the officer's agency by an outside 404 source. The term "law enforcement officer" includes full-time or part-time law enforcement officers, and any auxiliary law 405 406 enforcement officer, when such auxiliary law enforcement officer 407 is working under the direct supervision of a full-time or part-408 time law enforcement officer.

b. Nonresidential cleaning, excluding cleaning of the
interiors of transportation equipment, and nonresidential
building pest control services (NAICS National Numbers 561710
and 561720).

2. As used in this paragraph, "NAICS" means those
classifications contained in the North American Industry
Classification System, as published in 2007 by the Office of
Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

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3. Charges for detective, burglar protection, and other

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418 protection security services performed in this state but used 419 outside this state are exempt from taxation. Charges for 420 detective, burglar protection, and other protection security 421 services performed outside this state and used in this state are 422 subject to tax.

423 4. If a transaction involves both the sale or use of a service taxable under this paragraph and the sale or use of a 424 425 service or any other item not taxable under this chapter, the 42.6 consideration paid must be separately identified and stated with 427 respect to the taxable and exempt portions of the transaction or 428 the entire transaction shall be presumed taxable. The burden 429 shall be on the seller of the service or the purchaser of the 430 service, whichever applicable, to overcome this presumption by 431 providing documentary evidence as to which portion of the 432 transaction is exempt from tax. The department is authorized to 433 adjust the amount of consideration identified as the taxable and 434 exempt portions of the transaction; however, a determination 435 that the taxable and exempt portions are inaccurately stated and 436 that the adjustment is applicable must be supported by 437 substantial competent evidence.

438 5. Each seller of services subject to sales tax pursuant to 439 this paragraph shall maintain a monthly log showing each 440 transaction for which sales tax was not collected because the 441 services meet the requirements of subparagraph 3. for out-of-442 state use. The log must identify the purchaser's name, location 443 and mailing address, and federal employer identification number, 444 if a business, or the social security number, if an individual, the service sold, the price of the service, the date of sale, 445 the reason for the exemption, and the sales invoice number. The 446

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447 monthly log shall be maintained pursuant to the same 448 requirements and subject to the same penalties imposed for the 449 keeping of similar records pursuant to this chapter.

450 (j)1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, 451 there is hereby levied a tax on the sale, use, consumption, or 452 storage for use in this state of any coin or currency, whether 453 in circulation or not, when such coin or currency:

a. Is not legal tender;

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b. If legal tender, is sold, exchanged, or traded at a rate in excess of its face value; or

457 c. Is sold, exchanged, or traded at a rate based on its 458 precious metal content.

2. Such tax shall be at a rate of 6 percent of the price at which the coin or currency is sold, exchanged, or traded, except that, with respect to a coin or currency which is legal tender of the United States and which is sold, exchanged, or traded, such tax shall not be levied.

3. There are exempt from this tax exchanges of coins or currency which are in general circulation in, and legal tender 466 of, one nation for coins or currency which are in general circulation in, and legal tender of, another nation when exchanged solely for use as legal tender and at an exchange rate 469 based on the relative value of each as a medium of exchange.

470 4. With respect to any transaction that involves the sale 471 of coins or currency taxable under this paragraph in which the 472 taxable amount represented by the sale of such coins or currency 473 exceeds \$500, the entire amount represented by the sale of such 474 coins or currency is exempt from the tax imposed under this paragraph. The dealer must maintain proper documentation, as 475

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476 prescribed by rule of the department, to identify that portion 477 of a transaction which involves the sale of coins or currency 478 and is exempt under this subparagraph.

(k) At the rate of 6 percent of the sales price of each gallon of diesel fuel not taxed under chapter 206 purchased for use in a vessel, except dyed diesel fuel that is exempt pursuant to s. 212.08(4)(a)4.

(1) Florists located in this state are liable for sales tax on sales to retail customers regardless of where or by whom the items sold are to be delivered. Florists located in this state are not liable for sales tax on payments received from other florists for items delivered to customers in this state.

(m) Operators of game concessions or other concessionaires who customarily award tangible personal property as prizes may, in lieu of paying tax on the cost price of such property, pay tax on 25 percent of the gross receipts from such concession activity.

(2) The tax shall be collected by the dealer, as defined herein, and remitted by the dealer to the state at the time and in the manner as hereinafter provided.

(3) The tax so levied is in addition to all other taxes, whether levied in the form of excise, license, or privilege taxes, and in addition to all other fees and taxes levied.

(4) The tax imposed pursuant to this chapter shall be due and payable according to the <u>algorithm provided</u> brackets set forth in s. 212.12.

502 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,
503 the maximum amount of tax imposed under this chapter and
504 collected on each sale or use of a boat in this state may not

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505	exceed \$18,000 and on each repair of a boat in this state may
506	not exceed \$60,000.
507	Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
508	212.054, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
509	212.054 Discretionary sales surtax; limitations,
510	administration, and collection
511	(4)
512	(c)1. Any dealer located in a county that does not impose a
513	discretionary sales surtax, any marketplace provider that is a
514	dealer under this chapter, or any person located outside this
515	state who is required to collect and remit sales tax on remote
516	sales but who collects the surtax due to sales of tangible
517	personal property or services delivered to a county imposing a
518	surtax outside the county shall remit monthly the proceeds of
519	the surtax to the department to be deposited into an account in
520	the Discretionary Sales Surtax Clearing Trust Fund which is
521	separate from the county surtax collection accounts. The
522	department shall distribute funds in this account using a
523	distribution factor determined for each county that levies a
524	surtax and multiplied by the amount of funds in the account and
525	available for distribution. The distribution factor for each
526	county equals the product of:
527	a. The county's latest official population determined
528	pursuant to s. 186.901;
529	b. The county's rate of surtax; and
530	c. The number of months the county has levied a surtax
531	during the most recent distribution period;
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533	divided by the sum of all such products of the counties levying
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534 the surtax during the most recent distribution period. 535 2. The department shall compute distribution factors for eligible counties once each quarter and make appropriate 536 537 quarterly distributions. 538 3. A county that fails to timely provide the information 539 required by this section to the department authorizes the 540 department, by such action, to use the best information 541 available to it in distributing surtax revenues to the county. 542 If this information is unavailable to the department, the 543 department may partially or entirely disqualify the county from 544 receiving surtax revenues under this paragraph. A county that 545 fails to provide timely information waives its right to 546 challenge the department's determination of the county's share, 547 if any, of revenues provided under this paragraph. 548 Section 5. Section 212.0596, Florida Statutes, is amended 549 to read: 550 (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 212.0596, F.S., for present text.) 551 552 212.0596 Taxation of remote sales.-553 (1) As used in this chapter, the term: 554 (a) "Remote sale" means a retail sale of tangible personal 555 property ordered by mail, telephone, the Internet, or other 556 means of communication from a person who receives the order 557 outside of this state and transports the property or causes the 558 property to be transported from any jurisdiction, including this 559 state, to a location in this state. For purposes of this 560 paragraph, tangible personal property delivered to a location 561 within this state is presumed to be used, consumed, distributed, 562 or stored to be used or consumed in this state.

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563	(b) "Substantial number of remote sales" means any number
564	of taxable remote sales in the previous calendar year in which
565	the sum of the sales prices, as defined in s. 212.02(16),
566	exceeded \$100,000.
567	(2) Every person making a substantial number of remote
568	sales is a dealer for purposes of this chapter.
569	(3) The department may establish by rule procedures for
570	collecting the use tax from unregistered persons who but for
571	their remote purchases would not be required to remit sales or
572	use tax directly to the department. The procedures may provide
573	for waiver of registration, provisions for irregular remittance
574	of tax, elimination of the collection allowance, and
575	nonapplication of local option surtaxes.
576	(4) A marketplace provider that is a dealer under this
577	chapter or a person who is required to collect and remit sales
578	tax on remote sales is required to collect surtax when the
579	taxable item of tangible personal property is delivered within a
580	county imposing a surtax as provided in s. 212.054(3)(a).
581	Section 6. Section 212.05965, Florida Statutes, is created
582	to read:
583	212.05965 Taxation of marketplace sales
584	(1) As used in this chapter, the term:
585	(a) "Marketplace" means any physical place or electronic
586	medium through which tangible personal property is offered for
587	sale.
588	(b) "Marketplace provider" means a person who facilitates a
589	retail sale by a marketplace seller by listing or advertising
590	for sale by the marketplace seller tangible personal property in
591	a marketplace and who directly, or indirectly through agreements

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592 or arrangements with third parties, collects payment from the 593 customer and transmits all or part of the payment to the marketplace seller, regardless of whether the marketplace 594 595 provider receives compensation or other consideration in 596 exchange for its services. 597 1. The term does not include a person who solely provides travel agency services. As used in this subparagraph, the term 598 599 "travel agency services" means arranging, booking, or otherwise facilitating for a commission, fee, or other consideration 600 601 vacation or travel packages, rental cars, or other travel reservations; tickets for domestic or foreign travel by air, 602 603 rail, ship, bus, or other mode of transportation; or hotel or 604 other lodging accommodations. 605 2. The term does not include a person who is a delivery 606 network company unless the delivery network company is a 607 registered dealer for purposes of this chapter and the delivery network company notifies all local merchants that sell through 608 609 the delivery network company's website or mobile application 610 that the delivery network company is subject to the requirements 611 of a marketplace provider under this section. As used in this 612 subparagraph, the term: 613 a. "Delivery network company" means a person who maintains 614 a website or mobile application used to facilitate delivery 615 services, the sale of local products, or both. 616 b. "Delivery network courier" means a person who provides 617 delivery services through a delivery network company website or 618 mobile application using a personal means of transportation, 619 such as a motor vehicle as defined in s. 320.01(1), bicycle, 620 scooter, or other similar means of transportation; using public

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621	transportation; or by walking.
622	c. "Delivery services" means the pickup and delivery by a
623	delivery network courier of one or more local products from a
624	local merchant to a customer, which may include the selection,
625	collection, and purchase of the local product in connection with
626	the delivery. The term does not include any delivery requiring
627	more than 75 miles of travel from the local merchant to the
628	customer.
629	d. "Local merchant" means a kitchen, a restaurant, or a
630	third-party merchant, including a grocery store, retail store,
631	convenience store, or business of another type, which is not
632	under common ownership or control of the delivery network
633	company.
634	e. "Local product" means any tangible personal property,
635	including food but excluding freight, mail, or a package to
636	which postage has been affixed.
637	3. The term does not include a payment processor business
638	that processes payment transactions from various channels, such
639	as charge cards, credit cards, or debit cards, and whose sole
640	activity with respect to marketplace sales is to process payment
641	transactions between two or more parties.
642	(c) "Marketplace seller" means a person who has an
643	agreement with a marketplace provider that is a dealer under
644	this chapter and who makes retail sales of tangible personal
645	property through a marketplace owned, operated, or controlled by
646	the marketplace provider.
647	(2) A marketplace provider that has a physical presence in
648	this state or who is making or facilitating through a
649	marketplace a substantial number of remote sales as defined in

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650	s. 212.0596(1) is a dealer for purposes of this chapter.
651	(3) A marketplace provider that is a dealer under this
652	chapter shall certify to its marketplace sellers that it will
653	collect and remit the tax imposed under this chapter on taxable
654	retail sales made through the marketplace. Such certification
655	may be included in the agreement between the marketplace
656	provider and the marketplace seller.
657	(4)(a) A marketplace seller may not collect and remit the
658	tax under this chapter on a taxable retail sale when the sale is
659	made through the marketplace and the marketplace provider
660	certifies, as required under subsection (3), that it will
661	collect and remit such tax. A marketplace seller shall exclude
662	such sales made through the marketplace from the marketplace
663	seller's tax return under s. 212.11.
664	(b)1. A marketplace seller who has a physical presence in
665	this state shall register and shall collect and remit the tax
666	imposed under this chapter on all taxable retail sales made
667	outside of the marketplace.
668	2. A marketplace seller who is not described under
669	subparagraph 1. but who makes a substantial number of remote
670	sales as defined in s. 212.0596(1) shall register and shall
671	collect and remit the tax imposed under this chapter on all
672	taxable retail sales made outside of the marketplace. For the
673	purpose of determining whether a marketplace seller made a
674	substantial number of remote sales, the marketplace seller shall
675	consider only those sales made outside of a marketplace.
676	(5)(a) A marketplace provider that is a dealer under this
677	chapter shall allow the department to examine and audit its
678	books and records pursuant to s. 212.13. For retail sales

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679	facilitated through a marketplace, the department may not
680	examine or audit the books and records of marketplace sellers,
681	nor may the department assess marketplace sellers except to the
682	extent that the marketplace provider seeks relief under
683	paragraph (b). The department may examine, audit, and assess a
684	marketplace seller for retail sales made outside of a
685	marketplace under paragraph (4)(b). This paragraph does not
686	provide relief to a marketplace seller who is under audit; has
687	been issued a bill, notice, or demand for payment; or is under
688	an administrative or judicial proceeding before July 1, 2021.
689	(b) The marketplace provider is relieved of liability for
690	the tax on the retail sale and the marketplace seller or
691	customer is liable for the tax imposed under this chapter if the
692	marketplace provider demonstrates to the department's
693	satisfaction that the marketplace provider made a reasonable
694	effort to obtain accurate information related to the retail
695	sales facilitated through the marketplace from the marketplace
696	seller, but that the failure to collect and remit the correct
697	amount of tax imposed under this chapter was due to the
698	provision of incorrect or incomplete information to the
699	marketplace provider by the marketplace seller. This paragraph
700	does not apply to a retail sale for which the marketplace
701	provider is the seller if the marketplace provider and the
702	marketplace seller are related parties or if transactions
703	between a marketplace seller and marketplace buyer are not
704	conducted at arm's length.
705	(6) For purposes of registration pursuant to s. 212.18, a
706	marketplace is deemed a separate place of business.
707	(7) A marketplace provider and a marketplace seller may

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708	agree by contract or otherwise that if a marketplace provider
709	pays the tax imposed under this chapter on a retail sale
710	facilitated through a marketplace for a marketplace seller as a
711	result of an audit or otherwise, the marketplace provider has
712	the right to recover such tax and any associated interest and
713	penalties from the marketplace seller.
714	(8) This section may not be construed to authorize the
715	state to collect sales tax from both the marketplace provider
716	and the marketplace seller on the same retail sale.
717	(9) Chapter 213 applies to the administration of this
718	section to the extent that chapter does not conflict with this
719	section.
720	Section 7. Effective April 1, 2022, subsections (10) and
721	(11) are added to section 212.05965, Florida Statutes, as
722	created by this act, to read:
723	212.05965 Taxation of marketplace sales
724	(10) Notwithstanding any other law, the marketplace
725	provider is also responsible for collecting and remitting any
726	prepaid wireless E911 fee under s. 365.172, waste tire fee under
727	s. 403.718, and lead-acid battery fee under s. 403.7185 at the
728	time of sale for taxable retail sales made through its
729	marketplace.
730	(11) Notwithstanding paragraph (4)(a), the marketplace
731	provider and the marketplace seller may contractually agree to
732	have the marketplace seller collect and remit all applicable
733	taxes and fees if the marketplace seller:
734	(a) Has annual United States gross sales of more than \$1
735	billion, including the gross sales of any related entities, and
736	in the case of franchised entities, including the combined sales

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737 of all franchisees of a single franchisor; 738 (b) Provides evidence to the marketplace provider that it 739 is registered under s. 212.18; and 740 (c) Notifies the department in a manner prescribed by the 741 department that the marketplace seller will collect and remit 742 all applicable taxes and fees on its sales through the 743 marketplace and is liable for failure to collect or remit 744 applicable taxes and fees on its sales. 745 Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph 746 (a) of subsection (5) of section 212.06, Florida Statutes, are 747 amended to read: 748 212.06 Sales, storage, use tax; collectible from dealers; 749 "dealer" defined; dealers to collect from purchasers; 750 legislative intent as to scope of tax.-751 (2)752 (c) The term "dealer" is further defined to mean every 753 person, as used in this chapter, who sells at retail or who 754 offers for sale at retail, or who has in his or her possession 755 for sale at retail; or for use, consumption, or distribution; or 756 for storage to be used or consumed in this state, tangible 757 personal property as defined herein, including a retailer who 758 transacts a substantial number of remote sales or a marketplace 759 provider that has a physical presence in this state or that 760 makes or facilitates through its marketplace a substantial 761 number of remote sales mail order sale. 762 (5) (a) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., it is not 763 the intention of this chapter to levy a tax upon tangible

764 personal property imported, produced, or manufactured in this 765 state for export, provided that tangible personal property may

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766 not be considered as being imported, produced, or manufactured for export unless the importer, producer, or manufacturer 767 768 delivers the same to a licensed exporter for exporting or to a 769 common carrier for shipment outside the state or mails the same 770 by United States mail to a destination outside the state; or, in 771 the case of aircraft being exported under their own power to a 772 destination outside the continental limits of the United States, 773 by submission to the department of a duly signed and validated United States customs declaration, showing the departure of the 774 775 aircraft from the continental United States; and further with 776 respect to aircraft, the canceled United States registry of said 777 aircraft; or in the case of parts and equipment installed on 778 aircraft of foreign registry, by submission to the department of 779 documentation, the extent of which shall be provided by rule, 780 showing the departure of the aircraft from the continental 781 United States; nor is it the intention of this chapter to levy a 782 tax on any sale which the state is prohibited from taxing under 783 the Constitution or laws of the United States. Every retail sale 784 made to a person physically present at the time of sale shall be 785 presumed to have been delivered in this state.

786 2.a. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., a tax is levied on 787 each sale of tangible personal property to be transported to a 788 cooperating state as defined in sub-subparagraph c., at the rate specified in sub-subparagraph d. However, a Florida dealer will 789 790 be relieved from the requirements of collecting taxes pursuant 791 to this subparagraph if the Florida dealer obtains from the 792 purchaser an affidavit setting forth the purchaser's name, 793 address, state taxpayer identification number, and a statement 794 that the purchaser is aware of his or her state's use tax laws,

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795 is a registered dealer in Florida or another state, or is 796 purchasing the tangible personal property for resale or is otherwise not required to pay the tax on the transaction. The 797 798 department may, by rule, provide a form to be used for the 799 purposes set forth herein.

b. For purposes of this subparagraph, "a cooperating state" is one determined by the executive director of the department to cooperate satisfactorily with this state in collecting taxes on remote mail order sales. No state shall be so determined unless it meets all the following minimum requirements:

(I) It levies and collects taxes on remote mail order sales of property transported from that state to persons in this state, as described in s. 212.0596, upon request of the department.

(II) The tax so collected shall be at the rate specified in s. 212.05, not including any local option or tourist or convention development taxes collected pursuant to s. 125.0104 or this chapter.

(III) Such state agrees to remit to the department all taxes so collected no later than 30 days from the last day of 815 the calendar quarter following their collection.

816 (IV) Such state authorizes the department to audit dealers 817 within its jurisdiction who make remote mail order sales that 818 are the subject of s. 212.0596, or makes arrangements deemed 819 adequate by the department for auditing them with its own 820 personnel.

821 (V) Such state agrees to provide to the department records 822 obtained by it from retailers or dealers in such state showing 823 delivery of tangible personal property into this state upon

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824 which no sales or use tax has been paid in a manner similar to 825 that provided in sub-subparagraph g.

c. For purposes of this subparagraph, "sales of tangible personal property to be transported to a cooperating state" means <u>remote</u> mail order sales to a person who is in the cooperating state at the time the order is executed, from a dealer who receives that order in this state.

d. The tax levied by sub-subparagraph a. shall be at the rate at which such a sale would have been taxed pursuant to the cooperating state's tax laws if consummated in the cooperating state by a dealer and a purchaser, both of whom were physically present in that state at the time of the sale.

836 e. The tax levied by sub-subparagraph a., when collected, 837 shall be held in the State Treasury in trust for the benefit of 838 the cooperating state and shall be paid to it at a time agreed 839 upon between the department, acting for this state, and the 840 cooperating state or the department or agency designated by it 841 to act for it; however, such payment shall in no event be made 842 later than 30 days from the last day of the calendar guarter 843 after the tax was collected. Funds held in trust for the benefit 844 of a cooperating state shall not be subject to the service 845 charges imposed by s. 215.20.

846 f. The department is authorized to perform such acts and to 847 provide such cooperation to a cooperating state with reference 848 to the tax levied by sub-subparagraph a. as is required of the 849 cooperating state by sub-subparagraph b.

g. In furtherance of this act, dealers selling tangible personal property for delivery in another state shall make available to the department, upon request of the department,

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853 records of all tangible personal property so sold. Such records 854 shall include a description of the property, the name and 855 address of the purchaser, the name and address of the person to 856 whom the property was sent, the purchase price of the property, 857 information regarding whether sales tax was paid in this state 858 on the purchase price, and such other information as the 859 department may by rule prescribe. 860 Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 212.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 861 862 212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase price; dealer not to absorb; liability of purchasers who cannot 863 864 prove payment of the tax; penalties; general exemptions.-865 (1)866 (b) A resale must be in strict compliance with s. 212.18 867 and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder. A dealer who 868 makes a sale for resale that is not in strict compliance with s. 869 212.18 and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder is 870 liable for and must pay the tax. A dealer who makes a sale for 871 resale shall document the exempt nature of the transaction, as 872 established by rules adopted by the department, by retaining a 873 copy of the purchaser's resale certificate. In lieu of 874 maintaining a copy of the certificate, a dealer may document, 875 before the time of sale, an authorization number provided 876 telephonically or electronically by the department, or by such 877 other means established by rule of the department. The dealer 878 may rely on a resale certificate issued pursuant to s. 879 212.18(3)(e) s. 212.18(3)(d), valid at the time of receipt from 880 the purchaser, without seeking annual verification of the resale 881 certificate if the dealer makes recurring sales to a purchaser

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882 in the normal course of business on a continual basis. For 883 purposes of this paragraph, "recurring sales to a purchaser in the normal course of business" refers to a sale in which the 884 885 dealer extends credit to the purchaser and records the debt as 886 an account receivable, or in which the dealer sells to a 887 purchaser who has an established cash or C.O.D. account, similar 888 to an open credit account. For purposes of this paragraph, 889 purchases are made from a selling dealer on a continual basis if 890 the selling dealer makes, in the normal course of business, 891 sales to the purchaser at least once in every 12-month period. A 892 dealer may, through the informal protest provided for in s. 893 213.21 and the rules of the department, provide the department 894 with evidence of the exempt status of a sale. Consumer 895 certificates of exemption executed by those exempt entities that 896 were registered with the department at the time of sale, resale 897 certificates provided by purchasers who were active dealers at 898 the time of sale, and verification by the department of a 899 purchaser's active dealer status at the time of sale in lieu of 900 a resale certificate shall be accepted by the department when 901 submitted during the protest period, but may not be accepted in 902 any proceeding under chapter 120 or any circuit court action 903 instituted under chapter 72. 904 Section 10. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (4) of 905 section 212.11, Florida Statutes, to read:

212.11 Tax returns and regulations.-

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(f) A marketplace provider that is a dealer under this chapter or a person who is required to collect and remit sales tax on remote sales shall file returns and pay taxes by

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911 electronic means under s. 213.755.

912 Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) 913 of subsection (5), and subsections (9), (10), (11), and (14) of 914 section 212.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

915 212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for 916 noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with 917 delinquents; rounding brackets applicable to taxable 918 transactions; records required.-

(1) (a) 1. Notwithstanding any other law and for the purpose 919 920 of compensating persons granting licenses for and the lessors of 921 real and personal property taxed hereunder, for the purpose of 922 compensating dealers in tangible personal property, for the 923 purpose of compensating dealers providing communication services 924 and taxable services, for the purpose of compensating owners of 925 places where admissions are collected, and for the purpose of 926 compensating remitters of any taxes or fees reported on the same 927 documents utilized for the sales and use tax, as compensation 928 for the keeping of prescribed records, filing timely tax 929 returns, and the proper accounting and remitting of taxes by 930 them, such seller, person, lessor, dealer, owner, and remitter 931 (except dealers who make mail order sales) who files the return 932 required pursuant to s. 212.11 only by electronic means and who 933 pays the amount due on such return only by electronic means 934 shall be allowed 2.5 percent of the amount of the tax due, 935 accounted for, and remitted to the department in the form of a 936 deduction. However, if the amount of the tax due and remitted to 937 the department by electronic means for the reporting period 938 exceeds \$1,200, an allowance is not allowed for all amounts in 939 excess of \$1,200. For purposes of this paragraph subparagraph,



940 the term "electronic means" has the same meaning as provided in 941 s. 213.755(2)(c).

2. The executive director of the department is authorized 942 943 to negotiate a collection allowance, pursuant to rules 944 promulgated by the department, with a dealer who makes mail 945 order sales. The rules of the department shall provide 946 quidelines for establishing the collection allowance based upon 947 the dealer's estimated costs of collecting the tax, the volume 948 and value of the dealer's mail order sales to purchasers in this 949 state, and the administrative and legal costs and likelihood of 950 achieving collection of the tax absent the cooperation of the 951 dealer. However, in no event shall the collection allowance 952 negotiated by the executive director exceed 10 percent of the 953 tax remitted for a reporting period.

954 (5) (a) The department is authorized to audit or inspect the 955 records and accounts of dealers defined herein, including audits 956 or inspections of dealers who make remote mail order sales to 957 the extent permitted by another state, and to correct by credit 958 any overpayment of tax, and, in the event of a deficiency, an 959 assessment shall be made and collected. No administrative 960 finding of fact is necessary prior to the assessment of any tax 961 deficiency.

962 (9) Taxes imposed by this chapter upon the privilege of the 963 use, consumption, storage for consumption, or sale of tangible 964 personal property, admissions, license fees, rentals, 965 communication services, and upon the sale or use of services as 966 herein taxed shall be collected upon the basis of an addition of 967 the tax imposed by this chapter to the total price of such 968 admissions, license fees, rentals, communication or other

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969 services, or sale price of such article or articles that are 970 purchased, sold, or leased at any one time by or to a customer 971 or buyer; the dealer, or person charged herein, is required to 972 pay a privilege tax in the amount of the tax imposed by this 973 chapter on the total of his or her gross sales of tangible 974 personal property, admissions, license fees, and rentals, and 975 communication services or to collect a tax upon the sale or use 976 of services, and such person or dealer shall add the tax imposed by this chapter to the price, license fee, rental, or 977 978 admissions, and communication or other services and collect the 979 total sum from the purchaser, admittee, licensee, lessee, or 980 consumer. The department shall make available in an electronic 981 format or otherwise the tax amounts and the following brackets 982 applicable to all transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent: 983 (a) On single sales of less than 10 cents, no tax shall be 984 added. 985 (b) On single sales in amounts from 10 cents to 16 cents, both inclusive, 1 cent shall be added for taxes. 986 987 (c) On sales in amounts from 17 cents to 33 cents, both 988 inclusive, 2 cents shall be added for taxes. 989 (d) On sales in amounts from 34 cents to 50 cents, both 990 inclusive, 3 cents shall be added for taxes. (c) On sales in amounts from 51 cents to 66 cents, both 991 992 inclusive, 4 cents shall be added for taxes. 993 (f) On sales in amounts from 67 cents to 83 cents, both 994 inclusive, 5 cents shall be added for taxes. 995 (g) On sales in amounts from 84 cents to \$1, both 996 inclusive, 6 cents shall be added for taxes.

(h) On sales in amounts of more than \$1, 6 percent shall be

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998	charged upon each dollar of price, plus the appropriate bracket
999	charge upon any fractional part of a dollar.
1000	(10) (a) A dealer must calculate the tax due on the
1001	privilege of the use, consumption, storage for consumption, or
1002	sale of tangible personal property, admissions, license fees,
1003	rentals, and upon the sale or use of services, based on a
1004	rounding algorithm that meets the following criteria:
1005	1. The computation of the tax must be carried to the third
1006	decimal place.
1007	2. The tax must be rounded to the whole cent using a method
1008	that rounds up to the next cent whenever the third decimal place
1009	is greater than four.
1010	(b) A dealer may apply the rounding algorithm to the
1011	aggregate tax amount computed on all taxable items on an invoice
1012	or to the taxable amount on each individual item on the invoice
1013	In counties which have adopted a discretionary sales surtax at
1014	the rate of 1 percent, the department shall make available in an
1015	electronic format or otherwise the tax amounts and the following
1016	brackets applicable to all taxable transactions that would
1017	otherwise have been transactions taxable at the rate of 6
1018	percent:
1019	(a) On single sales of less than 10 cents, no tax shall be
1020	added.
1021	(b) On single sales in amounts from 10 cents to 14 cents,
1022	both inclusive, 1 cent shall be added for taxes.
1023	(c) On sales in amounts from 15 cents to 28 cents, both
1024	inclusive, 2 cents shall be added for taxes.
1025	(d) On sales in amounts from 29 cents to 42 cents, both
1026	inclusive, 3 cents shall be added for taxes.

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1027	(e) On sales in amounts from 43 cents to 57 cents, both
1028	inclusive, 4 cents shall be added for taxes.
1029	(f) On sales in amounts from 58 cents to 71 cents, both
1030	inclusive, 5 cents shall be added for taxes.
1031	(g) On sales in amounts from 72 cents to 85 cents, both
1032	inclusive, 6 cents shall be added for taxes.
1033	(h) On sales in amounts from 86 cents to \$1, both
1034	inclusive, 7 cents shall be added for taxes.
1035	(i) On sales in amounts from \$1 up to, and including, the
1036	first \$5,000 in price, 7 percent shall be charged upon each
1037	dollar of price, plus the appropriate bracket charge upon any
1038	fractional part of a dollar.
1039	(j) On sales in amounts of more than \$5,000 in price, 7
1040	percent shall be added upon the first \$5,000 in price, and 6
1041	percent shall be added upon each dollar of price in excess of
1042	the first \$5,000 in price, plus the bracket charges upon any
1043	fractional part of a dollar as provided for in subsection (9).
1044	(11) The department shall make available in an electronic
1045	format or otherwise the tax amounts and brackets applicable to
1046	all taxable transactions that occur in counties that have a
1047	surtax at a rate other than 1 percent which would otherwise have
1048	been transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent. Likewise,
1049	the department shall make available in an electronic format or
1050	otherwise the tax amounts and brackets applicable to
1051	transactions taxable at 4.35 percent pursuant to s.
1052	212.05(1)(e)1.c. or the applicable tax rate pursuant to s.
1053	212.031(1) and on transactions which would otherwise have been
1054	so taxable in counties which have adopted a discretionary sales
1055	surtax.

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1056	(14) If it is determined upon audit that a dealer has
1057	collected and remitted taxes by applying the applicable tax rate
1058	to each transaction as described in subsection (9) and rounding
1059	the tax due to the nearest whole cent rather than applying the
1060	appropriate bracket system provided by law or department rule,
1061	the dealer shall not be held liable for additional tax, penalty,
1062	and interest resulting from such failure if:
1063	(a) The dealer acted in a good faith belief that rounding
1064	to the nearest whole cent was the proper method of determining
1065	the amount of tax due on each taxable transaction.
1066	(b) The dealer timely reported and remitted all taxes
1067	collected on each taxable transaction.
1068	(c) The dealer agrees in writing to future compliance with
1069	the laws and rules concerning brackets applicable to the
1070	dealer's transactions.
1071	Section 12. Present paragraphs (c) through (f) of
1072	subsection (3) of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, are
1073	redesignated as paragraphs (d) through (g), respectively, a new
1074	paragraph (c) is added to that subsection, and present paragraph
1075	(f) of that subsection is amended, to read:
1076	212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers;
1077	rules
1078	(3)
1079	(c) A marketplace provider that is a dealer under this
1080	chapter or a person who is required to collect and remit sales
1081	tax on remote sales must file with the department an application
1082	for a certificate of registration electronically.
1083	<u>(g)(f) As used in this paragraph, the term "exhibitor"</u>
1084	means a person who enters into an agreement authorizing the

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1085 display of tangible personal property or services at a 1086 convention or a trade show. The following provisions apply to 1087 the registration of exhibitors as dealers under this chapter:

 An exhibitor whose agreement prohibits the sale of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax imposed in this chapter is not required to register as a dealer.

2. An exhibitor whose agreement provides for the sale at wholesale only of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax imposed by this chapter must obtain a resale certificate from the purchasing dealer but is not required to register as a dealer.

3. An exhibitor whose agreement authorizes the retail sale of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax imposed by this chapter must register as a dealer and collect the tax on such sales.

4. An exhibitor who makes a <u>remote</u> mail order sale pursuant to s. 212.0596 must register as a dealer.

A person who conducts a convention or a trade show must make his or her exhibitor's agreements available to the department for inspection and copying.

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1114 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 212.054, F.S.; requiring marketplace providers and 1115 1116 persons located outside of this state to remit 1117 discretionary sales surtax when delivering tangible 1118 personal property to a county imposing a surtax; 1119 amending s. 212.0596, F.S.; replacing provisions relating to the taxation of mail order sales with 1120 1121 provisions relating to the taxation of remote sales; 1122 defining the terms "remote sale" and "substantial 1123 number of remote sales"; providing that every person 1124 making a substantial number of remote sales is a 1125 dealer for purposes of the sales and use tax; 1126 authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules 1127 for collecting use taxes from unregistered persons; 1128 requiring marketplace providers and persons required 1129 to report remote sales to remit discretionary sales 1130 surtax when delivering tangible personal property to a 1131 county imposing a surtax; creating s. 212.05965, F.S.; 1132 defining terms; providing that certain marketplace 1133 providers are dealers for purposes of the sales and 1134 use tax; requiring certain marketplace providers to provide a certain certification to their marketplace 1135 1136 sellers; specifying requirements for marketplace 1137 sellers; requiring certain marketplace providers to allow the Department of Revenue to examine and audit 1138 1139 their books and records; specifying the examination 1140 and audit authority of the Department of Revenue; providing that a marketplace seller, rather than the 1141 1142 marketplace provider, is liable for sales tax

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1143 collection and remittance under certain circumstances; 1144 authorizing marketplace providers and marketplace 1145 sellers to enter into agreements for the recovery of 1146 certain taxes, interest, and penalties; providing 1147 construction and applicability; amending s. 212.05965, 1148 F.S.; requiring marketplace providers to collect and remit certain additional fees at the time of sale; 1149 1150 authorizing marketplace providers and marketplace 1151 sellers to contractually agree for marketplace sellers 1152 to collect applicable taxes and fees; specifying 1153 requirements for marketplace sellers who collect such 1154 taxes and fees; providing for liability of sellers who 1155 fail to collect or remit such taxes and fees; amending 1156 s. 212.06, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 1157 "dealer"; conforming provisions to changes made by the 1158 act; amending s. 212.07, F.S.; conforming a crossreference; amending s. 212.11, F.S.; requiring certain 1159 1160 marketplace providers or persons required to report 1161 remote sales to file returns and pay taxes 1162 electronically; amending s. 212.12, F.S.; deleting the 1163 authority of the Department of Revenue's executive director to negotiate a collection allowance with 1164 1165 certain dealers; deleting the requirement that certain sales and use taxes on communications services be 1166 1167 collected on the basis of a certain addition; 1168 requiring that certain sales and use taxes be 1169 calculated based on a specified rounding algorithm, 1170 rather than specified brackets; conforming provisions 1171 to changes made by the act; amending s. 212.18, F.S.;

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1172 requiring certain marketplace providers or persons 1173 required to report remote sales to file a registration 1174 application electronically; conforming a provision to 1175 changes made by the act; amending ss. 212.04 and 1176 212.0506, F.S.;