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1 2 An act relating to education funding; amending s. 3 1002.37, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the 4 calculation for determining the amount of state funds 5 received by the Florida Virtual School for operating 6 purposes; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; revising the 7 requirements for school districts providing virtual 8 instruction programs; requiring each school district 9 to annually report certain information to the 10 Department of Education by a specified date; requiring a school district to limit the enrollment of certain 11 12 students in the virtual instruction program; providing applicability; requiring a school district to report 13 14 full-time equivalent students for a virtual 15 instruction program or virtual charter school to the 16 department; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; removing a 17 requirement that certain school districts use a lowperforming school's portion of the supplemental 18 19 academic instruction allocation to provide an additional hour of intensive reading per day; removing 20 21 provisions relating to the allocation of funding to school districts with a decline in full-time 22 23 equivalent students; removing provisions relating to the virtual education contribution; amending s. 24 25 1012.22, F.S.; removing an obsolete date; revising

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provisions relating to the annual increase made to the minimum base salary of certain public school employees; requiring school districts to use a portion of their nonenrollment allocation from the federal Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund for a specified purpose; defining the term "unaccounted student"; requiring each school district to establish a multiagency workgroup for a specified purpose; requiring a school district to initiate a truancy petition under certain circumstances; requiring each school district to annually submit a report to the department by a specified date; providing for future expiration; requiring that school districts use a portion of their academic acceleration allocation from the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Emergency Relief Fund for a specified purpose; providing certain requirements for school districts; requiring the department to submit a status report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; providing for future expiration; amending ss. 1001.215, 1003.52, 1003.621, 1006.12, 1008.345, 1011.71, and 1012.584, F.S.; conforming crossreferences; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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51 52 Section 1. Paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) of subsection (3) 53 of section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.-54 55 Funding for the Florida Virtual School shall be 56 provided as follows: 57 (f) The Florida Virtual School shall receive funds for 58 operating purposes in an amount determined as follows: multiply the maximum allowable nonvoted discretionary millage for 59 60 operations pursuant to s. 1011.71(1) and (3) by the value of 96 61 percent of the current year's taxable value for school purposes 62 for the state; divide the result by the total full-time 63 equivalent membership of the state; and multiply the result by the full-time equivalent membership of the school. The amount 64 65 thus obtained shall be discretionary operating funds and shall 66 be appropriated from state funds in the General Appropriations 67 Act. (f) (g) The Florida Virtual School shall receive additional 68 69 state funds for operating purposes as may be provided in the 70 General Appropriations Act. The calculation to determine the 71 amount of state funds includes: the sum of the base Florida 72 Education Finance Program funding, the state-funded discretionary contribution and a per-full-time equivalent share 73 74 of the discretionary millage compression supplement, the 75 exceptional student education quaranteed allocation, the

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instructional materials allocation, the research-based reading instruction allocation, the mental health assistance allocation, and the teacher salary increase allocation. For the purpose of calculating the state-funded discretionary contribution, multiply the maximum allowable nonvoted discretionary millage for operations pursuant to s. 1011.71(1) and (3) by the value of 96 percent of the current year's taxable value for school purposes for the state; divide the result by the total full-time equivalent membership of the state; and multiply the result by the full-time equivalent membership of the school. ; however, such Funds may not be provided for the purpose of fulfilling the class size requirements in ss. 1003.03 and 1011.685.

(g) (h) In addition to the funds provided in the General Appropriations Act, the Florida Virtual School may receive other funds from grants and donations.

Section 2. Paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (e), and (f) of subsection (7) of section 1002.45, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.45 Virtual instruction programs.-

- (1) PROGRAM.—
- (b) Each school district that is eligible for the sparsity supplement pursuant to s. 1011.62(7)(a) and (b) shall provide all enrolled public school students within its boundaries the option of participating in part-time and full-time virtual instruction programs. Each school district that is not eligible

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for the sparsity supplement pursuant to s. 1011.62(7)(a) and (b) shall provide at least one option three options for part-time and full-time virtual instruction for students within the school district. All school districts must provide parents with timely written notification of at least one open enrollment period for full-time students of 90 days or more which ends 30 days before the first day of the school year. The purpose of the program is to make quality virtual instruction available to students using online and distance learning technology in the nontraditional classroom. A school district virtual instruction program shall consist of the following:

- 1. Full-time and part-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12.
- 2. Full-time or part-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in dropout prevention and academic intervention programs under s. 1003.53, Department of Juvenile Justice education programs under s. 1003.52, core-curricula courses to meet class size requirements under s. 1003.03, or Florida College System institutions under this section.
- (c) To provide students with the option of participating in virtual instruction programs as required by paragraph (b), a school district may:
- 1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School or establish a franchise of the Florida Virtual School for the provision of a program under paragraph (b). Using this option is subject to the

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requirements of this section and s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III) and (IV) and (4). A district may report full-time equivalent student membership for credit earned by a student who is enrolled in a virtual education course provided by the district which was completed after the end of the regular school year if the FTE is reported no later than the deadline for amending the final student membership report for that year.

- 2. Contract with an approved provider under subsection (2) for the provision of a full-time or part-time program under paragraph (b).
- 3. Enter into an agreement with other school districts to allow the participation of its students in an approved virtual instruction program provided by the other school district. The agreement must indicate a process for the transfer of funds required by paragraph (7) (a) $\frac{(7)}{(e)}$.
- 4. Establish school district operated part-time or full-time kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction programs under paragraph (b) for students enrolled in the school district. A full-time program shall operate under its own Master School Identification Number.
- 5. Enter into an agreement with a virtual charter school authorized by the school district under s. 1002.33.

Contracts under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. may include multidistrict contractual arrangements that may be executed by a

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- regional consortium for its member districts. A multidistrict contractual arrangement or an agreement under subparagraph 3. is not subject to s. 1001.42(4)(d) and does not require the participating school districts to be contiguous. These arrangements may be used to fulfill the requirements of paragraph (b).
 - (d) A virtual charter school may provide full-time virtual instruction for students in kindergarten through grade 12 if the virtual charter school has a charter approved pursuant to s. 1002.33 authorizing full-time virtual instruction. A virtual charter school may:
 - 1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School.
- Contract with an approved provider under subsection
 (2).
 - 3. Enter into an agreement with a school district to allow the participation of the virtual charter school's students in the school district's virtual instruction program. The agreement must indicate a process for reporting of student enrollment and the transfer of funds required by paragraph (7) (a) $\frac{(7)}{(9)}$.
 - (e) Each school district shall:
- 1. Provide to the department by each October 1, a copy of each contract and the amounts paid per unweighted full-time equivalent student for services procured pursuant to subparagraphs (c)1. and 2.
 - 2. Expend the difference in funds provided for a student

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participating in the school district virtual instruction program pursuant to subsection (7) and the price paid for <u>acquiring</u> computer and device hardware and associated operating system software that comply with the requirements of s.

1001.20(4)(a)1.b. and by September 1 of each year report to the department an itemized list of items acquired with these funds contracted services procured pursuant to subparagraphs (c)1. and 2. for implementation of the school district's digital classrooms plan pursuant to s. 1011.62.

- 3. Limit the enrollment of virtual full-time equivalent students residing outside of the school district providing the virtual instruction pursuant to paragraph (c) to no more than 50 percent of the total enrolled virtual full-time equivalent students residing inside the school district providing the virtual instruction. This subparagraph applies to any virtual instruction contract or agreement that is entered into for the first time after June 30, 2021. However, a school district may not enroll more virtual full-time equivalent students residing outside of the school district than the total number of reported full-time equivalent students residing inside the school district At the end of each fiscal year, but no later than September 1, report to the department an itemized list of the technological tools purchased with these funds.
- (7) VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION PROGRAM AND VIRTUAL CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDING.—

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- (a) Students enrolled in a virtual instruction program or a virtual charter school shall be funded through the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in the General Appropriations Act. However, such funds may not be provided for the purpose of fulfilling the class size requirements in ss. 1003.03 and 1011.685. The school district providing the virtual instruction shall report the full-time equivalent students for a virtual instruction program or a virtual charter school to the department in a manner prescribed by the department.
- (e) The school district providing virtual instruction shall report full-time equivalent students for a virtual instruction program or a virtual charter school to the department in a manner prescribed by the department, and funding shall be provided through the Florida Education Finance Program.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ A Florida College System institution provider may not report students who are served in a virtual instruction program for funding under the Florida College System Program Fund.
- Section 3. Subsections (9) and (10) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsection (8) and (9), respectively, and subsections (12) through (21) are renumbered as subsections (10) through (19), respectively, paragraph (f) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (6), and subsections (8), (11), and (14) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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- 1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:
- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
 - (f) Supplemental academic instruction allocation.-
- 1. There is created the supplemental academic instruction allocation to provide supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12.
- 2. The supplemental academic instruction allocation shall be provided annually in the Florida Education Finance Program as specified in the General Appropriations Act. These funds are in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program and shall be included in the total potential funds of each district.

 Beginning with the 2018-2019 fiscal year, each school district that has a school earning a grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 must use that school's portion of the supplemental academic instruction allocation to implement intervention and support strategies for school improvement pursuant to s. 1008.33

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and for salary incentives pursuant to s. 1012.2315(3) or salary supplements pursuant to s. 1012.22(1)(c)5.c. that are provided through a memorandum of understanding between the collective bargaining agent and the school board that addresses the selection, placement, and expectations of instructional personnel and school administrators. Each school district that has one or more of the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools based on a 3-year average of the state reading assessment data must use that school's portion of the allocation to provide an additional hour per day of intensive reading for the students the school. The additional hour may be provided within the school day. Students enrolled in these schools who earned a level 4 or level 5 score on the statewide, standardized English Language Arts assessment for the previous school year may participate in the extra hour of instruction. For all other schools, the school district's use of the supplemental academic instruction allocation may include, but is not limited to, the use of a modified curriculum, reading instruction, after-school instruction, tutoring, mentoring, a reduction in class size, extended school year, intensive skills development in summer school, dropout prevention programs as defined in ss. 1003.52 and 1003.53(1)(a), (b), and (c), and other methods of improving student achievement. Supplemental academic instruction may be provided to a student in any manner and at any time during or beyond the regular 180-day term identified by the school as

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being the most effective and efficient way to best help that student progress from grade to grade and to graduate.

- 3. The supplemental academic instruction allocation shall consist of a base amount that has a workload adjustment based on changes in unweighted FTE. The supplemental academic instruction allocation shall be recalculated during the fiscal year. Upon recalculation of funding for the supplemental academic instruction allocation, if the total allocation is greater than the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act, the allocation shall be prorated to the level provided to support the appropriation, based on each district's share of the total.
- 4. Funding on the basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day regular term shall be provided in the FEFP only for students enrolled in juvenile justice education programs or in education programs for juveniles placed in secure facilities or programs under s. 985.19. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-day school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided through the supplemental academic instruction allocation and other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to assist students in progressing from grade to grade and graduating.
- (4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT.—The Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort for all school districts collectively as an item in the General

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Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12 programs shall be calculated as follows:

- (a) Estimated taxable value calculations.-
- 1.a. Not later than 2 working days before July 19, the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for school purposes in each school district and the total for all school districts in the state for the current calendar year based on the latest available data obtained from the local property appraisers. The value certified shall be the taxable value for school purposes for that year, and no further adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (d), or an assessment roll change required by final judicial decisions as specified in paragraph (17)(b) (19) (b). Not later than July 19, the Commissioner of Education shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 96 percent of the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes, would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort for that year for all districts. The Commissioner of Education shall certify to each district school board the millage rate, computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local

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326 effort for that year.

- b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for required local effort for all school districts collectively from ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's revenue from required local effort millage will produce more than 90 percent of the district's total Florida Education Finance Program calculation as calculated and adopted by the Legislature, and the adjustment of the required local effort millage rate of each district that produces more than 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement to a level that will produce only 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement in the July calculation.
- 2. On the same date as the certification in subsubparagraph 1.a., the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education for each district:
- a. Each year for which the property appraiser has certified the taxable value pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a.
- b. For each year identified in sub-subparagraph a., the taxable value certified by the appraiser pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a. This is the certification that reflects all final administrative actions of the value

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- (6) CATEGORICAL FUNDS.—
- (b) If a district school board finds and declares in a resolution adopted at a regular meeting of the school board that the funds received for any of the following categorical appropriations are urgently needed to maintain school board specified academic classroom instruction or improve school safety, the school board may consider and approve an amendment to the school district operating budget transferring the identified amount of the categorical funds to the appropriate account for expenditure:
 - 1. Funds for student transportation.
- 2. Funds for research-based reading instruction if the required additional hour of instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year has been provided for the students in each low-performing elementary school in the district pursuant to paragraph (8) (a) (9) (a).
- 3. Funds for instructional materials if all instructional material purchases necessary to provide updated materials that are aligned with applicable state standards and course descriptions and that meet statutory requirements of content and learning have been completed for that fiscal year, but no sooner than March 1. Funds available after March 1 may be used to purchase hardware for student instruction.
 - 4. Funds for the guaranteed allocation as provided in

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- 376 subparagraph (1)(e)2.
 - 5. Funds for the supplemental academic instruction allocation as provided in paragraph (1)(f).
 - 6. Funds for the Florida digital classrooms allocation as provided in subsection (10) $\frac{(12)}{(12)}$.
 - 7. Funds for the federally connected student supplement as provided in subsection (11) $\frac{(13)}{(13)}$.
 - 8. Funds for class size reduction as provided in s. 1011.685.
 - (d) If a district school board transfers funds from its research-based reading instruction allocation, the board must also submit to the Department of Education an amendment describing the changes that the district is making to its reading plan approved pursuant to paragraph $(8)(d) \cdot \frac{(9)(d)}{d}$.
 - (8) DECLINE IN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT STUDENTS.-
 - (a) In those districts where there is a decline between prior year and current year unweighted FTE students, a percentage of the decline in the unweighted FTE students as determined by the Legislature shall be multiplied by the prior year calculated FEFP per unweighted FTE student and shall be added to the allocation for that district. For this purpose, the calculated FEFP shall be computed by multiplying the weighted FTE students by the base student allocation and then by the district cost differential. If a district transfers a program to another institution not under the authority of the district's

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school board, including a charter technical career center, the decline is to be multiplied by a factor of 0.15. However, if the funds provided for the Florida Education Finance Program in the General Appropriations Act for any fiscal year are reduced by a subsequent appropriation for that fiscal year, the percent of the decline in the unweighted FTE students to be funded shall be determined by the Legislature and designated in the subsequent appropriation.

(b) The allocation authorized in paragraph (a) is suspended for the 2020-2021 fiscal year and does not apply during such fiscal year. This paragraph expires July 1, 2021.

(11) VIRTUAL EDUCATION CONTRIBUTION.—The Legislature may annually provide in the Florida Education Finance Program a virtual education contribution. The amount of the virtual education contribution shall be the difference between the amount per FTE established in the General Appropriations Act for virtual education and the amount per FTE for each district and the Florida Virtual School, which may be calculated by taking the sum of the base FEFP allocation, the discretionary local effort, the state-funded discretionary contribution, the discretionary millage compression supplement, the research-based reading instruction allocation, the teacher salary increase allocation, and the instructional materials allocation, and then dividing by the total unweighted FTE. This difference shall be multiplied by the virtual education unweighted FTE for programs

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and options identified in s. 1002.455 and the Florida Virtual School and its franchises to equal the virtual education contribution and shall be included as a separate allocation in the funding formula.

(12) (14) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE. - The Legislature may annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a percentage increase in funds per K-12 unweighted FTE as a minimum quarantee to each school district. The quarantee shall be calculated from prior year base funding per unweighted FTE student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection (17) $\frac{(19)}{(19)}$, quality guarantee funds, and actual nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From the base funding per unweighted FTE, the increase shall be calculated for the current year. The current year funds from which the quarantee shall be determined shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection (17) $\frac{(19)}{(19)}$ and potential nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A comparison of current year funds per unweighted FTE to prior year funds per unweighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts which have less than the legislatively assigned percentage increase, funds shall be provided to guarantee the assigned percentage increase in funds per unweighted FTE student. Should appropriated funds be less than the sum of this calculated amount for all districts, the commissioner shall prorate each district's allocation. This provision shall be implemented to

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- 451 the extent specifically funded.
- Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 453 1012.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 454 1012.22 Public school personnel; powers and duties of the district school board.—The district school board shall:
 - (1) Designate positions to be filled, prescribe qualifications for those positions, and provide for the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and dismissal of employees as follows, subject to the requirements of this chapter:
 - (c) Compensation and salary schedules.-
 - 1. Definitions.—As used in this paragraph:
 - a. "Adjustment" means an addition to the base salary schedule that is not a bonus and becomes part of the employee's permanent base salary and shall be considered compensation under s. 121.021(22).
 - b. "Grandfathered salary schedule" means the salary schedule or schedules adopted by a district school board before July 1, 2014, pursuant to subparagraph 4.
 - c. "Instructional personnel" means instructional personnel as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a)-(d), excluding substitute teachers.
- d. "Performance salary schedule" means the salary schedule
 or schedules adopted by a district school board pursuant to
 subparagraph 5.

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- e. "Salary schedule" means the schedule or schedules used to provide the base salary for district school board personnel.
- f. "School administrator" means a school administrator as defined in s. 1012.01(3)(c).
- g. "Supplement" means an annual addition to the base salary for the term of the negotiated supplement as long as the employee continues his or her employment for the purpose of the supplement. A supplement does not become part of the employee's continuing base salary but shall be considered compensation under s. 121.021(22).
- 2. Cost-of-living adjustment.—A district school board may provide a cost-of-living salary adjustment if the adjustment:
- a. Does not discriminate among comparable classes of employees based upon the salary schedule under which they are compensated.
- b. Does not exceed 50 percent of the annual adjustment provided to instructional personnel rated as effective.
- 3. Advanced degrees.—A district school board may not use advanced degrees in setting a salary schedule for instructional personnel or school administrators hired on or after July 1, 2011, unless the advanced degree is held in the individual's area of certification and is only a salary supplement.
 - 4. Grandfathered salary schedule.-
- a. The district school board shall adopt a salary schedule or salary schedules to be used as the basis for paying all

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school employees hired before July 1, 2014. Instructional personnel on annual contract as of July 1, 2014, shall be placed on the performance salary schedule adopted under subparagraph 5. Instructional personnel on continuing contract or professional service contract may opt into the performance salary schedule if the employee relinquishes such contract and agrees to be employed on an annual contract under s. 1012.335. Such an employee shall be placed on the performance salary schedule and may not return to continuing contract or professional service contract status. Any employee who opts into the performance salary schedule may not return to the grandfathered salary schedule.

- b. In determining the grandfathered salary schedule for instructional personnel, a district school board must base a portion of each employee's compensation upon performance demonstrated under s. 1012.34 and shall provide differentiated pay for both instructional personnel and school administrators based upon district-determined factors, including, but not limited to, additional responsibilities, school demographics, critical shortage areas, and level of job performance difficulties.
- 5. Performance salary schedule.—By July 1, 2014, the district school board shall adopt a performance salary schedule that provides annual salary adjustments for instructional personnel and school administrators based upon performance

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determined under s. 1012.34. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2014, or employees who choose to move from the grandfathered salary schedule to the performance salary schedule shall be compensated pursuant to the performance salary schedule once they have received the appropriate performance evaluation for this purpose.

- a. Base salary.—The base salary shall be established as follows:
- (I) The base salary for instructional personnel or school administrators who opt into the performance salary schedule shall be the salary paid in the prior year, including adjustments only.
- school administrators new to the district, returning to the district after a break in service without an authorized leave of absence, or appointed for the first time to a position in the district in the capacity of instructional personnel or school administrator shall be placed on the performance salary schedule. Beginning July 1, 2021, and until such time as the minimum base salary as defined in s. 1011.62(16), equals or exceeds \$47,500, the annual increase to the minimum base salary shall not be less than 150 percent of the largest adjustment made to the salary of an employee on the grandfathered salary schedule. Thereafter, the annual increase to the minimum base salary shall not be less than 75 percent of the largest

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- b. Salary adjustments.—Salary adjustments for highly effective or effective performance shall be established as follows:
- (I) The annual salary adjustment under the performance salary schedule for an employee rated as highly effective must be at least 25 percent greater than the highest annual salary adjustment available to an employee of the same classification through any other salary schedule adopted by the district.
- (II) The annual salary adjustment under the performance salary schedule for an employee rated as effective must be equal to at least 50 percent and no more than 75 percent of the annual adjustment provided for a highly effective employee of the same classification.
- (III) \underline{A} The performance salary schedule shall not provide an annual salary adjustment for an employee who receives a rating other than highly effective or effective for the year.
- c. Salary supplements.—In addition to the salary adjustments, each district school board shall provide for salary supplements for activities that must include, but are not limited to:
 - (I) Assignment to a Title I eligible school.
- (II) Assignment to a school that earned a grade of "F" or three consecutive grades of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34 such that the supplement remains in force for at least 1 year following

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improved performance in that school.

- (III) Certification and teaching in critical teacher shortage areas. Statewide critical teacher shortage areas shall be identified by the State Board of Education under s. 1012.07. However, the district school board may identify other areas of critical shortage within the school district for purposes of this sub-sub-subparagraph and may remove areas identified by the state board which do not apply within the school district.
 - (IV) Assignment of additional academic responsibilities.

If budget constraints in any given year limit a district school board's ability to fully fund all adopted salary schedules, the performance salary schedule shall not be reduced on the basis of total cost or the value of individual awards in a manner that is proportionally greater than reductions to any other salary schedules adopted by the district.

Section 5. (1) Each school district shall use a portion of its nonenrollment allocation from the federal Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund as provided in the 2021-2022 General Appropriations Act to locate unaccounted students within the school district. For purposes of this section, the term "unaccounted student" means a student who:

(a) Was enrolled in a district or charter school in the 2019-2020 academic year but was not counted in either the October 2020 full-time equivalent student membership survey or

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the February 2021 full-time equivalent student membership survey and for whom the school district or charter school does not have a record of the student's withdrawal from the district or charter school; or

- (b) Completed enrollment at a district or charter school for the 2020-2021 academic year but was not counted in either the October 2020 full-time equivalent student membership survey or the February 2021 full-time equivalent student membership survey and for whom the school district or charter school does not have record of the student delaying enrollment until the 2021-2022 academic year.
- workgroup comprised of local and state agencies, including, but not limited to, district school personnel; law enforcement; the state attorney's office; and staff from the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Health for the purpose of locating and determining the well-being of the unaccounted students. Once an unaccounted student is located, if the student's parent or caregiver continues to prohibit or facilitate his or her child's access to education, the school district shall initiate a truancy petition pursuant to s. 984.151, Florida Statutes.
- (3) By September 1, 2021, each school district shall submit a report to the Department of Education that identifies the total number of unaccounted students and their status.

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626	(4) This section expires July 1, 2022.
627	Section 6. (1) Each school district shall use a portion
628	of its academic acceleration allocation from the federal
629	Elementary and Secondary Education Emergency Relief Fund as
630	provided in the 2021-2022 General Appropriations Act to
631	remediate the learning loss among kindergarten through grade 12
632	students, including, but not limited to, students with
633	disabilities, students experiencing homelessness, students who
634	attended virtual classes or classes offered through an online
635	learning environment during the 2020-2021 school year, and
636	children and youth in foster care.
637	(2) Each school district shall:
638	(a) Use pre-assessments and post-assessments that are
639	valid and reliable and have been approved by the Department of
640	Education to assess students' academic progress and assist
641	classroom teachers in meeting the students' academic needs
642	through differentiating instruction;
643	(b) Implement evidence-based interventions to meet the
644	comprehensive needs of students by using in classroom
645	instruction both during and outside of the regular school day
646	and year;
647	(c) Use classroom teachers who have received professional
648	development on the use of a multi-tiered system of supports; and
649	(d) Provide information and assistance to parents on how
650	they can effectively support students.

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- (3) By February 1, 2022, the Department of Education shall submit a status report to the Office of Policy and Budget in the Executive Office of the Governor and the chairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives appropriations committees regarding the effectiveness of the evidence-based intervention strategies implemented by school districts using the preassessment and post-assessment data submitted by school districts and charter schools.

 (4) This section expires on July 1, 2022.
- Section 7. Subsections (6) and (7) of section 1001.215, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1001.215 Just Read, Florida! Office.—There is created in the Department of Education the Just Read, Florida! Office. The office is fully accountable to the Commissioner of Education and shall:
- (6) Provide technical assistance to school districts in the development and implementation of district plans for use of the research-based reading instruction allocation provided in \underline{s} . $\underline{1011.62(8)}$ \underline{s} . $\underline{1011.62(9)}$ and annually review and approve such plans.
- (7) Review, evaluate, and provide technical assistance to school districts' implementation of the K-12 comprehensive reading plan required in $\underline{s.\ 1011.62(8)}\ \underline{s.\ 1011.62(9)}$.
- Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (13) of section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.—
- (13)(a) Funding for eligible students enrolled in juvenile justice education programs shall be provided through the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations Act. Funding shall include, at a minimum:
- 1. Weighted program funding or the basic amount for current operation multiplied by the district cost differential as provided in s. 1011.62(2);
- 2. The supplemental allocation for juvenile justice education as provided in s. 1011.62(9) s. 1011.62(10);
- 3. A proportionate share of the district's exceptional student education guaranteed allocation, the supplemental academic instruction allocation, and the instructional materials allocation;
- 4. An amount equivalent to the proportionate share of the state average potential discretionary local effort for operations, which shall be determined as follows:
- a. If the district levies the maximum discretionary local effort and the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is less than the state average potential discretionary local effort per FTE, the proportionate share shall include both the discretionary local effort and the compression supplement per FTE. If the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is greater than the state average per FTE, the proportionate share

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701 shall be equal to the state average; or

- b. If the district does not levy the maximum discretionary local effort and the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE is less than the state average potential discretionary local effort per FTE, the proportionate share shall be equal to the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE. If the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE is greater than the state average per FTE, the proportionate share shall be equal to the state average potential local effort per FTE; and
- 5. A proportionate share of the district's proration to funds available, if necessary.
- Section 9. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 1003.621, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1003.621 Academically high-performing school districts.—It is the intent of the Legislature to recognize and reward school districts that demonstrate the ability to consistently maintain or improve their high-performing status. The purpose of this section is to provide high-performing school districts with flexibility in meeting the specific requirements in statute and rules of the State Board of Education.
- (2) COMPLIANCE WITH STATUTES AND RULES.—Each academically high-performing school district shall comply with all of the provisions in chapters 1000-1013, and rules of the State Board of Education which implement these provisions, pertaining to the

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726 following:

(g) Those statutes pertaining to planning and budgeting, including chapter 1011, except $\underline{s.\ 1011.62(8)(d)}$ $\underline{s.}$ $\underline{1011.62(9)(d)}$, relating to the requirement for a comprehensive reading plan. A district that is exempt from submitting this plan shall be deemed approved to receive the research-based reading instruction allocation.

Section 10. Section 1006.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.12 Safe-school officers at each public school.—For the protection and safety of school personnel, property, students, and visitors, each district school board and school district superintendent shall partner with law enforcement agencies or security agencies to establish or assign one or more safe-school officers at each school facility within the district, including charter schools. A district school board must collaborate with charter school governing boards to facilitate charter school access to all safe-school officer options available under this section. The school district may implement any combination of the options in subsections (1)-(4) to best meet the needs of the school district and charter schools.

(1) SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER.—A school district may establish school resource officer programs through a cooperative agreement with law enforcement agencies.

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- (a) School resource officers shall undergo criminal background checks, drug testing, and a psychological evaluation and be certified law enforcement officers, as defined in s. 943.10(1), who are employed by a law enforcement agency as defined in s. 943.10(4). The powers and duties of a law enforcement officer shall continue throughout the employee's tenure as a school resource officer.
- (b) School resource officers shall abide by district school board policies and shall consult with and coordinate activities through the school principal, but shall be responsible to the law enforcement agency in all matters relating to employment, subject to agreements between a district school board and a law enforcement agency. Activities conducted by the school resource officer which are part of the regular instructional program of the school shall be under the direction of the school principal.
- (c) Complete mental health crisis intervention training using a curriculum developed by a national organization with expertise in mental health crisis intervention. The training shall improve officers' knowledge and skills as first responders to incidents involving students with emotional disturbance or mental illness, including de-escalation skills to ensure student and officer safety.
- (2) SCHOOL SAFETY OFFICER.—A school district may commission one or more school safety officers for the protection

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and safety of school personnel, property, and students within the school district. The district school superintendent may recommend, and the district school board may appoint, one or more school safety officers.

- (a) School safety officers shall undergo criminal background checks, drug testing, and a psychological evaluation and be law enforcement officers, as defined in s. 943.10(1), certified under the provisions of chapter 943 and employed by either a law enforcement agency or by the district school board. If the officer is employed by the district school board, the district school board is the employing agency for purposes of chapter 943, and must comply with the provisions of that chapter.
- (b) A school safety officer has and shall exercise the power to make arrests for violations of law on district school board property and to arrest persons, whether on or off such property, who violate any law on such property under the same conditions that deputy sheriffs are authorized to make arrests. A school safety officer has the authority to carry weapons when performing his or her official duties.
- (c) A district school board may enter into mutual aid agreements with one or more law enforcement agencies as provided in chapter 23. A school safety officer's salary may be paid jointly by the district school board and the law enforcement agency, as mutually agreed to.

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- charter school governing board's discretion, as applicable, pursuant to s. 30.15, a school district or charter school governing board may participate in the Coach Aaron Feis Guardian Program to meet the requirement of establishing a safe-school officer. The following individuals may serve as a school guardian, in support of school-sanctioned activities for purposes of s. 790.115, upon satisfactory completion of the requirements under s. 30.15(1)(k) and certification by a sheriff:
- (a) A school district employee or personnel, as defined under s. 1012.01, or a charter school employee, as provided under s. 1002.33(12)(a), who volunteers to serve as a school guardian in addition to his or her official job duties; or
- (b) An employee of a school district or a charter school who is hired for the specific purpose of serving as a school guardian.
- (4) SCHOOL SECURITY GUARD.—A school district or charter school governing board may contract with a security agency as defined in s. 493.6101(18) to employ as a school security guard an individual who holds a Class "D" and Class "G" license pursuant to chapter 493, provided the following training and contractual conditions are met:
- (a) An individual who serves as a school security guard, for purposes of satisfying the requirements of this section,

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826 must:

- 1. Demonstrate completion of 144 hours of required training pursuant to s. 30.15(1)(k)2.
- 2. Pass a psychological evaluation administered by a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 and designated by the Department of Law Enforcement and submit the results of the evaluation to the sheriff's office, school district, or charter school governing board, as applicable. The Department of Law Enforcement is authorized to provide the sheriff's office, school district, or charter school governing board with mental health and substance abuse data for compliance with this paragraph.
- 3. Submit to and pass an initial drug test and subsequent random drug tests in accordance with the requirements of s. 112.0455 and the sheriff's office, school district, or charter school governing board, as applicable.
- 4. Successfully complete ongoing training, weapon inspection, and firearm qualification on at least an annual basis and provide documentation to the sheriff's office, school district, or charter school governing board, as applicable.
- (b) The contract between a security agency and a school district or a charter school governing board regarding requirements applicable to school security guards serving in the capacity of a safe-school officer for purposes of satisfying the requirements of this section shall define the entity or entities

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responsible for training and the responsibilities for maintaining records relating to training, inspection, and firearm qualification.

- (c) School security guards serving in the capacity of a safe-school officer pursuant to this subsection are in support of school-sanctioned activities for purposes of s. 790.115, and must aid in the prevention or abatement of active assailant incidents on school premises.
- (5) NOTIFICATION.—The school district shall notify the county sheriff and the Office of Safe Schools immediately after, but no later than 72 hours after:
- (a) A safe-school officer is dismissed for misconduct or is otherwise disciplined.
- (b) A safe-school officer discharges his or her firearm in the exercise of the safe-school officer's duties, other than for training purposes.
- (6) EXEMPTION.—Any information that would identify whether a particular individual has been appointed as a safe-school officer pursuant to this section held by a law enforcement agency, school district, or charter school is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

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If a district school board, through its adopted policies, procedures, or actions, denies a charter school access to any safe-school officer options pursuant to this section, the school district must assign a school resource officer or school safety officer to the charter school. Under such circumstances, the charter school's share of the costs of the school resource officer or school safety officer may not exceed the safe school allocation funds provided to the charter school pursuant to \underline{s} . $\underline{1011.62(13)}$ \underline{s} . $\underline{1011.62(15)}$ and shall be retained by the school district.

Section 11. Paragraph (d) of subsection (5) of section 1008.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.345 Implementation of state system of school improvement and education accountability.—

- (5) The commissioner shall annually report to the State Board of Education and the Legislature and recommend changes in state policy necessary to foster school improvement and education accountability. The report shall include:
- (d) Based upon a review of each school district's reading plan submitted pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1011.62(8)}\ \underline{s.\ 1011.62(9)}$, intervention and support strategies used by school districts that were effective in improving the reading performance of students, as indicated by student performance data, who are identified as having a substantial reading deficiency pursuant

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901 to s. 1008.25(5)(a).

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School reports shall be distributed pursuant to this subsection and s. 1001.42(18)(c) and according to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.71 District school tax.—

If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for current operation as prescribed by s. 1011.62(17) s. 1011.62(19)shall levy on the taxable value for school purposes of the district, exclusive of millage voted under s. 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution, a millage rate not to exceed the amount certified by the commissioner as the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local effort for the current year, pursuant to s. 1011.62(4)(a)1. In addition to the required local effort millage levy, each district school board may levy a nonvoted current operating discretionary millage. The Legislature shall prescribe annually in the appropriations act the maximum amount of millage a district may levy.

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Section 13. Subsection (4) of section 1012.584, Florida

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1012.584 Continuing education and inservice training for youth mental health awareness and assistance.—

(4) Each school district shall notify all school personnel who have received training pursuant to this section of mental health services that are available in the school district, and the individual to contact if a student needs services. The term "mental health services" includes, but is not limited to, community mental health services, health care providers, and services provided under ss. 1006.04 and 1011.62(14) 1011.62(16).

Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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