

The Florida Senate
BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Commerce and Tourism

BILL: CS/SB 574

INTRODUCER: Regulated Industries Committee and Senator Baxley

SUBJECT: Fees/Professional Structural Engineer Licensing

DATE: March 12, 2021

REVISED: _____

	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1.	<u>Kraemer</u>	<u>Imhof</u>	<u>RI</u>	<u>Fav/CS</u>
2.	<u>McMillan</u>	<u>McKay</u>	<u>CM</u>	<u>Pre-meeting</u>
3.	_____	_____	<u>AP</u>	_____

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 574 provides that the Board of Professional Engineers (board) may establish a fee for licensing of professional structural engineers.

SB 572, relating to Engineers, is a linked bill that requires the board to determine whether applicants seeking to practice professional structural engineering are licensed or qualify for licensure as an engineer, have at least 4 years of active professional structural engineering experience under the supervision of a licensed professional engineer, have passed certain professional examinations, and meet other administrative requirements. The linked bill also addresses other issues related to professional structural engineers.

See Section V, Fiscal Impact Statement.

The bill is effective on the same date that SB 572 or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or any extension and becomes a law.

II. Present Situation:

Linked Bill SB 572

This bill is linked to SB 572, relating to Engineers, which amends s. 471.015(3), F.S. Under the linked bill, the board is authorized to certify persons as qualified to practice professional

structural engineering if they are licensed or qualify for licensure as an engineer, have at least 4 years of active professional structural engineering experience under the supervision of a licensed professional engineer, have passed certain professional examinations, and meet other administrative requirements.

In addition, the linked bill provides an applicant for licensure as a professional structural engineer must:

- Be licensed as an engineer, or qualify for licensure, under ch. 471, F.S.;
- Submit an application in the format prescribed by the board;
- Provide satisfactory evidence of good moral character, as defined by the board.
- Provide a record of 4 years of active professional structural engineering experience, as defined by the board, under the supervision of a licensed professional engineer; and
- Have successfully passed the 16-hour National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying Structural Engineering examination. Section 471.011, F.S., authorizes the board by rule to establish fees to be paid for applications, examination, reexamination, licensing, renewal, reactivation, inactive status applications, and recordmaking and recordkeeping. It also provides that qualification of a business organization must not require payment of a fee.

Fees

Section 471.011, F.S., authorizes the board to establish fees, by rule, to be paid for applications, examination, reexamination, licensing, renewal, reactivation, inactive status applications, and recordmaking and recordkeeping. It also provides that qualification of a business organization must not require payment of a fee.

Current law provides fees for licensure may not exceed these amounts:

- Initial license - \$125;
- Biennial renewal - \$125;
- Temporary registration or certificate - \$25 for an individual or \$50 for a business firm;
- Licensure by endorsement - \$150; or
- Application for inactive status or for reactivation of an inactive license - \$150.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 of the bill amends s. 471.011, F.S., relating to fees for license applications, temporary licenses, license renewals, inactive licenses, examinations, and records, to provide that such fees are also applicable to the regulation of professional structural engineering.

Section 2 of the bill amends subsection s. 471.015(3), F.S., as amended in linked bill SB 572, relating to Engineers, to require payment by applicants seeking licensure to practice professional structural engineering, of a fee to be established by the board.

Section 3 provides the bill takes effect on the same date that SB 572 or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or any extension and becomes a law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

Article VII, s. 19 of the Florida Constitution requires new or increased taxes or fees¹ to be passed by a 2/3 vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature in a separate bill that contains no other subject.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The bill requires the board to establish a fee for licensure as a professional structural engineer, as authorized in s. 471.011, F.S.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Beginning March 1, 2023, persons who are licensed engineers in Florida and those who perform work that comes within the definition in the bill for “professional structural engineering” will be required to obtain additional licensing to perform such work and pay the fee for such licensing established by the board.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Unlike most Department of Business and Professional Regulation (DBPR) professions, the administrative, investigative, and prosecutorial services for the board are not provided by the DBPR. The DBPR contracts with the Florida Engineers Management Corporation (FEMC), a nonprofit corporation, to provide such services.²

¹ A “fee” is defined by the Florida Constitution to mean “any charge or payment required by law, including any fee for service, fee or cost for licenses, and charge for service. *See* FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 19(d)(1).

² The FEMC is a public-private nonprofit association that has contracted with the DBPR to handle administrative, investigative, and prosecutorial services for the Board of Professional Engineers *See* s. 471.038, F.S., the Florida Engineers Management Corporation Act, for the duties and authority of the FEMC.

The creation of an additional licensing and regulatory structure for professional structural engineers may result in a fiscal impact to the DBPR or the FEMC. To date, no analysis by the DBPR or the FEMC of the impact of the bill on their respective operations, revenue, and expenditures has been provided.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 471.011 and 471.015.

IX. Additional Information:

- A. **Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:**
(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Regulated Industries on March 1, 2021:

The CS includes the number of the linked bill, SB 572, in the bill.

- B. **Amendments:**

None.