1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to adoption proceedings; amending s. 3 39.812, F.S.; authorizing a court to review the Department of Children and Families' decision to deny 4 5 an application to adopt a child; providing 6 requirements for the department, a denied applicant, 7 and the court relating to a motion to review the 8 department's decision; authorizing the department to 9 remove a child from a foster home or custodian under 10 certain circumstances; conforming provisions to 11 changes made by the act; amending s. 63.062, F.S.; 12 requiring the department's consent for certain adoptions or, in the alternative, a specified court 13 14 order must be attached to the petition to adopt; 15 amending s. 63.082, F.S.; providing that a stepparent or a relative of a minor are not exempted from a 16 17 preliminary home study in certain situations; providing an effective date. 18

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 39.812, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) and (7), respectively, subsection (4) and present subsection (5) of that section are amended, and a new subsection (5) is added to that

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section, to read:

- 39.812 Postdisposition relief; petition for adoption.-
- (4) The court shall retain jurisdiction over any child placed in the custody of the department until the child is adopted. After custody of a child for subsequent adoption has been given to the department, the court has jurisdiction for the purpose of reviewing the status of the child and the progress being made toward permanent adoptive placement. As part of this continuing jurisdiction, the court may:
- (a) For good cause shown by the guardian ad litem for the child, the court may review the appropriateness of the adoptive placement of the child.
- (b) Review the department's denial of an application to adopt a child. The department's decision to deny an application to adopt a child is reviewable only as provided in this section and is not subject to chapter 120.
- 1. If the department denies an application to adopt, the written notification of denial provided to the applicant shall be filed with the court and copies provided to all parties within 10 business days after the decision.
- 2. A denied applicant or any other party may file a motion to review the department's denial within 30 days after the issuance of the department's written notification of the decision to deny the application.
  - 3. A denied applicant has standing under chapter 39 only

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to file the motion to review in subparagraph 2. and to present evidence in support of such motion. Such standing is terminated upon entry of the court's order.

- 4. The motion to review under subparagraph 2. must allege that the department unreasonably withheld its consent to the adoption and must request that the court allow the denied applicant to file a petition to adopt the child under chapter 63 without the department's consent.
- 5. The court shall hold a hearing within 30 days after the filing of the motion to review. The court may only consider whether the department's denial of the application was consistent with its policies and made in an expeditious manner. The standard of review by the court is whether the department's denial of the application was an abuse of discretion.
- 6. The court shall enter a written order within 15 days after the conclusion of the hearing either denying the motion to review or finding that the department unreasonably withheld its consent and authorizing the denied applicant to file a petition to adopt the child under chapter 63 without the department's consent.
- (5) When a licensed foster parent or court-ordered custodian has applied to adopt a child who has resided with the foster parent or custodian for at least 6 months and who has previously been permanently committed to the legal custody of the department and the department does not grant the application

to adopt, the department may not, in the absence of a prior court order authorizing it to do so, remove the child from the foster home or custodian, except when:

- (a) There is probable cause to believe that the child is at imminent risk of abuse or neglect;
- (b) A motion to review the department's denial of application filed under paragraph (4)(b) has been denied by the court;
- (c) (b) Thirty days have expired following written notice to the foster parent or custodian of the denial of the application to adopt, within which period no motion to review the department's denial has been filed under paragraph (4)(b) no formal challenge of the department's decision has been filed; or
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$  (e) The foster parent or custodian agrees to the child's removal.
- (6)(5) The petition for adoption must be filed in the division of the circuit court which entered the judgment terminating parental rights, unless a motion for change of venue is granted <u>under pursuant to</u> s. 47.122. A copy of the consent executed by the department must be attached to the petition, unless <u>such consent is waived under paragraph (4)(b)</u> waived <u>pursuant to s. 63.062(7)</u>. The petition must be accompanied by a statement, signed by the prospective adoptive parents, acknowledging receipt of all information required to be disclosed under s. 63.085 and a form provided by the department

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which details the social and medical history of the child and each parent and includes the social security number and date of birth for each parent, if such information is available or readily obtainable. The prospective adoptive parents may not file a petition for adoption until the judgment terminating parental rights becomes final. An adoption proceeding under this subsection is governed by chapter 63.

Section 2. Subsection (7) of section 63.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 63.062 Persons required to consent to adoption; affidavit of nonpaternity; waiver of venue.—
- terminated, the adoption entity with which the minor has been placed for subsequent adoption may provide consent to the adoption. In such case, no other consent is required. If the minor has been permanently committed to the department for subsequent adoption, the department must consent to the adoption or, in the alternative, the court order finding that the department unreasonably withheld its consent entered under s.

  39.812(4)(b) must be attached to the petition to adopt and The consent of the department shall be waived upon a determination by the court that such consent is being unreasonably withheld and if the petitioner must file has filed with the court a favorable preliminary adoptive home study as required under s.
  63.092.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 63.082, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

63.082 Execution of consent to adoption or affidavit of nonpaternity; family social and medical history; revocation of consent.—

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Upon execution of the consent of the parent, the adoption entity shall be permitted to intervene in the dependency case as a party in interest and must provide the court that acquired jurisdiction over the minor, pursuant to the shelter order or dependency petition filed by the department, a copy of the preliminary home study of the prospective adoptive parents and any other evidence of the suitability of the placement. The preliminary home study must be maintained with strictest confidentiality within the dependency court file and the department's file. A preliminary home study must be provided to the court in all cases in which an adoption entity has intervened pursuant to this section. The exemption in s. 63.092(3) from the preliminary home study for a stepparent or relative does not apply if the minor is under the supervision of the department or is otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the dependency court as a result of the filing of a shelter petition, dependency petition, or termination of parental rights petition under chapter 39. Unless the court has concerns regarding the qualifications of the home study provider, or

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concerns that the home study may not be adequate to determine the best interests of the child, the home study provided by the adoption entity shall be deemed to be sufficient and no additional home study needs to be performed by the department.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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