By Senator Polsky

	29-00444B-21 2021692
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to medical marijuana public employee
3	protection; creating s. 112.219, F.S.; providing
4	definitions; prohibiting an employer from taking
5	adverse personnel action against an employee or a job
6	applicant who is a qualified patient using medical
7	marijuana; providing exceptions; requiring an employer
8	to provide written notice of an employee or job
9	applicant's right to explain a positive marijuana test
10	result within a specified timeframe; providing
11	procedures when an employee or job applicant tests
12	positive for marijuana; providing a cause of action
13	and damages; providing construction; providing an
14	effective date.
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16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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18	Section 1. Section 112.219, Florida Statutes, is created to
19	read:
20	112.219 Medical Marijuana Public Employee Protection Act
21	(1) As used in this section, the term:
22	(a) "Adverse personnel action" means the refusal to hire or
23	employ a qualified patient; the discharge, suspension, transfer,
24	or demotion of a qualified patient; the mandatory retirement of
25	a qualified patient; or discrimination against a qualified
26	patient with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or
27	privileges of employment.
28	(b) "Employee" has the same meaning as in s.
29	112.0455(5)(g).

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30	(c) "Employer" means a state, regional, county, local, or
31	municipal government entity, whether executive, judicial, or
32	legislative; an official, an officer, a department, a division,
33	a bureau, a commission, an authority, or a political subdivision
34	therein; or a public school, community college, or state
35	university that employs individuals for salary, wages, or other
36	remuneration.
37	(d) "Job applicant" has the same meaning as in s.
38	112.0455(5)(f).
39	(e) "Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as in s.
40	908.102.
41	(f) "Physician certification" has the same meaning as in s.
42	381.986.
43	(g) "Qualified patient" has the same meaning as in s.
44	381.986.
45	(h) "Undue hardship" means an action requiring significant
46	difficulty or expense, when considered in light of the following
47	<u>factors:</u>
48	1. The nature, cost, and duration of the accommodation.
49	2. The overall financial resources of the employer.
50	3. The overall size of the business of the employer with
51	respect to the number of employees and the number, type, and
52	location of the employer's facilities.
53	4. The effect on expenses and resources or any other
54	impacts of such accommodation upon the operation of the
55	employer.
56	(2) An employer may not take adverse personnel action
57	against an employee or a job applicant who is a qualified
58	patient using medical marijuana consistent with s. 381.986.

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59	However, an employer may take appropriate adverse personnel
60	action against any employee if the employer establishes by a
61	preponderance of the evidence that the lawful use of medical
62	marijuana is impairing the employee's ability to perform his or
63	her job responsibilities. For purposes of this subsection, an
64	employer may consider an employee's ability to perform his or
65	her job responsibilities to be impaired if the employee displays
66	specific articulable symptoms while working which decrease or
67	lessen the performance of his or her duties or tasks.
68	(3)(a) If an employer has a drug testing policy and an
69	employee or a job applicant tests positive for marijuana or its
70	metabolites, the employer must provide written notice within 5
71	business days after receipt of the positive test result to the
72	employee or job applicant of his or her right to provide an
73	explanation for the positive test result.
74	(b) Within 5 business days after receipt of the written
75	notice, the employee or job applicant may submit information to
76	an employer explaining or contesting the positive test result or
77	may request a confirmation test, as defined in s.
78	112.0455(5)(d), at the expense of the employee or job applicant.
79	(c) An employee or a job applicant may submit a physician
80	certification for medical marijuana or a medical marijuana use
81	registry identification card as part of his or her explanation
82	for the positive test result.
83	(d) If an employee or a job applicant fails to provide a
84	satisfactory explanation for the positive test result, an
85	employer must verify the positive test result with a
86	confirmation test, at the expense of the employer, before the
87	employer may take adverse personnel action against the employee
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or job applicant.
(4)(a) Notwithstanding s. 381.986(15), an employee or a job
applicant who has been the subject of an adverse personnel
action in violation of this section may institute a civil action
in a court of competent jurisdiction for relief as set forth in
paragraph (c) within 180 days after the alleged violation.
(b) An employee or a job applicant may not recover in any
action brought under this subsection if the adverse personnel
action was predicated upon a ground other than the employee's or
job applicant's exercise of a right protected by this section.
(c) In any action brought under this subsection, the court
may order any of the following:
1. An injunction restraining continued violation of this
section.
2. Reinstatement of the employee to the same position held
before the adverse personnel action, or to an equivalent
position.
3. Reinstatement of full fringe benefits and seniority
rights.
4. Compensation for lost wages, benefits, and other
remuneration.
5. Reasonable attorney fees and costs.
6. Any other compensatory damages allowable by general law.
(5) This section does not:
(a) Prohibit an employer from taking adverse personnel
action against an employee for the possession or use of a
controlled substance, as defined in s. 893.02, during normal
business hours or require an employer to commit any act that
would cause the employer to violate federal law or that would

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117	result in the loss of a federal contract or federal funding;
118	(b) Require a government medical assistance program or
119	private health insurer to reimburse a person for costs
120	associated with the use of medical marijuana;
121	(c) Require an employer to modify the job or working
122	conditions of a person who engages in the use of medical
123	marijuana based on the reasonable business purposes of the
124	employer. However, notwithstanding s. 381.986(15) and except as
125	provided in paragraph (d), the employer must attempt to make
126	reasonable accommodations for the medical needs of an employee
127	who engages in the use of medical marijuana if the employee
128	holds a valid medical marijuana use identification card, unless
129	the employer can demonstrate that the accommodation would pose a
130	threat of harm or danger to persons or property, impose an undue
131	hardship on the employer, or prohibit an employee from
132	fulfilling his or her job responsibilities; or
133	(d) Prohibit a law enforcement agency from adopting
134	policies and procedures that preclude an employee from engaging
135	in the use of medical marijuana.
136	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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