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A bill to be entitled An act relating to taxation; amending s. 125.0104, F.S.; removing provisions which require a county or subcounty special taxing district to receive an extraordinary vote of the governing board to increase the tourist development taxes for certain purposes; specifying that certain tourist development taxes are imposed by ordinance subject to referendum approval by a majority vote of the electors voting in such election; specifying the date in which certain ordinance imposed tourist development taxes become effective; authorizing a county to impose a tourist development tax to finance flood mitigation projects or improvements; correcting a cross-reference; amending s. 193.461, F.S.; requiring structures and equipment used in the production of aquaculture products to be assessed a specified way when the land is assessed using the income methodology approach; amending s. 196.196, F.S.; specifying that portions of property not used for certain purposes are not exempt from ad valorem taxation; specifying that exemptions on certain portions of property from ad valorem taxation are not affected so long as the predominant use of the property is for specified purposes; providing applicability; amending s. 196.1978, F.S.;

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revising the affordable housing property exemption to exempt from ad valorem taxation, rather than provide a discount to, certain multifamily projects after a certain timeframe; making clarifying changes; amending s. 197.222, F.S.; requiring, rather than authorizing, tax collectors to accept late payments of prepaid property taxes within a certain timeframe; deleting a late payment penalty; reenacting s. 192.0105(3)(a), F.S., relating to taxpayer rights, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 197.222, F.S., in a reference thereto; amending s. 201.08, F.S.; exempting from assessment of documentary stamp taxes the modification of certain documents which change only the interest rate under specified conditions; creating s. 211.0252, F.S.; providing a credit against oil and gas production taxes under the Strong Families Tax Credit; specifying requirements and procedures for, and limitations on, the credit; amending s. 211.3106, F.S.; specifying the severance tax rate for a certain heavy mineral under certain circumstances; amending s. 212.0305, F.S.; requiring specified counties to impose or increase a convention development tax only if approved by in a referendum approved by a majority of the registered electors voting in such election; specifying the calculation of the effective date of an

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approved levy; authorizing convention development taxes to finance flood mitigation projects or improvements; authorizing certain counties to impose a specified district convention development tax to finance flood mitigation projects or improvements; providing a form to be placed on the ballot; amending s. 212.03055, F.S.; providing that a special taxing district may not increase a tax without approval in a referendum by a majority vote of the electors; amending s. 212.06, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "dealer"; revising a condition for a sales tax exception for tangible personal property imported, produced, or manufactured in this state for export; providing definitions; specifying application requirements and procedures for a forwarding agent to apply for a Florida Certificate of Forwarding Agent Address from the Department of Revenue; requiring forwarding agents receiving such certificate to register as dealers for purposes of the sales and use tax; specifying requirements for sales tax remittance and for recordkeeping; specifying the timeframe for expiration of certificates and procedures for renewal; requiring forwarding agents to update information; requiring the department to verify certain information; authorizing the department to revoke or

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suspend certificates under certain circumstances; requiring the department to maintain an online certificate verification system; providing circumstances and requirements for and construction relating to dealers accepting certificates in lieu of collecting certain taxes; providing criminal penalties for certain violations; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending and reenacting s. 212.07, F.S.; authorizing dealers, subject to certain conditions, to advertise or hold out to the public that they will pay sales tax on behalf of the purchaser; reenacting s. 212.07(1)(c), F.S., relating to the sales, storage, and use tax, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 212.06, F.S., in a reference thereto; amending and reenacting s. 212.08, F.S.; extending the date the Department of Revenue can issue a specified tax exemption certificate; reenacting s. 212.08(18)(f), F.S., relating to the sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 212.13, F.S., in a reference thereto; amending s. 212.08, F.S., exempting from sales and use tax specified items that assist in independent living; providing applicability; amending s. 212.13, F.S.; revising recordkeeping requirements for dealers collecting the sales and use tax; amending

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s. 212.15, F.S.; providing that stolen sales tax revenue may be aggregated for the purposes of determining the grade of certain criminal offenses; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; creating s. 212.1833, F.S.; providing credit against sales taxes payable by direct pay permit holders under the Strong Families Tax Credit; specifying requirements and procedures for, and limitations on, the credit; amending ss. 212.20 and 212.205, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 213.053, F.S.; authorizing the department to publish a list of forwarding agents' addresses on its website; amending s. 218.64, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 220.02, F.S.; revising the order in which the corporate income tax credit under the Strong Families Tax Credit is applied; amending s. 220.13, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "adjusted federal income"; amending s. 220.186, F.S.; revising the calculation of the corporate income tax credit for the Florida alternative minimum tax; creating s. 220.1876, F.S.; providing a credit against the corporate income tax under the Strong Families Tax Credit; specifying requirements and procedures for, and limitations on, the credit; amending s. 288.0001, F.S.; conforming

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provisions to changes made by the act; repealing s. 288.11625, F.S., relating to state funding for sports facility development by a unit of local government, or by a certified beneficiary or other applicant, on property owned by the local government; creating s. 402.62, F.S.; creating the Strong Families Tax Credit; defining terms; specifying requirements for the Department of Children and Families in designating eligible charitable organizations; specifying requirements for eligible charitable organizations receiving contributions; specifying duties of the Department of Children and Families; specifying a limitation on, and application procedures for, the tax credit; specifying requirements and procedures for, and restrictions on, the carryforward, conveyance, transfer, assignment, and rescindment of credits; specifying requirements and procedures for the Department of Revenue; providing construction; authorizing the Department of Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, and the Department of Children and Families to develop a cooperative agreement and adopt rules; authorizing certain interagency information sharing; creating ss. 561.1212 and 624.51056, F.S.; providing credits

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against excise taxes on certain alcoholic beverages and the insurance premium tax, respectively, under the Strong Families Tax Credit; specifying requirements and procedures for, and limitations on, the credits; amending s. 624.509, F.S.; revising the order in which credits are taken for purposes of the insurance premium tax; providing sales tax exemptions for certain disaster preparedness supplies during a certain timeframe; specifying locations where the exemptions do not apply; authorizing the department to adopt emergency rules; providing sales tax exemptions for certain clothing, school supplies, personal computers, and personal computer-related accessories during a certain timeframe; defining terms; specifying locations where the exemptions do not apply; authorizing certain dealers to opt out of participating in the exemptions, subject to certain conditions; authorizing the department to adopt emergency rules; providing sales tax exemptions for certain admissions and items used in recreational events and activities during a certain timeframe; providing definitions; specifying locations where the exemptions do not apply; authorizing the department to adopt emergency rules; providing an appropriation for the Strong Families Tax Credit; authorizing the

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Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules related to the Strong Families Tax Credit; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules relating to changes made to s. 212.06, F.S.; providing for expiration of that authority; requiring the Florida Institute for Child Welfare to provide a certain report to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraphs (d), (l), (m), and (n) of subsection (3), paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (5), paragraph (a) of subsection (6), and paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 125.0104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.—

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(3) TAXABLE PRIVILEGES; EXEMPTIONS; LEVY; RATE.-

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under paragraph (c), the governing board of the county may levy, impose, and set an additional 1 percent of each dollar above the tax rate set under paragraph (c) by the extraordinary vote of the governing board for the purposes set forth in subsection (5)

In addition to any 1-percent or 2-percent tax imposed

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er by ordinance subject to referendum approval by the registered

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electors within the county or subcounty special district, in

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accordance with subsection (6). No county shall levy, impose, and set the tax authorized under this paragraph unless the county has imposed the 1-percent or 2-percent tax authorized under paragraph (c) for a minimum of 3 years prior to the effective date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized by this paragraph. Revenues raised by the additional tax authorized under this paragraph may shall not be used for debt service on or refinancing of existing facilities as specified in subparagraph (5)(a)1. unless approved in a referendum election by a majority of the electors voting in such election in the county or the subcounty special taxing district by a resolution adopted by an extraordinary majority of the total membership of the governing board of the county. If the 1-percent or 2-percent tax authorized in paragraph (c) is levied within a subcounty special taxing district, the additional tax authorized in this paragraph shall only be levied therein. The provisions of paragraphs (4)(a)-(d) shall not apply to the adoption of the additional tax authorized in this paragraph. The effective date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized under this paragraph shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum, as set forth in subsection (6), or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance the governing board or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be furnished

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by the county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after approval of such ordinance.

- (1) In addition to any other tax which is imposed pursuant to this section, a county may impose up to an additional 1-percent tax on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by ordinance, subject to referendum approval by the registered electors within the county in accordance with subsection (6), by majority vote of the governing board of the county in order to:
- 1. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a professional sports franchise facility, or the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a retained spring training franchise facility, either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds.
- 2. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a convention center, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds.
- 3. Pay the operation and maintenance costs of a convention center for a period of up to 10 years. Only counties that have

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elected to levy the tax for the purposes authorized in subparagraph 2. may use the tax for the purposes enumerated in this subparagraph. Any county that elects to levy the tax for the purposes authorized in subparagraph 2. after July 1, 2000, may use the proceeds of the tax to pay the operation and maintenance costs of a convention center for the life of the bonds.

- 4. Promote and advertise tourism in the State of Florida and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the activity, service, venue, or event shall have as one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists.
 - 5. Finance flood mitigation projects or improvements.

The provision of paragraph (b) which prohibits any county authorized to levy a convention development tax pursuant to s. 212.0305 from levying more than the 2-percent tax authorized by this section, and the provisions of paragraphs (4)(a)-(d), shall not apply to the additional tax authorized in this paragraph. The effective date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized under this paragraph shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum as set forth in subsection (6), the governing board or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the

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ordinance. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be furnished by the county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after approval of such ordinance.

- (m)1. In addition to any other tax which is imposed pursuant to this section, a high tourism impact county may impose an additional 1-percent tax on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by ordinance subject to referendum approval by the registered electors within the county, as set forth in subsection (6) by extraordinary vote of the governing board of the county. The tax revenues received pursuant to this paragraph shall be used for one or more of the authorized uses pursuant to subsection (5).
- 2. A county is considered to be a high tourism impact county after the Department of Revenue has certified to such county that the sales subject to the tax levied pursuant to this section exceeded \$600 million during the previous calendar year, or were at least 18 percent of the county's total taxable sales under chapter 212 where the sales subject to the tax levied pursuant to this section were a minimum of \$200 million, except that no county authorized to levy a convention development tax pursuant to s. 212.0305 shall be considered a high tourism impact county. Once a county qualifies as a high tourism impact county, it shall retain this designation for the period the tax is levied pursuant to this paragraph.
 - The provisions of paragraphs (4)(a)-(d) shall not apply

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to the adoption of the additional tax authorized in this paragraph. The effective date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized under this paragraph shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance referendum, as set forth in subsection (6), by the governing board or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be furnished by the county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after approval of such ordinance.

- (n) In addition to any other tax that is imposed under this section, a county that has imposed the tax under paragraph (1) may impose an additional tax that is no greater than 1 percent on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by ordinance subject to referendum approval by the registered electors within the county as set forth in subsection (6) by a majority plus one vote of the membership of the board of county commissioners in order to:
 - 1. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance:
- a. The construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds for a new professional sports franchise as defined in s. 288.1162.

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b. The acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds for a retained spring training franchise.

- 2. Promote and advertise tourism in the State of Florida and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the activity, service, venue, or event shall have as one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists.
 - 3. Finance flood mitigation projects or improvements.

A county that imposes the tax authorized in this paragraph may not expend any ad valorem tax revenues for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility for which tax revenues are used pursuant to subparagraph 1. The provision of paragraph (b) which prohibits any county authorized to levy a convention development tax pursuant to s. 212.0305 from levying more than the 2-percent tax authorized by this section does shall not apply to the additional tax authorized by this paragraph in counties which levy convention development taxes pursuant to s. 212.0305(4)(a). Subsection (4) does not

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apply to the adoption of the additional tax authorized in this paragraph. The effective date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized under this paragraph is the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum, as prescribed by subsection (6), by the board of county commissioners or the first day of any subsequent month specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be furnished by the county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after approval of the ordinance.

(5) AUTHORIZED USES OF REVENUE.

- (a) All tax revenues received pursuant to this section by a county imposing the tourist development tax shall be used by that county for the following purposes only:
- 1. To acquire, construct, extend, enlarge, remodel, repair, improve, maintain, operate, or promote one or more:
- a. Publicly owned and operated convention centers, sports stadiums, sports arenas, coliseums, or auditoriums within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied;
- b. Auditoriums that are publicly owned but are operated by organizations that are exempt from federal taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) and open to the public, within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied; or
 - c. Aquariums or museums that are publicly owned and

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operated or owned and operated by not-for-profit organizations and open to the public, within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied;

- 2. To promote zoological parks that are publicly owned and operated or owned and operated by not-for-profit organizations and open to the public;
- 3. To promote and advertise tourism in this state and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the activity, service, venue, or event must have as one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists;
- 4. To fund convention bureaus, tourist bureaus, tourist information centers, and news bureaus as county agencies or by contract with the chambers of commerce or similar associations in the county, which may include any indirect administrative costs for services performed by the county on behalf of the promotion agency;
- 5. To finance beach park facilities, or beach, channel, estuary, or lagoon improvement, maintenance, renourishment, restoration, and erosion control, including construction of beach groins and shoreline protection, enhancement, cleanup, or restoration of inland lakes and rivers to which there is public access as those uses relate to the physical preservation of the beach, shoreline, channel, estuary, lagoon, or inland lake or

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river. However, any funds identified by a county as the local matching source for beach renourishment, restoration, or erosion control projects included in the long-range budget plan of the state's Beach Management Plan, pursuant to s. 161.091, or funds contractually obligated by a county in the financial plan for a federally authorized shore protection project may not be used or loaned for any other purpose. In counties of fewer than 100,000 population, up to 10 percent of the revenues from the tourist development tax may be used for beach park facilities; or

To acquire, construct, extend, enlarge, remodel, repair, improve, maintain, operate, or finance public facilities within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied, if the public facilities are needed to increase tourist-related business activities in the county or subcounty special district and are recommended by the county tourist development council created pursuant to paragraph (4)(e). Tax revenues may be used for any related land acquisition, land improvement, design and engineering costs, and all other professional and related costs required to bring the public facilities into service. As used in this subparagraph, the term "public facilities" means major capital improvements that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years, including, but not limited to, transportation, sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, potable water, and pedestrian facilities. Tax revenues may be used for these purposes only if the following conditions

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- a. In the county fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year in which the tax revenues were initially used for such purposes, at least \$10 million in tourist development tax revenue was received;
- b. The county governing board approves the use for the proposed public facilities by a vote of at least two-thirds of its membership;
- c. No more than 70 percent of the cost of the proposed public facilities will be paid for with tourist development tax revenues, and sources of funding for the remaining cost are identified and confirmed by the county governing board;
- d. At least 40 percent of all tourist development tax revenues collected in the county are spent to promote and advertise tourism as provided by this subsection; and
- e. An independent professional analysis, performed at the expense of the county tourist development council, demonstrates the positive impact of the infrastructure project on tourist-related businesses in the county; or
 - 7. To finance flood mitigation projects or improvements.

Subparagraphs 1. and 2. may be implemented through service contracts and leases with lessees that have sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facilities.

(d) The revenues to be derived from the tourist

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development tax may be pledged to secure and liquidate revenue bonds issued by the county for the purposes set forth in subparagraphs (a) $1., 2., \frac{1}{2}$ and 5., 6., and 7. or for the purpose of refunding bonds previously issued for such purposes, or both; however, no more than 50 percent of the revenues from the tourist development tax may be pledged to secure and liquidate revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds issued for the purposes set forth in subparagraph (a) 5. Such revenue bonds and revenue refunding bonds may be authorized and issued in such principal amounts, with such interest rates and maturity dates, and subject to such other terms, conditions, and covenants as the governing board of the county shall provide. The Legislature intends that this paragraph be full and complete authority for accomplishing such purposes, but such authority is supplemental and additional to, and not in derogation of, any powers now existing or later conferred under law.

(6) REFERENDUM.—

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- (a) An No ordinance enacted by any county levying or increasing the tax authorized by this section may not paragraphs (3)(b) and (c) shall take effect until the ordinance levying, and imposing, or increasing the tax has been approved in a referendum election by a majority of the electors voting in such election in the county or by a majority of the electors voting in the subcounty special tax district affected by the tax.
 - (7) AUTOMATIC EXPIRATION ON RETIREMENT OF BONDS.-

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Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the plan for tourist development approved by the governing board of the county, as amended pursuant to paragraph (4)(d), includes the acquisition, construction, extension, enlargement, remodeling, repair, or improvement of a publicly owned and operated convention center, sports stadium, sports arena, coliseum, or auditorium, or museum or aquarium that is publicly owned and operated or owned and operated by a not-for-profit organization, the county ordinance levying and imposing the tax automatically expires upon the later of:

(b) The expiration of any agreement by the county for the operation or maintenance, or both, of a publicly owned and operated convention center, sports stadium, sports arena, coliseum, auditorium, aquarium, or museum. However, this does not preclude that county from amending the ordinance to extend extending the tax, subject to referendum approval in accordance with subsection (6), to the extent that the board of the county determines to be necessary to provide funds to operate, maintain, repair, or renew and replace a publicly owned and operated convention center, sports stadium, sports arena, coliseum, auditorium, aquarium, or museum or from enacting an ordinance that takes effect subject to without referendum approval in accordance with subsection (6), unless the original referendum required ordinance expiration, pursuant to the provisions of this section reimposing a tourist development tax,

upon or following the expiration of the previous ordinance.

- Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 193.461, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 193.461 Agricultural lands; classification and assessment; mandated eradication or quarantine program; natural disasters.—
 (6)
- (c)1. For purposes of the income methodology approach to assessment of property used for agricultural purposes, irrigation systems, including pumps and motors, physically attached to the land shall be considered a part of the average yields per acre and shall have no separately assessable contributory value.
- 2. Litter containment structures located on producing poultry farms and animal waste nutrient containment structures located on producing dairy farms shall be assessed by the methodology described in subparagraph 1.
- 3. Structures or improvements used in horticultural production for frost or freeze protection, which are consistent with the interim measures or best management practices adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 570.93 or s. 403.067(7)(c), shall be assessed by the methodology described in subparagraph 1.
- 4. Screened enclosed structures used in horticultural production for protection from pests and diseases or to comply with state or federal eradication or compliance agreements shall

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be assessed by the methodology described in subparagraph 1.

5. For purposes of the income methodology approach to assessment of land used in the production of aquaculture products, structures and equipment are considered part of the average yields per acre and have no separately assessable contributory value.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 196.196, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.196 Determining whether property is entitled to charitable, religious, scientific, or literary exemption.—

charitable, religious, scientific, or literary purposes are shall be exempt. The portions of property which are not predominantly used for charitable, religious, scientific, or literary purposes are not exempt. An exemption for portions of property used for charitable, religious, scientific, or literary purposes is not affected so long as the predominant use of such property is for charitable, religious, scientific, or literary purposes. In no event shall an incidental use of property either qualify such property for an exemption or impair the exemption of an otherwise exempt property.

Section 4. The amendments made by this act to s. 196.196, Florida Statutes, first apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and do not provide a basis for an assessment of any tax not paid or create a right to a refund or

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credit of any tax paid before July 1, 2021.

Section 5. Effective January 1, 2022, subsection (2) of section 196.1978, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.1978 Affordable housing property exemption.—

- (2) (a) Notwithstanding ss. 196.195 and 196.196, property in a multifamily project that meets the requirements of this paragraph is considered property used for a charitable purpose and shall receive a 100 50 percent discount from the amount of ad valorem tax otherwise owed beginning in the 16th with the January 1 assessment after the 15th completed year of the term of the recorded agreement on those portions of the affordable housing property that provide housing to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004. The multifamily project must:
- 1. Contain more than 70 units that are used to provide affordable housing to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income persons limits specified in s. 420.0004; and
- 2. Be subject to an agreement with the Florida Housing Finance Corporation recorded in the official records of the county in which the property is located to provide affordable housing to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004.

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This discount terminates if the property no longer serves extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income persons pursuant to the recorded agreement.

580 581 (b) To receive the discount under paragraph (a), a qualified applicant must submit an application to the county property appraiser by March 1.

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(c) The property appraiser shall apply the discount by reducing the taxable value on those portions of the affordable housing property that provide housing to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004 before certifying the tax roll to the tax collector.

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1. The property appraiser shall first ascertain all other applicable exemptions, including exemptions provided pursuant to local option, and deduct all other exemptions from the assessed value.

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2. One hundred Fifty percent of the remaining value shall be subtracted to yield the discounted taxable value.

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3. The resulting taxable value shall be included in the certification for use by taxing authorities in setting millage.

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4. The property appraiser shall place the discounted amount on the tax roll when it is extended.

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Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 197.222, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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197.222 Prepayment of estimated tax by installment method.—

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- (1)Taxes collected pursuant to this chapter may be prepaid in installments as provided in this section. A taxpayer may elect to prepay by installments for each tax notice for taxes estimated to be more than \$100. A taxpayer who elects to prepay shall make payments based upon an estimated tax equal to the actual taxes levied upon the subject property in the prior year. In order to prepay by installments, the taxpayer must complete and file an application for each tax notice with the tax collector on or before April 30 of the year in which the taxpayer elects to prepay the taxes. After submission of an initial application, a taxpayer is not required to submit additional annual applications as long as he or she continues to elect to prepay taxes in installments. However, if in any year the taxpayer does not so elect, reapplication is required for a subsequent election. Installment payments shall be made according to the following schedule:
- (a) The first payment of one-quarter of the total amount of estimated taxes due must be made by June 30 of the year in which the taxes are assessed. A 6 percent discount applied against the amount of the installment shall be granted for such payment. The tax collector shall may accept a late payment of the first installment through July 31, and the late payment must be accompanied by a penalty of 5 percent of the amount of the

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Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 197.222, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 192.0105, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

192.0105 Taxpayer rights.—There is created a Florida Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments to guarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the taxpayers of this state are adequately safeguarded and protected during tax levy, assessment, collection, and enforcement processes administered under the revenue laws of this state. The Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but comprehensive statements that summarize the rights and obligations of the property appraisers, tax collectors, clerks of the court, local governing boards, the Department of Revenue, and taxpayers. Additional rights afforded to payors of taxes and assessments imposed under the revenue laws of this state are provided in s. 213.015. The rights afforded taxpayers to assure that their privacy and property are safeguarded and protected during tax levy, assessment, and collection are available only insofar as they are implemented in other parts of the Florida Statutes or rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so guaranteed to state taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the departmental rules include:

(3) THE RIGHT TO REDRESS.—

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(a) The right to discounts for early payment on all taxes and non-ad valorem assessments collected by the tax collector, except for partial payments as defined in s. 197.374, the right to pay installment payments with discounts, and the right to pay delinquent personal property taxes under a payment program when implemented by the county tax collector (see ss. 197.162, 197.3632(8) and (10)(b)3., 197.222(1), and 197.4155).

Section 8. Subsection (5) of section 201.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 201.08 Tax on promissory or nonnegotiable notes, written obligations to pay money, or assignments of wages or other compensation; exception.—
- (5) For purposes of this section, a renewal shall only include modifications of an original document which change the terms of the indebtedness evidenced by the original document by adding one or more obligors, increasing the principal balance, or changing the interest rate, maturity date, or payment terms. Modifications to documents which do not modify the terms of the indebtedness evidenced such as those given or recorded to correct error; modify covenants, conditions, or terms unrelated to the debt; sever a lien into separate liens; provide for additional, substitute, or further security for the indebtedness; consolidate indebtedness or collateral; add, change, or delete guarantors; or which substitute a new mortgagee or payee are not renewals and are not subject to tax

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pursuant to this section. A modification of an original document, upon which the tax imposed under this section was previously paid, which changes only the interest rate and is made as the result of the discontinuation of an index to which the original interest rate is referenced is not a renewal and is not subject to the tax pursuant to this section. If the taxable amount of a mortgage is limited by language contained in the mortgage or by the application of rules limiting the tax base when there is collateral in more than one state, then a modification which changes such limitation or tax base shall be taxable only to the extent of any increase in the limitation or tax base attributable to such modification. This subsection shall not be interpreted to exempt from taxation an original mortgage that would otherwise be subject to tax pursuant to paragraph (1) (b).

Section 9. Section 211.0252, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

211.0252 Credit for contributions to eligible charitable organizations.—Beginning January 1, 2022, there is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible charitable organization under s. 402.62 against any tax due under s. 211.02 or s. 211.025. However, the combined credit allowed under this section and s. 211.0251 may not exceed 50 percent of the tax due on the return on which the credit is taken. If the combined credit allowed under this section and s.

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211.0251 exceeds 50 percent of the tax due on the return, the credit must first be taken under s. 211.0251. Any remaining liability must be taken under this section, but may not exceed 50 percent of the tax due. For purposes of the distributions of tax revenue under s. 211.06, the department shall disregard any tax credits allowed under this section to ensure that any reduction in tax revenue received which is attributable to the tax credits results only in a reduction in distributions to the General Revenue Fund. Section 402.62 applies to the credit authorized by this section.

Section 10. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraph (e)

Section 10. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 211.3106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

211.3106 Levy of tax on severance of heavy minerals; rate, basis, and distribution of tax.—

(3)

(e) If In the event the producer price index for titanium dioxide is discontinued or can no longer be calculated, then a comparable index <u>must shall</u> be selected by the department and adopted by rule. If there is no comparable index, the tax rate for the immediately preceding year must be used.

Section 11. Subsection (4) of section 212.0305, Florida Statutes, is amended, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

212.0305 Convention development taxes; intent;

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726 administration; authorization; use of proceeds.-

- (4) AUTHORIZATION TO LEVY; USE OF PROCEEDS; OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—
- (a) Consolidated government levy for convention development.—
- 1. Each county that operates under a government consolidated with that of one or more municipalities in the county may impose, pursuant to an ordinance subject to referendum approval by the registered electors within the county, in accordance with subsection (6) enacted by the governing body of the county, a levy on the exercise within its boundaries of the taxable privilege of leasing or letting transient rental accommodations described in subsection (3) at the rate of 2 percent of each dollar and major fraction of each dollar of the total consideration charged therefor. The proceeds of this levy shall be known as the consolidated county convention development tax.
- 2. The county shall furnish to the department, within 10 days after referendum approval of the ordinance imposing the levy, a copy of the ordinance. The effective date of imposition of the levy must be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum, as set forth in subsection (6), or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance any month that is at least 60 days after enactment of the ordinance.

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3. All consolidated county convention development moneys, including any interest accrued thereon, received by a county imposing the levy must be used in any of the following manners, although the utilization authorized in sub-subparagraph a. shall apply only to municipalities with a population of 10,000 or more:

a. To promote and advertise tourism;

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- b. To extend, enlarge, and improve existing publicly owned convention centers in the county;
- c. To construct a multipurpose convention/coliseum/exhibition center or the maximum components thereof as funds permit in the county; and
- d. To acquire, construct, extend, enlarge, remodel, repair, improve, or maintain one or more convention centers, stadiums, exhibition halls, arenas, coliseums, or auditoriums; and
 - e. To finance flood mitigation projects or improvements.
- 4. For the purposes of completion of any project under this paragraph, tax revenues and interest accrued may be used:
- a. As collateral, pledged, or hypothecated for projects authorized by this paragraph, including bonds issued in connection therewith; or
- b. As a pledge or capital contribution in conjunction with a partnership, joint venture, or other business arrangement between the county and one or more business entities for

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projects authorized by this paragraph.

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- 5.a. The county may designate or appoint an authority to administer and disburse such proceeds and any other related source of revenue. However, the annual budget of the authority is subject to approval of the governing body of the county.
- Except as otherwise provided by law, one-half of the proceeds of the tax which are collected within a municipality the government of which is not consolidated with that of the county must, at the request of the governing body of the municipality, be remitted to the municipality. The revenue remitted to a municipality under this sub-subparagraph may be used by the municipality only for the purposes and in the manner authorized in this paragraph, but the municipality may enter into an interlocal agreement with the county or with any other municipality in the county to use such revenue to jointly finance any project authorized by this paragraph. This subsubparagraph does not apply to the distribution to the county of any convention development tax revenues necessary to repay the principal of or the interest on any bonds issued under subsubparagraph 4.a. before May 29, 1984. Notwithstanding this subsubparagraph, if the governing body of such a municipality adopts a resolution stating that the municipality is unable to use such revenue for any purpose authorized in this paragraph, the municipality may use the revenue to acquire and develop municipal parks, lifeguard stations, or athletic fields.

6. The consolidated county convention development tax shall be in addition to any other levy imposed under this section.

- 7. Revenues collected and returned to the county must be deposited in a convention development trust fund, which must be established by the county as a condition precedent to receipt of such funds.
 - (b) Charter county levy for convention development.-
- 1. Each county, as defined in s. 125.011(1), may impose, under an ordinance <u>subject to referendum approval by the registered electors within the county, in accordance with subsection (6) enacted by the governing body of the county, a levy on the exercise within its boundaries of the taxable privilege of leasing or letting transient rental accommodations described in subsection (3) at the rate of 3 percent of the total consideration charged therefor. The proceeds of this levy shall be known as the charter county convention development tax.</u>
- 2. All charter county convention development moneys, including any interest accrued thereon, received by a county imposing the levy shall be used as follows:
- a. Two-thirds of the proceeds shall be used to extend, enlarge, and improve the largest existing publicly owned convention center in the county.
- b. One-third of the proceeds shall be used to construct a new multipurpose convention/coliseum/exhibition center/stadium

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or the maximum components thereof as funds permit in the most populous municipality in the county.

- c. After the completion of any project under subsubparagraph a., the tax revenues and interest accrued under sub-subparagraph a. may be used to acquire, construct, extend, enlarge, remodel, repair, improve, plan for, operate, manage, or maintain one or more convention centers, stadiums, exhibition halls, arenas, coliseums, auditoriums, flood mitigation projects and improvements, or golf courses, and may be used to acquire and construct an intercity light rail transportation system as described in the Light Rail Transit System Status Report to the Legislature dated April 1988, which shall provide a means to transport persons to and from the largest existing publicly owned convention center in the county and the hotels north of the convention center and to and from the downtown area of the most populous municipality in the county as determined by the county.
- d. After completion of any project under sub-subparagraph b., the tax revenues and interest accrued under sub-subparagraph b. may be used, as determined by the county, to operate an authority created pursuant to subparagraph 4. or to acquire, construct, extend, enlarge, remodel, repair, improve, operate, or maintain one or more convention centers, stadiums, exhibition halls, arenas, coliseums, auditoriums, flood mitigation projects and improvements, golf courses, or related buildings and parking

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851 facilities in the most populous municipality in the county.

- e. For the purposes of completion of any project pursuant to this paragraph, tax revenues and interest accrued may be used:
- (I) As collateral, pledged, or hypothecated for projects authorized by this paragraph, including bonds issued in connection therewith; or
- (II) As a pledge or capital contribution in conjunction with a partnership, joint venture, or other business arrangement between a municipality and one or more business entities for projects authorized by this paragraph.
- 3. The governing body of each municipality in which a municipal tourist tax is levied may adopt a resolution prohibiting imposition of the charter county convention development levy within such municipality. If the governing body adopts such a resolution, the convention development levy shall be imposed by the county in all other areas of the county except such municipality. No funds collected pursuant to this paragraph may be expended in a municipality which has adopted such a resolution.
- 4.a. Before the county enacts an ordinance imposing the levy, the county shall notify the governing body of each municipality in which projects are to be developed pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.a., sub-subparagraph 2.b., sub-subparagraph 2.c., or sub-subparagraph 2.d. As a condition precedent to

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receiving funding, the governing bodies of such municipalities shall designate or appoint an authority that shall have the sole power to:

- (I) Approve the concept, location, program, and design of the facilities or improvements to be built in accordance with this paragraph and to administer and disburse such proceeds and any other related source of revenue.
- (II) Appoint and dismiss the authority's executive director, general counsel, and any other consultants retained by the authority. The governing body shall have the right to approve or disapprove the initial appointment of the authority's executive director and general counsel.
- b. The members of each such authority shall serve for a term of not less than 1 year and shall be appointed by the governing body of such municipality. The annual budget of such authority shall be subject to approval of the governing body of the municipality. If the governing body does not approve the budget, the authority shall use as the authority's budget the previous fiscal year budget.
- c. The authority, by resolution to be adopted from time to time, may invest and reinvest the proceeds from the convention development tax and any other revenues generated by the authority in the same manner that the municipality in which the authority is located may invest surplus funds.
 - 5. The charter county convention development levy shall be

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in addition to any other levy imposed pursuant to this section.

- 6. A certified copy of the ordinance imposing the levy shall be furnished by the county to the department within 10 days after referendum approval of such ordinance. The effective date of imposition of the levy shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum, as set forth in subsection (6) or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance any month at least 60 days after enactment of the ordinance.
- 7. Revenues collected pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited in a convention development trust fund, which shall be established by the county as a condition precedent to receipt of such funds.
 - (c) Special district levy for convention development.-
- 1. Each county which was chartered under Art. VIII of the State Constitution and which on January 1, 1984, levied a tourist advertising ad valorem tax within a special taxing district in that county may impose or increase, pursuant to an ordinance subject to referendum approval by the registered electors within the county, in accordance with subsection (6) enacted by the governing body of the county, a levy within the boundaries of such special taxing district on the exercise of the taxable privilege of leasing or letting transient rental accommodations described in subsection (3) at a total rate of up to 3 percent of each dollar and major fraction of each dollar of

the total consideration charged therefor. The proceeds of this levy shall be known as the special district convention development tax.

- 2. The county shall designate or appoint an authority to administer and disburse the proceeds of such levy and any revenue related to the levy authorized by this paragraph. The members of such authority shall be selected from persons involved in the tourism and lodging industries doing business within such special district. Not less than a majority of the members shall be selected from persons doing business in the lodging industry. Members shall serve at the pleasure of the governing body of such county and shall serve without compensation. The annual budget of such authority shall be subject to approval of the governing body of the county. The authority shall consist of 11 members, who shall annually select a chair from among their members.
- 3. The county shall have no power to levy and impose the tourist advertising ad valorem tax in such district on or after January 1 of the year following the date of the adoption of the levy authorized in this paragraph. All special district convention development moneys, including any interest accrued thereon, received by a county imposing the special district convention development levy shall be used for the following purposes only:
 - a. To promote and advertise tourism. +

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b. To fund convention bureaus, tourist bureaus, tourist information centers, and news bureaus.

- c. To finance flood mitigation projects or improvements.
- 4. The special district convention development tax shall be in addition to any other levy imposed pursuant to this section.
- 5. A certified copy of the ordinance imposing the levy shall be furnished by the county to the department within 10 days after referendum approval of such ordinance. The effective date of the levy shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum, as set forth in subsection (6), or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance any month at least 60 days after enactment of the ordinance.
- 6. Revenues collected and returned to the county shall be deposited in a convention development trust fund, which shall be established by the county as a condition precedent to receipt of such funds.
 - (d) Special levy for convention development. -
- 1. Each county which was chartered under Art. VIII of the State Constitution and which on January 1, 1984, levied a tourist advertising ad valorem tax within a special taxing district in that county may impose or increase, pursuant to an ordinance subject to referendum approval by the registered electors within the county, in accordance with subsection (6)

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enacted by the governing body of the county, a levy outside the boundaries of such special taxing district and to the southeast of State Road 415, on the exercise of the taxable privilege of leasing or letting transient rental accommodations described in subsection (3), at a total rate of up to 3 percent of each dollar and major fraction of each dollar of the total consideration charged therefor. The proceeds of this levy shall be known as the special convention development tax.

- 2. The county shall designate or appoint an authority to administer and disburse the proceeds of such levy and any revenue related to the levy authorized by this paragraph. The members of the authority shall be selected from persons doing business within the area in which the tax is levied. Not less than three of the members shall be selected from persons doing business in the lodging industry. Members shall serve at the pleasure of the governing body of the county and shall serve without compensation. The annual budget of the authority shall be subject to approval of the governing body of the county. The authority shall consist of seven members, who shall annually select a chair from among their members.
- 3. All special convention development moneys, including any interest accrued thereon, received by a county imposing the special convention development levy shall be used for the following purposes only:
 - a. To promote and advertise tourism. +

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b. To fund convention bureaus, tourist bureaus, tourist information centers, and news bureaus.

- c. To finance flood mitigation projects or improvements.
- 4. The special convention development tax shall be in addition to any other levy imposed pursuant to this section.
- 5. A certified copy of the ordinance imposing the levy shall be furnished by the county to the department within 10 days after referendum approval of the ordinance. The effective date of the levy shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum, as set forth in subsection (6), or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance any month at least 60 days after enactment of the ordinance.
- 6. Revenues collected and returned to the county shall be deposited in a separate convention development trust fund, which shall be established by the county as a condition precedent to receipt of such funds.
 - (e) Subcounty levy for convention development.-
- 1. Each county which was chartered under Art. VIII of the State Constitution and which on January 1, 1984, levied a tourist advertising ad valorem tax within a special taxing district in that county may impose or increase, pursuant to an ordinance subject to referendum approval by the registered electors within the county, in accordance with subsection (6) enacted by the governing body of the county, a levy outside the

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boundaries of such special taxing district and to the northwest of State Road 415, on the exercise of the taxable privilege of leasing or letting transient rental accommodations described in subsection (3), at a <u>total</u> rate of up to 3 percent of each dollar and major fraction of each dollar of the total consideration charged therefor. The proceeds of this levy shall be known as the subcounty convention development tax.

- 2. The county shall designate or appoint an authority to administer and disburse the proceeds of such levy and any revenue related to the levy authorized by this paragraph. The members of the authority shall be selected from persons doing business within the area in which the tax is levied. Not less than three of the members shall be selected from persons doing business in the lodging industry. Members shall serve at the pleasure of the governing body of the county and shall serve without compensation. The annual budget of the authority shall be subject to approval of the governing body of the county. The authority shall consist of seven members, who shall annually select a chair from among their members.
- 3. All subcounty convention development moneys, including any interest accrued thereon, received by a county imposing the subcounty convention development levy shall be used for the following purposes only:
 - a. To promote and advertise tourism. +
 - b. To fund convention bureaus, tourist bureaus, tourist

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1051 information centers, and news bureaus.

- c. To finance flood mitigation projects or improvements.
- 4. The subcounty convention development tax shall be in addition to any other levy imposed pursuant to this section.
- 5. A certified copy of the ordinance imposing the levy shall be furnished by the county to the department within 10 days after referendum approval of the ordinance. The effective date of the levy shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by referendum, as set forth in subsection (6), or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance any month at least 60 days after enactment of the ordinance.
- 6. Revenues collected and returned to the county shall be deposited in a separate convention development trust fund, which shall be established by the county as a condition precedent to receipt of such funds.
 - (6) REFERENDUM.—
- (a) An ordinance enacted by any county levying or increasing the tax authorized pursuant to this section may not take effect until the ordinance levying, imposing, or increasing the tax has been approved in a referendum election by a majority of the electors voting in such election in the county.
- (b) The governing board of the county levying the tax

 shall place a question on the ballot at a regular or special

 election to be held within the county, substantially as follows:

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1076 FOR the Convention Development Tax. 1077 AGAINST the Convention Development Tax. 1078 (c) If a majority of the electors voting on the question 1079 approve the levy, the ordinance shall be deemed to be in effect 1080 on the first day of the second month following approval, or the 1081 first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the 1082 ordinance. 1083 Section 12. Section 212.03055, Florida Statutes, is 1084 amended to read: 1085 212.03055 Super majority vote required for levy at rate in excess of 2 percent under ch. 95-290.—A special taxing district 1086 1087 may not levy a tax under chapter 95-290, Laws of Florida, at a 1088 rate in excess of 2 percent unless the levy of such tax is 1089 approved in a referendum election by a majority of the electors 1090 voting in such election in the approved by a super majority (a 1091 majority plus one) vote of the members of the governing body of 1092 the county in which the special taxing district is located. 1093 Section 13. Effective January 1, 2022, paragraph (m) is 1094 added to subsection (2) of section 212.06, Florida Statutes, and 1095 subsection (5) of that section is amended, to read: 1096 212.06 Sales, storage, use tax; collectible from dealers; 1097 "dealer" defined; dealers to collect from purchasers; 1098 legislative intent as to scope of tax.-1099 (2) The term "dealer" also means a forwarding agent as 1100 (m)

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defined in subparagraph (5) (b) 1. who has applied for and received a Florida Certificate of Forwarding Agent Address from the department.

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(5)(a)1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., it is not the intention of this chapter to levy a tax upon tangible personal property imported, produced, or manufactured in this state for export, provided that tangible personal property may not be considered as being imported, produced, or manufactured for export unless the importer, producer, or manufacturer delivers the same to a forwarding agent licensed exporter for exporting or to a common carrier for shipment outside this the state or mails the same by United States mail to a destination outside this the state; or, in the case of aircraft being exported under their own power to a destination outside the continental limits of the United States, by submission to the department of a duly signed and validated United States customs declaration, showing the departure of the aircraft from the continental United States; and further with respect to aircraft, the canceled United States registry of said aircraft; or in the case of parts and equipment installed on aircraft of foreign registry, by submission to the department of documentation as τ the extent of which shall be provided by rule, showing the departure of the aircraft from the continental United States; nor is it the intention of this chapter to levy a tax on any sale that which the state is prohibited from taxing under the

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Constitution or laws of the United States. Every retail sale made to a person physically present at the time of sale <u>is</u> shall be presumed to have been delivered in this state.

- 2.a. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., a tax is levied on each sale of tangible personal property to be transported to a cooperating state as defined in sub-subparagraph c., at the rate specified in sub-subparagraph d. However, a Florida dealer is will be relieved from the requirements of collecting taxes pursuant to this subparagraph if the Florida dealer obtains from the purchaser an affidavit providing setting forth the purchaser's name, address, state taxpayer identification number, and a statement that the purchaser is aware of his or her state's use tax laws, is a registered dealer in Florida or another state, or is purchasing the tangible personal property for resale or is otherwise not required to pay the tax on the transaction. The department may, by rule, provide a form to be used for the purposes of this sub-subparagraph set forth herein.
- b. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "a cooperating state" means a state is one determined by the executive director of the department to cooperate satisfactorily with this state in collecting taxes on mail order sales. To be determined a cooperating state, a No state must meet shall be so determined unless it meets all the following minimum requirements:
 - (I) It levies and collects taxes on mail order sales of

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property transported from that state to persons in this state, as described in s. 212.0596, upon request of the department.

- (II) The tax so collected <u>is shall be</u> at the rate specified in s. 212.05, not including any local option or tourist or convention development taxes collected pursuant to s. 125.0104 or this chapter.
- (III) Such state agrees to remit to the department all taxes so collected no later than 30 days from the last day of the calendar quarter following their collection.
- (IV) Such state authorizes the department to audit dealers within its jurisdiction who make mail order sales that are the subject of s. 212.0596, or makes arrangements deemed adequate by the department for auditing them with its own personnel.
- (V) Such state agrees to provide to the department records obtained by it from retailers or dealers in such state showing delivery of tangible personal property into this state upon which no sales or use tax has been paid in a manner similar to that provided in sub-subparagraph g.
- c. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "sales of tangible personal property to be transported to a cooperating state" means mail order sales to a person who is in the cooperating state at the time the order is executed, from a dealer who receives that order in this state.
- d. The tax levied by sub-subparagraph a. shall be at the rate at which such a sale would have been taxed pursuant to the

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cooperating state's tax laws if consummated in the cooperating state by a dealer and a purchaser, both of whom were physically present in that state at the time of the sale.

- e. The tax levied by sub-subparagraph a., when collected, shall be held in the State Treasury in trust for the benefit of the cooperating state and shall be paid to it at a time agreed upon between the department, acting for this state, and the cooperating state or the department or agency designated by it to act for it; however, such payment shall in no event be made later than 30 days from the last day of the calendar quarter after the tax was collected. Funds held in trust for the benefit of a cooperating state are shall not be subject to the service charges imposed by s. 215.20.
- f. The department is authorized to perform such acts and to provide such cooperation to a cooperating state with reference to the tax levied by sub-subparagraph a. as is required of the cooperating state by sub-subparagraph b.
- g. In furtherance of this act, dealers selling tangible personal property for delivery in another state shall make available to the department, upon request of the department, records of all tangible personal property so sold. Such records must shall include a description of the property, the name and address of the purchaser, the name and address of the person to whom the property was sent, the purchase price of the property, information regarding whether sales tax was paid in this state

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1201	on the purchase price, and such other information as the
1202	department may by rule prescribe.
1203	(b) 1. As used in this subsection, the term:
1204	a. "Certificate" means a Florida Certificate of Forwarding
1205	Agent Address.
1206	b. "Facilitating" means preparation for or arranging for
1207	export.
1208	c. "Forwarding agent" means a person or business whose
1209	principal business activity is facilitating for compensation the
1210	export of property owned by other persons.
1211	d. "NAICS" means those classifications contained in the
1212	North American Industry Classification System as published in
1213	2007 by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of
1214	the President.
1215	e. "Principal business activity" means the activity from
1216	which the person or business derives the highest percentage of
1217	its total receipts.
1218	2. A forwarding agent engaged in international export may
1219	apply to the department for a certificate.
1220	3. Each application must include:
1221	a. The designation of an address for the forwarding agent.
1222	b. A certification that:
1223	(I) The tangible personal property delivered to the
1224	designated address for export originates with a United States

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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vendor;

1226	(II) The tangible personal property delivered to the
1227	designated address for export is irrevocably committed to export
1228	out of the United States through a continuous and unbroken
1229	exportation process; and
1230	(III) The designated address is used exclusively by the
1231	forwarding agent for such export.
1232	c. A copy of the forwarding agent's last filed federal
1233	income tax return showing the entity's principal business
1234	activity classified under NAICS code 488510, except as provided
1235	under subparagraph 4. or subparagraph 5.
1236	d. A statement of the total revenues of the forwarding
1237	agent.
1238	e. A statement of the amount of revenues associated with
1239	international export of the forwarding agent.
1240	f. A description of all business activity that occurs at
1241	the designated address.
1242	g. The name and contact information of a designated
1243	contact person of the forwarding agent.
1244	h. The forwarding agent's website address.
1245	i. Any additional information the department requires by
1246	rule to demonstrate eligibility for the certificate and a
1247	signature attesting to the validity of the information provided.
1248	4. An applicant that has not filed a federal return for
1249	the preceding tax year under NAICS code 488510 shall provide:

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A statement of estimated total revenues.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1251		b.	Α	statement	of	estimated	revenues	associated	with
1252	inte	rnat	ior	nal export.	•				

- c. The NAICS code under which the forwarding agent intends to file a federal return.
- 5. If an applicant does not file a federal return identifying a NAICS code, the applicant shall provide documentation to support that its principal business activity is that of a forwarding agent and that the applicant is otherwise eligible for the certificate.
- 6. A forwarding agent that applies for and receives a certificate shall register as a dealer with the department.
- 7. A forwarding agent shall remit the tax imposed under this chapter on any tangible personal property shipped to the designated forwarding agent address if no tax was collected and the tangible personal property remained in this state or if delivery to the purchaser or purchaser's representative occurs in this state. This subparagraph does not prohibit the forwarding agent from collecting such tax from the consumer of the tangible personal property.
- 8. A forwarding agent shall maintain the following records:
- a. Copies of sales invoices or receipts between the vendor and the consumer when provided by the vendor to the forwarding agent. If sales invoices or receipts are not provided to the forwarding agent, the forwarding agent must maintain export

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1276	documentation evidencing the value of the purchase consistent
1277	with the federal Export Administration regulations.
1278	b. Copies of federal returns evidencing the forwarding
1279	agent's NAICS principal business activity code.
1280	c. Copies of invoices or other documentation evidencing
1281	shipment to the forwarding agent.
1282	d. Invoices between the forwarding agent and the consumer
1283	or other documentation evidencing the ship-to destination
1284	outside the United States.
1285	e. Invoices for foreign postal or transportation services.
1286	f. Bills of lading.
1287	g. Any other export documentation.
1288	
1289	Such records must be kept in an electronic format and made
1290	available for the department's review pursuant to subparagraph
1291	9. and ss. 212.13 and 213.35.
1292	9. Each certificate expires 5 years after the date of
1293	issuance, except as specified in this subparagraph.
1294	a. At least 30 days before expiration, a new application
1295	must be submitted to renew the certificate and the application
1296	must contain the information required in subparagraph 3. Upon
1297	application for renewal, the certificate is subject to the
1298	review and reissuance procedures prescribed by this chapter and
1299	department rule.

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Each forwarding agent shall update its application

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information annually or within 30 days after any material change.

- c. The department shall verify that the forwarding agent is actively engaged in facilitating the international export of tangible personal property.
- d. The department may suspend or revoke the certificate of any forwarding agent that fails to respond within 30 days to a written request for information regarding its business transactions.
- department's website of forwarding agents that have applied for and received a Florida Certificate of Forwarding Agent Address from the department. The list shall include a forwarding agent's entity name, address, and expiration date as provided on the Florida Certificate of Forwarding Agent Address.
- 11. A dealer may accept a copy of the forwarding agent's certificate or rely on the list of forwarding agents' names and addresses on the department's website in lieu of collecting the tax imposed under this chapter when the property is required by terms of the sale to be shipped to the designated address on the certificate. A dealer that accepts a valid copy of a certificate or relies on the list of forwarding agents' names and addresses on the department's website in good faith and ships purchased tangible personal property to the address on the certificate is not liable for any tax due on sales made during the effective

dates indicated on the certificate.

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- 12. The department may revoke a forwarding agent's certificate for noncompliance with this paragraph. Any person found to fraudulently use the address on the certificate for the purpose of evading tax is subject to the penalties provided in s. 212.085.
- 13. The department may adopt rules to administer this paragraph, including, but not limited to, rules relating to procedures, application and eligibility requirements, and forms.
- (c) 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), it is not the intention of this chapter to levy a tax on the sale of tangible personal property to a nonresident dealer who does not hold a Florida sales tax registration, provided such nonresident dealer furnishes the seller a statement declaring that the tangible personal property will be transported outside this state by the nonresident dealer for resale and for no other purpose. The statement must shall include, but not be limited to, the nonresident dealer's name, address, applicable passport or visa number, arrival-departure card number, and evidence of authority to do business in the nonresident dealer's home state or country, such as his or her business name and address, occupational license number, if applicable, or any other suitable requirement. The statement must shall be signed by the nonresident dealer and must shall include the following sentence: "Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have

read the foregoing, and the facts alleged are true to the best of my knowledge and belief."

- 2. The burden of proof of subparagraph 1. rests with the seller, who must retain the proper documentation to support the exempt sale. The exempt transaction is subject to verification by the department.
- (d)(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), it is not the intention of this chapter to levy a tax on the sale by a printer to a nonresident print purchaser of material printed by that printer for that nonresident print purchaser when the print purchaser does not furnish the printer a resale certificate containing a sales tax registration number but does furnish to the printer a statement declaring that such material will be resold by the nonresident print purchaser.
- Section 14. Subsections (4) and (8) of section 212.07, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of that section are reenacted, to read:
- 212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase price; dealer not to absorb; liability of purchasers who cannot prove payment of the tax; penalties; general exemptions.—
- 1371 (1)

(c) Unless the purchaser of tangible personal property that is incorporated into tangible personal property manufactured, produced, compounded, processed, or fabricated for one's own use and subject to the tax imposed under s.

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212.06(1)(b) or is purchased for export under s. 212.06(5)(a)1. extends a certificate in compliance with the rules of the department, the dealer shall himself or herself be liable for and pay the tax.

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- (2) A dealer shall, as far as practicable, add the amount of the tax imposed under this chapter to the sale price, and the amount of the tax shall be separately stated as Florida tax on any charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or other tangible evidence of sale. Such tax shall constitute a part of such price, charge, or proof of sale which shall be a debt from the purchaser or consumer to the dealer, until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as other debts. Where it is impracticable, due to the nature of the business practices within an industry, to separately state Florida tax on any charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or other tangible evidence of sale, the department may establish an effective tax rate for such industry. The department may also amend this effective tax rate as the industry's pricing or practices change. Except as otherwise specifically provided, any dealer who neglects, fails, or refuses to collect the tax herein provided upon any, every, and all retail sales made by the dealer or the dealer's agents or employees of tangible personal property or services which are subject to the tax imposed by this chapter shall be liable for and pay the tax himself or herself.
 - (4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a dealer

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engaged in any business taxable under this chapter may not advertise or hold out to the public, in any manner, directly or indirectly, that he or she will <u>pay absorb</u> all or any part of the tax, or that he or she will relieve the purchaser of the payment of all or any part of the tax, or that the tax will not be added to the selling price of the property or services sold or released or, when added, that it or any part thereof will be refunded either directly or indirectly by any method whatsoever.

- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, a dealer may advertise or hold out to the public that he or she will pay all or any part of the tax on behalf of the purchaser, subject to both of the following conditions:
- 1. The dealer must expressly state on any charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or other tangible evidence of sale given to the purchaser that the dealer will pay to the state the tax imposed by this chapter. The dealer may not indicate or imply that the transaction is exempt or excluded from the tax imposed by this chapter.
- 2. A charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or other tangible evidence of the sale given to the purchaser must separately state the sale price and the amount of the tax in accordance with subsection (2).
- (c) A person who violates this <u>subsection commits</u> provision with respect to advertising or refund is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.

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775.082 or s. 775.083. A second or subsequent offense constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(8) Any person who has purchased at retail, used, consumed, distributed, or stored for use or consumption in this state tangible personal property, admissions, communication or other services taxable under this chapter, or leased tangible personal property, or who has leased, occupied, or used or was entitled to use any real property, space or spaces in parking lots or garages for motor vehicles, docking or storage space or spaces for boats in boat docks or marinas, and cannot prove that the tax levied by this chapter has been paid to his or her vendor, lessor, or other person or was paid on behalf of the purchaser by a dealer under subsection (4) is directly liable to the state for any tax, interest, or penalty due on any such taxable transactions.

Section 15. Paragraph (s) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) of subsection (18) of that section is reenacted to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

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1451 (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.—

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- (s) Data center property.-
- 1. As used in this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Critical IT load" means that portion of electric power capacity, expressed in terms of megawatts, which is reserved solely for owners or tenants of a data center to operate their computer server equipment. The term does not include any ancillary load for cooling, lighting, common areas, or other equipment.
- b. "Cumulative capital investment" means the combined total of all expenses incurred by the owners or tenants of a data center after July 1, 2017, in connection with acquiring, constructing, installing, equipping, or expanding the data center. However, the term does not include any expenses incurred in the acquisition of improved real property operating as a data center at the time of acquisition or within 6 months before the acquisition.
 - c. "Data center" means a facility that:
- (I) Consists of one or more contiguous parcels in this state, along with the buildings, substations and other infrastructure, fixtures, and personal property located on the parcels;
- 1473 (II) Is used exclusively to house and operate equipment
 1474 that receives, stores, aggregates, manages, processes,
 1475 transforms, retrieves, researches, or transmits data; or that is

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necessary for the proper operation of equipment that receives, stores, aggregates, manages, processes, transforms, retrieves, researches, or transmits data;

- (III) Has a critical IT load of 15 megawatts or higher, and a critical IT load of 1 megawatt or higher dedicated to each individual owner or tenant within the data center; and
 - (IV) Is constructed on or after July 1, 2017.
- d. "Data center property" means property used exclusively at a data center to construct, outfit, operate, support, power, cool, dehumidify, secure, or protect a data center and any contiguous dedicated substations. The term includes, but is not limited to, construction materials, component parts, machinery, equipment, computers, servers, installations, redundancies, and operating or enabling software, including any replacements, updates and new versions, and upgrades to or for such property, regardless of whether the property is a fixture or is otherwise affixed to or incorporated into real property. The term also includes electricity used exclusively at a data center.
- 2. Data center property is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter, except for the tax imposed by s. 212.031. To be eligible for the exemption provided by this paragraph, the data center's owners and tenants must make a cumulative capital investment of \$150 million or more for the data center and the data center must have a critical IT load of 15 megawatts or higher and a critical IT load of 1 megawatt or higher dedicated

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to each individual owner or tenant within the data center. Each of these requirements must be satisfied no later than 5 years after the commencement of construction of the data center.

- 3.a. To receive the exemption provided by this paragraph, the person seeking the exemption must apply to the department for a temporary tax exemption certificate. The application must state that a qualifying data center designation is being sought and provide information that the requirements of subparagraph 2. will be met. Upon a tentative determination by the department that the data center will meet the requirements of subparagraph 2., the department must issue the certificate.
- b.(I) The certificateholder shall maintain all necessary books and records to support the exemption provided by this paragraph. Upon satisfaction of all requirements of subparagraph 2., the certificateholder must deliver the temporary tax certificate to the department together with documentation sufficient to show the satisfaction of the requirements. Such documentation must include written declarations, pursuant to s. 92.525, from:
- (A) A professional engineer, licensed pursuant to chapter 471, certifying that the critical IT load requirement set forth in subparagraph 2. has been satisfied at the data center; and
- (B) A Florida certified public accountant, as defined in s. 473.302, certifying that the cumulative capital investment requirement set forth in subparagraph 2. has been satisfied for

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1526 the data center.

- The professional engineer and the Florida certified public accountant may not be professionally related with the data center's owners, tenants, or contractors, except that they may be retained by a data center owner to certify that the requirements of subparagraph 2. have been met.
 - (II) If the department determines that the subparagraph 2. requirements have been satisfied, the department must issue a permanent tax exemption certificate.
 - (III) Notwithstanding s. 212.084(4), the permanent tax exemption certificate remains valid and effective for as long as the data center described in the exemption application continues to operate as a data center as defined in subparagraph 1., with review by the department every 5 years to ensure compliance. As part of the review, the certificateholder shall, within 3 months before the end of any 5-year period, submit a written declaration, pursuant to s. 92.525, certifying that the critical IT load of 15 megawatts or higher and the critical IT load of 1 megawatt or higher dedicated to each individual owner or tenant within the data center required by subparagraph 2. continues to be met. All owners, tenants, contractors, and others purchasing exempt data center property shall maintain all necessary books and records to support the exemption as to those purchases.
 - (IV) Notwithstanding s. 213.053, the department may share

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information concerning a temporary or permanent data center exemption certificate among all owners, tenants, contractors, and others purchasing exempt data center property pursuant to such certificate.

- c. If, in an audit conducted by the department, it is determined that the certificateholder or any owners, tenants, contractors, or others purchasing, renting, or leasing data center property do not meet the criteria of this paragraph, the amount of taxes exempted at the time of purchase, rental, or lease is immediately due and payable to the department from the purchaser, renter, or lessee of those particular items, together with the appropriate interest and penalty computed from the date of purchase in the manner prescribed by this chapter.

 Notwithstanding s. 95.091(3)(a), any tax due as provided in this sub-subparagraph may be assessed by the department within 6 years after the date the data center property was purchased.
- d. Purchasers, lessees, and renters of data center property who qualify for the exemption provided by this paragraph shall obtain from the data center a copy of the tax exemption certificate issued pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. Before or at the time of purchase of the item or items eligible for exemption, the purchaser, lessee, or renter shall provide to the seller a copy of the tax exemption certificate and a signed certificate of entitlement. Purchasers, lessees, and renters with self-accrual authority shall maintain

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all documentation necessary to prove the exempt status of purchases.

- e. For any purchase, lease, or rental of property that is exempt pursuant to this paragraph, the possession of a copy of a tax exemption certificate issued pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. and a signed certificate of entitlement relieves the seller of the responsibility of collecting the tax on the sale, lease, or rental of such property, and the department must look solely to the purchaser, renter, or lessee for recovery of the tax if it determines that the purchase, rental, or lease was not entitled to the exemption.
- 4. After June 30, $\underline{2027}$ $\underline{2022}$, the department may not issue a temporary tax exemption certificate pursuant to this paragraph.
- (18) MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT USED PREDOMINANTLY FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—
- (f) Purchasers shall maintain all documentation necessary to prove the exempt status of purchases and fabrication activity and make such documentation available for inspection pursuant to the requirements of s. 212.13(2).
- Section 16. Effective January 1, 2022, paragraph (u) is added to subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the

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rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

(5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-

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- (u) Items that assist in independent living.-
- 1. The following items, when purchased for noncommercial home or personal use, are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter:
 - a. A bed transfer handle selling for \$60 or less.
 - b. A bed rail selling for \$110 or less.
 - c. A grab bar selling for \$100 or less.
 - d. A shower seat selling for \$100 or less.
- 2. This exemption does not apply to a purchase made by a business, including, but not limited to, a medical institution or an assisted living facility.
 - Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 212.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 212.13 Records required to be kept; power to inspect; audit procedure.—
 - (2) Each dealer, as defined in this chapter, shall secure, maintain, and keep as long as required by s. 213.35 a complete record of tangible personal property or services received, used, sold at retail, distributed or stored, leased or rented by said dealer, together with invoices, bills of lading, gross receipts

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1626	from such sales, and other pertinent records and papers as may
1627	be required by the department for the reasonable administration
1628	of this chapter $\underline{\cdot}$ All such records $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ must be made available to the
1629	department at reasonable times and places and by reasonable
1630	means, including in an electronic format when so kept by the
1631	dealer which are located or maintained in this state shall be
1632	open for inspection by the department at all reasonable hours at
1633	such dealer's store, sales office, general office, warehouse, or
1634	place of business located in this state. Any dealer who
1635	maintains such books and records at a point outside this state
1636	must make such books and records available for inspection by the
1637	department where the general records are kept. Any dealer
1638	subject to the provisions of this chapter who violates <u>this</u>
1639	subsection commits these provisions is guilty of a misdemeanor
1640	of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
1641	775.083. If, however, any subsequent offense involves
1642	intentional destruction of such records with an intent to evade
1643	payment of or deprive the state of any tax revenues, such
1644	subsequent offense $\underline{\text{is}}$ $\underline{\text{shall be}}$ a felony of the third degree,
1645	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
1646	Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 212.15, Florida
1647	Statutes, is amended to read:
1648	212.15 Taxes declared state funds; penalties for failure
1649	to remit taxes; due and delinquent dates; judicial review
1650	(2) Any person who, with intent to unlawfully deprive or

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defraud the state of its moneys or the use or benefit thereof, fails to remit taxes collected <u>or paid on behalf of a purchaser</u> under this chapter commits theft of state funds, punishable as follows:

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- (a) If the total amount of stolen revenue is less than \$1,000, the offense is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Upon a second conviction, the offender commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Upon a third or subsequent conviction, the offender commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) If the total amount of stolen revenue is \$1,000 or more, but less than \$20,000, the offense is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (c) If the total amount of stolen revenue is \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, the offense is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (d) If the total amount of stolen revenue is \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

The amount of stolen revenue may be aggregated in determining

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1676 the grade of the offense.

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Section 19. Section 212.1833, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

212.1833 Credit for contributions to eligible charitable organizations.—Beginning January 1, 2022, there is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible charitable organization under s. 402.62 against any tax imposed by the state and due under this chapter from a direct pay permitholder as a result of the direct pay permit held pursuant to s. 212.183. For purposes of the dealer's credit granted for keeping prescribed records, filing timely tax returns, and properly accounting and remitting taxes under s. 212.12, the amount of tax due used to calculate the credit shall include any eligible contribution made to an eligible charitable organization from a direct pay permitholder. For purposes of the distributions of tax revenue under s. 212.20, the department shall disregard any tax credits allowed under this section to ensure that any reduction in tax revenue received which is attributable to the tax credits results only in a reduction in distributions to the General Revenue Fund. Section 402.62 applies to the credit authorized by this section. A dealer who claims a tax credit under this section must file his or her tax returns and pay his or her taxes by electronic means under s. 213.755.

Section 20. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section

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1701 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.—
- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and ss. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) and 203.01(1)(a)3. is as follows:
- (d) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5.2 percent of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. After the distribution under subparagraph 1., 8.9744 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer located within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61 shall be transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2003, the amount to be transferred shall be reduced by 0.1 percent, and the department shall distribute this amount to the Public Employees Relations Commission Trust Fund less \$5,000 each month, which shall be added to the amount calculated in subparagraph 3. and distributed accordingly.

3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2.,
0.0966 percent shall be transferred to the Local Government
Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and distributed pursuant
to s. 218.65.

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- 4. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 2.0810 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties pursuant to s. 218.215.
- After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 1.3653 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities pursuant to s. 218.215. If the total revenue to be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph is at least as great as the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, no municipality shall receive less than the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000. If the total proceeds to be distributed are less than the amount received in combination from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, each municipality shall receive an amount proportionate to the amount it was due in state fiscal year 1999-2000.

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6. Of the remaining proceeds:

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- 1752 In each fiscal year, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be 1753 divided into as many equal parts as there are counties in the 1754 state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The 1755 distribution among the several counties must begin each fiscal 1756 year on or before January 5th and continue monthly for a total 1757 of 4 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys 1758 accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the then-1759 existing provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the 1760 district school board, special district, or a municipal government, such payment must continue until the local or 1761 1762 special law is amended or repealed. The state covenants with 1763 holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by 1764 local governments, special districts, or district school boards 1765 before July 1, 2000, that it is not the intent of this subparagraph to adversely affect the rights of those holders or 1766 1767 relieve local governments, special districts, or district school 1768 boards of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of 1769 previous pledges or assignments or trusts entered into which 1770 obligated funds received from the distribution to county 1771 governments under then-existing s. 550.135. This distribution 1772 specifically is in lieu of funds distributed under s. 550.135 before July 1, 2000. 1773
 - b. The department shall distribute \$166,667 monthly to each applicant certified as a facility for a new or retained

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 professional sports franchise pursuant to s. 288.1162. Up to \$41,667 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11621 for a facility for a spring training franchise. However, not more than \$416,670 may be distributed monthly in the aggregate to all certified applicants for facilities for spring training franchises. Distributions begin 60 days after such certification and continue for not more than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in s. 288.11621. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s. 288.1162(5) or s. 288.11621(3).

- c. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been certified as the professional golf hall of fame pursuant to s. 288.1168 and is open to the public, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 300 months, to the applicant.
- d. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that the applicant has been certified as the International Game Fish Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and the facility is open to the public, \$83,333 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 168 months, to the applicant. This distribution is subject to reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169.

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e. The department shall distribute up to \$83,333 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise, or up to \$166,667 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. Monthly distributions begin 60 days after such certification or July 1, 2016, whichever is later, and continue for not more than 20 years to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise or not more than 25 years to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s. 288.11631(3).

f. Beginning 45 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been approved by the Legislature and certified by the Department of Economic Opportunity under s. 288.11625 or upon a date specified by the Department of Economic Opportunity as provided under s. 288.11625(6)(d), the department shall distribute each month an amount equal to one-twelfth of the annual distribution amount certified by the Department of Economic Opportunity for the applicant. The department may not distribute more than \$13 million annually under this sub-

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1826	subparagraph.
1827	f.g. The department shall distribute \$15,333 monthly to
1828	the State Transportation Trust Fund.
1829	7. All other proceeds must remain in the General Revenue
1830	Fund.
1831	Section 21. Section 212.205, Florida Statutes, is amended
1832	to read:
1833	212.205 Sales tax distribution reporting.—By March 15 of
1834	each year, each person who received a distribution pursuant to
1835	s. 212.20(6)(d)6.be. s. 212.20(6)(d)6.bf. in the preceding
1836	calendar year shall report to the Office of Economic and
1837	Demographic Research the following information:
1838	(1) An itemized accounting of all expenditures of the
1839	funds distributed in the preceding calendar year, including
1840	amounts spent on debt service.
1841	(2) A statement indicating what portion of the distributed
1842	funds have been pledged for debt service.
1843	(3) The original principal amount and current debt service
1844	schedule of any bonds or other borrowing for which the
1845	distributed funds have been pledged for debt service.
1846	Section 22. Effective January 1, 2022, subsection (5) of
1847	section 213.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1848	213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing
1849	(5) This section does not prevent the department from any

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of the following:

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(a)	Publish	ing stati	stics so	classif	fied as	to prevent	the
identifica	ation of	particul	ar accou	nts, rep	orts, d	leclaration	s, or
returns; e) r						

- (b) Publishing a list of forwarding agents who have received a Florida Certificate of Forwarding Agent Address. The list must include each forwarding agent's entity name, address, and certificate expiration date on the department's website pursuant to s. 212.06(5)(b)10.; or
- (c) (b) Using telephones, e-mail, facsimile machines, or other electronic means to do any of the following:
- 1. Distribute information relating to changes in law, tax rates, interest rates, or other information that is not specific to a particular taxpayer;
 - 2. Remind taxpayers of due dates;

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- 3. Respond to a taxpayer to an electronic mail address that does not support encryption if the use of that address is authorized by the taxpayer; or
 - 4. Notify taxpayers to contact the department.
- Section 23. Subsection (2) and paragraph (c) of subsection
- 1870 (3) of section 218.64, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1871 218.64 Local government half-cent sales tax; uses; 1872 limitations.—
- 1873 (2) Municipalities shall expend their portions of the
 1874 local government half-cent sales tax only for municipality-wide
 1875 programs, for reimbursing the state as required pursuant to s.

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288.11625, or for municipality-wide property tax or municipal utility tax relief. All utility tax rate reductions afforded by participation in the local government half-cent sales tax shall be applied uniformly across all types of taxed utility services.

- (3) Subject to ordinances enacted by the majority of the members of the county governing authority and by the majority of the members of the governing authorities of municipalities representing at least 50 percent of the municipal population of such county, counties may use up to \$3 million annually of the local government half-cent sales tax allocated to that county for any of the following purposes:
- 1887 (c) Reimbursing the state as required under s. 288.11625.

 1888 Section 24. Subsection (8) of section 220.02, Florida

 1889 Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 220.02 Legislative intent.

 (8) It is the intent of the Legislature that credits against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax be applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 631.828, those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in s. 220.181, those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those enumerated in s. 220.195, those enumerated in s. 220.184, those enumerated in s. 220.186, those enumerated in s. 220.1845, those enumerated in s. 220.197, those enumerated in s. 220.1876, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, those enumerated in s. 220.1876, those enumerated in s. 220.193,

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those enumerated in s. 288.9916, those enumerated in s. 220.1899, those enumerated in s. 220.194, and those enumerated in s. 220.196.

Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.13 "Adjusted federal income" defined.-

- (1) The term "adjusted federal income" means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income as defined in subsection (2), or such taxable income of more than one taxpayer as provided in s. 220.131, for the taxable year, adjusted as follows:
- (a) Additions.—There shall be added to such taxable income:
- 1.a. The amount of any tax upon or measured by income, excluding taxes based on gross receipts or revenues, paid or accrued as a liability to the District of Columbia or any state of the United States which is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.
- b. Notwithstanding sub-subparagraph a., if a credit taken under s. 220.1875 or s. 220.1876 is added to taxable income in a previous taxable year under subparagraph 11. and is taken as a deduction for federal tax purposes in the current taxable year, the amount of the deduction allowed shall not be added to taxable income in the current year. The exception in this subsubparagraph is intended to ensure that the credit under s.

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1926 220.1875 or s. 220.1876 is added in the applicable taxable year and does not result in a duplicate addition in a subsequent year.

- 2. The amount of interest which is excluded from taxable income under s. 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or any other federal law, less the associated expenses disallowed in the computation of taxable income under s. 265 of the Internal Revenue Code or any other law, excluding 60 percent of any amounts included in alternative minimum taxable income, as defined in s. 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the taxpayer pays tax under s. 220.11(3).
- 3. In the case of a regulated investment company or real estate investment trust, an amount equal to the excess of the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year over the amount of the capital gain dividends attributable to the taxable year.
- 4. That portion of the wages or salaries paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.181. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- 5. That portion of the ad valorem school taxes paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.182. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

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6. The amount taken as a credit under s. 220.195 which is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.

- 7. That portion of assessments to fund a guaranty association incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year.
- 8. In the case of a nonprofit corporation which holds a pari-mutuel permit and which is exempt from federal income tax as a farmers' cooperative, an amount equal to the excess of the gross income attributable to the pari-mutuel operations over the attributable expenses for the taxable year.
- 9. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1895.
- 10. Up to nine percent of the eligible basis of any designated project which is equal to the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.185.
- 11. Any The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1875 or s. 220.1876. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit against the tax. This addition is not intended to result in adding the same expense back to income more than once.
- 12. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under $s.\ 220.193.$

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13. Any portion of a qualified investment, as defined in s. 288.9913, which is claimed as a deduction by the taxpayer and taken as a credit against income tax pursuant to s. 288.9916.

- 14. The costs to acquire a tax credit pursuant to s. 288.1254(5) that are deducted from or otherwise reduce federal taxable income for the taxable year.
- 15. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year pursuant to s. 220.194.
- 16. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.196. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit against the tax. The addition is not intended to result in adding the same expense back to income more than once.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 220.186, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 220.186 Credit for Florida alternative minimum tax.-
- (2) The credit pursuant to this section shall be the amount of the excess, if any, of the tax paid based upon taxable income determined pursuant to s. 220.13(2)(k) over the amount of tax which would have been due based upon taxable income without application of s. 220.13(2)(k), before application of this credit without application of any credit under s. 220.1875 or s. 220.1876.

Section 27. Section 220.1876, Florida Statutes, is created

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2001 to read:

220.1876 Credit for contributions to eligible charitable organizations.—

- (1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, there is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible charitable organization under s. 402.62 against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter after the application of any other allowable credits by the taxpayer. An eligible contribution must be made to an eligible charitable organization on or before the date the taxpayer is required to file a return pursuant to s. 220.222. The credit granted by this section shall be reduced by the difference between the amount of federal corporate income tax taking into account the credit granted by this section and the amount of federal corporate income tax without application of the credit granted by this section.
- (2) A taxpayer who files a Florida consolidated return as a member of an affiliated group pursuant to s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis; however, the total credit taken by the affiliated group is subject to the limitation established under subsection (1).
- (3) Section 402.62 applies to the credit authorized by this section.
- (4) If a taxpayer applies and is approved for a credit under s. 402.62 after timely requesting an extension to file

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2027	(a) The credit does not reduce the amount of tax due for
2028	purposes of the department's determination as to whether the
2029	taxpayer was in compliance with the requirement to pay tentative
2030	taxes under ss. 220.222 and 220.32.
2031	(b) The taxpayer's noncompliance with the requirement to

under s. 220.222(2):

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- (b) The taxpayer's noncompliance with the requirement to pay tentative taxes shall result in the revocation and rescindment of any such credit.
- (c) The taxpayer shall be assessed for any taxes, penalties, or interest due from the taxpayer's noncompliance with the requirement to pay tentative taxes.

Section 28. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 288.0001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.0001 Economic Development Programs Evaluation.—The Office of Economic and Demographic Research and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA) shall develop and present to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees the Economic Development Programs Evaluation.

- (2) The Office of Economic and Demographic Research and OPPAGA shall provide a detailed analysis of economic development programs as provided in the following schedule:
- (e) Beginning January 1, 2018, and every 3 years thereafter, an analysis of the Sports Development Program

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2031	established under S. 200.11023.
2052	Section 29. Section 288.11625, Florida Statutes, is
2053	repealed.
2054	Section 30. Section 402.62, Florida Statutes, is created
2055	to read:
2056	402.62 Strong Families Tax Credit.—
2057	(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
2058	(a) "Annual tax credit amount" means, for any state fiscal
2059	year, the sum of the amount of tax credits approved under
2060	paragraph (5)(b), including tax credits to be taken under s.
2061	211.0252, s. 212.1833, s. 220.1876, s. 561.1212, or s.
2062	624.51056, which are approved for taxpayers whose taxable years
2063	begin on or after January 1 of the calendar year preceding the
2064	start of the applicable state fiscal year.
2065	(b) "Division" means the Division of Alcoholic Beverages
2066	and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional
2067	Regulation.
2068	(c) "Eligible charitable organization" means an
2069	organization designated by the Department of Children and
2070	Families to be eligible to receive funding under this section.
2071	(d) "Eligible contribution" means a monetary contribution
2072	from a taxpayer, subject to the restrictions provided in this
2073	section, to an eligible charitable organization. The taxpayer
2074	making the contribution may not designate a specific child
2075	assisted by the eligible charitable organization as the

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2076	beneficiary of the contribution.
2077	(e) "Tax credit cap amount" means the maximum annual tax
2078	credit amount that the Department of Revenue may approve for a
2079	state fiscal year.
2080	(2) STRONG FAMILIES TAX CREDITS; ELIGIBILITY
2081	(a) The Department of Children and Families shall
2082	designate as an eligible charitable organization an organization
2083	that meets all of the following requirements:
2084	1. Is exempt from federal income taxation under s.
2085	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
2086	2. Is a Florida entity formed under chapter 605, chapter
2087	607, or chapter 617 and whose principal office is located in
2088	this state.
2089	3. Provides services to:
2090	a. Prevent child abuse, neglect, abandonment, or
2091	<pre>exploitation;</pre>
2092	b. Assist fathers in learning and improving parenting
2093	skills or to engage absent fathers in being more engaged in
2094	their children's lives;
2095	c. Provide books to the homes of children eligible for a
2096	free or reduced-price meal program or those testing below grade
2097	level in kindergarten through grade 5;
2098	d. Assist families with children who have a chronic
2099	illness or a physical, intellectual, developmental, or emotional
2100	disability; or

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e. Provide workforce development services to families of children eligible for a free or reduced-price meal program.

- 4. Provides to the Department of Children and Families accurate information, including, at a minimum, a description of the services provided by the organization which are eligible for funding under this section; the total number of individuals served through those services during the last calendar year and the number served during the last calendar year using funding under this section; basic financial information regarding the organization and services eligible for funding under this section; outcomes for such services; and contact information for the organization.
- 5. Annually submits a statement signed, under penalty of perjury, by a current officer of the organization, that the organization meets all of the criteria to qualify as an eligible charitable organization, has fulfilled responsibilities under this section for the previous fiscal year if the organization received any funding through this credit during the previous year, and intends to fulfill its responsibilities during the upcoming year.
- 6. Provides any documentation requested by the Department of Children and Families to verify eligibility as an eligible charitable organization or compliance with this section.
- (b) The Department of Children and Families may not designate as an eligible charitable organization an organization

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2126 that:

- 1. Provides, pays for, or provides coverage for abortions, or financially supports any other entity that provides, pays for, or provides coverage for abortions; or
- 2. Has received more than 50 percent of its total annual revenue from the Department of Children and Families, either directly or via a contractor of the department, in the most recently ended fiscal year.
- (3) RESPONSIBILITIES OF ELIGIBLE CHARITABLE

 ORGANIZATIONS.—An eligible charitable organization that receives a contribution under this section must do all of the following:
- (a) Apply for admittance into the Department of Law Enforcement's Volunteer and Employee Criminal History System and, if accepted, conduct background screening on all volunteers and staff working directly with children in any program funded under this section, pursuant to s. 943.0542. Background screening shall use level 2 screening standards pursuant to s. 435.04 and additionally include, but need not be limited to, a check of the Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website.
- (b) Expend 100 percent of any contributions received under this section for direct services to state residents for the purposes specified in subparagraph (2)(a)3.
- (c) Annually submit to the Department of Children and Families:
 - 1. An audit of the eligible charitable organization

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conducted by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, government auditing standards, and rules adopted by the Auditor General. The audit must include a report on financial statements presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The audit must be provided to the Department of Children and Families within 180 days after completion of the eligible charitable organization's fiscal year; and

- 2. A copy of the eligible charitable organization's most recent federal Internal Revenue Service Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax form (Form 990).
- (d) Notify the Department of Children and Families within 5 business days after the eligible charitable organization ceases to meet eligibility requirements or fails to fulfill its responsibilities under this section.
- (e) Upon receipt of a contribution, provide the taxpayer that made the contribution with a certificate of contribution. A certificate of contribution must include the taxpayer's name and, if available, its federal employer identification number, the amount contributed, the date of contribution, and the name of the eligible charitable organization.
- (4) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT.—The Department of Children and Families shall do all of the following:
 - (a) Annually redesignate eligible charitable organizations

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that have complied with all of the requirements of this section.

- (b) Remove the designation of organizations that fail to meet all of the requirements of this section. An organization that has had its designation removed by the department may reapply for designation as an eligible charitable organization, and the department shall redesignate such organization if it meets all of the requirements of this section and demonstrates through its application that all factors leading to its removal as an eligible charitable organization have been sufficiently addressed.
- (c) Publish information about the tax credit program and eligible charitable organizations on a Department of Children and Families website. The website shall, at a minimum, provide all of the following:
- 1. The requirements and process for becoming designated or redesignated as an eligible charitable organization.
- 2. A list of the eligible charitable organizations that are currently designated by the department and the information provided under subparagraph (2)(a)5. regarding each eligible charitable organization.
- 3. The process for a taxpayer to select an eligible charitable organization as the recipient of funding through a tax credit.
- (d) Compel the return of funds that are provided to an eligible charitable organization that fails to comply with the

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requirements of this section. Eligible charitable organizations that are subject to return of funds are ineligible to receive funding under this section for a period 10 years after final agency action to compel the return of funding.

- (5) STRONG FAMILIES TAX CREDITS; APPLICATIONS, TRANSFERS, AND LIMITATIONS.—
- (a) Beginning with state fiscal year 2021-2022, the tax credit cap amount is \$5 million in each state fiscal year.
- (b) Beginning October 1, 2021, a taxpayer may submit an application to the Department of Revenue for a tax credit or credits to be taken under one or more of s. 211.0252, s. 212.1833, s. 220.1876, s. 561.1212, or s. 624.51056.
- 1. The taxpayer shall specify in the application each tax for which the taxpayer requests a credit and the applicable taxable year for a credit under s. 220.1876 or s. 624.51056 or the applicable state fiscal year for a credit under s. 211.0252, s. 212.1833, or s. 561.1212. For purposes of s. 220.1876, a taxpayer may apply for a credit to be used for a prior taxable year before the date the taxpayer is required to file a return for that year pursuant to s. 220.222. For purposes of s. 624.51056, a taxpayer may apply for a credit to be used for a prior taxable year before the date the taxpayer is required to file a return for that prior taxable year pursuant to ss. 624.509 and 624.5092. The application must specify the eligible charitable organization to which the proposed contribution will

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be made. The Department of Revenue shall approve tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis and must obtain the division's approval before approving a tax credit under s. 561.1212.

- 2. Within 10 days after approving or denying an application, the Department of Revenue shall provide a copy of its approval or denial letter to the eligible charitable organization specified by the taxpayer in the application.
- (c) If a tax credit approved under paragraph (b) is not fully used within the specified state fiscal year for credits under s. 211.0252, s. 212.1833, or s. 561.1212 or against taxes due for the specified taxable year for credits under s. 220.1876 or s. 624.51056 because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the taxpayer, the unused amount must be carried forward for a period not to exceed 10 years. For purposes of s. 220.1876, a credit carried forward may be used in a subsequent year after applying the other credits and unused carryovers in the order provided in s. 220.02(8).
- (d) A taxpayer may not convey, transfer, or assign an approved tax credit or a carryforward tax credit to another entity unless all of the assets of the taxpayer are conveyed, assigned, or transferred in the same transaction. However, a tax credit under s. 211.0252, s. 212.1833, s. 220.1876, s. 561.1212, or s. 624.51056 may be conveyed, transferred, or assigned between members of an affiliated group of corporations if the type of tax credit under s. 211.0252, s. 212.1833, s. 220.1876,

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2251 s. 561.1212, or s. 624.51056 remains the same. A taxpayer shall 2252 notify the Department of Revenue of its intent to convey, 2253 transfer, or assign a tax credit to another member within an 2254 affiliated group of corporations. The amount conveyed, 2255 transferred, or assigned is available to another member of the 2256 affiliated group of corporations upon approval by the Department 2257 of Revenue. The Department of Revenue shall obtain the 2258 division's approval before approving a conveyance, transfer, or 2259 assignment of a tax credit under s. 561.1212. 2260 Within any state fiscal year, a taxpayer may rescind 2261 all or part of a tax credit approved under paragraph (b). The 2262 amount rescinded shall become available for that state fiscal 2263 year to another eligible taxpayer approved by the Department of 2264 Revenue if the taxpayer receives notice from the Department of 2265 Revenue that the rescindment has been accepted by the Department 2266 of Revenue. The Department of Revenue must obtain the division's 2267 approval before accepting the rescindment of a tax credit under 2268 s. 561.1212. Any amount rescinded under this paragraph must 2269 become available to an eligible taxpayer on a first-come, first-2270 served basis based on tax credit applications received after the 2271 date the rescindment is accepted by the Department of Revenue. 2272 Within 10 days after approving or denying the 2273 conveyance, transfer, or assignment of a tax credit under 2274 paragraph (d), or the rescindment of a tax credit under

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paragraph (e), the Department of Revenue shall provide a copy of

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its approval or denial letter to the eligible charitable organization specified by the taxpayer. The Department of Revenue shall also include the eligible charitable organization specified by the taxpayer on all letters or correspondence of acknowledgment for tax credits under s. 212.1833.

- (g) For purposes of calculating the underpayment of estimated corporate income taxes under s. 220.34 and tax installment payments for taxes on insurance premiums or assessments under s. 624.5092, the final amount due is the amount after credits earned under s. 220.1876 or s. 624.51056 for contributions to eligible charitable organizations are deducted.
- 1. For purposes of determining if a penalty or interest under s. 220.34(2)(d)1. will be imposed for underpayment of estimated corporate income tax, a taxpayer may, after earning a credit under s. 220.1876, reduce any estimated payment in that taxable year by the amount of the credit.
- 2. For purposes of determining if a penalty under s. 624.5092 will be imposed, an insurer, after earning a credit under s. 624.51056 for a taxable year, may reduce any installment payment for such taxable year of 27 percent of the amount of the net tax due as reported on the return for the preceding year under s. 624.5092(2)(b) by the amount of the credit.
 - (6) PRESERVATION OF CREDIT.—If any provision or portion of

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2301 this section, s. 211.0252, s. 212.1833, s. 220.1876, s. 561.1212, or s. 624.51056 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional by any court or is otherwise declared invalid, the unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect any credit earned under s. 211.0252, s. 212.1833, s. 220.1876, s. 561.1212, or s. 624.51056 by any taxpayer with respect to any contribution paid to an eligible charitable organization before the date of a determination of unconstitutionality or invalidity. The credit shall be allowed at such time and in such a manner as if a determination of unconstitutionality or invalidity had not been made, provided that nothing in this subsection by itself or in combination with any other provision of law may result in the allowance of any credit to any taxpayer in excess of one dollar of credit for 2315 each dollar paid to an eligible charitable organization. ADMINISTRATION; RULES.-The Department of Revenue, the division, and the Department of Children and Families may develop a cooperative agreement to assist in the administration of this section, as needed. The Department of Revenue may adopt rules necessary to administer this section and ss. 211.0252, 212.1833, 220.1876,

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credits and carryforward tax credits under subsection (5), and

561.1212, and 624.51056, including rules establishing

application forms, procedures governing the approval of tax

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2326 procedures to be followed by taxpayers when claiming approved tax credits on their returns.

- (c) The division may adopt rules necessary to administer its responsibilities under this section and s. 561.1212.
- (d) The Department of Children and Families may adopt rules necessary to administer this section, including, but not limited to, rules establishing application forms for organizations seeking designation as eligible charitable organizations under this act.
- (e) Notwithstanding any provision of s. 213.053 to the contrary, sharing information with the division related to this tax credit is considered the conduct of the Department of Revenue's official duties as contemplated in s. 213.053(8)(c), and the Department of Revenue and the division are specifically authorized to share information as needed to administer this section.

Section 31. Section 561.1212, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

561.1212 Credit for contributions to eligible charitable organizations.—Beginning January 1, 2022, there is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible charitable organization under s. 402.62 against any tax due under s. 563.05, s. 564.06, or s. 565.12, except excise taxes imposed on wine produced by manufacturers in this state from products grown in this state. However, a credit allowed

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2351	under this section may not exceed 90 percent of the tax due on
2352	the return on which the credit is taken. For purposes of the
2353	distributions of tax revenue under ss. 561.121 and 564.06(10),
2354	the division shall disregard any tax credits allowed under this
2355	section to ensure that any reduction in tax revenue received
2356	which is attributable to the tax credits results only in a
2357	reduction in distributions to the General Revenue Fund. The
2358	provisions of s. 402.62 apply to the credit authorized by this
2359	section.
2360	Section 32. Subsection (7) of section 624.509, Florida
2361	Statutes, is amended to read:
2362	624.509 Premium tax; rate and computation.
2363	(7) Credits and deductions against the tax imposed by this
2364	section shall be taken in the following order: deductions for
2365	assessments made pursuant to s. 440.51; credits for taxes paid
2366	under ss. 175.101 and 185.08; credits for income taxes paid
2367	under chapter 220 and the credit allowed under subsection (5),
2368	as these credits are limited by subsection (6); the credit
2369	allowed under s. 624.51056; all other available credits and
2370	deductions.
2371	Section 33. Section 624.51056, Florida Statutes, is
2372	created to read:
2373	624.51056 Credit for contributions to eligible charitable

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Beginning January 1, 2022, there is allowed a credit

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organizations.-

(1)

23/6	of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible
2377	charitable organization under s. 402.62 against any tax due for
2378	a taxable year under s. 624.509(1) after deducting from such tax
2379	deductions for assessments made pursuant to s. 440.51; credits
2380	for taxes paid under ss. 175.101 and 185.08; credits for income
2381	taxes paid under chapter 220; and the credit allowed under s.
2382	624.509(5), as such credit is limited by s. 624.509(6). An
2383	eligible contribution must be made to an eligible charitable
2384	organization on or before the date the taxpayer is required to
2385	file a return pursuant to ss. 624.509 and 624.5092. An insurer
2386	claiming a credit against premium tax liability under this
2387	section is not required to pay any additional retaliatory tax
2388	levied under s. 624.5091 as a result of claiming such credit.
2389	Section 624.5091 does not limit such credit in any manner.
2390	(2) Section 402.62 applies to the credit authorized by
2391	this section.
2392	Section 34. Disaster preparedness supplies; sales tax
2393	holiday.—
2394	(1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
2395	may not be collected during the period from May 28, 2021,
2396	through June 3, 2021, on the sale of:
2397	(a) A portable self-powered light source selling for \$20
2398	or less.
2399	(b) A portable self-powered radio, two-way radio, or
2400	weather-band radio selling for \$50 or less.

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2401	(c) A tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting
2402	selling for \$50 or less.
2403	(d) An item normally sold as, or generally advertised as,
2404	a ground anchor system or tie-down kit selling for \$50 or less.
2405	(e) A gas or diesel fuel tank selling for \$25 or less.
2406	(f) A package of AA-cell, AAA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-
2407	volt, or 9-volt batteries, excluding automobile and boat
2408	batteries, selling for \$30 or less.
2409	(g) A nonelectric food storage cooler selling for \$30 or
2410	less.
2411	(h) A portable generator used to provide light or
2412	communications or preserve food in the event of a power outage
2413	selling for \$750 or less.
2414	(i) Reusable ice selling for \$10 or less.
2415	(2) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not
2416	apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as
2417	defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public
2418	lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida
2419	Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2),
2420	Florida Statutes.
2421	(3) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all
2422	conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to
2423	s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
2424	(4) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2425

a law.

2426 Section 35. Clothing, school supplies, personal computers, 2427 and personal computer-related accessories; sales tax holiday.-2428 The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, 2429 may not be collected during the period from August 6, 2021, through August 12, 2021, on the retail sale of: 2430 2431 (a) Clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags, backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding 2432 briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags, having a sales 2433 2434 price of \$60 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the 2435 term "clothing" means: 2436 1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on 2437 or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry, umbrellas, and handkerchiefs; and 2438 2439 2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades, 2440 and skates. 2441 (b) School supplies having a sales price of \$15 or less 2442 per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "school supplies" 2443 means pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook 2444 filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction 2445 paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster 2446 paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers, 2447 computer disks, staplers and staples used to secure paper products, protractors, compasses, and calculators. 2448 The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, 2449

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may not be collected during the period from August 6, 2021,

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2450

through August 12, 2021, on the retail sale of personal computers or personal computer-related accessories having a sales price of \$1,000 or less per item and purchased for noncommercial home or personal use. As used in this subsection, the term:

- (a) "Personal computers" includes electronic book readers, laptops, desktops, handheld devices, tablets, or tower computers. The term does not include cellular telephones, video game consoles, digital media receivers, or devices that are not primarily designed to process data.
- (b) "Personal computer-related accessories" includes keyboards, mice, personal digital assistants, monitors, other peripheral devices, modems, routers, and nonrecreational software, regardless of whether the accessories are used in association with a personal computer base unit. The term does not include furniture or systems, devices, software, or peripherals that are designed or intended primarily for recreational use. The term "monitor" does not include any device that includes a television tuner.
- (3) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.

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(4) The tax exemptions provided in this section may apply
at the option of a dealer if less than 5 percent of the dealer's
gross sales of tangible personal property in the prior calendar
year are comprised of items that would be exempt under this
section. If a qualifying dealer chooses not to participate in
the tax holiday, by August 1, 2021, the dealer must notify the
Department of Revenue in writing of its election to collect
sales tax during the holiday and must post a copy of that notice
in a conspicuous location at its place of business.
(5) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all
conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to
s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing
this section.
(6) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming
a law.
Section 36. Admissions to music events, sporting events,
movies, state parks, and fitness facilities, and boating and
water activity supplies, camping supplies, fishing supplies, and
general outdoor supplies; sales tax holiday.—
(1) The taxes levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes,
may not be collected on purchases made during the period from
July 1, 2021, through July 7, 2021, on:
(a) The sale by way of admission, as defined in s.
212.02(1), Florida Statutes, for:

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A live music event scheduled to be held between July 1,

2501	2021,	and	December	31,	2021;

- A live sporting event scheduled to be held between July
 2021, and December 31, 2021,
- 3. A movie to be shown in a movie theater between July 1, 2021, and December 31, 2021;
 - 4. Entry to a state park, including any annual passes; or
- 5. Use of or access to private and membership clubs providing physical fitness facilities between July 1, 2021, and December 31, 2021.
 - (b) The retail sale of boating and water activity supplies, camping supplies, fishing supplies, and general outdoor supplies. For purposes of this section, the term:
 - 1. "Boating and water activity supplies" means life jackets and coolers having a sales price of \$75 or less; safety flares having a sales price of \$50 or less; recreational inflatable water tubes or floats capable of being towed having a sales price of \$150 or less; and snorkels, goggles, and swimming masks having a sales price of \$25 or less.
 - 2. "Camping supplies" means tents having a sales price of \$100 or less; sleeping bags, portable hammocks, and camping stoves having a sales price of \$50 or less; collapsible camping chairs having a sales price of \$40 or less; and camping lanterns and flashlights having a sales price of \$30 or less.
 - 3. "Fishing supplies" means rods and reels having a sales price of \$75 or less per item if sold individually or a sales

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price of \$150 or less if sold as a set, and bait or fishing tackle having a sales price of \$5 or less per item if sold individually or \$10 or less if multiple items are sold together.

The term does not include supplies used for commercial fishing purposes.

- 4. "General outdoor supplies" means sunscreen or insect repellant having a sales price of \$15 or less; sunglasses and binoculars having a sales price of \$75 or less; water bottles having a sales price of \$30 or less; and hydration packs having a sales price of \$50 or less.
- (2) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.
- (3) If a purchaser of an admission purchases the admission exempt from tax pursuant to this section and subsequently resells the admission, the purchaser shall collect tax on the full sales price of the resold admission.
- (4) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed to be met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
 - (5) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming

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2551 <u>a law.</u>

Section 37. For the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the sum of \$208,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of implementing the provisions related to the Strong Families Tax Credit created by this act.

Section 38. (1) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing the provisions related to the Strong Families Tax Credit created by this act. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are effective for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.

(2) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming a law.

Section 39. (1) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing the amendment made by this act to s. 212.06, Florida Statutes.

(2) Notwithstanding any other law, emergency rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1) are effective for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to

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2576 adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.

(3) This section shall take effect upon becoming a law and expires January 1, 2025.

Section 40. The Florida Institute for Child Welfare shall analyze the use of funding provided by the tax credit authorized under s. 402.62, Florida Statutes, and submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by October 31, 2025. The report must, at a minimum, include the total funding amount and categorize the funding by type of program, describe the programs that were funded, and assess the outcomes that were achieved using the funding.

Section 41. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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