1 2 An act relating to credit for reinsurance; amending s. 3 624.610, F.S.; making a technical change; transferring 4 specified authority and duties relating to credit for 5 reinsurance from the Commissioner of Insurance to the 6 Office of Insurance Regulation; revising the attorney 7 designation requirement in reinsurance agreements with 8 certain assuming insurers under certain circumstances; 9 adding conditions under which a ceding insurer must be 10 allowed credit for reinsurance; defining the terms "reciprocal jurisdiction" and "covered agreement"; 11 12 specifying requirements for assuming insurers and 13 reinsurance agreements; requiring the office to publish a list of reciprocal jurisdictions on its 14 website; authorizing the office to remove reciprocal 15 16 jurisdictions under a specified circumstance; 17 specifying documentation requirements; authorizing a 18 ceding insurer or its representative that is subject 19 to rehabilitation, liquidation, or conservation to 20 seek a certain court order; providing construction; 21 specifying a limitation on credit taken by a ceding insurer; requiring the office to publish on its 22 website a list of certain assuming insurers; 23 2.4 authorizing the office to revoke or suspend an 25 assuming insurer's eligibility under certain 26 circumstances; prohibiting credit for reinsurance 27 under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; 28 making technical changes; conforming provisions to 29 changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

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30	
31	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
32	
33	Section 1. Present subsections (4) through (15) of section
34	624.610, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5)
35	through (16), respectively, a new subsection (4) is added to
36	that section, and subsection (2), paragraphs (c), (e), and (f)
37	of subsection (3), present subsection (4), paragraph (a) of
38	present subsection (5), and paragraph (b) of present subsection
39	(11) are amended, to read:
40	624.610 Reinsurance
41	(2) Credit for reinsurance must be allowed a ceding insurer
42	as either an asset or a <u>reduction</u> <del>deduction</del> from liability on
43	account of reinsurance ceded only when the reinsurer meets the
44	requirements of paragraph (3)(a), paragraph (3)(b), <del>or</del> paragraph
45	(3)(c), or subsection (4). Credit must be allowed under
46	paragraph (3)(a) or paragraph (3)(b) only for cessions of those
47	kinds or lines of business that the assuming insurer is
48	licensed, authorized, or otherwise permitted to write or assume
49	in its state of domicile or, in the case of a United States
50	branch of an alien assuming insurer, in the state through which
51	it is entered and licensed or authorized to transact insurance
52	or reinsurance.
53	(3)
54	(c)1. Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded
55	to an assuming insurer that maintains a trust fund in a
56	qualified United States financial institution, as defined in

58 its United States ceding insurers and their assigns and

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paragraph (6)(b) (5)(b), for the payment of the valid claims of

59 successors in interest. To enable the office to determine the 60 sufficiency of the trust fund, the assuming insurer shall report 61 annually to the office information substantially the same as 62 that required to be reported on the NAIC Annual Statement form 63 by authorized insurers. The assuming insurer shall submit to 64 examination of its books and records by the office and bear the 65 expense of examination. 66 2.a. Credit for reinsurance must not be granted under this 67 subsection unless the form of the trust and any amendments to 68 the trust have been approved by:

(I) The insurance regulator of the state in which the trustis domiciled; or

(II) The insurance regulator of another state who, pursuant to the terms of the trust instrument, has accepted principal regulatory oversight of the trust.

74 b. The form of the trust and any trust amendments must be 75 filed with the insurance regulator of every state in which the ceding insurer beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled. The 76 77 trust instrument must provide that contested claims are valid 78 and enforceable upon the final order of any court of competent 79 jurisdiction in the United States. The trust must vest legal title to its assets in its trustees for the benefit of the 80 81 assuming insurer's United States ceding insurers and their 82 assigns and successors in interest. The trust and the assuming 83 insurer are subject to examination as determined by the insurance regulator. 84

c. The trust remains in effect for as long as the assuming
insurer has outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance
agreements subject to the trust. No later than February 28 of

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88 each year, the trustee of the trust shall report to the 89 insurance regulator in writing the balance of the trust and list 90 the trust's investments at the preceding year end, and shall 91 certify that the trust will not expire prior to the following 92 December 31.

3. The following requirements apply to the followingcategories of assuming insurer:

95 a. The trust fund for a single assuming insurer consists of 96 funds in trust in an amount not less than the assuming insurer's 97 liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States 98 ceding insurers, and, in addition, the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed surplus of not less than \$20 million. Not 99 100 less than 50 percent of the funds in the trust covering the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded 101 by United States ceding insurers and trusteed surplus shall 102 103 consist of assets of a quality substantially similar to that 104 required in part II of chapter 625. Clean, irrevocable, unconditional, and evergreen letters of credit, issued or 105 106 confirmed by a qualified United States financial institution, as 107 defined in paragraph (6)(a)  $\frac{(5)(a)}{(a)}$ , effective no later than 108 December 31 of the year for which the filing is made and in the 109 possession of the trust on or before the filing date of its 110 annual statement, may be used to fund the remainder of the trust 111 and trusteed surplus.

112 b.(I) In the case of a group including incorporated and 113 individual unincorporated underwriters:

(A) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with
an inception, amendment, or renewal date on or after August 1,
1995, the trust consists of a trusteed account in an amount not

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117 less than the group's several liabilities attributable to 118 business ceded by United States domiciled ceding insurers to any 119 member of the group;

(B) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an inception date on or before July 31, 1995, and not amended or renewed after that date, notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the trust consists of a trusteed account in an amount not less than the group's several insurance and reinsurance liabilities attributable to business written in the United States; and

(C) In addition to these trusts, the group shall maintain in trust a trusteed surplus of which \$100 million must be held jointly for the benefit of the United States domiciled ceding insurers of any member of the group for all years of account.

(II) The incorporated members of the group must not be engaged in any business other than underwriting of a member of the group, and are subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control by the group's domiciliary regulator as the unincorporated members.

(III) Within 90 days after its financial statements are due to be filed with the group's domiciliary regulator, the group shall provide to the insurance regulator an annual certification by the group's domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter member or, if a certification is unavailable, financial statements, prepared by independent public accountants, of each underwriter member of the group.

(e) If the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer not
meeting the requirements of paragraph (a), paragraph (b),
paragraph (c), or paragraph (d), the office commissioner may

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146 allow credit, but only if the assuming insurer holds surplus in 147 excess of \$250 million and has a secure financial strength 148 rating from at least two statistical rating organizations deemed 149 acceptable by the office commissioner as having experience and 150 expertise in rating insurers doing business in Florida, including, but not limited to, Standard & Poor's, Moody's 151 152 Investors Service, Fitch Ratings, A.M. Best Company, and 153 Demotech. In determining whether credit should be allowed, the 154 office commissioner shall consider the following:

The domiciliary regulatory jurisdiction of the assuming
 insurer.

157 2. The structure and authority of the domiciliary regulator 158 with regard to solvency regulation requirements and the 159 financial surveillance of the reinsurer.

160 3. The substance of financial and operating standards for161 reinsurers in the domiciliary jurisdiction.

4. The form and substance of financial reports required to
be filed by the reinsurers in the domiciliary jurisdiction or
other public financial statements filed in accordance with
generally accepted accounting principles.

166 5. The domiciliary regulator's willingness to cooperate 167 with United States regulators in general and the office in 168 particular.

169 6. The history of performance by reinsurers in the170 domiciliary jurisdiction.

7. Any documented evidence of substantial problems with the
enforcement of valid United States judgments in the domiciliary
jurisdiction.

8. Any other matters deemed relevant by the office

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2021728er <del>oner</del> shall give appropriate

175 commissioner. The <u>office</u> commissioner shall give appropriate 176 consideration to insurer group ratings that may have been 177 issued. The <u>office</u> commissioner may, in lieu of granting full 178 credit under this subsection, reduce the amount required to be 179 held in trust under paragraph (c).

(f) If the assuming insurer is not authorized or accredited to transact insurance or reinsurance in this state pursuant to paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), the credit permitted by paragraph (c) or paragraph (d) must not be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees in the reinsurance agreements:

1.a. That in the event of the failure of the assuming 185 insurer to perform its obligations under the terms of the 186 reinsurance agreement, the assuming insurer, at the request of 187 188 the ceding insurer, shall submit to the jurisdiction of any court of competent jurisdiction in any state of the United 189 190 States, will comply with all requirements necessary to give the 191 court jurisdiction, and will abide by the final decision of the court or of any appellate court in the event of an appeal; and 192

b. To designate the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to s.
48.151, or a designated attorney as its true and lawful attorney
upon whom may be served any lawful process in any action, suit,
or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding company.

197 2. This paragraph is not intended to conflict with or 198 override the obligation of the parties to a reinsurance 199 agreement to arbitrate their disputes, if this obligation is 200 created in the agreement.

201 (4) Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to
 202 an assuming insurer meeting the requirements of this subsection.
 203 (a) The assuming insurer must be licensed in, and have its

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2021728er 204 head office in or be domiciled in, as applicable, a reciprocal 205 jurisdiction. As used in this subsection, the term "reciprocal 206 jurisdiction" means a jurisdiction that is any of the following: 207 1. A non-United States jurisdiction that is subject to an 208 in-force covered agreement with the United States, each within 209 its legal authority; or, in the case of a covered agreement 210 between the United States and the European Union, a jurisdiction 211 that is a member state of the European Union. As used in this 212 subsection, the term "covered agreement" means an agreement 213 entered into pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, 31 U.S.C. ss. 313 and 314, which is 214 215 currently in effect or in a period of provisional application 216 and which addresses the elimination, under specified conditions, 217 of collateral requirements as a condition for entering into any 218 reinsurance agreement with a ceding insurer domiciled in this 219 state or for allowing the ceding insurer to recognize credit for 220 reinsurance. 221 2. A United States jurisdiction that meets the requirements 222 for accreditation under the Financial Regulation Standards and 223 Accreditation Program of the National Association of Insurance 224 Commissioners. 225 3. A qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the office, 226 which is not otherwise described in subparagraph 1. or 227 subparagraph 2. and which meets all of the following additional 228 requirements, consistent with the terms and conditions of in-229 force covered agreements, as specified by commission rule: 230 a. The jurisdiction allows an insurer domiciled, or having 231 its head office, in the jurisdiction to take credit for 232 reinsurance ceded to an insurer domiciled in the United States

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233	in the same manner as reinsurance ceded to insurers domiciled in
234	that jurisdiction.
235	b. The jurisdiction does not require an assuming insurer
236	domiciled in the United States to establish or maintain a local
237	presence as a condition for entering into a reinsurance
238	agreement with any ceding insurer subject to regulation by the
239	jurisdiction or as a condition for allowing the ceding insurer
240	to take credit for the ceded risk.
241	c. The jurisdiction provides written confirmation that it
242	recognizes the state regulatory approach to group supervision
243	and group capital and that insurers and insurance groups
244	domiciled, or maintaining their headquarters, in a jurisdiction
245	accredited by the National Association of Insurance
246	Commissioners are subject only to worldwide prudential insurance
247	group supervision by the domiciliary state and are not subject
248	to group supervision at the level of the worldwide parent
249	undertaking of the insurance or reinsurance group by the
250	qualified jurisdiction.
251	d. The jurisdiction provides written confirmation that
252	information regarding insurers and their parent, subsidiary, or
253	affiliated entities shall be provided to the office in
254	accordance with a memorandum of understanding or similar
255	document between the office and such qualified jurisdiction.
256	
257	The office shall timely publish on its website a list of
258	reciprocal jurisdictions. The office may remove a reciprocal
259	jurisdiction determined to no longer meet the requirements of
260	this paragraph.
261	(b)1. The assuming insurer must have and maintain on an

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262	ongoing basis minimum capital and surplus, or its equivalent,
263	calculated according to the methodology of its domiciliary
264	jurisdiction, in the amount of \$250 million or in a greater
265	amount specified by commission rule.
266	2. If the assuming insurer is an association, including
267	incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it must
268	have and maintain on an ongoing basis:
269	a. Minimum capital and surplus equivalents, or net of
270	liabilities, calculated according to the methodology applicable
271	in its domiciliary jurisdiction, in the amount of \$250 million
272	or in a greater amount specified by commission rule.
273	b. A central fund containing a balance of \$250 million or a
274	greater amount specified by commission rule.
275	(c) If credit is allowed for reinsurance ceded to the
276	assuming insurer pursuant to:
277	1. Subparagraph (a)1., the assuming insurer must maintain a
278	minimum solvency or capital ratio specified in the applicable
279	covered agreement.
280	2. Subparagraph (a)2., the assuming insurer must maintain a
281	risk-based capital ratio of 300 percent of the authorized
282	control level, calculated in accordance with s. 624.4085.
283	3. Subparagraph (a)3., the assuming insurer must maintain a
284	solvency or capital ratio determined by the office to be an
285	effective measure of solvency.
286	(d) The assuming insurer must, in a form specified by the
287	commission:
288	1. Agree to provide prompt written notice and explanation
289	to the office if the assuming insurer falls below the minimum
290	requirements set forth in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c), or if

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2021728er 291 any regulatory action is taken against it for serious 292 noncompliance with applicable law of any jurisdiction. 293 2. Consent in writing to the jurisdiction of the courts of 294 this state and to the designation of the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to s. 48.151, as its true and lawful attorney 295 296 upon whom may be served any lawful process in any action, suit, 297 or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding insurer. 298 This subparagraph does not limit or alter in any way the 299 capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree to an 300 alternative dispute resolution mechanism, except to the extent 301 that such agreement is unenforceable under applicable insolvency 302 or delinquency laws. 303 3. Consent in writing to pay all final judgments, wherever 304 enforcement is sought, obtained by a ceding insurer or its legal 305 successor which have been declared enforceable in the 306 jurisdiction where the judgment was obtained. 4. Confirm in writing that it will include in each 307 308 reinsurance agreement a provision requiring the assuming insurer 309 to provide security in an amount equal to 100 percent of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded 310 311 pursuant to that agreement, if the assuming insurer resists enforcement of a final judgment that is enforceable under the 312 313 law of the jurisdiction in which it was obtained or enforcement 314 of a properly enforceable arbitration award, whether obtained by 315 the ceding insurer or by its legal successor on behalf of its 316 resolution estate.

317 <u>5. Confirm in writing that it is not presently</u> 318 participating in any solvent scheme of arrangement which 319 involves this state's ceding insurers, and agree to notify the

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320	ceding insurer and the office and to provide security in an
321	amount equal to 100 percent of the assuming insurer's
322	liabilities to the ceding insurer if the assuming insurer enters
323	into such a solvent scheme of arrangement. Such security must be
324	consistent with subsection (5) or as specified by commission
325	<u>rule.</u>
326	(e) If requested by the office, the assuming insurer or its
327	legal successor must provide, on behalf of itself and any legal
328	predecessors, the following additional documentation:
329	1. The assuming insurer's annual audited financial
330	statements, for the 2-year period before entering into the
331	reinsurance agreement and on an annual basis thereafter, in
332	accordance with the applicable law of the jurisdiction of its
333	head office or domiciliary jurisdiction, as applicable,
334	including the external audit report.
335	2. The solvency and financial condition report or actuarial
336	opinion, if filed with the assuming insurer's supervisor, for
337	the 2-year period before entering into the reinsurance
338	agreement.
339	3. Before entering into the reinsurance agreement and not
340	more than semiannually thereafter, an updated list of all
341	disputed and overdue reinsurance claims outstanding for 90 days
342	or more regarding reinsurance assumed from ceding insurers
343	domiciled in the United States.
344	4. Before entering into the reinsurance agreement and not
345	more than semiannually thereafter, information regarding the
346	assuming insurer's assumed reinsurance by ceding insurer, ceded
347	reinsurance by the assuming insurer, and reinsurance recoverable
348	on paid and unpaid losses by the assuming insurer.

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349	5. Additional information as reasonably required by the
350	office.
351	(f) The assuming insurer must maintain a practice of prompt
352	payment of claims under reinsurance agreements and must report
353	to the office reinsurance recoverables that are more than 90
354	days overdue or that are in dispute, as specified by commission
355	rule.
356	(g) The assuming insurer must annually provide to the
357	office confirmation from its reciprocal jurisdiction, on a form
358	adopted by the commission or as otherwise specified by
359	commission rule, that, as of the preceding December 31 or as of
360	the annual date otherwise statutorily reported to the reciprocal
361	jurisdiction, the assuming insurer complied with the
362	requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c).
363	(h) This subsection does not preclude an assuming insurer
364	from providing the office with information on a voluntary basis.
365	(i) If subject to a legal process of rehabilitation,
366	liquidation, or conservation, as applicable, the ceding insurer
367	or its representative may seek and, if determined appropriate by
368	the court in which the proceedings are pending, obtain an order
369	requiring that the assuming insurer post security for all
370	outstanding ceded liabilities.
371	(j) This subsection does not limit or alter in any way the
372	capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree on
373	requirements for security or other terms in the reinsurance
374	agreement, except as expressly prohibited by this section or
375	other applicable law or commission rule.
376	(k)1. Credit may be taken under this subsection only for
377	reinsurance agreements entered into, amended, or renewed on or

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378	after the date on which the assuming insurer has satisfied the
379	requirements to assume reinsurance under this subsection, and
380	only with respect to losses incurred and reserves reported on or
381	after the later of the date on which the assuming insurer has
382	met all eligibility requirements pursuant to this subsection or
383	the effective date of the new reinsurance agreement, amendment,
384	or renewal.
385	2. This paragraph does not alter or impair a ceding
386	insurer's right to take credit for reinsurance for which, and to
387	the extent that, credit is not available under this subsection,
388	if the reinsurance qualifies for credit under any other
389	applicable provision of law or commission rule.
390	3. This subsection does not authorize an assuming insurer
391	to withdraw or reduce the security provided under any
392	reinsurance agreement, except as authorized by the terms of the
393	agreement.
394	4. This subsection does not limit or alter in any way the
395	capacity of parties to any reinsurance agreement to renegotiate
396	the agreement.
397	(1) The office shall timely publish on its website a list
398	of assuming insurers that meet all of the requirements of this
399	subsection.
400	(m) If the office determines that an assuming insurer no
401	longer meets one or more of the requirements of this subsection,
402	the office may revoke or suspend the eligibility of the assuming
403	insurer for recognition under this subsection.
404	1. During the suspension of an assuming insurer's
405	eligibility, a reinsurance agreement issued, amended, or renewed
406	after the effective date of the suspension does not qualify for

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407 <u>credit, except to the extent that the assuming insurer's</u> 408 <u>obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with</u> 409 <u>subsection (5).</u>

410 2. If an assuming insurer's eligibility is revoked, a 411 credit for reinsurance may not be granted after the effective 412 date of the revocation with respect to any reinsurance agreement entered into by the assuming insurer, including a reinsurance 413 414 agreement entered into before the date of revocation, except to the extent that the assuming insurer's obligations under the 415 416 contract are secured in a form acceptable to the office and 417 consistent with subsection (5).

(5) (4) An asset allowed or a reduction deduction from 418 419 liability taken for the reinsurance ceded by an insurer to an 420 assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of subsections (2), and (3), and (4) is allowed in an amount not exceeding the 421 422 liabilities carried by the ceding insurer. The reduction 423 deduction must be in the amount of funds held by or on behalf of 424 the ceding insurer, including funds held in trust for the ceding 425 insurer, under a reinsurance contract with the assuming insurer 426 as security for the payment of obligations thereunder, if the security is held in the United States subject to withdrawal 427 solely by, and under the exclusive control of, the ceding 428 insurer, or, in the case of a trust, held in a qualified United 429 430 States financial institution, as defined in paragraph (6)(b) 431 (5) (b). This security may be in the form of:

432

(a) Cash in United States dollars;

(b) Securities listed by the Securities Valuation Office of
the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and
qualifying as admitted assets pursuant to part II of chapter

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436 625; (c) Clean, irrevocable, unconditional letters of credit, 437 438 issued or confirmed by a qualified United States financial 439 institution, as defined in paragraph (6)(a)  $\frac{(5)(a)}{(a)}$ , effective no 440 later than December 31 of the year for which the filing is made, and in the possession of, or in trust for, the ceding company on 441 442 or before the filing date of its annual statement; or 443 (d) Any other form of security acceptable to the office. 444 (6) (a) (5) (a) For purposes of paragraph (5) (c) (4) (c) regarding letters of credit, a "qualified United States 445 financial institution" means an institution that: 446 1. Is organized or, in the case of a United States office 447 of a foreign banking organization, is licensed under the laws of 448 449 the United States or any state thereof; 450 2. Is regulated, supervised, and examined by United States 451 or state authorities having regulatory authority over banks and 452 trust companies; and 453 3. Has been determined by either the office or the 454 Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of 455 Insurance Commissioners to meet such standards of financial 456 condition and standing as are considered necessary and 457 appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions 458 whose letters of credit will be acceptable to the office. 459 (12) <del>(11)</del> 460 (b) The summary statement must be signed and attested to by either the chief executive officer or the chief financial 461 462 officer of the reporting insurer. In addition to the summary statement, the office may require the filing of any supporting 463 464 information relating to the ceding of such risks as it deems

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465 necessary. If the summary statement prepared by the ceding 466 insurer discloses that the net effect of a reinsurance treaty or 467 treaties (or series of treaties with one or more affiliated 468 reinsurers entered into for the purpose of avoiding the following threshold amount) at any time results in an increase 469 470 of more than 25 percent to the insurer's surplus as to 471 policyholders, then the insurer shall certify in writing to the 472 office that the relevant reinsurance treaty or treaties comply 473 with the accounting requirements contained in any rule adopted 474 by the commission under subsection (15) (14). If such certificate is filed after the summary statement of such 475 476 reinsurance treaty or treaties, the insurer shall refile the 477 summary statement with the certificate. In any event, the 478 certificate must state that a copy of the certificate was sent 479 to the reinsurer under the reinsurance treaty. 480 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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