Amendment No.

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Senate House

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Representative Joseph offered the following:

Remove lines 752-1208 and insert:

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Amendment to Amendment (460984) (with title amendment)

elector's legal guardian or caretaker. If an in-person or a

identification card number, or the last four digits of the

the supervisor's records. \div If the ballot is requested to be

elector's social security number, whichever may be verified in

mailed to an address other than the elector's address on file in

the Florida Voter Registration System, the request must be made

in writing. A written request must be and signed by the elector

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6 telephonic request is made, the elector must provide the
7 elector's Florida driver license number, the elector's Florida

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and include the elector's Florida driver license number, the elector's Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the elector's social security number. However, an absent uniformed service voter or an overseas voter seeking a vote-by-mail ballot is not required to submit a signed, written request for a vote-by-mail ballot that is being mailed to an address other than the elector's address on file in the Florida Voter Registration System. For purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" has the same meaning as specified in paragraph (4)(c). The person making the request must disclose:

- 1. The name of the elector for whom the ballot is requested.
 - 2. The elector's address.
 - 3. The elector's date of birth.
- 4. The elector's Florida driver license number, the elector's Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the elector's social security number, whichever may be verified in the supervisor's records.
 - 5. The requester's name.
 - 6.5. The requester's address.
- 7.6. The requester's driver license number, the requester's identification card number, or the last four digits of the requester's social security number, if available.
 - 8.7. The requester's relationship to the elector.
 - 9.8. The requester's signature (written requests only).

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For each request for a vote-by-mail ballot received,
the supervisor shall record: the date the request was made; the
identity of the voter's designee making the request, if any; the
Florida driver license number, Florida identification card
number, or last four digits of the social security number of the
elector provided with a written request; the date the vote-by-
mail ballot was delivered to the voter or the voter's designee
or the date the vote-by-mail ballot was delivered to the post
office or other carrier; the address to which the ballot was
mailed or the identity of the voter's designee to whom the
ballot was delivered; the date the ballot was received by the
supervisor; the absence of the voter's signature on the voter's
certificate, if applicable; whether the voter's certificate
contains a signature that does not match the elector's signature
in the registration books or precinct register; and such other
information he or she may deem necessary. This information shall
be provided in electronic format as provided by division rule
adopted by the division. The information shall be updated and
made available no later than 8 a.m. of each day, including
weekends, beginning 60 days before the primary until 15 days
after the general election and shall be contemporaneously
provided to the division. This information shall be confidential
and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and shall be made available to or
reproduced only for the voter requesting the ballot, a
canvassing board, an election official, a political party or
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official thereof, a candidate who has filed qualification papers and is opposed in an upcoming election, and registered political committees for political purposes only.

(4)

- (c) The supervisor shall provide a vote-by-mail ballot to each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made by one of the following means:
- 1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to the elector's current mailing address on file with the supervisor or any other address the elector specifies in the request.
- 2. By forwardable mail, e-mail, or facsimile machine transmission to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters. The absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter may designate in the vote-by-mail ballot request the preferred method of transmission. If the voter does not designate the method of transmission, the vote-by-mail ballot shall be mailed.
- 3. By personal delivery before 7 p.m. on election day to the elector, upon presentation of the identification required in s. 101.043.
- 4. By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 9 days <u>before</u> prior to the day of an election. Any elector may designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more than two vote-by-mail ballots per election, other than the designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be

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picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the designee's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, or sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse, or the designee's legal quardian or caretaker. The designee shall provide to the supervisor the written authorization by the elector and a picture identification of the designee and must complete an affidavit. The designee shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe the form of the affidavit. If the supervisor is satisfied that the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the signature of the elector on the written authorization matches the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector.

5. Except as provided in s. 101.655, the supervisor may not deliver a vote-by-mail ballot to an elector or an elector's immediate family member on the day of the election unless there is an emergency, to the extent that the elector will be unable to go to his or her assigned polling place. If a vote-by-mail ballot is delivered, the elector or his or her designee shall execute an affidavit affirming to the facts which allow for

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delivery of the vote-by-mail ballot. The department shall adopt a rule providing for the form of the affidavit.

disability under s. 101.662, for overseas voters under s. 101.697, or for local referenda under ss. 101.6102 and 101.6103, a county, municipality, or state agency may not send a vote-by-mail ballot to a voter unless the voter has requested a vote-by-mail ballot in the manner authorized under this section.

Section 25. Notwithstanding the amendments made to s.

101.62(1)(a), Florida Statutes, by this act, an existing voteby-mail ballot request submitted before the effective date of
this act is deemed sufficient for elections held through the end
of the 2022 calendar year.

Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 101.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.64 Delivery of vote-by-mail ballots; envelopes; form.—

(1) (a) The supervisor shall enclose with each vote-by-mail ballot two envelopes: a secrecy envelope, into which the absent elector shall enclose his or her marked ballot; and a mailing envelope, into which the absent elector shall then place the secrecy envelope, which shall be addressed to the supervisor and also bear on the back side a certificate in substantially the following form:

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137	Note: Please Read Instructions Carefully Before
138	Marking Ballot and Completing Voter's Certificate.
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140	VOTER'S CERTIFICATE
141	I,, do solemnly swear or affirm that I am a qualified
142	and registered voter of County, Florida, and that I have
143	not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election. I
144	understand that if I commit or attempt to commit any fraud in
145	connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more
146	than once in an election, I can be convicted of a felony of the
147	third degree and fined up to $$5,000$ and/or imprisoned for up to
148	5 years. I also understand that failure to sign this certificate
149	will invalidate my ballot.
150	(Date)(Voter's Signature)
151	(E-Mail Address)(Home Telephone Number)
152	(Mobile Telephone Number)
153	(b) Each return mailing envelope must bear the absent
154	elector's name and any encoded mark used by the supervisor's
155	office.
156	(c) A mailing envelope or secrecy envelope may not bear
157	any indication of the political affiliation of an absent
158	elector.
159	Section 27. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 101.68,
160	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
161	101.68 Canvassing of vote-by-mail ballot
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- The supervisor of the county where the absent elector resides shall receive the voted ballot, at which time the supervisor shall compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector in the registration books or the precinct register to determine whether the elector is duly registered in the county and must $\frac{may}{may}$ record on the elector's registration record certificate that the elector has voted. During the signature comparison process, the supervisor may not use any knowledge of the political affiliation of the voter whose signature is subject to verification. An elector who dies after casting a vote-by-mail ballot but on or before election day shall remain listed in the registration books until the results have been certified for the election in which the ballot was cast. The supervisor shall safely keep the ballot unopened in his or her office until the county canvassing board canvasses the vote. Except as provided in subsection (4), after a vote-by-mail ballot is received by the supervisor, the ballot is deemed to have been cast, and changes or additions may not be made to the voter's certificate.
- (2) (a) The county canvassing board may begin the canvassing of vote-by-mail ballots upon the completion of the public testing of automatic tabulating equipment pursuant to s. 101.5612(2) at 7 a.m. on the 22nd day before the election, but must begin such canvassing by no not later than noon on the day following the election. In addition, for any county using

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electronic tabulating equipment, the processing of vote-by-mail ballots through such tabulating equipment may begin at 7 a.m. on the 22nd day before the election. However, notwithstanding any such authorization to begin canvassing or otherwise processing vote-by-mail ballots early, no result shall be released until after the closing of the polls in that county on election day. Any supervisor, deputy supervisor, canvassing board member, election board member, or election employee who releases the results of a canvassing or processing of vote-by-mail ballots prior to the closing of the polls in that county on election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (b) To ensure that all vote-by-mail ballots to be counted by the canvassing board are accounted for, the canvassing board shall compare the number of ballots in its possession with the number of requests for ballots received to be counted according to the supervisor's file or list.
- (c)1. The canvassing board must, if the supervisor has not already done so, compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate or on the vote-by-mail ballot cure affidavit as provided in subsection (4) with the signature of the elector in the registration books or the precinct register to see that the elector is duly registered in the county and to determine the legality of that vote-by-mail ballot. A vote-by-mail ballot may only be counted if:

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- a. The signature on the voter's certificate or the cure affidavit matches the elector's signature in the registration books or precinct register; however, in the case of a cure affidavit, the supporting identification listed in subsection (4) must also confirm the identity of the elector; or
- b. The cure affidavit contains a signature that does not match the elector's signature in the registration books or precinct register, but the elector has submitted a current and valid Tier 1 identification pursuant to subsection (4) which confirms the identity of the elector.

For purposes of this subparagraph, any canvassing board finding that an elector's signatures do not match must be by majority vote and beyond a reasonable doubt.

- 2. The ballot of an elector who casts a vote-by-mail ballot shall be counted even if the elector dies on or before election day, as long as, before the death of the voter, the ballot was postmarked by the United States Postal Service, datestamped with a verifiable tracking number by a common carrier, or already in the possession of the supervisor.
- 3. A vote-by-mail ballot is not considered illegal if the signature of the elector does not cross the seal of the mailing envelope.
- 4. If any elector or candidate present believes that a vote-by-mail ballot is illegal due to a defect apparent on the

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voter's certificate or the cure affidavit, he or she may, at any time before the ballot is removed from the envelope, file with the canvassing board a protest against the canvass of that ballot, specifying the precinct, the voter's certificate or the cure affidavit the ballot, and the reason he or she believes the ballot to be illegal. A challenge based upon a defect in the voter's certificate or cure affidavit may not be accepted after the ballot has been removed from the mailing envelope.

- 5. If the canvassing board determines that a ballot is illegal, a member of the board must, without opening the envelope, mark across the face of the envelope: "rejected as illegal." The cure affidavit, if applicable, the envelope, and the ballot therein shall be preserved in the manner that official ballots are preserved.
- (d) The canvassing board shall record the ballot upon the proper record, unless the ballot has been previously recorded by the supervisor. The mailing envelopes shall be opened and the secrecy envelopes shall be mixed so as to make it impossible to determine which secrecy envelope came out of which signed mailing envelope; however, in any county in which an electronic or electromechanical voting system is used, the ballots may be sorted by ballot styles and the mailing envelopes may be opened and the secrecy envelopes mixed separately for each ballot style. The votes on vote-by-mail ballots shall be included in the total vote of the county.

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Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

101.69 Voting in person; return of vote-by-mail ballot.—

(2) (a) The supervisor shall allow an elector who has received a vote-by-mail ballot to physically return a voted vote-by-mail ballot to the supervisor by placing the return mail envelope containing his or her marked ballot in a secure drop box. Secure drop boxes shall be placed at the main office of the supervisor, at each permanent branch office of the supervisor, and at each early voting site. Secure drop boxes may also be placed at any other site that would otherwise qualify as an early voting site under s. 101.657(1). Drop boxes must be geographically located so as to provide all voters in the county with an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is

Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 101.69, Florida

an office of the supervisor must be continuously monitored in person by an employee of the supervisor's office when the drop

practicable. Except for secure drop boxes at an office of the

however, that any such site must be staffed during the county's

early voting hours of operation and must be monitored in person

by an employee of the supervisor's office. A secure drop box at

supervisor, a secure drop box may only be used; provided,

box is accessible for deposit of ballots or a sworn law

285 enforcement officer.

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(b) A supervisor shall designate each drop box site at
least 30 days before an election. The supervisor shall provide
the address of each drop box location to the division at least
30 days before an election. After a drop box location has been
designated, it may not be moved or changed except as approved by
the division to correct a violation of this subsection.

- (c)1. On each day of early voting, all drop boxes must be emptied at the end of early voting hours and all ballots retrieved from the drop boxes must be returned to the supervisor's office.
- 2. For drop boxes located at an office of the supervisor, all ballots must be retrieved before the drop box is no longer monitored by an employee of the supervisor.
- 3. Employees of the supervisor must comply with procedures for the chain of custody of ballots as required by s. 101.015(4).
- (3) If any drop box is left accessible for ballot receipt other than as authorized by this section, the supervisor is subject to a civil penalty of \$25,000. The division is authorized to enforce this provision.
- Section 29. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (4) of section 102.031, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 102.031 Maintenance of good order at polls; authorities; persons allowed in polling rooms and early voting areas; unlawful solicitation of voters.—

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- (4) (a) No person, political committee, or other group or organization may solicit voters inside the polling place or within 150 feet of a drop box or the entrance to any polling place, a polling room where the polling place is also a polling room, an early voting site, or an office of the supervisor where vote-by-mail ballots are requested and printed on demand for the convenience of electors who appear in person to request them. Before the opening of a drop box location, a the polling place, or an early voting site, the clerk or supervisor shall designate the no-solicitation zone and mark the boundaries.
- (b) For the purpose of this subsection, the terms
 "solicit" or "solicitation" shall include, but not be limited
 to, seeking or attempting to seek any vote, fact, opinion, or
 contribution; distributing or attempting to distribute any
 political or campaign material, leaflet, or handout; conducting
 a poll except as specified in this paragraph; seeking or
 attempting to seek a signature on any petition; and selling or
 attempting to sell any item; and engaging in any activity with
 the intent to influence or effect of influencing a voter. The
 terms "solicit" or "solicitation" may not be construed to
 prohibit an employee of, or a volunteer with, the supervisor
 from providing nonpartisan assistance to voters within the nosolicitation zone such as, but not limited to, giving items to
 voters, or to prohibit exit polling.

 (e) The owner, operator, or lessee of the property on which a polling place or an early voting site is located, or an agent or employee thereof, may not prohibit the solicitation of voters by a candidate or a candidate's designee outside of the no-solicitation zone during polling hours.

Section 30. Section 102.072, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

102.072 Vote-by-mail count reporting.—Beginning at 7:00 p.m. election day, the supervisor must, at least once every hour while actively counting, post on his or her website the number of vote-by-mail ballots that have been received and the number of vote-by-mail ballots that remain uncounted.

Section 31. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 102.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

102.141 County canvassing board; duties.-

(1) The county canvassing board shall be composed of the supervisor of elections; a county court judge, who shall act as chair; and the chair of the board of county commissioners. The names of the canvassing board members must be published on the supervisor's website upon completion of the logic and accuracy test. Alternate canvassing board members must be appointed pursuant to paragraph (e). In the event any member of the county canvassing board is unable to serve, is a candidate who has opposition in the election being canvassed, or is an active

 participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate who has opposition in the election being canvassed, such member shall be replaced as follows:

- (a) If no county court judge is able to serve or if all are disqualified, the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall appoint as a substitute member a qualified elector of the county who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed. In such event, the members of the county canvassing board shall meet and elect a chair.
- (b) If the supervisor of elections is unable to serve or is disqualified, the chair of the board of county commissioners shall appoint as a substitute member a member of the board of county commissioners who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed. The supervisor, however, shall act in an advisory capacity to the canvassing board.
- (c) If the chair of the board of county commissioners is unable to serve or is disqualified, the board of county commissioners shall appoint as a substitute member one of its members who is not a candidate with opposition in the election

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being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed.

- (d) If a substitute member or alternate member cannot be appointed as provided elsewhere in this subsection, or in the event of a vacancy in such office, the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall appoint as a substitute member or alternate member a qualified elector of the county who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed.
- (e)1. The chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall appoint a county court judge as an alternate member of the county canvassing board or, if each county court judge is unable to serve or is disqualified, shall appoint an alternate member who is qualified to serve as a substitute member under paragraph (a).
- 2. The chair of the board of county commissioners shall appoint a member of the board of county commissioners as an alternate member of the county canvassing board or, if each member of the board of county commissioners is unable to serve or is disqualified, shall appoint an alternate member who is qualified to serve as a substitute member under paragraph (d).

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- 3. If a member of the county canvassing board is unable to participate in a meeting of the board, the chair of the county canvassing board or his or her designee shall designate which alternate member will serve as a member of the board in the place of the member who is unable to participate at that meeting.
- 4. If not serving as one of the three members of the county canvassing board, an alternate member may be present, observe, and communicate with the three members constituting the county canvassing board, but may not vote in the board's decisions or determinations.
- (2) (a) The county canvassing board shall meet in a building accessible to the public in the county where the election occurred at a time and place to be designated by the supervisor to publicly canvass the absent electors' ballots as provided for in s. 101.68 and provisional ballots as provided by ss. 101.048, 101.049, and 101.6925. During each meeting of the county canvassing board, each political party and each candidate may have one watcher able to view directly or on a display screen ballots being examined for signature matching and other processes. Provisional ballots cast pursuant to s. 101.049 shall be canvassed in a manner that votes for candidates and issues on those ballots can be segregated from other votes. As soon as the absent electors' ballots and the provisional ballots are canvassed, the board shall proceed to publicly canvass the vote

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given each candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, as shown by the returns then on file in the office of the supervisor.

- alternates, time, and place at which the county canvassing board shall meet to canvass the absent electors' ballots and provisional ballots must be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication on the supervisor's website and published in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, by posting such notice in at least four conspicuous places in the county. The time given in the notice as to the convening of the meeting of the county canvassing board must be specific and may not be a time period during which the board may meet.
- Section 32. Section 104.0616, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 104.0616 Vote-by-mail ballots and voting; violations.-
- (1) For purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" means a person's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, or sibling of the person or the person's spouse.
- (2) Any person who <u>distributes</u>, orders, requests, <u>collects</u>, <u>delivers</u> provides or offers to provide, and any person

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who accepts, a pecuniary or other benefit in exchange for distributing, ordering, requesting, collecting, delivering, or otherwise physically possesses possessing more than two vote-by-mail ballots per election in addition to his or her own ballot or a ballot belonging to an immediate or extended family member related by blood or marriage at the time of submitting the vote, other person registered to vote at the same residential address, or legal guardian or caretaker, except as

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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 1372-1373 and insert: electors per election, not including specified persons; providing exceptions; providing a penalty;