First Engrossed

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to bicycle and pedestrian safety;
3	amending s. 316.003, F.S.; defining the terms "bicycle
4	lane" and "separated bicycle lane"; amending s.
5	316.083, F.S.; revising and providing requirements for
6	the driver of a motor vehicle overtaking a bicycle or
7	other nonmotorized vehicle or an electric bicycle;
8	providing exceptions; providing a penalty; requiring
9	the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
10	provide an annual awareness and safety campaign
11	regarding certain safety precautions; amending s.
12	316.0875, F.S.; exempting a motor vehicle driver from
13	certain provisions relating to no-passing zones when
14	overtaking a bicycle or other nonmotorized vehicle or
15	an electric bicycle; making a technical change;
16	amending s. 316.151, F.S.; revising requirements for
17	vehicles turning at intersections; providing turn
18	signaling and distance requirements for a motor
19	vehicle driver when overtaking and passing a bicycle;
20	making a technical change; amending s. 316.2065, F.S.;
21	providing requirements for persons riding bicycles on
22	a substandard-width lane; prohibiting persons riding
23	bicycles in a bicycle lane from riding more than two
24	abreast; providing requirements for riding in a
25	bicycle lane; providing requirements for persons
26	riding bicycles in groups when stopping at a stop
27	sign; making a technical change; amending s. 322.12,
28	F.S.; requiring a minimum number of questions in the
29	test bank for a Class E driver license to address
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30	bicycle and pedestrian safety; amending ss. 212.05,
31	316.306, and 655.960, F.S.; conforming cross-
32	references; providing an effective date.
33	
34	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
35	
36	Section 1. Present subsections (5) through (76) and (77)
37	through (105) of section 316.003, Florida Statutes, are
38	redesignated as subsections (6) through (77) and (79) through
39	(107), respectively, new subsections (5) and (78) are added to
40	that section, and present subsection (62) of that section is
41	amended, to read:
42	316.003 Definitions.—The following words and phrases, when
43	used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively
44	ascribed to them in this section, except where the context
45	otherwise requires:
46	(5) BICYCLE LANEAny portion of a roadway or highway which
47	is designated by pavement markings and signs for preferential or
48	exclusive use by bicycles.
49	(63)(62) PRIVATE ROAD OR DRIVEWAYExcept as otherwise
50	provided in paragraph <u>(86)(b)</u> <del>(84)(b)</del> , any privately owned way
51	or place used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having
52	express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other
53	persons.
54	(78) SEPARATED BICYCLE LANE A bicycle lane that is
55	separated from motor vehicle traffic by a physical barrier.
56	Section 2. Section 316.083, Florida Statutes, is amended to
57	read:
58	316.083 Overtaking and passing a vehicle, a bicycle or
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59 <u>other nonmotorized vehicle, or an electric bicycle</u>.-The 60 following rules shall govern the overtaking and passing of 61 vehicles, bicycles and other nonmotorized vehicles, and electric 62 <u>bicycles, proceeding in the same direction</u>, subject to those 63 limitations, exceptions, and special rules hereinafter stated:

(1) The driver of a vehicle overtaking another vehicle
proceeding in the same direction <u>must</u> shall give an appropriate
signal as provided for in s. 316.156, <u>must</u> shall pass to the
left thereof at a safe distance, and <u>must</u> shall not again drive
to the right side of the roadway until safely clear of the
overtaken vehicle.

70 (2) The driver of a vehicle overtaking a bicycle or other 71 nonmotorized vehicle or an electric bicycle occupying the same 72 travel lane must pass the bicycle or other nonmotorized vehicle 73 or electric bicycle at a safe distance of not less than 3 feet 74 or, if such movement cannot be safely accomplished, must remain 75 at a safe distance behind the bicycle or other nonmotorized 76 vehicle or electric bicycle until the driver can safely pass at 77 a distance of not less than 3 feet and must safely clear the 78 overtaken bicycle or other nonmotorized vehicle or electric 79 bicycle.

80 (3) The driver of a vehicle overtaking a bicycle or other 81 nonmotorized vehicle, or an electric bicycle, <u>occupying a</u> 82 <u>bicycle lane</u> must pass the bicycle, other nonmotorized vehicle, 83 or electric bicycle at a safe distance of not less than 3 feet 84 between the vehicle and the bicycle, other nonmotorized vehicle, 85 or electric bicycle.

86 (4) Subsections (2) and (3) do not apply when a bicycle or 87 other nonmotorized vehicle, or an electric bicycle, occupies a

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88	separated bicycle lane.
89	(5)(2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is
90	permitted, the driver of an overtaken vehicle $\underline{must}$ $\underline{shall}$ give
91	way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle, on audible
92	signal or upon the visible blinking of the headlamps of the
93	overtaking vehicle if such overtaking is being attempted at
94	nighttime, and ${ m must}$ ${ m shall}$ not increase the speed of his or her
95	vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle.
96	<u>(6)</u> A person who violates violation of this section
97	<u>commits</u> is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a
98	moving violation as provided in chapter 318.
99	(7) The department must provide an annual awareness and
100	safety campaign informing the public about the safety
101	precautions to be taken when overtaking a bicycle or other
102	nonmotorized vehicle or an electric bicycle.
103	Section 3. Section 316.0875, Florida Statutes, is amended
104	to read:
105	316.0875 No-passing zones.—
106	(1) The Department of Transportation and local authorities
107	may are authorized to determine those portions of any highway
108	under their respective jurisdictions jurisdiction where
109	overtaking and passing or driving to the left of the roadway
110	would be especially hazardous and may, by appropriate signs or
111	markings on the roadway, indicate the beginning and end of such
112	zones <u>., and</u> When such signs or markings are in place and clearly
113	visible to an ordinarily observant person, <u>a</u> <del>every</del> driver of a

115 (2) Where signs or markings are in place to define a no-116 passing zone as set forth in subsection (1),  $\underline{a} = \frac{n\sigma}{n\sigma}$  driver may

vehicle must shall obey the directions thereof.

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117	not, <del>shall</del> at any time, drive on the left side of the roadway
118	within with such no-passing zone or on the left side of any
119	pavement striping designed to mark such no-passing zone
120	throughout its length.
121	(3) This section does not apply <u>to a driver who safely and</u>
122	briefly drives to the left of the center of the roadway only to
123	the extent necessary to:
124	(a) Avoid when an obstruction;
125	(b) Turn exists making it necessary to drive to the left of
126	the center of the highway, nor to the driver of a vehicle
127	<del>turning</del> left into or from an alley, <u>a</u> private road <u>,</u> or <u>a</u>
128	driveway <u>; or</u>
129	(c) Overtake and pass a bicycle or other nonmotorized
130	vehicle or an electric bicycle pursuant to s. 316.083(2) or (3).
131	(4) A <u>person who violates</u> <del>violation of</del> this section <u>commits</u>
132	is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving
133	violation as provided in chapter 318.
134	Section 4. Section 316.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to
135	read:
136	316.151 Required position and method of turning at
137	intersections
138	(1) (a) Right turn.—The driver of a vehicle intending to
139	turn <u>right</u> at an intersection <u>onto a highway</u> , public or private
140	<u>roadway, or driveway must</u> <del>shall do so as follows</del> :
141	<u>1.(a)</u> <u>Make</u> <i>Right turn.</i> both the approach for a right turn
142	and a right turn <del>shall be made</del> as close as practicable to the
143	right-hand curb or edge of the roadway.
144	2. When overtaking and passing a bicycle proceeding in the
145	same direction, give an appropriate signal as provided for in s.

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146	316.156 and make the right turn only if the bicycle is at least
147	20 feet from the intersection, and is of such a distance that
148	the driver of a vehicle may safely turn.
149	(b) Left turn
150	<u>1.</u> The driver of a vehicle intending to turn left at <u>an</u> <del>any</del>
151	intersection onto a highway, public or private roadway, or
152	driveway must shall approach the intersection in the extreme
153	left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in the
154	direction of travel of such vehicle $_{ au}$ and must make, after
155	<del>entering the intersection,</del> the left turn <del>shall be made</del> so as to
156	leave the intersection in a lane lawfully available to traffic
157	moving in such direction upon the roadway being entered.
158	2. A person riding a bicycle and intending to turn left in
159	accordance with this section is entitled to the full use of the
160	lane from which the turn may legally be made. The person must:
161	a. Whenever practicable, make the left turn <del>shall be made</del>
162	in that portion of the intersection to the left of the center of
163	the intersection; or-
164	(c) Left turn by bicycleIn addition to the method of
165	making a left turn described in paragraph (b), a person riding a
166	bicycle and intending to turn left has the option of following
167	the course described hereafter: The rider shall
168	<u>b.</u> Approach the turn as close as practicable to the right
169	curb or edge of the roadway; after proceeding across the
170	intersecting roadway, <u>make</u> the turn <del>shall be made</del> as close as
171	practicable to the curb or edge of the roadway on the far side
172	of the intersection; and, before proceeding, the bicyclist shall
173	comply with any official traffic control device or police
174	officer regulating traffic on the highway along which the person

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bicyclist intends to proceed.

176 (2) The state, county, and local authorities in their 177 respective jurisdictions may cause official traffic control 178 devices to be placed within or adjacent to intersections and 179 thereby require and direct that a different course from that 180 specified in this section be traveled by vehicles turning at an 181 intersection. When such devices are so placed, a no driver of a 182 vehicle may not turn a vehicle at an intersection other than as directed and required by such devices. 183

(3) A person who violates violation of this section commits
 is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving
 violation as provided in chapter 318.

187Section 5. Subsections (5), (6), and (19) of section188316.2065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

189

316.2065 Bicycle regulations.-

(5) (a) <u>A</u> Any person operating a bicycle upon a roadway at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then existing <u>must</u> shall ride in the <u>bicycle</u> lane <u>marked for bicycle use</u> or, if <u>there is</u> no <u>bicycle</u> lane <u>on the roadway</u> is <u>marked for bicycle use</u>, as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway except under any of the following situations:

197 1. When overtaking and passing another bicycle or vehicle198 proceeding in the same direction.

199 2. When preparing for a left turn at an intersection or200 into a private road or driveway.

3. When reasonably necessary to avoid any condition or potential conflict, including, but not limited to, a fixed or moving object, parked or moving vehicle, bicycle, pedestrian,

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animal, surface hazard, turn lane, or substandard-width lane, which makes it unsafe to continue along the right-hand curb or edge or within a bicycle lane. For the purposes of this subsection, a "substandard-width lane" is a lane that is too narrow for a bicycle and another vehicle to travel safely side by side within the lane.

(b) <u>A</u> Any person operating a bicycle upon a one-way highway
with two or more marked traffic lanes may ride as near the lefthand curb or edge of such roadway as practicable.

213 (6) (a) Persons riding bicycles upon a roadway or in a 214 bicycle lane may not ride more than two abreast except on a 215 bicycle path paths or parts of roadways set aside for the 216 exclusive use of bicycles. Persons riding two abreast may not 217 impede traffic when traveling at less than the normal speed of 218 traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then existing and must shall ride within a single lane. Where bicycle 219 220 lanes exist, persons riding bicycles may ride two abreast if 221 both are able to remain within the bicycle lane. If the bicycle 222 lane is too narrow to allow two persons riding bicycles to ride 223 two abreast, the persons must ride single-file and within the 224 bicycle lane. On roads that contain a substandard-width lane as 225 defined in subparagraph (5)(a)3., persons riding bicycles may 226 temporarily ride two abreast only to avoid hazards in the 227 roadway or to overtake another person riding a bicycle.

(b) When stopping at a stop sign, persons riding bicycles
 in groups, after coming to a full stop and obeying all traffic
 laws, may proceed through the stop sign in a group of 10 or
 fewer at a time. Motor vehicle operators must allow one such
 group to travel through the intersection before moving forward.

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233 (19) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person 234 who violates violation of this section commits is a noncriminal 235 traffic infraction, punishable as a pedestrian violation as 236 provided in chapter 318. A law enforcement officer may issue 237 traffic citations for a violation of subsection (3) or 238 subsection (15) only if the violation occurs on a bicycle path 239 or road, as defined in s. 334.03. However, a law enforcement 240 officer may not issue citations to persons on private property, except any part thereof which is open to the use of the public 241 242 for purposes of vehicular traffic.

243 Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 322.12, Florida 244 Statutes, is amended to read:

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322.12 Examination of applicants.-

(3) For an applicant for a Class E driver license, such
examination shall include <u>all of the following:</u>

(a) A test of the applicant's eyesight given by the driver
license examiner designated by the department or by a licensed
ophthalmologist, optometrist, or physician.

(b) and A test of the applicant's hearing given by a driver
 license examiner or a licensed physician.

253 (c) The examination shall also include A test of the 254 applicant's ability to read and understand highway signs 255 regulating, warning, and directing traffic; his or her knowledge 256 of the traffic laws of this state, including laws regulating 257 driving under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances, 258 driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, and driving while 259 intoxicated; and his or her knowledge of the effects of alcohol 260 and controlled substances upon persons and the dangers of 261 driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or

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262 controlled substances. At least 25 questions within the bank of263 test questions must address bicycle and pedestrian safety.

264 <u>(d)</u> and shall include An actual demonstration of ability to 265 exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the operation of a 266 motor vehicle.

267 Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 268 212.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

269 212.05 Sales, storage, use tax.-It is hereby declared to be 270 the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable 271 privilege who engages in the business of selling tangible 272 personal property at retail in this state, including the 273 business of making mail order sales, or who rents or furnishes 274 any of the things or services taxable under this chapter, or who 275 stores for use or consumption in this state any item or article 276 of tangible personal property as defined herein and who leases 277 or rents such property within the state.

(1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied on
each taxable transaction or incident, which tax is due and
payable as follows:

(c) At the rate of 6 percent of the gross proceeds derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, as defined herein; however, the following special provisions apply to the lease or rental of motor vehicles:

285 1. When a motor vehicle is leased or rented for a period of 286 less than 12 months:

a. If the motor vehicle is rented in Florida, the entire
amount of such rental is taxable, even if the vehicle is dropped
off in another state.

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b. If the motor vehicle is rented in another state and

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291 dropped off in Florida, the rental is exempt from Florida tax. 292 2. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., for the lease or rental of a motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12 293 294 months, sales tax is due on the lease or rental payments if the 295 vehicle is registered in this state; provided, however, that no 296 tax shall be due if the taxpayer documents use of the motor 297 vehicle outside this state and tax is being paid on the lease or 298 rental payments in another state.

3. The tax imposed by this chapter does not apply to the 299 300 lease or rental of a commercial motor vehicle as defined in s. 301 316.003(14)(a) s. 316.003(13)(a) to one lessee or rentee for a 302 period of not less than 12 months when tax was paid on the 303 purchase price of such vehicle by the lessor. To the extent tax 304 was paid with respect to the purchase of such vehicle in another 305 state, territory of the United States, or the District of 306 Columbia, the Florida tax payable shall be reduced in accordance 307 with the provisions of s. 212.06(7). This subparagraph shall 308 only be available when the lease or rental of such property is 309 an established business or part of an established business or 310 the same is incidental or germane to such business.

311 Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 312 316.306, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

313 316.306 School and work zones; prohibition on the use of a 314 wireless communications device in a handheld manner.-

(3) (a)1. A person may not operate a motor vehicle while using a wireless communications device in a handheld manner in a designated school crossing, school zone, or work zone area as defined in <u>s. 316.003(107)</u> <del>s. 316.003(105)</del>. This subparagraph shall only be applicable to work zone areas if construction

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320 personnel are present or are operating equipment on the road or 321 immediately adjacent to the work zone area. For the purposes of 322 this paragraph, a motor vehicle that is stationary is not being 323 operated and is not subject to the prohibition in this 324 paragraph.

325 2.a. During the period from October 1, 2019, through 326 December 31, 2019, a law enforcement officer may stop motor 327 vehicles to issue verbal or written warnings to persons who are 328 in violation of subparagraph 1. for the purposes of informing 329 and educating such persons of this section. This sub-330 subparagraph shall stand repealed on October 1, 2020.

b. Effective January 1, 2020, a law enforcement officer may stop motor vehicles and issue citations to persons who are driving while using a wireless communications device in a handheld manner in violation of subparagraph 1.

335 Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 655.960, Florida 336 Statutes, is amended to read:

337 655.960 Definitions; ss. 655.960-655.965.—As used in this 338 section and ss. 655.961-655.965, unless the context otherwise 339 requires:

(1) "Access area" means any paved walkway or sidewalk which
is within 50 feet of any automated teller machine. The term does
not include any street or highway open to the use of the public,
as defined in <u>s. 316.003(86)(a) or (b)</u> <del>s. 316.003(84)(a) or (b)</del>,
including any adjacent sidewalk, as defined in s. 316.003.
Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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