By Senator Burgess

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to mortgage payoff letters; amending s. 701.04, F.S.; revising the timeframe in which mortgagees must send an estoppel letter after receiving a written request; revising requirements for written requests for estoppel letters; revising requirements for estoppel letters; prohibiting mortgagees or servicers of mortgages from taking certain actions relating to reliance on information in estoppel letters; authorizing mortgagees or servicers of mortgages to send corrected estoppel letters that supersede earlier estoppel letters under certain circumstances; prohibiting mortgagees or servicers of mortgages from denying the accuracy of information in estoppel letters if a person reasonably and detrimentally relied upon such information; providing prohibitions and requirements for mortgagees and servicers of mortgages relating to funds received in response to an estoppel letter; requiring mortgagees and servicers of mortgages to execute and record a specified instrument after certain payments are received; specifying that recording a satisfaction of the mortgage does not relieve mortgagors or successors or assigns of mortgagors from personal liability on the loan or obligations secured by the mortgage; entitling prevailing parties to attorney fees and costs; amending s. 701.041, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "estoppel letter"; making a

technical change; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 701.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

701.04 Cancellation of mortgages, liens, and judgments.-

- (1) (a) Within 10 14 days after receipt of the written request of a mortgagor, a record title owner of the property, a fiduciary or trustee lawfully acting on behalf of a record title owner, or any other person lawfully authorized to act on behalf of a mortgagor or record title owner of the property, the mortgagee shall send holder of a mortgage shall deliver or cause the servicer of the mortgage to send deliver to the person making the request at a place designated in the written request an estoppel letter setting forth the unpaid balance of the loan properly due under or secured by the mortgage. If the request is made by a person other than a mortgagor, the request must include a copy of the instrument showing title in the property or lawful authorization
- (a) If the mortgagor, or any person lawfully authorized to act on behalf of the mortgagor, makes the request, the estoppel letter must include an itemization of the principal, interest, and any other charges properly due under or secured by the mortgage and interest on a per-day basis for the unpaid balance.
- (b) If a record title owner of the property, or any person lawfully authorized to act on behalf of a mortgagor or record title owner of the property, makes the request:
- 1. The request must include a copy of the instrument showing title in the property or lawful authorization.

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(b) 2. The estoppel letter may include the itemization of information required under paragraph (a), but must, at a minimum, include:

- 1. The total unpaid balance of the loan properly due under or secured by the mortgage, including an itemization of the principal, interest, and other charges comprising the unpaid balance; and
 - 2. Interest on a per-day basis for the unpaid balance.
- (c) The mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage may not qualify, reserve the right to change, or condition or disclaim the reliance of others on the required information provided in the estoppel letter pursuant to paragraph (b) on a per-day basis.
- (d) 3. The mortgagee or servicer of the mortgagee acting in accordance with a request in substantial compliance with this subsection paragraph is expressly discharged from any obligation or liability to any person on account of the release of the requested information, other than the obligation to comply with the terms of the estoppel letter.
- (e) If the mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage determines that any of the required information provided in the estoppel letter pursuant to paragraph (b) was inaccurate, the mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage may send a corrected estoppel letter. If the mortgagor or record title owner of the property, or any person lawfully authorized to act on behalf of the mortgagor or record title owner, receives and has a reasonable opportunity to act upon a corrected estoppel letter before making payment, the corrected estoppel letter supersedes any earlier estoppel letter.

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(f) If any of the required information provided in the estoppel letter pursuant to paragraph (b) was inaccurate, the mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage may not deny the accuracy of that information if a person reasonably and detrimentally relied upon such information.

- (g) A mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage may not refuse to accept or return any funds received in response to an estoppel letter and must promptly apply such funds to the unpaid balance of the loan properly due under or secured by the mortgage.
- (h)1. A written request for an estoppel letter under paragraph (a) must be sent to the mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage, using address information made available by the mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage for such purpose, by first-class mail, common carrier delivery service, facsimile transmission, or e-mail. The request shall be deemed received by the mortgagee or servicer the day that it is sent by facsimile transmission or e-mail, the fifth day after it is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service for prepaid first-class delivery, or the day of delivery by a common carrier delivery service.
- 2. The mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage shall send the estoppel letter by first-class mail, common carrier delivery service, facsimile transmission, or e-mail, as directed in the written request, provided, however, that the mortgagee or servicer is not required to pay for common carrier delivery service. If the 10th day after receipt of a written request is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday under the laws of this state or the United States, the estoppel letter shall be considered timely if sent on the next business day.

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<u>(i) (e)</u> A mortgage holder may provide the financial information required under this subsection to a person authorized under this subsection to request the financial information notwithstanding s. 655.059.

- either been fully paid or paid pursuant to an estoppel letter, the mortgage or servicer of the mortgage must, within 60 days, execute in writing an instrument acknowledging satisfaction of the mortgage and have the instrument acknowledged, or proven, and duly entered in the official records of the proper county and send or cause to be sent the recorded satisfaction to the mortgagor or record title owner of the property. Recording a satisfaction of the mortgage by the mortgagee or servicer of the mortgage does not relieve the mortgagor, or the mortgagor's successors or assigns, from any personal liability on the loan or other obligations secured by the mortgage.
- (3) Whenever the amount of money due on any mortgage, lien, or judgment has been fully paid to the person or party entitled to the payment thereof, the mortgagee, creditor, or assignee, or the attorney of record in the case of a judgment, to whom the payment was made, shall execute in writing an instrument acknowledging satisfaction of the mortgage, lien, or judgment and have the instrument acknowledged, or proven, and duly entered in the official records of the proper county. Within 60 days after the date of receipt of the full payment of the mortgage, lien, or judgment shall send or cause to be sent the recorded satisfaction to the person who has made the full payment. In the case of a civil action arising out

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of this section, the prevailing party is entitled to attorney fees and costs.

- (4)(3) Whenever a writ of execution has been issued, docketed, and indexed with a sheriff and the judgment upon which it was issued has been fully paid, it is the responsibility of the party receiving payment to request, in writing, addressed to the sheriff, return of the writ of execution as fully satisfied.
- (5) In the case of a civil action arising out of this section, the prevailing party is entitled to attorney fees and costs.
- Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 701.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 701.041 Title insurer; mortgage release certificate.—
 - (1) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
 - (a) "Estoppel letter" means a statement of the amount of:
- 1. The unpaid balance of a loan <u>properly due under or</u> secured by a mortgage, including principal, interest, and any other charges <u>comprising the unpaid balance</u> properly due under or secured by the mortgage.
 - 2. Interest on a per-day basis for the unpaid balance.
- (2) CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE.—An officer or duly appointed agent of a title insurer may, on behalf of a mortgagor or a person who acquired from the mortgagor title to all or a part of the property described in a mortgage, execute a certificate of release that complies with the requirements of this section and record the certificate of release in the real property records of each county in which the mortgage is recorded if a satisfaction or release of the mortgage has not been executed and recorded after the date payment in full of the loan secured

20-00661A-22 20221016 by the mortgage was made in accordance with an estoppel letter $\frac{1}{2}$ 175 payoff statement furnished by the mortgagee or the mortgage 176 177 servicer. Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2022. 178