1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to mortgage payoff letters; amending
3	s. 701.04, F.S.; revising the timeframe within which a
4	mortgagee or mortgage servicer must send or cause to
5	be sent an estoppel letter containing specified
6	information; revising the circumstances under which a
7	copy of the instrument showing title in the property
8	or other lawful authorization must be included in a
9	request for an estoppel letter; requiring notice to
10	the mortgagor of a request for an estoppel letter
11	under certain circumstances; revising requirements for
12	an estoppel letter; prohibiting certain actions by the
13	mortgagee or mortgage servicer; authorizing the
14	mortgagee or mortgage servicer to send a corrected
15	estoppel letter under certain circumstances; requiring
16	a mortgagee or mortgage servicer to provide a copy of
17	a corrected estoppel letter to a mortgagor under
18	certain circumstances; providing that a corrected
19	estoppel letter supersedes any previous estoppel
20	letter under certain circumstances; prohibiting the
21	mortgagee or mortgage servicer from denying the
22	accuracy of certain information provided in an
23	estoppel letter under certain circumstances; providing
24	construction; prohibiting payments received pursuant
25	to an estoppel letter from being returned and
26	requiring such payments to be promptly applied to any
27	unpaid balance of the loan properly due under or
28	secured by a mortgage; providing methods for sending a
29	written request for an estoppel letter and for sending

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30	an estoppel letter; providing that the mortgagee or
31	mortgage servicer is not required to pay for a common
32	carrier delivery service; requiring the mortgagee or
33	mortgage servicer to take certain actions within a
34	specified time after the unpaid balance of a loan
35	properly secured by a mortgage has been fully paid or
36	paid pursuant to an estoppel letter; authorizing
37	reasonable attorney fees and costs; providing that
38	certain persons may still be personally liable after
39	the recording of a release of a mortgage; conforming
40	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
41	701.041, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
42	"estoppel letter"; conforming provisions to changes
43	made by the act; providing legislative findings;
44	providing for retroactive applicability; providing an
45	effective date.
46	
47	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
48	
49	Section 1. Section 701.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to
50	read:
51	701.04 Cancellation of mortgages, liens, and judgments
52	(1) <u>(a)</u> Within <u>10</u> <del>14</del> days after receipt of the written
53	request of a mortgagor, a record title owner of the property, a
54	fiduciary or trustee lawfully acting on behalf of a record title
55	owner, or any other person lawfully authorized to act on behalf
56	of a mortgagor or record title owner of the property, the
57	<u>mortgagee</u> <del>holder of a mortgage shall deliver</del> or <u>mortgage</u> <del>cause</del>
58	<del>the</del> servicer <u>shall send or cause to be sent</u> <del>of the mortgage to</del>
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59	deliver to the person making the request at a place designated
60	in the written request an estoppel letter setting forth the
61	unpaid balance of the loan secured by the mortgage. <u>If the</u>
62	written request is made by a person other than the mortgagor,
63	the request must include a copy of the instrument showing such
64	person's title in the property or other lawful authorization,
65	and the mortgagee or mortgage servicer must notify the mortgagor
66	of the request.
67	(a) If the mortgagor, or any person lawfully authorized to
68	act on behalf of the mortgagor, makes the request, the estoppel
69	letter must include an itemization of the principal, interest,
70	and any other charges properly due under or secured by the
71	mortgage and interest on a per-day basis for the unpaid balance.
72	(b) <del>If a record title owner of the property, or any person</del>
73	lawfully authorized to act on behalf of a mortgagor or record
74	title owner of the property, makes the request:
75	1. The request must include a copy of the instrument
76	showing title in the property or lawful authorization.
77	2. The estoppel letter may include the itemization of
78	information required under paragraph (a), but must at a minimum
79	include:
80	<u>1.</u> The <del>total</del> unpaid balance <u>of the loan</u> <del>due under or</del>
81	secured by the mortgage as of the date specified in the estoppel
82	letter, including an itemization of the principal, interest, and
83	any other charges comprising the unpaid balance; and
84	2. Interest accruing on a per-day basis for the unpaid
85	balance from and after the date specified in the estoppel
86	letter, if applicable.
87	(c)1. Except for mortgages for which a notice of lis
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88	pendens in a foreclosure action or a suggestion of bankruptcy
89	has been properly filed and recorded, the mortgagee or mortgage
90	servicer may not qualify, reserve the right to change, or
91	condition or disclaim the reliance of others on the information
92	provided in an estoppel letter under paragraph (b), and any
93	attempt to do so is void and unenforceable. However, if the
94	mortgagee or mortgage servicer determines that any of the
95	information provided in the estoppel letter under paragraph (b)
96	was inaccurate, the mortgagee or mortgage servicer may send a
97	corrected estoppel letter to the person who requested the
98	estoppel letter in the same manner as used to respond to the
99	original written request. If the original written request is
100	made by a person other than the mortgagor, the mortgagee or
101	mortgage servicer must also provide a copy of any corrected
102	estoppel letter to the mortgagor.
103	2. If the person who requested the original estoppel letter
104	under subparagraph (f)1. receives a corrected estoppel letter by
105	<u>3 p.m. in such person's time zone at least 1 business day before</u>
106	a payment is issued in reliance on the previous estoppel letter,
107	the corrected estoppel letter supersedes all prior estoppel
108	letters.
109	3. If any of the information provided in the estoppel
110	letter under paragraph (b) was inaccurate, but the person who
111	requested the estoppel letter did not timely receive a corrected
112	estoppel letter as provided in subparagraph 2., the mortgagee or
113	mortgage servicer may not deny the accuracy of such information
114	as against any person who relied on it. This subparagraph does
115	not affect the right of a mortgagee to recover any sum that it
116	did not include in an estoppel letter from any person liable for
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117	payment of the loan or other obligations secured by the
118	mortgage, nor does it limit any claim or defense to recovery
119	that such person may have at law or in equity <del>on a per-day</del>
120	basis.

121 <u>(d)</u> 3. The mortgagee or <u>mortgage</u> servicer of the mortgagee 122 acting in accordance with a request in substantial compliance 123 with this <u>subsection</u> paragraph is expressly discharged from any 124 obligation or liability to any person on account of the release 125 of the requested information, other than the obligation to 126 comply with the terms of the estoppel letter.

(e) If a payment is received at the location and in the manner specified by the mortgagee or mortgage servicer, the mortgagee or mortgage servicer must accept and may not return any payment received in reliance on an estoppel letter and must promptly apply such payment to the unpaid balance of the loan properly due under or secured by the mortgage.

(f)1. A written request for an estoppel letter under 133 134 paragraph (a) must be sent to the mortgagee or mortgage servicer 135 by first-class mail, postage prepaid; by common carrier delivery 136 service; or by e-mail, facsimile, or other electronic means at 137 the address made available by the mortgagee or mortgage servicer 138 for such purpose or through an automated system provided by the 139 mortgagee or mortgage servicer for requesting an estoppel 140 letter. The written request is considered received by the mortgagee or mortgage servicer: 141 142 a. Five business days after the request sent by first-class 143 mail is deposited with the United States Postal Service;

144 <u>b. The day the request is delivered by a common carrier</u> 145 delivery service; or

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146	c. The day the request is sent by e-mail, facsimile, or
147	other electronic means or through an automated system provided
148	by the mortgagee or mortgage servicer for requesting an estoppel
149	letter.
150	
151	If any of the days in sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b.,
152	or sub-subparagraph c. falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal
153	holiday under the laws of this state or the United States, the
154	request for an estoppel letter is considered timely received by
155	the mortgagee or mortgage servicer on the next business day.
156	2. The mortgagee or mortgage servicer must send an estoppel
157	letter by first-class mail; by common carrier delivery service;
158	or by e-mail, facsimile, or other electronic means, as directed
159	in the written request, or through an automated system provided
160	by the mortgagee or mortgage servicer for this purpose. However,
161	the mortgagee or mortgage servicer is not required to pay for a
162	common carrier delivery service. If the 10-day period after a
163	written request is received by the mortgagee or mortgage
164	servicer ends on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday under the
165	laws of this state or the United States, the estoppel letter is
166	considered timely if it is sent by the close of business on the
167	next business day.
168	(g) <del>(c)</del> Notwithstanding s. 655.059, a mortgagee or mortgage
169	servicer mortgage holder may provide the financial information
170	required under this subsection to a person authorized under this
171	subsection to request the financial information <del>notwithstanding</del>
172	<del>s. 655.059</del> .
173	(2)(a) Within 60 days after the unpaid balance of a loan
174	secured by a mortgage has been fully paid or paid pursuant to an
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175 estoppel letter under subsection (1), whichever is earlier, the mortgagee or mortgage servicer shall execute in writing an 176 instrument acknowledging release of the mortgage; have the 177 178 instrument acknowledged, or proven, and send it or cause it to 179 be sent for recording in the official records of the proper 180 county; and send or cause to be sent the recorded release to the 181 mortgagor or record title owner of the property. The prevailing 182 party in a civil action brought against the mortgagee or mortgage servicer to enforce the requirements of this paragraph 183 184 is entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs.

(b) The recorded release of the mortgage does not relieve the mortgagor, or the mortgagor's successors or assigns, from any personal liability on the loan or other obligations previously secured by the mortgage.

189 (3) (2) Whenever the amount of money due on a any mortgage, 190 lien $_{\tau}$  or judgment has been fully paid to the person or party 191 entitled to the payment thereof, the mortgagee, creditor, or 192 assignee, or the attorney of record in the case of a judgment, 193 to whom the payment was made  $\tau$  shall execute in writing an 194 instrument acknowledging satisfaction of the mortgage, lien, or 195 judgment and have the instrument acknowledged, or proven, and 196 duly entered in the official records of the proper county. 197 Within 60 days after the date of receipt of the full payment of 198 the mortgage, lien, or judgment, the person required to 199 acknowledge satisfaction of the mortgage, lien, or judgment 200 shall send or cause to be sent the recorded satisfaction to the 201 person who has made the full payment. In the case of a civil 202 action regarding a lien or judgment arising out of this section, 203 the prevailing party is entitled to attorney fees and costs.

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204 (4) (3) When Whenever a writ of execution has been issued, 205 docketed, and indexed with a sheriff and the judgment upon which 206 it was issued has been fully paid, it is the responsibility of 207 the person party receiving payment to request, in writing, 208 addressed to the sheriff, return of the writ of execution as 209 fully satisfied. 210 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 701.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 211 701.041 Title insurer; mortgage release certificate.-212 213 (1) DEFINITIONS.-For purposes of this section: 214 (a) "Estoppel letter" means a statement containing, at a 215 minimum, the information required in s. 701.04(1)(b) of the 216 amount of: 217 1. The unpaid balance of a loan secured by a mortgage, 218 including principal, interest, and any other charges properly 219 due under or secured by the mortgage. 220 2. Interest on a per-day basis for the unpaid balance. 221 (2) CERTIFICATE OF RELEASE. - An officer or duly appointed 222 agent of a title insurer may, on behalf of a mortgagor or a 223 person who acquired from the mortgagor title to all or a part of 224 the property described in a mortgage, execute a certificate of 225 release that complies with the requirements of this section and 226 record the certificate of release in the real property records 227 of each county in which the mortgage is recorded if a 228 satisfaction or release of the mortgage has not been executed 229 and recorded after the date payment in full of the loan properly 230 due under or secured by the mortgage was made in accordance with 231 an estoppel letter a payoff statement furnished by the mortgagee 232 or the mortgage servicer.

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233	Section 3. The Legislature finds that the timeliness and
234	accuracy of an estoppel letter is critical because the parties
235	to a real estate transaction must rely on the estoppel letter to
236	establish the loan payoff amount necessary to release the
237	mortgage, which in turn will allow the owner to confer clean
238	title to a buyer or to refinance the property. The Legislature
239	further finds that estoppel letters increasingly contain
240	conditional language disclaiming the ability of an owner to rely
241	on the stated loan payoff amounts, extending even to the return
242	of such payments submitted by owners, creating unnecessary
243	delays in the efficient operation of this state's real estate
244	market, which is a vital economic contributor to this state, and
245	imposing needless costs and burdens on property owners and
246	buyers. In addition, the Legislature finds that real estate
247	lending, mortgages, real estate transactions, and estoppel
248	letters are extensively regulated under both Florida and federal
249	law. The Legislature finds and determines that this act makes
250	changes to state law that appropriately balance the parties'
251	interests, are reasonable and necessary to serve and achieve an
252	important state interest, are necessary for the prosperity and
253	welfare of the state and its property owners and inhabitants,
254	and must be applied to existing mortgages in order to provide
255	effective relief.

256 Section 4. This act shall take effect October 1, 2022, and 257 applies to all mortgages existing as of that date and entered 258 into on or after that date, as well as to all loans secured by 259 such mortgages.

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