1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to critical infrastructure standards 3 and procedures; creating s. 282.32, F.S.; providing a 4 short title; providing legislative findings; providing 5 definitions; requiring an agency asset owner and 6 encouraging an asset owner procuring certain 7 components, services, or solutions or entering into 8 certain contracts to require conformance with certain 9 standards beginning on a specified date; requiring such agency asset owner and encouraging such asset 10 11 owner to ensure that certain contracts require that 12 certain components meet certain minimum standards; 13 encouraging an asset owner to ensure that the 14 operation and maintenance of certain operational 15 technology conform to certain standards and practices 16 beginning on a specified date; encouraging such asset 17 owner to annually conduct a certain assessment and 18 create a certain plan; requiring a court to make a 19 certain determination in a civil action based on a security incident-related claim; providing that a 20 21 defendant is immune from civil liability in certain 22 circumstances; requiring the Florida Digital Service, 23 in consultation with the Florida Cybersecurity 24 Advisory Council, to adopt rules; providing an effective date. 25

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| 26 |   |
|----|---|
| 27 | WHEREAS, the operational technologies that automate the         |
| 28 | critical infrastructure of daily life are experiencing a rapid  |
| 29 | increase in cybersecurity incidents, and the impact of such     |
| 30 | incidents affect life, safety, the environment, and economic    |
| 31 | viability across sectors, and                                   |
| 32 | WHEREAS, the recent cybersecurity hacking and shutdown of       |
| 33 | the Colonial Pipeline by the criminal enterprise DarkSide in    |
| 34 | 2021; the infiltration of the Bowman Avenue Dam in Rye Brook,   |
| 35 | New York, by Iranian hackers in 2013; and the intrusion of      |
| 36 | numerous federal agencies by suspected Russian hackers          |
| 37 | underscore the need to provide the public and private sectors   |
| 38 | with clarity and support on how to improve the cybersecurity of |
| 39 | control systems, NOW, THEREFORE,                                |
| 40 |   |
| 41 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:       |
| 42 |   |
| 43 | Section 1. Section 282.32, Florida Statutes, is created to      |
| 44 | read:   |
| 45 | 282.32 Critical infrastructure standards and procedures         |
| 46 | (1) This section may be cited as the "Critical                  |
| 47 | Infrastructure Standards and Procedures Act."                   |
| 48 | (2) The Legislature finds that standard definitions of the      |
| 49 | security capabilities of system components are necessary to     |
| 50 | provide a common language for product suppliers and other       |
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| 51 | control system stakeholders and to simplify the procurement and  |
|----|--|
| 52 | integration processes for the computers, applications, network   |
| 53 | equipment, and control devices that make up a control system.    |
| 54 | The United States National Institute of Standards and Technology |
| 55 | Cybersecurity Framework (NIST CSF), which references several     |
| 56 | relevant cybersecurity standards, including the International    |
| 57 | Society of Automation ISA 62443 series of standards, is an       |
| 58 | appropriate resource for use in establishing such standard       |
| 59 | definitions.   |
| 60 | (3) As used in this section, the term:                           |
| 61 | (a) "Agency asset owner" means the public owner or entity        |
| 62 | accountable and responsible for operation of critical            |
| 63 | infrastructure and its automation and control system. The term   |
| 64 | includes the operator of the automation and control system and   |
| 65 | the equipment under control.                                     |
| 66 | (b) "Asset owner" means the private owner or entity              |
| 67 | accountable and responsible for operation of critical            |
| 68 | infrastructure and its automation and control system. The term   |
| 69 | includes the operator of the automation and control system and   |
| 70 | the equipment under control.                                     |
| 71 | (c) "Automation and control system" means the personnel,         |
| 72 | hardware, software, and policies involved in the operation of    |
| 73 | critical infrastructure which may affect or influence such       |
| 74 | critical infrastructure's safe, secure, and reliable operation.  |
| 75 | (d) "Automation and control system component" means              |
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| 76  | control systems and complementary hardware and software          |
|-----|--|
| 77  | components that are installed and configured to operate in an    |
| 78  | automation and control system. For purposes of this section, the |
| 79  | term "control systems" includes, but is not limited to:          |
| 80  | 1. Distributed control systems, programmable logic               |
| 81  | controllers, remote terminal units, intelligent electronic       |
| 82  | devices, supervisory control and data acquisition, networked     |
| 83  | electronic sensing and control, monitoring and diagnostic        |
| 84  | systems, and process control systems, including basic process    |
| 85  | control system and safety-instrumented system functions,         |
| 86  | regardless of whether such functions are physically separate or  |
| 87  | integrated.  |
| 88  | 2. Associated information and analytic systems, including        |
| 89  | advanced or multivariable control, online optimizers, dedicated  |
| 90  | equipment monitors, graphical interfaces, process historians,    |
| 91  | manufacturing execution systems, and plant information           |
| 92  | management systems.  |
| 93  | 3. Associated internal, human, network, or machine               |
| 94  | interfaces used to provide control, safety, and manufacturing    |
| 95  | operations functionality to continuous, batch, discrete, and     |
| 96  | other processes as defined in the ISA 62443 series of standards  |
| 97  | as referenced by the NIST CSF.                                   |
| 98  | (e) "Critical infrastructure" means infrastructure for           |
| 99  | which all assets, systems, and networks, regardless of whether   |
| 100 | physical or virtual, are considered vital and vulnerable to      |
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| 101 | cybersecurity attacks as determined by the Florida Digital       |
|-----|--|
| 102 | Service in consultation with the Florida Cybersecurity Advisory  |
| 103 | Council. The term includes, but is not limited to, public        |
| 104 | transportation as defined in s. 163.566(8); water and wastewater |
| 105 | treatment facilities; public utilities and services subject to   |
| 106 | the jurisdiction, supervision, powers, and duties of the Public  |
| 107 | Service Commission; public buildings, including buildings        |
| 108 | operated by the state university system; hospitals and public    |
| 109 | health facilities; and financial services organizations.         |
| 110 | (f) "Operational technology" means the hardware and              |
| 111 | software that cause or detect a change through the direct        |
| 112 | monitoring or control of physical devices, systems, processes,   |
| 113 | or events in critical infrastructure.                            |
| 114 | (g) "Security incident" means a security compromise that         |
| 115 | is significant to the asset owner, the asset owner's customers,  |
| 116 | or the public.   |
| 117 | (4) Beginning July 1, 2022, an agency asset owner                |
| 118 | procuring automation and control system components, services, or |
| 119 | solutions or entering into a contract for the construction,      |
| 120 | reconstruction, alteration, or design of a critical              |
| 121 | infrastructure facility must require that such components,       |
| 122 | services, and solutions conform to the ISA 62443 series of       |
| 123 | standards as referenced by the NIST CSF. Such agency asset owner |
| 124 | shall ensure that all contracts for the construction,            |
| 125 | reconstruction, alteration, or design of a critical              |
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| 126 | infrastructure facility require that installed automation and    |
|-----|--|
| 127 | control system components meet the minimum standards for         |
| 128 | cybersecurity as defined in the ISA 62443 series of standards as |
| 129 | referenced by the NIST CSF.                                      |
| 130 | (5) Beginning July 1, 2022, an asset owner procuring             |
| 131 | automation and control system components, services, or solutions |
| 132 | or entering into a contract for the construction,                |
| 133 | reconstruction, alteration, or design of a critical              |
| 134 | infrastructure facility is encouraged to require that such       |
| 135 | components, services, and solutions conform to the ISA 62443     |
| 136 | series of standards as referenced by the NIST CSF. Such asset    |
| 137 | owner is encouraged to ensure that all contracts for the         |
| 138 | construction, reconstruction, alteration, or design of a         |
| 139 | critical infrastructure facility require that installed          |
| 140 | automation and control system components meet the minimum        |
| 141 | standards for cybersecurity as defined in the ISA 62443 series   |
| 142 | of standards as referenced by the NIST CSF.                      |
| 143 | (6) Beginning July 1, 2022, an asset owner is encouraged         |
| 144 | to ensure that the operation and maintenance of operational      |
| 145 | technology, including critical infrastructure, automation and    |
| 146 | control systems, and automation and control system components,   |
| 147 | conform to the standards and practices defined in the ISA 62443  |
| 148 | series of standards as referenced by the NIST CSF. Such asset    |
| 149 | owner is encouraged to annually conduct a risk assessment and    |
| 150 | create a risk mitigation plan.                                   |
|     |  |

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151 (7) In a civil action based on a security incident-related 152 claim: 153 The court must determine, as a matter of law, whether (a) 154 the defendant made a good faith effort to meet the 155 recommendations provided in subsection (5) or subsection (6). 156 (b) If the court determines that the defendant made such a good faith effort, the defendant is immune from civil liability 157 158 for such security incident. 159 (c) If the court determines that that the defendant did 160 not make such a good faith effort, the plaintiff may proceed 161 with the action. 162 Section 2. The Florida Digital Service shall, in 163 consultation with the Florida Cybersecurity Advisory Council, 164 adopt rules to implement this act. 165 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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