By Senator Bracy

11-00785-22 20221164

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to Juneteenth Day; amending s. 110.117, F.S.; designating Juneteenth Day as a paid holiday for employees of all branches and agencies of state government; amending ss. 627.062, 627.0651, and 627.410, F.S.; conforming cross-references to changes made by the act; amending s. 683.01, F.S.; designating Juneteenth Day as a legal holiday; repealing s. 683.21, F.S., relating to Juneteenth Day; deleting provisions designating Juneteenth Day as a special observance, to conform to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, on January 1, 1863, President Abraham Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation, which afforded free status under federal law to the millions of enslaved African Americans who resided in states that had seceded from the Union, including Florida, and

WHEREAS, despite the issuance of the Emancipation Proclamation, it was not fully enforced in certain regions of the United States for more than 2 years afterwards, and

WHEREAS, on or about June 19, 1865, federal authorities arrived in Galveston, Texas, to enforce the Emancipation Proclamation and further inform slaves that the Civil War had ended and that the enslaved were now free, and

WHEREAS, thereafter, former slaves and their descendants continued to commemorate each June 19 to celebrate freedom and the emancipation of all slaves in the United States, and

WHEREAS, emancipation in Florida was proclaimed in

Tallahassee on May 20, 1865, and for this reason Floridians traditionally celebrate Emancipation Day on May 20 of each year, and

WHEREAS, in 1991, the Florida Legislature officially designated June 19 of each year as "Juneteenth Day" to commemorate the freeing of slaves, but did not designate the day as an official legal holiday, and

WHEREAS, on June 17, 2021, President Joe Biden signed legislation observing June 19 as "Juneteenth National Independence Day" and officially designating the day a federal holiday, and

WHEREAS, this act designates Juneteenth Day as a legal holiday in this state and as a paid holiday for employees of all branches and agencies of state government to further commemorate the announcement of the abolition of slavery and to recognize the significant contributions of African Americans to this state and our nation, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 110.117, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

110.117 Paid holidays.

- (1) The following holidays shall be paid holidays observed by all state branches and agencies:
 - (a) New Year's Day.
- (b) Birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr., third Monday in January.
 - (c) Memorial Day.

- (d) Juneteenth Day, June 19.
 - (e) Independence Day.
 - (f) (e) Labor Day.
 - (g) (f) Veterans' Day, November 11.
 - (h)(g) Thanksgiving Day.
 - (i) (h) Friday after Thanksgiving.
- (j)(i) Christmas Day.

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(j) If any of these holidays falls on Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be observed as a holiday. If any of these holidays falls on Sunday, the following Monday shall be observed as a holiday.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.062 Rate standards.-
- (2) As to all such classes of insurance:
- (a) Insurers or rating organizations shall establish and use rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals that allow the insurer a reasonable rate of return on the classes of insurance written in this state. A copy of rates, rating schedules, rating manuals, premium credits or discount schedules, and surcharge schedules, and changes thereto, must be filed with the office under one of the following procedures:
- 1. If the filing is made at least 90 days before the proposed effective date and is not implemented during the office's review of the filing and any proceeding and judicial review, such filing is considered a "file and use" filing. In such case, the office shall finalize its review by issuance of a notice of intent to approve or a notice of intent to disapprove

within 90 days after receipt of the filing. If the 90-day period ends on a weekend or a holiday under $\underline{s.\ 110.117(1)\ (a)-(j)}$ $\underline{s.}$ $\underline{110.117(1)\ (a)-(j)}$, it must be extended until the conclusion of the next business day. The notice of intent to approve and the notice of intent to disapprove constitute agency action for purposes of the Administrative Procedure Act. Requests for supporting information, requests for mathematical or mechanical corrections, or notification to the insurer by the office of its preliminary findings does not toll the 90-day period during any such proceedings and subsequent judicial review. The rate shall be deemed approved if the office does not issue a notice of intent to approve or a notice of intent to disapprove within 90 days after receipt of the filing.

- 2. If the filing is not made in accordance with subparagraph 1., such filing must be made as soon as practicable, but within 30 days after the effective date, and is considered a "use and file" filing. An insurer making a "use and file" filing is potentially subject to an order by the office to return to policyholders those portions of rates found to be excessive, as provided in paragraph (h).
- 3. For all property insurance filings made or submitted after January 25, 2007, but before May 1, 2012, an insurer seeking a rate that is greater than the rate most recently approved by the office shall make a "file and use" filing. For purposes of this subparagraph, motor vehicle collision and comprehensive coverages are not considered property coverages.

The provisions of this subsection do not apply to workers' compensation, employer's liability insurance, and motor vehicle

117 insurance.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 627.0651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.0651 Making and use of rates for motor vehicle insurance.—

- (1) Insurers shall establish and use rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals to allow the insurer a reasonable rate of return on motor vehicle insurance written in this state. A copy of rates, rating schedules, and rating manuals, and changes therein, shall be filed with the office under one of the following procedures:
- (a) If the filing is made at least 60 days before the proposed effective date and the filing is not implemented during the office's review of the filing and any proceeding and judicial review, such filing shall be considered a "file and use" filing. In such case, the office shall initiate proceedings to disapprove the rate and so notify the insurer or shall finalize its review within 60 days after receipt of the filing. If the 60-day period ends on a weekend or a holiday under s. 110.117(1)(a)-(j) s. 110.117(1)(a)-(i), it must be extended until the conclusion of the next business day. Notification to the insurer by the office of its preliminary findings shall toll the 60-day period during any such proceedings and subsequent judicial review. The rate shall be deemed approved if the office does not issue notice to the insurer of its preliminary findings within 60 days after the filing.

Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 627.410, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.410 Filing, approval of forms.

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(2) Every such filing must be made at least 30 days in advance of any such use or delivery. At the expiration of the 30 days, the form filed will be deemed approved unless prior thereto it has been affirmatively approved or disapproved by order of the office. The approval of such form by the office constitutes a waiver of any unexpired portion of such waiting period. The office may extend the period within which it may affirmatively approve or disapprove such form by up to 15 days by giving notice of such extension before expiration of the initial 30-day period. If the initial 30-day period or the 15day extension period ends on a weekend or a holiday under s. 110.117(1)(a)-(j) s. $\frac{110.117(1)(a)-(i)}{a}$, the review period must be extended until the conclusion of the next business day. At the expiration of such extended period, and in the absence of prior affirmative approval or disapproval, such form shall be deemed approved.

Section 5. Present paragraphs (n) through (u) of subsection (1) of section 683.01, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (o) through (v), respectively, and a new paragraph (n) is added to that subsection, to read:

683.01 Legal holidays.-

- (1) The legal holidays, which are also public holidays, are the following:
 - (n) Juneteenth Day, June 19.
 - Section 6. <u>Section 683.21</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, is repealed. Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.