20221236er

1 2 An act relating to county and municipal detention 3 facilities; amending s. 951.23, F.S.; revising the definitions of the terms "county detention facility" 4 and "municipal detention facility"; establishing the 5 6 Florida Model Jail Standards Working Group for a 7 specified purpose; providing for the membership of the 8 working group; requiring that each entity that 9 operates a municipal or county detention facility 10 adopt the Florida Model Jail Standards approved by the working group; requiring that such detention 11 12 facilities adopt specified minimum standards; creating 13 s. 951.2302, F.S.; defining terms; requiring the jail standards to identify what actions result in serious 14 15 violations and notable violations; specifying that the 16 jail standards must require that each detention 17 facility be inspected, at a minimum, twice annually; 18 prohibiting a detention facility from refusing to be 19 inspected or from preventing access to the detention 20 facility; providing annual inspection requirements; 21 providing procedures and requirements for 22 reinspections of detention facilities due to 23 noncompliance; providing timeframes within which 24 detention facilities must correct violations; 25 providing financial penalties for persons in charge of 26 detention facilities who refuse to allow inspections 27 or who refuse to provide access to detention 28 facilities, or for facilities found to be noncompliant 29 with the jail standards during an annual inspection or

#### Page 1 of 10

20221236er

30 any reinspection; requiring certain noncompliant detention facilities to cease operations and contract 31 32 with other detention facilities for inmate housing 33 under certain circumstances; requiring that the 34 assessed financial penalties be deposited into the 35 detention facility's inmate welfare fund; providing an 36 effective date. 37 38 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 39 Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) and 40 41 subsection (4) of section 951.23, Florida Statutes, are amended 42 to read: 43 951.23 County and municipal detention facilities; 44 definitions; administration; standards and requirements.-45 (1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: 46 (a) "County detention facility" means a county jail, a 47 county stockade, a county work camp, a county residential probation center, and any other place except a municipal 48 49 detention facility used by a county or county officer for the 50 detention of persons charged with or convicted of a <del>cither</del> felony or a misdemeanor, regardless of whether such facility is 51 52 operated by a board of county commissioners, a sheriff, or any 53 other entity. 54 (d) "Municipal detention facility" means a city jail, a 55 city stockade, a city prison camp, and any other place except a 56 county detention facility used by a municipality or municipal 57 officer for the detention of persons charged with or convicted 58 of violation of municipal laws or ordinances, regardless of

#### Page 2 of 10

20221236er whether such facility is operated by a city or any other entity. 59 60 (4) COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL DETENTION FACILITY STANDARDS FOR 61 SHERIFFS AND CHIEF CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS.-62 (a) There is shall be established the Florida Model Jail 63 Standards Working Group to develop and maintain model standards for county and municipal detention facilities. The seven-member 64 a five-member working group shall consist consisting of: 65 66 1. Three currently elected sheriffs, persons appointed by 67 the Florida Sheriffs Association. 68 2. A physician licensed in this state with at least 2 years 69 of experience in correctional health care, appointed by the 70 Florida Sheriffs Association. 3. A currently elected county commissioner, and two persons 71 72 appointed by the Florida Association of Counties. 73 4. An experienced jail administrator of a county jail 74 operated by a county, appointed by the Florida Association of 75 Counties. 76 5. A psychiatrist licensed in this state with at least 2 77 years of experience in correctional psychiatry, appointed by the Florida Association of Counties to develop model standards for 78 79 county and municipal detention facilities. (b) Each sheriff, county, city, or other entity that 80 81 operates a municipal detention facility or a county detention 82 facility By October 1, 1996, each sheriff and chief correctional 83 officer shall adopt, at a minimum, the Florida Model Jail Standards approved by the working group with reference to all of 84 85 the following: 86 1.a. The construction, equipping, maintenance, and 87 operation of county and municipal detention facilities.

#### Page 3 of 10

	20221236er									
88	2. <del>b.</del> The cleanliness and sanitation of county and municipal									
89	detention facilities. <del>;</del>									
90	- 3. The number of county and municipal prisoners who may be									
91	housed therein per specified unit of floor space.+									
92	4. The quality, quantity, and supply of bedding furnished									
93	to county and municipal such prisoners.+									
94	5. The quality, quantity, and diversity of food served to									
95	county and municipal prisoners them and the manner in which it									
96										
97	6. The furnishing to them of medical attention and health									
98	and comfort items <u>to county and municipal prisoners.</u> ; and									
99	7. The disciplinary treatment which may be meted out to									
100	county and municipal prisoners them.									
101										
102	Notwithstanding the provisions of the otherwise applicable									
103	building code, a reduced custody housing area may be occupied by									
104	inmates or may be used for sleeping purposes as allowed in									
105	subsection (7). The sheriff or chief correctional officer shall									
106	provide that a reduced custody housing area shall be governed by									
107	fire and life safety standards which do not interfere with the									
108	normal use of the facility and which affect a reasonable degree									
109	of compliance with rules of the State Fire Marshal for									
110	correctional facilities.									
111	8.2. The confinement of county and municipal prisoners by									
112	classification and providing, whenever possible, for									
113	classifications which separate males from females, juveniles									
114	from adults, <u>and</u> felons from misdemeanants, and <del>those awaiting</del>									
115	trial from those convicted and, in addition, providing for the									
116	separation of special risk prisoners, such as the mentally ill,									

# Page 4 of 10

20221236er 117 alcohol or narcotic addicts, sex deviates, suicide risks, and 118 any other classification which the local unit may deem necessary 119 for the safety of the prisoners and the operation of the 120 facility pursuant to degree of risk and danger criteria. 121 Nondangerous felons may be housed with misdemeanants. Special 122 consideration must be given to the appropriate housing of pregnant women as provided under s. 944.241. 123 124 9. Requirements for the inspection of county and municipal 125 detention facilities and the penalties for noncompliance as 126 provided in s. 951.2302. 127 128 Notwithstanding the provisions of the otherwise applicable 129 building code, a reduced custody housing area may be occupied by 130 prisoners or may be used for sleeping purposes as allowed in subsection (7). The sheriff or chief correctional officer shall 131 132 provide that a reduced custody housing area shall be governed by 133 fire and life safety standards which do not interfere with the 134 normal use of the facility and which affect a reasonable degree 135 of compliance with rules of the State Fire Marshal for 136 correctional facilities. (c) (b) A county or municipal detention facility which 137

138 stocks medicinal drugs in quantities other than individual prescriptions must obtain the services of a consultant 139 140 pharmacist or dispensing physician and comply with the licensing 141 requirements of chapter 465. A facility which has a valid 142 license pursuant to chapter 465 shall have that part of its 143 medical services relating to procedures for the safe handling 144 and storage of medicinal drugs exempt from the inspection 145 requirements of this section. A facility which maintains only

#### Page 5 of 10

	20221236er
146	individual prescriptions dispensed by a licensed pharmacist is
147	not required to be licensed under chapter 465.
148	Section 2. Section 951.2302, Florida Statutes, is created
149	to read:
150	951.2302 Inspection of county and municipal detention
151	facilities; penalties for noncompliance with jail standards
152	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
153	(a) "Detention facility" includes a county detention
154	facility and a municipal detention facility as those terms are
155	defined in s. 951.23.
156	(b) "Jail standards" means the Florida Model Jail Standards
157	established by the working group.
158	(c) "Notable violation" means any violation of the jail
159	standards which is not a serious violation.
160	(d) "Serious violation" means any violation of the jail
161	standards or other conditions or practices which appears to pose
162	a substantial and immediate danger to the life, health, or
163	safety of one or more inmates or employees.
164	(e) "Working group" means the Florida Model Jail Standards
165	Working Group as provided in s. 951.23(4)(a).
166	(2) VIOLATIONS CRITERIA.—The jail standards must identify
167	those standards or conditions for which noncompliance by a
168	detention facility is a serious violation or a notable
169	violation.
170	(3) TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF INSPECTIONSThe jail standards
171	must require that each detention facility be inspected, at a
172	minimum, twice annually for compliance with the jail standards
173	as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b). Each inspection must
174	occur at least 120 days apart. A detention facility may not

# Page 6 of 10

	20221236er
175	refuse to be inspected or prevent access to the detention
176	facility.
177	(a) One inspection must include an inspection for
178	compliance with all jail standards. A detention facility must be
179	provided reasonable advance notice of the date on which this
180	inspection will occur.
181	(b) One inspection must include an inspection for serious
182	violations only. This inspection must be an unannounced
183	inspection, with no advance notice provided to a detention
184	facility.
185	(4) REINSPECTIONS
186	(a) If an inspection finds a detention facility to be
187	noncompliant with the jail standards for a notable violation,
188	the detention facility must correct the noncompliance within 30
189	days and must be reinspected within 10 days after the 30-day
190	correction period, or upon the detention facility notifying the
191	working group that it has corrected its noncompliance, whichever
192	is earlier. If upon reinspection the detention facility is still
193	found to be noncompliant, the detention facility must correct
194	the noncompliance within 15 days and must have a second
195	reinspection within 48 hours thereafter.
196	(b) If an inspection finds a detention facility to be
197	noncompliant with the jail standards for a serious violation,
198	the detention facility must correct the noncompliance within 24
199	hours and must be reinspected within 48 hours after the
200	violation was first observed. This paragraph does not prevent
201	reinspection from occurring before the expiration of the 24-hour
202	period if a detention facility notifies the working group that
203	it has cured the noncompliance before such time.

# Page 7 of 10

	20221236er
204	(5) PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE WITH JAIL STANDARDS
205	(a) If an inspection reveals that a detention facility is
206	noncompliant with the jail standards for a notable violation,
207	and the noncompliance is not corrected as provided in paragraph
208	(4)(a), the detention facility must pay into the detention
209	facility's inmate welfare fund the following amounts for each
210	day the detention facility is noncompliant with the jail
211	standards:
212	1. \$500 per day for the 31st day through the 60th day of
213	noncompliance.
214	2. \$1,000 per day for the 61st day through the 90th day of
215	noncompliance.
216	3. \$2,000 per day for the 91st day and all remaining days
217	the detention facility is not in compliance.
218	(b) If a detention facility fails to correct a serious
219	violation as required in paragraph (4)(b), the detention
220	facility must pay into the detention facility's inmate welfare
221	fund \$2,000 per day until the serious violation has been
222	corrected.
223	(c)1. In addition to the penalties set forth in paragraphs
224	(a) and (b), if a second reinspection for a notable violation or
225	a reinspection for a serious violation reveals that a detention
226	facility is noncompliant with the jail standards, the detention
227	facility must cease operations as a detention facility within 14
228	days and must contract with one or more other detention
229	facilities to house the noncompliant facility's inmates until
230	such time as the facility is determined to be in compliance with
231	the jail standards.
232	2. The 14-day time period shall commence upon the

# Page 8 of 10

	20221236er
233	expiration of an appeal process to be specified in the jail
234	standards, with the detention facility failing to file a timely
235	appeal, or upon the conclusion of the appeal process specified
236	in the jail standards, with a denial of the appeal resulting in
237	a finding that the detention facility is noncompliant with the
238	jail standards.
239	3. The receiving detention facility or detention facilities
240	must be in compliance with the jail standards in order to house
241	the noncompliant detention facility's inmates.
242	4. If a detention facility consists of separate detention
243	campuses, only the campus determined to be noncompliant with the
244	jail standards must cease operations as provided in this
245	paragraph.
246	5. The noncompliant detention facility is responsible for
247	the costs accrued by another detention facility or detention
248	facilities for housing the noncompliant detention facility's
249	inmates.
250	6. This paragraph may not be deemed to limit or prevent any
251	other remedies or causes of action against a detention facility
252	or an entity that operates a detention facility which may be
253	brought under any other law, ordinance, or rule.
254	(d) If any person in charge of a detention facility refuses
255	to provide access to the detention facility or allow an
256	inspection of the detention facility, the person's salary must
257	be withheld for each day he or she refuses such inspection or
258	access, and the amount withheld must be deposited into the
259	detention facility's inmate welfare fund. This paragraph applies
260	regardless of whether the person refusing to allow the
261	inspection or refusing access to the detention facility is

# Page 9 of 10

#### ENROLLED 2022 Legislature

20221236er

262	elected,	appointed,	or	an	employee	of	а	county,	а	city,	or	any

- 263 other political subdivision of this state.
- 264 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.