By Senator Gruters

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23-00852A-22 20221248

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to local government land development actions; amending ss. 125.022 and 166.033, F.S.; specifying the authority of a county or municipality, respectively, to make additional comments on an application for approval of a development permit or development order; amending s. 163.3202, F.S.; requiring local governments to adopt residential infill development standards by a specified date; requiring that such standards be considered in local decisionmaking; providing legislative intent relating to residential infill developments; defining the term "residential infill development"; specifying quidelines local governments must use in developing residential infill development standards; requiring local governments to adopt regulations to be used by applicants seeking designations of areas as a residential infill development; prohibiting a local government from approving applications with many deficiencies; providing a burden of proof; prohibiting a local government from denying applications under certain circumstances; authorizing an applicant to appeal an application denial to a local government planning commission; providing a requirement for appeal procedures; requiring local governments to amend their development regulations and comprehensive plans to incorporate residential infill developments as a zoning classification and incorporate them as an appropriate land use classification; amending s.

553.792, F.S.; specifying a local government's authority to request additional information or make additional comments on a building permit application; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 125.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.022 Development permits and orders.-

- (1) (a) Within 30 days after receiving an application for approval of a development permit or development order, a county must review the application for completeness and issue a letter indicating that all required information is submitted or specifying with particularity any areas that are deficient. If the application is deficient, the applicant has 30 days to address the deficiencies by submitting the required additional information.
- (b) Once the applicant has provided responses concerning the areas that were deficient, the county may only provide additional comments on the deficiencies that are directly related to the deficiencies that were identified during the first review period or that directly address the responses given by the applicant. The county may also make additional comments as a result of new information submitted by the applicant.
- (c) Within 120 days after the county has deemed the application complete, or 180 days for applications that require final action through a quasi-judicial hearing or a public hearing, the county must approve, approve with conditions, or

23-00852A-22 20221248

deny the application for a development permit or development order. Both parties may agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time, particularly in the event of a force majeure or other extraordinary circumstance. An approval, approval with conditions, or denial of the application for a development permit or development order must include written findings supporting the county's decision. The timeframes contained in this subsection do not apply in an area of critical state concern, as designated in s. 380.0552.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 166.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

166.033 Development permits and orders.-

- (1) (a) Within 30 days after receiving an application for approval of a development permit or development order, a municipality must review the application for completeness and issue a letter indicating that all required information is submitted or specifying with particularity any areas that are deficient. If the application is deficient, the applicant has 30 days to address the deficiencies by submitting the required additional information.
- (b) Once the applicant has provided responses concerning the areas that were deficient, the municipality may only provide additional comments on the deficiencies that are directly related to the deficiencies that were identified during the first review period or that directly address the responses given by the applicant. The municipality may also make additional comments as a result of new information submitted by the applicant.
 - (c) Within 120 days after the municipality has deemed the

23-00852A-22 20221248

application complete, or 180 days for applications that require final action through a quasi-judicial hearing or a public hearing, the municipality must approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application for a development permit or development order. Both parties may agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time, particularly in the event of a force majeure or other extraordinary circumstance. An approval, approval with conditions, or denial of the application for a development permit or development order must include written findings supporting the municipality's decision. The timeframes contained in this subsection do not apply in an area of critical state concern, as designated in s. 380.0552 or chapter 28-36, Florida Administrative Code.

Section 3. Subsection (7) is added to section 163.3202, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.3202 Land development regulations.

- (7) Each local government must adopt residential infill development standards in its land use regulations by October 1, 2022, to ensure a uniform process for new development. The residential infill development standards must be considered in local decisionmaking.
- (a) A residential infill development is an important component and useful mechanism for a local government to promote redevelopment and revitalization. A residential infill development is not intended to promote the premature subdivision of land which exceeds the average densities of the immediate vicinity and produces excessively smaller lots than those found on surrounding parcels, but should consider the current land development patterns within the immediate vicinity. Residential

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23-00852A-22 20221248

117 infill developments are intended to aid in the revitalization of 118 existing communities by encouraging consistent and compatible 119 redevelopment and to promote reinvestment in established 120 neighborhoods and cure blighted parcels. For purposes of this 121 subsection, a "residential infill development" is an area 122 consisting of a development or subdivision of land designated as 123 such by a local government wherein the dimensional requirements 124 of the land use district are relaxed and the local government 125 review process is expedited.

- (b) Local governments must use the following guidelines in developing the residential infill development standards:
- 1. The size of the land development or subdivision may be below the minimum dimensional requirements of the land use category in which it is located.
- 2. A residential infill development may not exceed the maximum allowable density established by the local government's comprehensive plan.
- 3. A residential infill development area must be located in an area with a defined development pattern.
- 4. A residential infill development area must be located within one or more residential suburban or residential low land use districts.
- 5. A residential infill development area must be located in an area with sufficient services to avoid future public service deficiencies. A local government, in reviewing an application for a residential infill development, shall consider the availability of schools, public water, public sewer, road capacities, law enforcement protection, fire protection, emergency medical service, and reasonable proximity to public

parks.

- 6. A residential infill development may be allowed on a parcel that is adjacent to similar development.
- 7. Lots within a residential infill development must be at least as large as the average lot size in the immediate vicinity.
- 8. Building setbacks may be greater than or equal to the average building setback found on abutting parcels. Building setbacks may also be consistent with the dimensional requirements of the land use district as specified in the local government's land development code.
- 9. If a residential infill development abuts a roadway stub-out, the new roadways built must connect to the roadway stub-out.
- 10. Stormwater retention facilities within a residential infill development may not be constructed to degrade or adversely affect the existing character of the immediate vicinity.
- 11. A residential infill development may not be larger than 120 acres. Developments may not be phased or incrementally expanded with the intent to circumvent this acreage limit.
- 12. Building types within the residential infill development may include only types that exist on any parcel in the immediate vicinity, but may not include mobile homes.
- (c) Each local government must adopt guidelines to be used by applicants seeking designations as residential infill developments. The regulations must provide procedures for the review of applications. The regulations must require that the applicant:

23-00852A-22 20221248

1. Consider whether the residential infill development recognizes the surrounding pattern of development and whether the residential infill development is contrary to the density and dimensional requirements of land tracts that abut the development.

- 2. Consider the surrounding pattern of development, including existing road layout, densities, lot sizes, and setbacks of parcels and developments that abut the subject site.
- 3. Check the appropriate statements regarding the provision of potable water, sewer, public parks, public schools, traffic capacity, and public roadways, using a checklist similar to the following:

.... The residential infill development connects to central water and sewer.

.... Law enforcement does not object to the
residential infill development.

.... The residential infill development is within the average response time of the local government fire and emergency medical services.

.... At least one park or playground is located within 2 miles of the residential infill development.

.... The schools are operating at adequate capacity for the residential infill development or concurrency provisions have been made to ensure adequate capacity.

.... The roads within the residential infill development will be constructed to follow the existing roadway network found in the immediate vicinity. New roads will be required to connect to stub-outs that

were originally constructed to connect new development with existing developments.

- The sidewalks within the residential infill development will be installed along one side of collector and arterial roads when existing sidewalk infrastructure is located within 100 feet of the development.
- Minimum lot sizes will be determined by the average lot size of parcels in the immediate vicinity or at least 5,500 square feet, whichever is greater.
 Infill development will be determined either by the dimensional requirements established for the land use district in which the site is located or by the average setback and height of existing structures on

parcels in the immediate vicinity.

- (d) 1. A local government may not approve an application for designation as a residential infill development if it contains many deficiencies. Where deficiencies exist, the applicant bears the burden to prove the benefits of the residential infill development outweigh the deficiencies in services.
- 2. A local government may not deny an applicant's request for designation as a residential infill development if the applicant has complied with the general intent and development standards of this subsection.
- (e) An applicant may appeal a denial of an application to a local government planning commission. Appeals to a local government planning commission shall follow a local government planning commission's rules and regulations.

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23-00852A-22 20221248

(f) Each local government must amend its development regulations to include residential infill development as a zoning classification and must incorporate it as an appropriate land use classification under the local government comprehensive plan.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 553.792, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of that section, to read:

553.792 Building permit application to local government.-

(1) (a) Within 10 days after of an applicant submits submitting an application to the local government, the local government shall advise the applicant what information, if any, is needed to deem the application properly completed in compliance with the filing requirements published by the local government. If the local government does not provide written notice that the applicant has not submitted the properly completed application, the application shall be automatically deemed properly completed and accepted. Within 45 days after receiving a completed application, a local government must notify an applicant if additional information is required for the local government to determine the sufficiency of the application, and shall specify the additional information that is required. However, the local government may only request more information on the additional information provided to the local government by the applicant and may not make new comments on the original application. The applicant must submit the additional information to the local government or request that the local government act without the additional information. While the applicant responds to the request for additional information,

the 120-day period described in this subsection is tolled. Both parties may agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time, particularly in the event of a force majeure or other extraordinary circumstance. The local government must approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application within 120 days after following receipt of a completed application.

(2)

(c) Notwithstanding any local ordinance that may otherwise apply to the contrary, if an applicant provides additional information based on deficiencies identified by the local government in the application, the local government may only provide additional comments that are directly related to the deficiencies that were identified during the first review period or that directly address the responses given by the applicant. The local government may also make additional comments as a result of new information submitted by the applicant.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.