By Senator Jones

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to toxic mold protections; providing a short title; creating s. 83.252, F.S.; requiring commercial and industrial real property landlords to provide certain written disclosures to tenants under certain circumstances; providing requirements for such disclosure; providing an exception; providing that such landlords are not required to conduct certain tests of dwelling units or buildings; requiring tenants of commercial and industrial real property to provide certain written notice to landlords under certain circumstances; requiring tenants to make the property available to certain persons for assessment or remediation; providing requirements for landlords; providing applicability; creating s. 83.253, F.S.; requiring certain public entities to provide written disclosure to occupants and prospective tenants of buildings owned, leased, or operated by such public entities; providing requirements for such disclosure; providing an exception; creating s. 83.501, F.S.; requiring residential landlords to provide certain written disclosures to prospective and current tenants under certain circumstances; providing requirements for such disclosures; providing an exception; providing that such landlords are not required to conduct certain tests of dwelling units or buildings; providing construction; creating s. 381.0073, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 381.00731, F.S.; creating the Toxic Mold Protection Advisory Council adjunct to

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the Department of Health; providing a purpose; providing for membership, meetings, and duties of the advisory council; requiring the advisory council to submit a report to the State Surgeon General, Governor, and Legislature by a specified date; creating s. 381.00732, F.S.; requiring the department to develop and adopt, in consultation with the advisory council, permissible exposure limits to molds for indoor environments; requiring the department to consider certain criteria when developing and adopting such limits; authorizing the department to develop alternative permissible exposure limits to molds applicable to certain facilities; requiring the department to post a certain notice on its public website; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing the department to review and consider adopting by reference information prepared by or on behalf of certain authoritative bodies for a specified purpose; requiring the department to review the adopted permissible exposure limits to molds periodically and amend such limits under certain circumstances; requiring the department to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 381.00733, F.S.; requiring the department to develop and adopt, in consultation with the advisory council, standards for assessing the health threat from exposure to molds in indoor environments; requiring the department to consider certain criteria

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when developing and adopting such standards; authorizing the department to develop alternative mold assessment standards applicable to certain facilities; requiring the department to post a certain notice on its public website; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing the department to review and consider adopting by reference information prepared by or on behalf of certain authoritative bodies for a specified purpose; requiring the department to review the adopted mold assessment standards periodically and amend such standards under certain circumstances; requiring the department to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 381.00734, F.S.; requiring the department to develop and adopt, in consultation with the advisory council, quidelines for identifying molds in indoor environments; providing requirements for such guidelines; requiring the department to consider certain criteria when developing and adopting such quidelines; prohibiting the department from requiring a commercial and industrial real property landlord, residential landlord, or public entity to conduct certain tests of dwelling units or buildings for a specified purpose; requiring the department to post a certain notice on its public website; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing the department to review and consider adopting by reference information prepared by or on behalf of

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certain authoritative bodies for a specified purpose; requiring the department to review the adopted mold identification guidelines periodically and amend the quidelines under certain circumstances; requiring the department to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 381.00735, F.S.; requiring the department to develop and adopt, in consultation with the advisory council, guidelines for remediating molds in indoor environments; providing requirements for such guidelines; requiring the department to consider certain criteria when developing and adopting such guidelines; prohibiting the department from requiring a commercial and industrial real property landlord, residential landlord, or public entity to conduct certain tests of dwelling units or buildings for a specified purpose; requiring the department, in consultation with the Florida Building Commission, to develop a reporting form for building inspections; requiring the department to post a certain notice on its public website; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing the department to review and consider adopting by reference information prepared by or on behalf of certain authoritative bodies for a specified purpose; requiring the department to review the adopted mold remediation quidelines periodically and amend such guidelines under certain circumstances; requiring the department to make specified information 35-01537-22 20221394

available to the public upon request and on its public website; requiring the department to develop and disseminate certain educational materials and resources; requiring the department to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 381.00736, F.S.; providing for enforcement of the permissible exposure limits to molds, the mold assessment standards, and certain disclosure requirements; requiring the department, in consultation with the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, to develop forms for the required disclosures and establish penalties; prohibiting a penalty from being assessed against a residential landlord under certain circumstances; requiring the Department of Health to adopt rules; creating s. 689.302, F.S.; requiring a seller or transferor of commercial and industrial real property to provide a written disclosure to prospective buyers within a specified timeframe under certain circumstances; providing an exception; providing construction; providing that a transferor to a real estate contract or a listing or selling agent is not liable under certain circumstances; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Toxic Mold

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Protections Act."

Section 2. Section 83.252, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

83.252 Commercial and industrial real properties; disclosure and notice.—

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a commercial and industrial real property landlord shall provide written disclosure to prospective and current tenants when the landlord knows that mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, is present that affects, as defined in s. 381.0073, the dwelling unit or the building and the mold either exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or poses a health threat in accordance with the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s. 381.00733. The written disclosure must be provided to:
- (a) Prospective tenants as soon as practicable and before entering into a rental agreement.
- (b) Current tenants in affected dwelling units and buildings as soon as is reasonably practicable.
- (2) (a) A commercial and industrial real property landlord is exempt from providing written disclosure to prospective tenants as required in subsection (1) if the presence of mold was remediated in accordance with the mold remediation guidelines adopted pursuant to s. 381.00735.
- (b) A commercial and industrial real property landlord is not required to conduct air or surface tests of dwelling units or buildings to determine whether the presence of mold exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732.

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(3) A tenant of a commercial and industrial real property who knows or is informed that mold is present in the building, heating system, ventilating or air-conditioning system, or appurtenant structures, or that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, shall inform the landlord in writing of such knowledge within a reasonable period of time. The tenant shall make the property available to the landlord or his or her agents for appropriate assessment or remedial action as soon as is reasonably practicable if the landlord is responsible for maintenance of the property. This section does not affect any existing duties and obligations of tenants and landlords under this part.

- (4) Commercial and industrial real property landlords who know or have received notice that mold is present in the building, heating system, ventilating or air-conditioning system, or appurtenant structures, or that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, have an affirmative duty, within a reasonable period of time, to assess the presence of mold or condition likely to result in the presence of mold and conduct any necessary remediation.
- contractually responsible for maintenance of the property, including any remediation. However, any tenant of a commercial and industrial real property who knows or is informed that mold is present in the building, heating system, ventilating or air-conditioning system, or appurtenant structures, or that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, and is responsible for maintenance of the property, shall inform the landlord in writing of such

35-01537-22 20221394 204 knowledge as soon as is reasonably practicable and shall remedy 205 the condition in compliance with the terms of the rental 206 agreement. 207 Section 3. Section 83.253, Florida Statutes, is created to 208 read: 83.253 Properties owned, leased, or operated by public 209 210 entities; disclosure.-211 (1) A public entity that owns, leases, or operates a 212 building shall provide written disclosure to all building 213 occupants and prospective tenants when the public entity knows, 214 or has reasonable cause to believe, that a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood exists, or that mold, both visible and 215 invisible or hidden, is present that affects, as defined in s. 216 217 381.0073, the building or dwelling unit and the mold either 218 exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted 219 pursuant to s. 381.00732 or poses a health threat in accordance 220 with the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s. 221 381.00733. The written disclosure shall be provided to: 222 (a) Prospective tenants as soon as practicable and before 223 entering into a rental agreement. 224 (b) Current building occupants in affected dwelling units 225 or buildings as soon as is reasonably practicable. 226 (2) A public entity is exempt from providing written 227 disclosure to prospective tenants as required in subsection (1) 228 if the presence of mold was remediated in accordance with the 229 mold remediation guidelines adopted pursuant to s. 381.00735. 230 Section 4. Section 83.501, Florida Statutes, is created to 231 read: 83.501 Residential properties; disclosure.-232

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(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a residential landlord shall provide written disclosure to prospective and current tenants when the residential landlord knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, that mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, is present that affects, as defined in s. 381.0073, the dwelling unit or the building and the mold either exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or poses a health threat in accordance with the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s. 381.00733. The written disclosure must be provided to:

- (a) Prospective tenants before entering into a rental or lease agreement.
- (b) Current tenants in affected dwelling units and buildings as soon as is reasonably practicable.
- (2) (a) A residential landlord is exempt from providing written disclosure to prospective tenants as required in subsection (1) if the presence of mold was remediated in accordance with the mold remediation guidelines adopted pursuant to s. 381.00735.
- (b) A residential landlord is not required to conduct air or surface tests of dwelling units or buildings to determine whether the presence of mold exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732.
- (3) Residential landlords shall provide written disclosure to prospective tenants of the potential health risks and the health impact that may result from exposure to mold by distributing educational materials and resources developed and disseminated by the Department of Health pursuant to s. 381.00735.

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(4) (a) This section does not relieve a seller, transferor, lessor, agent, landlord, or tenant from any responsibility for compliance with other requirements under state law.

- (b) This section does not alter or modify any right, remedy, or defense otherwise available under state law.
- Section 5. Section 381.0073, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 381.0073 Definitions.—For purposes of this section and ss. 381.00731-381.00736, the term:
- (1) "Advisory council" means the Toxic Mold Protection Advisory Council created pursuant to s. 381.00731.
- (2) "Affect" means to cause a condition by the presence of mold in a dwelling unit, building, appurtenant structures, common wall, heating system, or ventilating or air-conditioning system that affects the indoor air quality of the dwelling unit or building.
- (3) "Authoritative bodies" means any recognized national or international entities with expertise in public health, mold identification and remediation, or environmental health, including, but not limited to, other states, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the World Health Organization, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and the American Industrial Hygiene Association.
- (4) "Building code enforcement official" has the same meaning as in s. 468.603(3).
 - (5) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- (6) "Indoor environment" means the affected dwelling unit or affected commercial and industrial building.

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291 (7) "Industrial hygienist" has the same meaning as in s. 292 501.937(3)(b).

- (8) "Mold" means any form of multicellular fungi that lives on plant or animal matter and in indoor environments, including, but not limited to, Cladosporium, Penicillium, Alternaria,

 Aspergillus, Fusarium, Trichoderma, Memnoniella, Mucor, and Stachybotrys Chartarum, and is often found in water-damaged building materials.
- (9) "Person" means an individual, corporation, company, association, partnership, limited liability company, municipality, public utility, or other public body or institution.
- (10) "Public health officer" means a local health officer or director of a county health department.
- Section 6. Section 381.00731, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 381.00731 Toxic Mold Protection Advisory Council.-
- (1) The Toxic Mold Protection Advisory Council, an advisory council as defined in s. 20.03(7), is created adjunct to the department for the purpose of making recommendations and advising and assisting the department in the development and adoption of permissible exposure limits to molds in indoor environments and other mold identification, assessment, and remediation standards and guidelines.
- (2) The advisory council shall consist of 17 members as follows:
- (a) Two members who are public health officers, appointed by the State Surgeon General.
 - (b) One member who is an environmental health professional,

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appointed by the State Surgeon General.

- (c) One member who has expertise on the adverse health effects from exposure to molds, appointed by the State Surgeon General.
- (d) One member who is a building code enforcement official, appointed by the Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (e) One member who is a mold abatement expert, appointed by the Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (f) Two members who are industrial hygienists, appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture.
- (g) One member who represents a large school district and one member who represents a rural school district, appointed by the Commissioner of Education.
- (h) One member who represents an organization or association advocating for insurers, appointed by the Chief Financial Officer.
- (i) One member who represents an organization or association advocating for employees and one member who represents an organization or association advocating for employers, appointed by the Governor.
- (j) Two members who represent an organization or association advocating for affected consumers, including, but not limited to, commercial and industrial tenants; residential tenants; homeowners; environmental groups; and attorneys, appointed by the President of the Senate.
- (k) Two members who represent an organization or association advocating for affected industries, including, but not limited to, commercial and industrial building proprietors,

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managers, and landlords; residential building proprietors,
managers, and landlords; builders; realtors; suppliers of
building materials; and suppliers of furnishings, appointed by
the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

- (3) (a) The initial members of the advisory council must be appointed by September 1, 2022. Each member must be appointed to a 4-year term. However, in order to achieve staggered terms, eight of the initial members must be appointed to a 2-year term and nine of the initial members must be appointed to a 4-year term.
- (b) A vacancy on the advisory council shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
- $\underline{\text{(c) The advisory council shall elect a chair from among its}} \\$ members.
- (d) Members of the advisory council shall serve without compensation and are not entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses pursuant to s. 112.061.
- (4) (a) The advisory council shall convene its first meeting by October 1, 2022. Thereafter, the advisory council may meet upon the call of the chair or upon the request of a majority of its members.
- (b) Meetings may be conducted in person or by teleconference or other electronic means.
- (5) The advisory council shall make recommendations and advise and assist the department regarding the development and adoption of permissible exposure limits to molds in indoor environments and other mold identification, assessment, and remediation standards and guidelines pursuant to ss. 381.00732-381.00735.

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(6) By February 1, 2023, the advisory council shall submit a report regarding its progress in performing its duties under subsection (5) to the State Surgeon General, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 7. Section 381.00732, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 381.00732 Permissible exposure limits to mold in indoor environments; report.—
- (1) The department, in consultation with the advisory council, shall:
- (a) Develop and adopt permissible exposure limits to mold in indoor environments that avoid adverse effects on public health, with an adequate margin of safety, and avoid any significant risk to public health.
- (b) Balance the protection of public health with technological and economic feasibility when it develops and adopts permissible exposure limits to mold.
- (c) Use and include the latest scientific data or existing mold standards adopted by authoritative bodies.
- (d) Develop and adopt permissible exposure limits to mold that target the general population.
- (2) The department shall consider all of the following criteria when it develops and adopts the permissible exposure limits to mold:
- (a) The adverse health effects from exposure to mold on the general population and the specific adverse health effects from exposure to mold on members of subgroups that comprise a meaningful portion of the general population, including, but not

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limited to, infants, children 6 years of age or younger, pregnant women, elderly persons, persons with asthma or allergies, persons who are immune compromised, or other subgroups that are identifiable as being at greater risk of adverse health effects from exposure to mold than the general population.

- (b) Existing permissible exposure limits to molds, if any, adopted by authoritative bodies.
- (c) The technological and economic feasibility of compliance with the proposed permissible exposure limits to mold. For the purpose of determining economic feasibility, the department shall consider the costs of compliance to tenants, landlords, homeowners, and other affected parties.
- (d) Any toxicological studies or additional scientific evidence relating to mold.
- (3) The department may develop and adopt alternative permissible exposure limits to mold that are applicable to facilities, including, but not limited to, hospitals, child care facilities, and nursing homes, whose primary business is to serve members of subgroups, as described in paragraph (2)(a), that comprise a meaningful portion of the general population and are at greater risk of adverse health effects from exposure to molds than the general population.
- (4) (a) Upon commencing its duties under this section, the department shall post a notice on its public website informing interested persons that it is developing and adopting permissible exposure limits to molds and including a brief description or a bibliography of the technical documents or other information the department has identified as relevant to

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developing and adopting the permissible exposure limits to mold.

- (b) The notice shall also inform persons who wish to submit information regarding mold exposure of the contact information of the person within the department to whom the information may be sent, the date by which the information must be received in order for the department to consider it in the development and adoption of the permissible exposure limits to molds, and a statement that all information submitted to the department will be made available to any person upon request.
- (5) The department may review and consider adopting by reference any information prepared by or on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or other authoritative bodies, for the purpose of adopting national permissible exposure limits to molds.
- (6) (a) After the permissible exposure limits to molds are adopted, the department shall review such limits at least once every 5 years and shall amend such limits if any of the following occur:
- 1. Changes in technology or mold treatment techniques that permit a materially greater protection of public health.
- 2. New scientific evidence that indicates that molds may present a materially different risk to public health than was previously determined.
- (b) The department may amend the permissible exposure limits to molds to make the limits less stringent if the department shows clear and convincing evidence that the permissible exposure limits to molds should be made less stringent.
 - (7) By July 1, 2023, the department shall submit a report

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to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
the House of Representatives regarding its progress in
developing and adopting the permissible exposure limits to
molds.

(8) The department shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 8. Section 381.00733, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

381.00733 Standards for assessing health threat from exposure to molds in indoor environments; report.—

- (1) The department, in consultation with the advisory council, shall develop and adopt standards for assessing the health threat from exposure to molds, both visible and invisible or hidden, in indoor environments, which must do all of the following:
 - (a) Protect the public health.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), balance the protection of public health with technological and economic feasibility when it adopts mold assessment standards.
- (c) Use and include the latest scientific data or existing mold assessment standards adopted by authoritative bodies.
 - (d) Target the general population.
- (e) Ensure that air or surface testing is not required to determine whether the presence of mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, in indoor environments constitutes a health threat.
- (2) The department shall consider all of the following criteria when it develops and adopts the mold assessment standards:

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(a) The adverse health effects from exposure to molds on the general population and the specific adverse health effects from exposure to mold on members of subgroups that comprise a meaningful portion of the general population, including, but not limited to, infants, children 6 years of age or younger, pregnant women, elderly persons, persons with asthma or allergies, persons who are immune compromised, or other subgroups that are identifiable as being at greater risk of adverse health effects from exposure to molds than the general population.

- (b) Existing mold assessment standards, if any, adopted by authoritative bodies.
- (c) The technological and economic feasibility of compliance with the proposed mold assessment standards. For the purposes of determining economic feasibility, the department shall consider the costs of compliance to tenants, landlords, homeowners, and other affected parties.
- (d) Any toxicological studies or additional scientific evidence relating to mold.
- (3) The department may develop and adopt alternative mold assessment standards which are applicable to facilities, including, but not limited to, hospitals, child care facilities, and nursing homes, whose primary business is to serve members of subgroups, as described in paragraph (2)(a), that comprise a meaningful portion of the general population and are at greater risk of adverse health effects from exposure to molds than the general population.
- (4) (a) Upon commencing its duties under this section, the department shall post a notice on its public website informing

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interested persons that it is developing and adopting mold assessment standards and including a brief description or a bibliography of the technical documents or other information the department has identified as relevant to developing and adopting the mold assessment standards.

- (b) The notice shall also inform persons who wish to submit information regarding mold assessment of the contact information of the person within the department to whom the information may be sent, the date by which the information must be received in order for the department to consider it in the development and adoption of the mold assessment standards, and a statement that all information submitted to the department will be made available to any person upon request.
- (5) The department may review and consider adopting by reference any information prepared by or on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or other authoritative bodies, for the purpose of adopting national mold assessment standards.
- (6) After the mold assessment standards are adopted, the department shall review such standards at least once every 5 years and shall amend such standards if any of the following occurs:
- (a) Changes in technology or mold treatment techniques that permit a materially greater protection of public health.
- (b) New scientific evidence that indicates that exposure to molds may present a materially different risk to public health than was previously determined.
- (7) By July 1, 2023, the department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of

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the House of Representatives regarding its progress in developing and adopting the mold assessment standards.

- (8) The department shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- Section 9. Section 381.00734, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 381.00734 Guidelines for identifying molds in indoor environments; report.—
- (1) The department, in consultation with the advisory council, shall develop and adopt guidelines for identifying molds, water damage, or microbial volatile organic compounds in indoor environments.
- (2) (a) The mold identification guidelines must include scientifically valid methods for identifying molds, including, but not limited to, methods for collecting air, surface, and bulk samples; visual identification; olfactory identification; laboratory analysis; measurements for the amount of moisture and molds present; and other recognized analytical methods used for identifying molds.
- (b) The department, in consultation with the advisory council, shall develop and adopt mold identification guidelines that must do all of the following:
- 1. Avoid adverse effects on the health of the general population, with an adequate margin of safety, and avoid any significant risk to public health.
- 2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., balance the protection of public health with technological and economic feasibility.
- 3. Use and include the latest scientific data or existing mold identification guidelines adopted by authoritative bodies.

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(c) The department shall consider all of the following criteria when it develops and adopts mold identification guidelines:

- 1. The permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or what constitutes a health threat from exposure to mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, in an indoor environment pursuant to the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s. 381.00733.
- 2. Existing mold identification guidelines, if any, adopted by authoritative bodies.
 - 3. Professional judgment and practicality.
- $\underline{\text{4. Any toxicological studies or additional scientific}}$ evidence relating to mold.
- industrial real property landlord, a residential landlord, or a public entity that rents or leases a dwelling unit or building to conduct air or surface tests of dwelling units or buildings to determine whether the presence of mold exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732. However, the department shall develop a reporting form for building inspections which may be used to document the presence of mold within dwelling units or buildings.
- (4) (a) Upon commencing its duties under this section, the department shall post a notice on its public website informing interested persons that it is developing and adopting mold identification guidelines and including a brief description or a bibliography of the technical documents or other information the department has identified as relevant to developing and adopting the mold identification guidelines.

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(b) The notice shall also inform persons who wish to submit information relating to mold identification of the contact information of the person within the department to whom the information may be sent, the date by which the information must be received for the department to consider it in the development and adoption of the mold identification guidelines, and a statement that all information submitted to the department will be made available to any person upon request.

- (5) The department may review and consider adopting by reference any information prepared by or on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or other authoritative bodies, for the purpose of adopting national mold identification guidelines.
- (6) After the mold identification guidelines are adopted, the department shall review such guidelines at least once every 5 years and shall amend such guidelines, as necessary, based upon the availability of new scientific data or information regarding effective mold identification.
- (7) By July 1, 2023, the department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding its progress in developing and adopting the mold identification guidelines.
- (8) The department shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- Section 10. Section 381.00735, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- $\underline{381.00735}$ Guidelines for remediating mold in indoor environments; report.—
 - (1) (a) The department, in consultation with the advisory

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council, shall develop, adopt, and disseminate guidelines for remediating molds in indoor environments which must do all of the following:

- 1. Provide practical guidance for the removal of mold and abatement of the underlying cause of mold and associated water intrusion and water damage in indoor environments.
 - 2. Protect public health.
- 3. Notwithstanding subparagraph 2., balance the protection of public health with technological and economic feasibility.
- 4. Use and include toxicological reports, the latest scientific data, or existing mold remediation standards and guidelines adopted by authoritative bodies.
- 5. Provide practical guidance for the removal or cleaning of contaminated materials in a manner that protects the health of the person performing the abatement.
 - 6. Include criteria for personal protective equipment.
- (b) The mold remediation guidelines may not require a landlord, owner, seller, or transferor to be specially trained or certified or use the services of a qualified licensed professional to conduct the mold remediation.
- (2) The department shall consider all of the following criteria when it develops and adopts the mold remediation guidelines:
- (a) The permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or what constitutes a health threat from exposure to mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, in an indoor environment pursuant to the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s. 381.00733.
 - (b) Existing mold remediation standards and guidelines, if

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any, adopted by authoritative bodies.

- (c) Professional judgment and practicality.
- industrial real property landlord, a residential landlord, or a public entity that rents or leases a dwelling unit or building to conduct air or surface tests of dwelling units or buildings to determine whether the presence of mold exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s.

 381.00732. However, the department, in consultation with the Florida Building Commission, shall develop a reporting form for building inspections which may be used to document the presence of mold within dwelling units or buildings.
- (4) (a) Upon commencing its duties under this section, the department shall post a notice on its public website informing interested persons that it is developing and adopting mold remediation guidelines and including a brief description or a bibliography of the technical documents or other information the department has identified as relevant to developing and adopting the mold remediation guidelines.
- (b) The notice shall also inform persons who wish to submit information relating to mold remediation of the contact information of the person within the department to whom the information may be sent, the date by which the information must be received for the department to consider it in the development and adoption of the mold remediation guidelines, and a statement that all information submitted to the department will be made available to any person upon request.
- (5) The department may review and consider adopting by reference any information prepared by or on behalf of the United

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States Environmental Protection Agency, or other authoritative bodies, for the purpose of adopting national mold remediation guidelines.

- (6) After the mold remediation guidelines are adopted, the department shall review such guidelines at least once every 5 years and shall amend such guidelines, as necessary, based upon the availability of new scientific data or information on effective mold remediation.
- (7) (a) The department shall make available to the public upon request information about contracting for the removal of mold in a building or the surrounding environment, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
- $\underline{\text{1. Recommended steps to take when contracting with a}}\\$ company to remove mold.
- 2. Existing laws, regulations, and guidelines developed by the department relating to permissible exposure limits to molds and mold infestation, identification, and remediation.
- 3. Basic health information as contained in existing mold publications.
- (b) 1. The department shall develop and disseminate educational materials and resources to inform the public about the adverse health effects of molds; methods to prevent, identify, and remediate mold growth; resources to obtain information about molds; and contact information for persons, organizations, or governmental entities to assist with public concerns about molds.
- 2. The department shall make its educational materials and resources available to public health officers, environmental health officers, commercial and residential landlord

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organizations, homeowners' organizations, and tenants'
organizations. The educational materials and resources must be
made readily available to the general public.

- 3. The educational materials and resources must be comprehensible by the general public, published in appropriate languages that reflect the diversity of the state, and made available on the department's public website.
- (8) By July 1, 2023, the department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding its progress in developing and adopting the mold remediation guidelines.
- $\underline{\mbox{(9)}}$ The department shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 11. Section 381.00736, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

381.00736 Enforcement.-

- (1) Public health officers, code enforcement officers, environmental health officers, city attorneys, and any other appropriate governmental entities or officials may respond to complaints about mold and may enforce the permissible exposure limits to molds adopted by the department pursuant to s. 381.00732, the mold assessment standards adopted by the department pursuant to s. 381.00733, and the disclosure requirements in ss. 83.252, 83.253, 83.501, and 689.302.
- (2) The department, in consultation with the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, shall develop forms for the disclosures required in ss. 83.252, 83.253, 83.501, and 689.302 and establish any penalties that may be imposed for failure to comply with the disclosure requirements. A penalty

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may not be assessed against a residential landlord for failure
to disclose under s. 83.501 when the residential landlord
provides disclosure to the tenants in a form that substantially
conforms to the disclosure form developed by the department and
adopted in rule.

(3) The department shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 12. Section 689.302, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

689.302 Sale or transfer of commercial and industrial real property; disclosures.—

- (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a seller or transferor of commercial and industrial real property shall provide written disclosure to prospective buyers as soon as practicable before the transfer of title when the seller or transferor knows of the presence of mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, that affects the dwelling unit or building and the mold either exceeds permissible exposure limits to molds adopted pursuant to s. 381.00732 or poses a health threat in accordance with the mold assessment standards adopted pursuant to s. 381.00733.
- (b) A seller or transferor of commercial and industrial real property is exempt from providing written disclosure under paragraph (a) if the presence of mold was remediated according to the mold remediation guidelines adopted pursuant to s. 381.00735.
- (2) (a) This section does not affect the existing obligations of the parties or transferors to a real estate contract, or their listing or selling agents, to disclose any

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facts materially affecting the value and desirability of the
property, including, but not limited to, the physical conditions
of the property and previously received reports of physical
inspections.

- (b) This section does not alter or modify the existing inspection and disclosure duties of a real estate broker licensed under chapter 475.
- (3) A transferor to a real estate contract, or a listing or selling agent, is not liable for any error, inaccuracy, or omission of any information delivered pursuant to this section if the error, inaccuracy, or omission was not within the personal knowledge of the transferor, or the listing or selling agent, or was based on information timely provided by public agencies, or by other persons providing relevant information by delivery of a report or opinion prepared by an expert dealing with matters within the relevant scope of the professional's license or expertise, and ordinary care was exercised in obtaining and transmitting such report or opinion.

Section 13. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.