$\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$ the Committees on Rules; and Judiciary; and Senators Perry, Rouson, and Book

	595-03324-22 20221408c2
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to grandparent visitation rights;
3	amending s. 752.011, F.S.; creating a presumption for
4	maternal or paternal grandparent or stepgrandparent
5	visitation of a child under certain circumstances;
6	providing a burden for overcoming such presumption;
7	providing an effective date.
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9	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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11	Section 1. Present subsections (2) through (11) of section
12	752.011, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3)
13	through (12), respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to
14	that section, and present subsections (4) and (5) of that
15	section are amended, to read:
16	752.011 Petition for grandparent visitation with a minor
17	child.—A grandparent of a minor child whose parents are
18	deceased, missing, or in a persistent vegetative state, or whose
19	one parent is deceased, missing, or in a persistent vegetative
20	state and whose other parent has been convicted of a felony or
21	an offense of violence evincing behavior that poses a
22	substantial threat of harm to the minor child's health or
23	welfare, may petition the court for court-ordered visitation
24	with the grandchild under this section.
25	(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), if the court finds that
26	one parent of a child has been held criminally liable for the
27	death of the other parent of the child or civilly liable for an
28	intentional tort causing the death of the other parent of the
29	child, there is a presumption for granting reasonable visitation

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30	with the petitioning grandparent or stepgrandparent if he or she
31	is the parent of the child's deceased parent. This presumption
32	may be overcome only if the court finds that granting such
33	visitation is not in the best interests of the child.
34	(5) (4) In assessing the best interests interest of the
35	child under subsection (4) (3) , the court shall consider the
36	totality of the circumstances affecting the mental and emotional
37	well-being of the minor child, including:
38	(a) The love, affection, and other emotional ties existing
39	between the minor child and the grandparent, including those
40	resulting from the relationship that had been previously allowed
41	by the child's parent.
42	(b) The length and quality of the previous relationship
43	between the minor child and the grandparent, including the
44	extent to which the grandparent was involved in providing
45	regular care and support for the child.
46	(c) Whether the grandparent established ongoing personal
47	contact with the minor child before the death of the parent,
48	before the onset of the parent's persistent vegetative state, or
49	before the parent was missing.
50	(d) The reasons cited by the respondent parent in ending
51	contact or visitation between the minor child and the
52	grandparent.
53	(e) Whether there has been significant and demonstrable
54	mental or emotional harm to the minor child as a result of the
55	disruption in the family unit, whether the child derived support
56	and stability from the grandparent, and whether the continuation
57	of such support and stability is likely to prevent further harm.
58	(f) The existence or threat to the minor child of mental

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595-03324-22 20221408c2 59 injury as defined in s. 39.01. 60 (g) The present mental, physical, and emotional health of 61 the minor child. (h) The present mental, physical, and emotional health of 62 63 the grandparent. 64 (i) The recommendations of the minor child's guardian ad 65 litem, if one is appointed. 66 (j) The result of any psychological evaluation of the minor child. 67 (k) The preference of the minor child if the child is 68 69 determined to be of sufficient maturity to express a preference. 70 (1) A written testamentary statement by the deceased parent 71 regarding visitation with the grandparent. The absence of a 72 testamentary statement is not deemed to provide evidence that 73 the deceased or missing parent or parent in a persistent 74 vegetative state would have objected to the requested 75 visitation. 76 (m) Other factors that the court considers necessary to 77 making its determination. 78 (6) (5) In assessing material harm to the parent-child 79 relationship under subsection (4) (3), the court shall consider 80 the totality of the circumstances affecting the parent-child relationship, including: 81 82 (a) Whether there have been previous disputes between the 83 grandparent and the parent over childrearing or other matters 84 related to the care and upbringing of the minor child. 85 (b) Whether visitation would materially interfere with or 86 compromise parental authority. 87 (c) Whether visitation can be arranged in a manner that Page 3 of 4

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88	does not materially detract from the parent-child relationship,
89	including the quantity of time available for enjoyment of the
90	parent-child relationship and any other consideration related to
91	disruption of the schedule and routine of the parent and the
92	minor child.
93	(d) Whether visitation is being sought for the primary
94	purpose of continuing or establishing a relationship with the
95	minor child with the intent that the child benefit from the
96	relationship.
97	(e) Whether the requested visitation would expose the minor
98	child to conduct, moral standards, experiences, or other factors
99	that are inconsistent with influences provided by the parent.
100	(f) The nature of the relationship between the child's
101	parent and the grandparent.
102	(g) The reasons cited by the parent in ending contact or
103	visitation between the minor child and the grandparent which was
104	previously allowed by the parent.
105	(h) The psychological toll of visitation disputes on the
106	minor child.
107	(i) Other factors that the court considers necessary in
108	making its determination.
109	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.
106 107 108	<pre>minor child. (i) Other factors that the court considers necessary in making its determination.</pre>

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