185122

LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: UNFAV 02/22/2022

The Committee on Appropriations (Stewart) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (444482)

In title, after line 129

insert:

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WHEREAS, Article VI, Clause 2 of the United States Constitution, commonly referred to as the Supremacy Clause, states: "This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in

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every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding," and

WHEREAS, under the Supremacy Clause, states are prohibited from interfering with the Federal Government's exercise of its constitutional powers and from assuming any functions that are exclusively entrusted to the Federal Government, and

WHEREAS, the United States Supreme Court has ruled that the Federal Government has broad and exclusive power to regulate immigration, preempting state and local laws that also attempt to do so, and

WHEREAS, the Court held in Hines v. Davidowitz, 312 U.S. 52 (1941) that "the regulation of aliens is so intimately blended and intertwined with responsibilities of the national government that where it acts, and the state also acts on the same subject, the act of Congress or treaty is supreme; and the law of the state, though enacted in the exercise of powers not controverted, must yield to it," and

WHEREAS, the Court also held in Hines that "where the federal government, in the exercise of its superior authority in this field, has enacted a complete scheme of regulation," the "states cannot, inconsistently with the purpose of Congress, conflict or interfere with, curtail or complement, the federal law, or enforce additional or auxiliary regulations," and

WHEREAS, the State of Florida acknowledges that the Supremacy Clause of the United States Constitution limits a state's ability to prohibit through enforcement action activities of federal officers or agents, including federal contractors, which are expressly authorized by federal law, and 40

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WHEREAS, the Federal Government has a statutory duty to protect and care for the vulnerable children that Congress has placed in its custody and care, and

WHEREAS, the movement of vulnerable immigrant populations into, around, and out of the State of Florida is necessary to fulfill the Federal Government's statutory duties, and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Supremacy Clause, the State of Florida cannot interfere with or curtail that statutory duty; nor can the State of Florida enforce additional or auxiliary regulations upon federal immigration enforcement processes, and

WHEREAS, where this act is in conflict with federal immigration enforcement efforts, and where this act is inconsistent with the purpose and intent of Congress to care for vulnerable children, federal law takes precedence, NOW, THEREFORE,