

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
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01/27/2022 03:55 PM	•	
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Senator Farmer moved the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (349788) (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 94 - 335

5 and insert:

> 633.202 or to local ordinances related to affordable housing or residential tenant protections.

(7)(a)(6) Except as provided in paragraph (b), this section is intended to be prospective in nature and applies shall apply only to cases commenced on or after July 1, 2019.

(b) The amendments to this section effective October 1,

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2022, are prospective in nature and apply only to ordinances adopted on or after October 1, 2022.

Section 2. Present subsections (3) through (6) of section 125.66, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4) through (7), respectively, a new subsection (3) is added to that section, and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of that section is amended, to read:

125.66 Ordinances; enactment procedure; emergency ordinances; rezoning or change of land use ordinances or resolutions.-

(2) (a) The regular enactment procedure shall be as follows: The board of county commissioners at any regular or special meeting may enact or amend any ordinance, except as provided in subsection (5) (4), if notice of intent to consider such ordinance is given at least 10 days before such meeting by publication as provided in chapter 50. A copy of such notice shall be kept available for public inspection during the regular business hours of the office of the clerk of the board of county commissioners. The notice of proposed enactment shall state the date, time, and place of the meeting; the title or titles of proposed ordinances; and the place or places within the county where such proposed ordinances may be inspected by the public. The notice shall also advise that interested parties may appear at the meeting and be heard with respect to the proposed ordinance.

(3)(a) Before the enactment of a proposed ordinance, the board of county commissioners shall prepare or cause to be prepared a business impact estimate in accordance with this subsection. The business impact estimate must be posted on the

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county's website no later than the date the notice of proposed enactment is published pursuant to paragraph (2)(a) and must include all of the following:

- 1. A summary of the proposed ordinance, including a statement of the public purpose to be served by the proposed ordinance, such as serving the public health, safety, morals, and welfare of the county.
- 2. An estimate of the direct economic impact of the proposed ordinance on private for-profit businesses in the county, including the following, if any:
- a. An estimate of direct compliance costs businesses may reasonably incur if the ordinance is enacted.
- b. Identification of any new charge or fee on businesses subject to the proposed ordinance or for which businesses will be financially responsible.
- c. An estimate of the county's regulatory costs, including an estimate of revenues from any new charges or fees that will be imposed on businesses to cover such costs.
- 3. A good faith estimate of the number of businesses likely to be impacted by the ordinance.
- 4. Any additional information the board determines may be useful.
- (b) This subsection may not be construed to require a county to procure an accountant or other financial consultant to prepare the business impact estimate required by this subsection.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to local ordinances enacted to implement the following:
 - 1. Part II of chapter 163;



70	2. Section 553.73;
71	3. Section 633.202;
72	4. Sections 190.005 and 190.046;
73	5. Ordinances required to comply with federal or state law
74	or regulation;
75	6. Ordinances related to the issuance or refinancing of
76	<pre>debt;</pre>
77	7. Ordinances related to the adoption of budgets or budget
78	<pre>amendments;</pre>
79	8. Ordinances required to implement a contract or an
80	agreement, including, but not limited to, any federal, state,
81	local, or private grant, or other financial assistance accepted
82	by a county government;
83	9. Emergency ordinances; or
84	10. Ordinances related to affordable housing or residential
85	tenant protections.
86	Section 3. Section 125.675, Florida Statutes, is created to
87	read:
88	125.675 Legal challenges to certain recently enacted
89	ordinances.—
90	(1) A county must suspend enforcement of an ordinance that
91	is the subject of an action challenging the ordinance's validity
92	on the grounds that it is expressly preempted by the State
93	Constitution or by state law or is arbitrary or unreasonable if:
94	(a) The action was filed with the court no later than 90
95	days after the adoption of the ordinance;
96	(b) The complainant requests suspension in the initial
97	complaint or petition, citing this section; and
98	(c) The county has been served with a copy of the complaint



or petition.

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- (2) When the plaintiff appeals a final judgment finding that an ordinance is valid and enforceable, the county may enforce the ordinance 30 days after the entry of the order unless the plaintiff files a motion for a stay of the lower tribunal's order which is granted by the appellate court.
- (3) The court shall give cases in which the enforcement of an ordinance is suspended under this section priority over other pending cases and shall render a preliminary or final decision on the validity of the ordinance as expeditiously as possible.
- (4) The signature of an attorney or a party constitutes a certificate that he or she has read the pleading, motion, or other paper and that, to the best of his or her knowledge, information, and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, it is not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay, or for economic advantage, competitive reasons, or frivolous purposes or needless increase in the cost of litigation. If a pleading, motion, or other paper is signed in violation of these requirements, the court, upon its own initiative, shall impose upon the person who signed it, a represented party, or both, an appropriate sanction, which may include an order to pay to the other party or parties the amount of reasonable expenses incurred because of the filing of the pleading, motion, or other paper, including reasonable attorney fees.
- (5) This section does not apply to local ordinances enacted to implement the following:
 - (a) Part II of chapter 163;
 - (b) Section 553.73;



120	(C) Section 033.202;
129	(d) Sections 190.005 and 190.046;
130	(e) Ordinances required to comply with federal or state law
131	or regulation;
132	(f) Ordinances related to the issuance or refinancing of
133	debt;
134	(g) Ordinances related to the adoption of budgets or budget
135	amendments;
136	(h) Ordinances required to implement a contract or an
137	agreement, including, but not limited to, any federal, state,
138	local, or private grant, or other financial assistance accepted
139	by a county government;
140	(i) Emergency ordinances; or
141	(j) Ordinances related to affordable housing or residential
142	tenant protections.
143	(6) The court may award attorney fees and costs and damages
144	as provided in s. 57.112.
145	Section 4. Present subsections (4) through (8) of section
146	166.041, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5)
147	through (9), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to
148	that section, to read:
149	166.041 Procedures for adoption of ordinances and
150	resolutions.—
151	(4)(a) Before the enactment of a proposed ordinance, the
152	governing body of a municipality shall prepare or cause to be
153	prepared a business impact estimate in accordance with this
154	subsection. The business impact estimate must be posted on the
155	municipality's website no later than the date the notice of
156	proposed enactment is published pursuant to paragraph (3)(a) and



157	<pre>must include all of the following:</pre>
158	1. A summary of the proposed ordinance, including a
159	statement of the public purpose to be served by the proposed
160	ordinance, such as serving the public health, safety, morals,
161	and welfare of the municipality.
162	2. An estimate of the direct economic impact of the
163	proposed ordinance on private for-profit businesses in the
164	municipality, including the following, if any:
165	a. An estimate of direct compliance costs businesses may
166	reasonably incur if the ordinance is enacted;
167	b. Identification of any new charge or fee on businesses
168	subject to the proposed ordinance, or for which businesses will
169	be financially responsible; and
170	c. An estimate of the municipality's regulatory costs,
171	including an estimate of revenues from any new charges or fees
172	that will be imposed on businesses to cover such costs.
173	3. A good faith estimate of the number of businesses likely
174	to be impacted by the ordinance.
175	4. Any additional information the governing body determines
176	<pre>may be useful.</pre>
177	(b) This subsection may not be construed to require a
178	municipality to procure an accountant or other financial
179	consultant to prepare the business impact estimate required by
180	this subsection.
181	(c) This subsection does not apply to local ordinances
182	enacted to implement the following:
183	1. Part II of chapter 163;
184	2. Section 553.73;

3. Section 633.202;

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186	4. Sections 190.005 and 190.046;
187	5. Ordinances required to comply with federal or state law
188	or regulation;
189	6. Ordinances related to the issuance or refinancing of
190	<pre>debt;</pre>
191	7. Ordinances related to the adoption of budgets or budget
192	<pre>amendments;</pre>
193	8. Ordinances required to implement a contract or an
194	agreement, including, but not limited to, any federal, state,
195	local, or private grant, or other financial assistance accepted
196	<pre>by a local government;</pre>
197	9. Emergency ordinances; or
198	10. Ordinances related to affordable housing or residential
199	tenant protections.
200	Section 5. Section 166.0411, Florida Statutes, is created
201	to read:
202	166.0411 Legal challenges to certain recently enacted
203	ordinances.—
204	(1) A municipality must suspend enforcement of an ordinance
205	that is the subject of an action challenging the ordinance's
206	validity on the grounds that it is expressly preempted by the
207	State Constitution or by state law or is arbitrary or
208	<pre>unreasonable if:</pre>
209	(a) The action was filed with the court no later than 90
210	days after the adoption of the ordinance;
211	(b) The complainant requests suspension in the initial
212	complaint or petition, citing this section; and
213	(c) The municipality has been served with a copy of the
214	complaint or petition.

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- (2) When the plaintiff appeals a final judgment finding that an ordinance is valid and enforceable, the municipality may enforce the ordinance 30 days after the entry of the order unless the plaintiff files a motion for a stay of the lower tribunal's order which is granted by the appellate court.
- (3) The court shall give cases in which the enforcement of an ordinance is suspended under this section priority over other pending cases and shall render a preliminary or final decision on the validity of the ordinance as expeditiously as possible.
- (4) The signature of an attorney or a party constitutes a certificate that he or she has read the pleading, motion, or other paper and that, to the best of his or her knowledge, information, and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, it is not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay, or for economic advantage, competitive reasons, or frivolous purposes or needless increase in the cost of litigation. If a pleading, motion, or other paper is signed in violation of these requirements, the court, upon its own initiative, shall impose upon the person who signed it, a represented party, or both, an appropriate sanction, which may include an order to pay to the other party or parties the amount of reasonable expenses incurred because of the filing of the pleading, motion, or other paper, including reasonable attorney fees.
- (5) This section does not apply to local ordinances enacted to implement the following:
 - (a) Part II of chapter 163;
 - (b) Section 553.73;
 - (c) Section 633.202;



244 (d) Sections 190.005 and 190.046; (e) Ordinances required to comply with federal or state law 245 246 or regulation; 247 (f) Ordinances related to the issuance or refinancing of 248 debt; 249 (g) Ordinances related to the adoption of budgets or budget 250 amendments; 251 (h) Ordinances required to implement a contract or an 252 agreement, including, but not limited to, any federal, state, 253 local, or private grant, or other financial assistance accepted 254 by a municipal government; 255 (i) Emergency ordinances; or 256 (j) Ordinances related to affordable housing or residential 257 tenant protections. 258 259 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 260 And the title is amended as follows: 2.61 Delete lines 16 - 34 262 and insert: 263 action if certain conditions are met; authorizing a 264 prevailing county to enforce the ordinance after a 265 specified period, except under certain circumstances; 266 requiring courts to give priority to certain cases; 2.67 providing construction relating to an attorney's or a 268 party's signature; requiring a court to impose 269 sanctions under certain circumstances; providing 270 applicability; authorizing courts to award attorney 271 fees and costs and damages under certain 272 circumstances; amending s. 166.041, F.S.; requiring a

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governing body of a municipality to prepare or cause to be prepared a business impact estimate before the enactment of a proposed ordinance; specifying requirements for the posting and content of the estimate; providing construction and applicability; creating s. 166.0411, F.S.; requiring a municipality to suspend enforcement of an ordinance that is the subject of a certain legal action if certain conditions are met; authorizing a prevailing municipality to enforce the ordinance after a specified period, except under certain circumstances;