CS/HB 417 2022

1 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to property appraisers; amending s. 194.036, F.S.; revising the thresholds for variances in assessed value which allow a property appraiser to appeal decisions of the value adjustment board; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 194.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

194.036 Appeals.—Appeals of the decisions of the board shall be as follows:

- (1) If the property appraiser disagrees with the decision of the board, he or she may appeal the decision to the circuit court if one or more of the following criteria are met:
- (a) The property appraiser determines and affirmatively asserts in any legal proceeding that there is a specific constitutional or statutory violation, or a specific violation of administrative rules, in the decision of the board, except that nothing herein <u>authorizes</u> shall authorize the property appraiser to institute any suit to challenge the validity of any portion of the constitution or of any duly enacted legislative act of this state;
 - (b) There is a variance from the property appraiser's

Page 1 of 3

CS/HB 417 2022

assessed value in excess of the following: $\underline{25}$ $\underline{15}$ percent variance from any assessment of \$50,000 or less; $\underline{20}$ $\underline{10}$ percent variance from any assessment in excess of \$50,000 but not in excess of \$500,000; $\underline{17.5}$ $\underline{7.5}$ percent variance from any assessment in excess of \$500,000 but not in excess of \$1 million; or $\underline{15}$ $\underline{5}$ percent variance from any assessment in excess of \$1 million; or

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

There is an assertion by the property appraiser to the Department of Revenue that there exists a consistent and continuous violation of the intent of the law or administrative rules by the value adjustment board in its decisions. The property appraiser shall notify the department of those portions of the tax roll for which the assertion is made. The department shall thereupon notify the clerk of the board who shall, within 15 days of the notification by the department, send the written decisions of the board to the department. Within 30 days of the receipt of the decisions by the department, the department shall notify the property appraiser of its decision relative to further judicial proceedings. If the department finds upon investigation that a consistent and continuous violation of the intent of the law or administrative rules by the board has occurred, it must shall so inform the property appraiser, who may thereupon bring suit in circuit court against the value adjustment board for injunctive relief to prohibit continuation of the violation of the law or administrative rules and for a

CS/HB 417 2022

51

52

53

5455

56

57

58

59

60

61

mandatory injunction to restore the tax roll to its just value in such amount as determined by judicial proceeding. However, when a final judicial decision is rendered as a result of an appeal filed pursuant to this paragraph which alters or changes an assessment of a parcel of property of any taxpayer not a party to such procedure, such taxpayer shall have 60 days after from the date of the final judicial decision to file an action to contest such altered or changed assessment pursuant to s. 194.171(1), and the provisions of s. 194.171(2) may shall not bar such action.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

Page 3 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.