House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Floor: WD 03/02/2022 09:42 AM

Senator Polsky moved the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 199 - 242
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and insert:

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Section 3. Present subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section 390.011, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6), (7), and (8), respectively, present subsections (8) through (13) are renumbered as subsections (10) through (15), respectively, present subsection (6) is amended, and new subsections (5) and (9) are added to that section, to read: 390.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term: Florida Senate - 2022 Bill No. CS for HB 5

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12	(5) "Condition imminent" means a terminal condition that,
13	in reasonable medical judgment, regardless of the provision of
14	life-saving medical treatment, is incompatible with sustained
15	life outside the womb.
16	(7) (6) "Gestation" means the development of a human embryo
17	or fetus as calculated from the first day of the pregnant
18	woman's last menstrual period between fertilization and birth.
19	(9) "Medical abortion" means the administration or use of
20	an abortion-inducing drug to induce an abortion.
21	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 390.0111, Florida
22	Statutes, is amended to read:
23	390.0111 Termination of pregnancies
24	(1) TERMINATION <u>AFTER GESTATIONAL AGE OF 15 WEEKS</u> IN THIRD
25	TRIMESTER; WHEN ALLOWEDA physician may not perform a No
26	termination of pregnancy if the physician determines the
27	gestational age of the fetus is more than 15 weeks shall be
28	performed on any human being in the third trimester of pregnancy
29	unless one of the following conditions is met:
30	(a) Two physicians certify in writing that, in reasonable
31	medical judgment, the termination of the pregnancy is necessary
32	to save the pregnant woman's life or avert a serious risk of
33	substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major
34	bodily function of the pregnant woman other than a psychological
35	condition.
36	(b) The physician certifies in writing that, in reasonable
37	medical judgment, there is a medical necessity for legitimate
38	emergency medical procedures for termination of the pregnancy to
39	save the pregnant woman's life or avert a serious risk of
40	imminent substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a

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41	major bodily function of the pregnant woman other than a
42	psychological condition, and another physician is not available
43	for consultation.
44	(c) The fetus has not achieved viability under s. 390.01112
45	and two physicians certify in writing that, in reasonable
46	medical judgement, the fetus has a condition imminent.

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