1 2 An act relating to prescription drugs used in the 3 treatment of schizophrenia for Medicaid recipients; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; authorizing the approval of 4 5 drug products or certain medication prescribed for the 6 treatment of schizophrenia or schizotypal or 7 delusional disorders for Medicaid recipients who have 8 not met the step-therapy prior authorization criteria, 9 when the drug product or certain medication meets 10 specified criteria; providing an effective date. 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 14 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 15 409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.-The 17 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery 18 19 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a 20 21 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct 22 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the 23 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to 24 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined 25 in 42 C.F.R. s. 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion 26 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency 27 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid 28 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other 29 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,

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30 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed 31 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed 32 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to 33 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute 34 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the 35 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The 36 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the 37 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify 38 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a 39 provider's professional peers or the national quidelines of a provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to 40 41 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice 42 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, 43 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. 44 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy 45 management, or disease management participation for certain 46 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or 47 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible 48 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 49 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for 50 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform 51 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions 52 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is 53 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as 54 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through 55 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-56 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services 57 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without 58 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based

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59 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider 60 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance 61 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the 62 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, 63 64 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider 65 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, 66 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer 67 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, 68 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers 69 are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. 70 The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid 71 beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other 72 goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term 73 rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules 74 to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to 75 protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as 76 defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers 77 necessary to administer these policies.

(5) (a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribeddrug spending-control program that includes the following components:

1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The

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88 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the list 89 on an Internet website without following the rulemaking 90 procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded 91 from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the 92 amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day 93 supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed package is 94 greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the 95 agency to be a maintenance drug in which case a 100-day maximum supply may be authorized. The agency may seek any federal 96 97 waivers necessary to implement these cost-control programs and to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate 98 99 program, or alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer 100 rebates. The agency may adopt rules to administer this subparagraph. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited 101 102 contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must establish 103 procedures to ensure that:

a. There is a response to a request for prior authorization
by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours
after receipt of a request for prior authorization; and

b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in
an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response
within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

110 2. A provider of prescribed drugs is reimbursed in an 111 amount not to exceed the lesser of the actual acquisition cost 112 based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services National 113 Average Drug Acquisition Cost pricing files plus a professional 114 dispensing fee, the wholesale acquisition cost plus a 115 professional dispensing fee, the state maximum allowable cost 116 plus a professional dispensing fee, or the usual and customary

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117 charge billed by the provider.

3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for 118 119 managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using 120 significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The 121 management process may include, but is not limited to, 122 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims 123 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical 124 necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private 125 126 organization to provide drug-program-management services. The Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include 127 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, 128 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day 129 130 period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit 131 132 management program if he or she meets the specifications of this 133 provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance organization. 134

135 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network 136 based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, 137 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give 138 special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy 139 140 network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria 141 such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, 142 patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease 143 management services, and other characteristics. The agency may 144 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if it is 145 determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-

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146 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing 147 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy 148 network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other 149 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid 150 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing 151 requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by 152 the agency.

153 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that 154 requires Medicaid practitioners who issue written prescriptions 155 for medicinal drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad 156 for Medicaid prescriptions. The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-proof prescription pads by prescribers 157 who issue written prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The 158 159 agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or 160 statewide.

161 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require 162 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average 163 164 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products. 165 These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs 166 167 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a 168 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to 169 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

170 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as 171 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment 172 of such preferred drug list, negotiate supplemental rebates from 173 manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title 174 XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 14 percent of

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175 the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 176 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental 177 rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 percent. There is no upper limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The 178 179 agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or 180 generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement 181 to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage guarantees a 182 manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 183 Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred 184 drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not guaranteed placement on the preferred drug list by simply paying 185 186 the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the 187 188 Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as 189 the price of competing products minus federal and state rebates. 190 The agency may contract with an outside agency or contractor to 191 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes 192 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash 193 rebates. Value-added programs as a substitution for supplemental 194 rebates are prohibited. The agency may seek any federal waivers 195 to implement this initiative.

196 8.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug 197 management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that 198 has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems 199 to implement this program. The agency may seek federal waivers 200 to implement this program.

b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of
Children and Families, may implement the Medicaid behavioral
drug management system that is designed to improve the quality

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of care and behavioral health prescribing practices based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid behavioral drugs. The program may include the following elements:

210 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best 211 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as 212 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating 213 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate 214 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and 215 compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators that are based on national standards; and determine deviations 216 217 from best practice guidelines.

(II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and educating prescribers using best practice educational materials and peer-to-peer consultation.

(III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral health drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple sameclass behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential medication problems.

(V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs anddeviation from best practice guidelines.

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(VI) Use educational and technological approaches to

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2022534er 233 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers 234 in the use of practice guidelines. 235 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials. 236 (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences. 237 (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model 238 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill 239 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high 240 users of care. 241 9. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription drug 242 management system. 243 a. The agency may contract with a vendor that has 244 experience in operating prescription drug management systems in 245 order to implement this system. Any management system that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on 246 247 cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine 248 appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve 249

249 the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid 250 program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this 251 program.

252 b. The drug management system must be designed to improve 253 the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best 254 practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication 255 plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and 256 the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription 257 drugs. The program must:

(I) Provide for the adoption of best practice guidelines
for the prescribing and use of drugs in the Medicaid program,
including translating best practice guidelines into practice;
reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them to indicators

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that are based on national standards and practice patterns of clinical peers in their community, statewide, and nationally; and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.

(II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and educating prescribers using best practice educational materials and peer-to-peer consultation.

(III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of prescription drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to recipients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other potential medication problems.

10. The agency may contract for drug rebate administration, including, but not limited to, calculating rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate collections.

11. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective prescribing practices.

286 12. The agency may require prior authorization for 287 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may prior-288 authorize the use of a product:

a. For an indication not approved in labeling;b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or

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291 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse, or292 abuse.

294 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide 295 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence 296 for the use of a drug. The agency shall post prior 297 authorization, step-edit criteria and protocol, and updates to 298 the list of drugs that are subject to prior authorization on the 299 agency's Internet website within 21 days after the prior 300 authorization and step-edit criteria and protocol and updates 301 are approved by the agency. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "step-edit" means an automatic electronic review of 302 303 certain medications subject to prior authorization.

304 13. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and 305 Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior 306 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may 307 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use 308 309 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved 310 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may require the prescribing professional to provide information 311 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use 312 313 of a drug.

314 14. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior 315 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the 316 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug 317 list must be used within the previous 12 months before the 318 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy 319 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the

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320 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical 321 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug 322 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified 323 steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-324 therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug 325 326 product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior 327 authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the 328 agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation 329 that the product is medically necessary because:

a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat
the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical
alternative;

333 b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment 334 of the beneficiary's disease; or

c. <u>The drug product or medication of a similar drug class</u>
 <u>is prescribed for the treatment of schizophrenia or schizotypal</u>
 <u>or delusional disorders; prior authorization has been granted</u>
 <u>previously for the prescribed drug; and the medication was</u>
 dispensed to the patient during the previous 12 months; or

<u>d.</u> Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of
 the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective,
 or the number of doses have been ineffective.

The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific drugs in limited clinical situations.

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15. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program

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2022534er 349 for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients, 350 which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the 351 implementation and operation of the program. The return and 352 reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a 353 354 pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not 355 practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must 356 provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be 357 credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency 358 shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of 359 Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual 360 basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more 361 prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be 362 reused.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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