1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to local government communications
3	services; amending s. 125.421, F.S.; removing
4	provisions which require counties and entities of
5	local government to pay ad valorem taxes or fees under
6	specified conditions on certain telecommunications
7	facilities; removing a waiver on immunity on taxation
8	of property for counties or entities of local
9	government under such circumstances; amending s.
10	166.047, F.S.; removing provisions which require
11	municipalities and entities of local government to pay
12	ad valorem taxes or fees under specified conditions on
13	certain telecommunications facilities; removing a
14	waiver on immunity on taxation of property for
15	municipalities or entities of local government under
16	such circumstances; amending ss. 196.012, 199.183, and
17	212.08, F.S.; removing provisions prohibiting property
18	and use of two-way telecommunications services under
19	specified circumstances from receiving certain tax
20	exemptions; amending s. 350.81, F.S.; removing
21	provisions that identify procedures which must be
22	followed by governmental entities before providing
23	communications services; removing provisions relating
24	to the use of certain revenues to issue bonds to
25	finance communications services; removing provisions
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26 which provide certain procedures if revenues do not 27 exceed operating costs after a specified time period; 28 removing provisions exempting certain governmental 29 entities from certain requirements relating to telecommunications services; removing a provision 30 specifying that certain airport authorities or other 31 32 governmental entities are not exempt from certain 33 procedural requirements relating to telecommunications 34 services; providing an effective date. 35 36 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 37 Section 125.421, Florida Statutes, is amended 38 Section 1. 39 to read: Telecommunications services.-A telecommunications 40 125.421 41 company that is a county or other entity of local government may obtain or hold a certificate required by chapter 364, and the 42 43 obtaining or holding of said certificate serves a public purpose 44 only if the county or other entity of local government: 45 Separately accounts for the revenues, expenses, (1)46 property, and source of investment dollars associated with the 47 provision of such service; and 48 Is subject, without exemption, to all local (2) 49 requirements applicable to telecommunications companies.; and 50 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, pays, on Page 2 of 18

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51 its telecommunications facilities used to provide two-way 52 telecommunication services to the public for hire and for which 53 a certificate is required under chapter 364, ad valorem taxes, 54 or fees in amounts equal thereto, to any taxing jurisdiction in 55 which the county or other entity of local government operates. 56 Any entity of local government may pay and impose such ad 57 valorem taxes or fees. Any immunity of any county or other 58 entity of local government from taxation of the property taxed 59 by this section is hereby waived. 60 This section does not apply to the provision of 61 telecommunications services for internal operational needs of a 62 63 county or other entity of local government. This section does 64 not apply to the provision of internal information services, including, but not limited to, tax records, engineering records, 65 66 and property records, by a county or other entity of local government to the public for a fee. 67 Section 2. Section 166.047, Florida Statutes, is amended 68 69 to read: 70 166.047 Telecommunications services.-A telecommunications 71 company that is a municipality or other entity of local government may obtain or hold a certificate required by chapter 72 73 364, and the obtaining or holding of said certificate serves a 74 municipal or public purpose under the provision of s. 2(b), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, only if the municipality or 75

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76 other entity of local government: 77 Separately accounts for the revenues, expenses, (1)78 property, and source of investment dollars associated with the 79 provision of such services; and 80 Is subject, without exemption, to all local (2)requirements applicable to telecommunications companies.; and 81 82 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, pays, on 83 its telecommunications facilities used to provide two-way 84 telecommunications services to the public for hire and for which 85 a certificate is required pursuant to chapter 364, ad valorem 86 taxes, or fees in amounts equal thereto, to any taxing 87 jurisdiction in which the municipality or other entity of local 88 government operates. Any entity of local government may pay and 89 impose such ad valorem taxes or fees. 90 91 This section does not apply to the provision of 92 telecommunications services for internal operational needs of a 93 municipality or other entity of local government. This section does not apply to the provision of internal information 94 95 services, including, but not limited to, tax records, 96 engineering records, and property records, by a municipality or 97 other entity of local government to the public for a fee. 98 Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 196.012, Florida 99 Statutes, is amended to read: 196.012 Definitions.-For the purpose of this chapter, the 100

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101 following terms are defined as follows, except where the context
102 clearly indicates otherwise:

103 (6) Governmental, municipal, or public purpose or function shall be deemed to be served or performed when the lessee under 104 105 any leasehold interest created in property of the United States, the state or any of its political subdivisions, or any 106 107 municipality, agency, special district, authority, or other 108 public body corporate of the state is demonstrated to perform a 109 function or serve a governmental purpose which could properly be performed or served by an appropriate governmental unit or which 110 111 is demonstrated to perform a function or serve a purpose which would otherwise be a valid subject for the allocation of public 112 113 funds. For purposes of the preceding sentence, an activity 114 undertaken by a lessee which is permitted under the terms of its 115 lease of real property designated as an aviation area on an 116 airport layout plan which has been approved by the Federal 117 Aviation Administration and which real property is used for the 118 administration, operation, business offices and activities related specifically thereto in connection with the conduct of 119 120 an aircraft full service fixed base operation which provides 121 goods and services to the general aviation public in the 122 promotion of air commerce shall be deemed an activity which 123 serves a governmental, municipal, or public purpose or function. 124 Any activity undertaken by a lessee which is permitted under the 125 terms of its lease of real property designated as a public

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126 airport as defined in s. 332.004(14) by municipalities, 127 agencies, special districts, authorities, or other public bodies 128 corporate and public bodies politic of the state, a spaceport as 129 defined in s. 331.303, or which is located in a deepwater port 130 identified in s. 403.021(9)(b) and owned by one of the foregoing governmental units, subject to a leasehold or other possessory 131 132 interest of a nongovernmental lessee that is deemed to perform 133 an aviation, airport, aerospace, maritime, or port purpose or 134 operation shall be deemed an activity that serves a 135 governmental, municipal, or public purpose. The use by a lessee, 136 licensee, or management company of real property or a portion 137 thereof as a convention center, visitor center, sports facility with permanent seating, concert hall, arena, stadium, park, or 138 139 beach is deemed a use that serves a governmental, municipal, or 140 public purpose or function when access to the property is open 141 to the general public with or without a charge for admission. If property deeded to a municipality by the United States is 142 143 subject to a requirement that the Federal Government, through a schedule established by the Secretary of the Interior, determine 144 145 that the property is being maintained for public historic 146 preservation, park, or recreational purposes and if those 147 conditions are not met the property will revert back to the 148 Federal Government, then such property shall be deemed to serve 149 a municipal or public purpose. The term "governmental purpose" also includes a direct use of property on federal lands in 150

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151 connection with the Federal Government's Space Exploration 152 Program or spaceport activities as defined in s. 212.02(22). 153 Real property and tangible personal property owned by the 154 Federal Government or Space Florida and used for defense and 155 space exploration purposes or which is put to a use in support 156 thereof shall be deemed to perform an essential national 157 governmental purpose and shall be exempt. "Owned by the lessee" 158 as used in this chapter does not include personal property, 159 buildings, or other real property improvements used for the 160 administration, operation, business offices and activities 161 related specifically thereto in connection with the conduct of 162 an aircraft full service fixed based operation which provides 163 goods and services to the general aviation public in the 164 promotion of air commerce provided that the real property is 165 designated as an aviation area on an airport layout plan 166 approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. For purposes of 167 determination of "ownership," buildings and other real property 168 improvements which will revert to the airport authority or other 169 governmental unit upon expiration of the term of the lease shall 170 be deemed "owned" by the governmental unit and not the lessee. 171 Providing two-way telecommunications services to the public for 172 hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in 173 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under 174 chapter 364 does not constitute an exempt use for purposes of s. 175 196.199, unless the telecommunications services are provided by

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176	the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004,
177	for the operator's provision of telecommunications services for
178	the airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or licensees, or
179	unless the telecommunications services are provided by a public
180	hospital.
181	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 199.183, Florida
182	Statutes, is amended to read:
183	199.183 Taxpayers exempt from nonrecurring taxes
184	(1) Intangible personal property owned by this state or
185	any of its political subdivisions or municipalities shall be
186	exempt from taxation under this chapter. This exemption does not
187	apply to:
188	(a) Any leasehold or other interest that is described in
189	s. 199.023(1)(d), Florida Statutes 2005; or
100	5. 199.025(1) (d), 11011dd 56d6d665 2005, 01
190	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way
190	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way
190 191	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way the use of
190 191 192	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and
190 191 192 193	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, when the
190 191 192 193 194	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, when the service is provided by any county, municipality, or other
190 191 192 193 194 195	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, when the service is provided by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any
190 191 192 193 194 195 196	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, when the service is provided by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any political subdivision of the state or other entity of local
190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, when the service is provided by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any political subdivision of the state or other entity of local government from taxation of the property used to provide
190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198	(b) Property related to the provision of two-way telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, when the service is provided by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any political subdivision of the state or other entity of local government from taxation of the property used to provide telecommunication services that is taxed as a result of this

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201 provided by the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in 202 s. 332.004, for the operator's provision of telecommunications 203 services for the airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or 204 licensees, and intangible personal property related to the 205 provision of telecommunications services provided by a public 206 hospital, are exempt from taxation under this chapter.

207 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 208 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

209 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and 210 storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the 211 rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the 212 storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following 213 are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this 214 chapter.

215

(6) EXEMPTIONS; POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.-

216 (a) There are also exempt from the tax imposed by this 217 chapter sales made to the United States Government, a state, or 218 any county, municipality, or political subdivision of a state 219 when payment is made directly to the dealer by the governmental 220 entity. This exemption shall not inure to any transaction 221 otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a government employee by any means, including, but not limited to, 222 223 cash, check, or credit card when that employee is subsequently 224 reimbursed by the governmental entity. This exemption does not 225 include sales, rental, use, consumption, or storage for use in

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226 any political subdivision or municipality in this state of 227 machines and equipment and parts and accessories therefor used 228 in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electrical 229 energy by systems owned and operated by a political subdivision 230 in this state for transmission or distribution expansion. 231 Likewise exempt are charges for services rendered by radio and 232 television stations, including line charges, talent fees, or 233 license fees and charges for films, videotapes, and 234 transcriptions used in producing radio or television broadcasts. 235 The exemption provided in this subsection does not include 236 sales, rental, use, consumption, or storage for use in any 237 political subdivision or municipality in this state of machines 238 and equipment and parts and accessories therefor used in 239 providing two-way telecommunications services to the public for 240 hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in 241 s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under 242 chapter 364, which facility is owned and operated by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any 243 244 of any political subdivision of the immunity-state or other 245 entity of local government from taxation of the property used to 246 provide telecommunication services that is taxed as a result of 247 this section is hereby waived. However, the exemption provided 248 in this subsection includes transactions taxable under this 249 chapter which are for use by the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, in providing such 250

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telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or licensees, or which are for use by a public hospital for the provision of such telecommunications services. Section 6. Paragraphs (a) through (e), paragraphs (k) and (1) of subsection (2), and subsections (4) and (6) of section 350.81, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

257 350.81 Communications services offered by governmental 258 entities.-

259 (2) (a) A governmental entity that proposes to provide a 260 communications service shall hold no less than two public 261 hearings, which shall be held not less than 30 days apart. At 262 least 30 days before the first of the two public hearings, The 263 governmental entity must give notice of the hearing in the 264 predominant newspaper of general circulation in the area 265 considered for service. At least 40 days before the first public 266 hearing, the governmental entity must electronically provide 267 notice to the Department of Revenue and the Public Service 268 Commission, which shall post the notice on the department's and 269 the commission's website to be available to the public. The 270 Department of Revenue shall also send the notice by United 271 States Postal Service to the known addresses for all dealers of 272 communications services registered with the department under 273 chapter 202 or provide an electronic notification, if the means 274 are available, within 10 days after receiving the notice. The notice must include the time and place of the hearings and must 275

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276 state that the purpose of the hearings is to consider whether 277 the governmental entity will provide communications services. 278 The notice must include, at a minimum, the geographic areas 279 proposed to be served by the governmental entity and the 280 services, if any, which the governmental entity believes are not 281 currently being adequately provided. The notice must also state 282 that any dealer who wishes to do so may appear and be heard at 283 the public hearings. 284 (b) At a public hearing required by this subsection, a 285 governmental entity must, at a minimum, consider: 286 1. Whether the service that is proposed to be provided is 287 currently being offered in the community and, if so, whether the 288 service is generally available throughout the community. 289 2. Whether a similar service is currently being offered in 290 the community and, if so, whether the service is generally 291 available throughout the community. 292 2.3. If the same or similar service is not currently 293 offered, whether any other service provider proposes to offer 294 the same or a similar service and, if so, what assurances that 295 service provider is willing or able to offer regarding the same 296 or similar service. 297 3.4. The capital investment required by the government 298 entity to provide the communications service, the estimated 299 realistic cost of operation and maintenance and, using a full

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cost-accounting method, the estimated realistic revenues and

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301	expenses of providing the service and the proposed method of
302	financing.
303	4.5. The private and public costs and benefits of
304	providing the service by a private entity or a governmental
305	entity, including the affect on existing and future jobs, actual
306	economic development prospects, tax-base growth, education, and
307	public health.
308	(c) At one or more of the public hearings under this
309	subsection, the governmental entity must make available to the
310	public a written business plan for the proposed communications
311	service venture. containing, at a minimum:
312	1. The projected number of subscribers to be served by the
313	venture.
314	2. The geographic area to be served by the venture.
315	3. The types of communications services to be provided.
316	4. A plan to ensure that revenues exceed operating
317	expenses and payment of principal and interest on debt within 4
318	years.
319	5. Estimated capital and operational costs and revenues
320	for the first 4 years.
321	6. Projected network modernization and technological
322	upgrade plans, including estimated costs.
323	(d) After making specific findings regarding the factors
324	in paragraphs (b) and (c), The governmental entity may authorize
325	providing a communications service by a majority recorded vote
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326 and by resolution, ordinance, or other formal means of adoption. 327 (e)1. The governing body of a governmental entity may 328 issue one or more bonds to finance the capital costs for 329 facilities to provide a communications service. However: 330 1. A governmental entity may only pledge revenues in 331 support of the issuance of any bond to finance providing a 332 communications service: 333 a. Within the county in which the governmental entity is 334 located; 335 b. Within an area in which the governmental entity 336 provides electric service outside its home county under an 337 electric service territorial agreement approved by the Public 338 Service Commission before the effective date of this act; or 339 c. If the governmental entity is a municipality or special 340 district, within its corporate limits or in an area in which the 341 municipality or special district provides water, wastewater, 342 electric, or natural gas service, or within an urban service 343 area designated in a comprehensive plan, whichever is larger, 344 unless the municipality or special district obtains the -consent 345 by formal action of the governmental entity within the 346 boundaries of which the municipality or special district 347 proposes to provide service. For consent to be effective, any 348 governmental entity from which consent is sought shall be 349 located within the county in which the governmental entity is located or that county. 350

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2. Revenue bonds issued in order to finance providing a communications service are not subject to the approval of the electors if the revenue bonds mature within 15 years. Revenue bonds issued to finance providing a communications service that does not mature within 15 years must be approved by the electors. The election must be conducted as specified in chapter 100.

(k) The governmental entity shall conduct an annual review at a formal public meeting to consider the progress the governmental entity is making toward reaching its business plan goals and objectives for providing communication services. At the public meeting the governmental entity shall review the related revenues, operating expenses, and payment of interest on debt.

365 (1) If, after 4 years following the initiation of the 366 provision of communications services by a governmental entity or 367 4 years after the effective date of this act, whichever is 368 later, revenues do not exceed operating expenses and payment of 369 principal and interest on the debt for a governmental entity's 370 provision of communications services, no later than 60 days 371 following the end of the 4-year period a governmental entity 372 shall hold a public hearing at which the governmental entity 373 shall do at least one of the following: 374 Approve a plan to cease providing communications services; 375

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376 2. Approve a plan to dispose of the system the governmental entity is using to provide communications services 377 378 and, accordingly, to cease providing communications services; 379 3. Approve a plan to create a partnership with a private 380 entity in order to achieve operations in which revenues exceed 381 operating expenses and payment of principal and interest on 382 debt; or 383 4. Approve the continuing provision of communications 384 services by a majority vote of the governing body of the 385 governing authority. 386 (4) (a) If a governmental entity was providing, as of April 387 1, 2005, advanced services, cable services, or 388 telecommunications services, then it is not required to comply 389 with paragraph (2) (a), paragraph (2) (b), paragraph (2) (c), 390 paragraph (2)(d), sub-subparagraph (2)(e)1.c., paragraph (2)(f), 391 or paragraph (2) (k) in order to continue to provide advanced 392 services, cable services, or telecommunications services, 393 respectively, but it must comply with and be subject to all 394 other provisions of this section. 395 If a governmental entity, as of April 1, 2005, had (b) 396 issued debt pledging revenues from an advanced service, cable service, or telecommunications service, then it is not required 397 398 to comply with paragraph (2) (a), paragraph (2) (b), paragraph (2)(c), paragraph (2)(d), sub-subparagraph (2)(c)1.c., paragraph 399 400 (2)(f), or paragraph (2)(k) in order to provide advanced

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401 services, cable services, or telecommunications services, 402 respectively, but it must comply with and be subject to all 403 other provisions of this section. 404 (C) If a governmental entity, as of April 1, 2005, has 405 purchased equipment specifically for the provisioning of 406 advanced service, cable service, or telecommunication service, 407 and, as of May 6, 2005, has a population of less than 7,500, and 408 has authorized by formal action the providing of an advanced 409 service, cable service, or telecommunication service, then it is 410 not required to comply with paragraph (2)(a), paragraph (2)(b), 411 paragraph (2)(c), paragraph (2)(d), sub-subparagraph (2)(c)1.c., 412 paragraph (2)(f), or paragraph (2)(k) in order to provide 413 advanced service, cable service, or telecommunication service, 414 respectively, but it must comply with and be subject to all 415 other provisions of this section. 416

417 This subsection does not relieve a governmental entity from 418 complying with subsection (5).

(6) To ensure the safe and secure transportation of passengers and freight through an airport facility, as defined in s. 159.27(17), an airport authority or other governmental entity that provides or is proposing to provide communications services only within the boundaries of its airport layout plan, as defined in s. 333.01(6), to subscribers which are integral and essential to the safe and secure transportation of

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426 passengers and freight through the airport facility, is exempt 427 from this section. An airport authority or other governmental 428 entity that provides or is proposing to provide shared-tenant 429 service under s. 364.339, but not dial tone enabling subscribers 430 to complete calls outside the airport layout plan, to one or 431 more subscribers within its airport layout plan which are not 432 integral and essential to the safe and secure transportation of 433 passengers and freight through the airport facility is exempt 434 from this section. An airport authority or other governmental 435 entity that provides or is proposing to provide communications 436 services to one or more subscribers within its airport layout 437 plan which are not integral and essential to the safe and secure 438 transportation of passengers and freight through the airport 439 facility, or to one or more subscribers outside its airport 440 layout plan, is not exempt from this section. By way of example 441 and not limitation, the integral, essential subscribers may 442 include airlines and emergency service entities, and the 443 nonintegral, nonessential subscribers may include retail shops, 444 restaurants, hotels, or rental car companies. 445 Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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