By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senators Bradley, Berman, Book, and Stewart

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to posttraumatic stress disorder workers' compensation for law enforcement and correctional officers; amending s. 112.1815, F.S.; defining the term "first responder" for the purposes of including part-time and auxiliary law enforcement officers for workers' compensation benefits for posttraumatic stress disorder and for educational training related to mental health; creating s. 112.18155, F.S.; defining terms; providing that, under certain circumstances, posttraumatic stress disorder suffered by correctional officers and part-time correctional officers is an occupational disease compensable by workers' compensation benefits; specifying the evidentiary standard for demonstrating such disorder; specifying that benefits do not require a physical injury and are not subject to certain apportionment or limitations; providing a time for notice of injury or death; requiring the Department of Financial Services to adopt certain rules; requiring an employing agency to provide specified mental health training; amending ss. 111.09, 119.071, and 627.659, F.S.; revising cross-references; providing a declaration of important state interest; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 112.1815,

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Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

112.1815 Firefighters, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, and law enforcement officers; special provisions for employment-related accidents and injuries and posttraumatic stress disorder.—

- (5) (a) For the purposes of this section and chapter 440, and notwithstanding sub-subparagraph (2) (a) 3. and ss. 440.093 and 440.151(2), posttraumatic stress disorder, as described in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition, published by the American Psychiatric Association, suffered by a first responder is a compensable occupational disease within the meaning of subsection (4) and s. 440.151 if:
- 1. The posttraumatic stress disorder resulted from the first responder acting within the course of his or her employment as provided in s. 440.091; and
- 2. The first responder is examined and subsequently diagnosed with such disorder by a licensed psychiatrist who is an authorized treating physician as provided in chapter 440 due to one of the following events:
 - a. Seeing for oneself a deceased minor;
 - b. Directly witnessing the death of a minor;
- c. Directly witnessing an injury to a minor who subsequently died before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department;
- d. Participating in the physical treatment of an injured minor who subsequently died before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department;
- e. Manually transporting an injured minor who subsequently died before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department;

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f. Seeing for oneself a decedent whose death involved grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience;

- g. Directly witnessing a death, including suicide, that involved grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience;
- h. Directly witnessing a homicide regardless of whether the homicide was criminal or excusable, including murder, mass killing as defined in 28 U.S.C. s. 530C, manslaughter, self-defense, misadventure, and negligence;
- i. Directly witnessing an injury, including an attempted suicide, to a person who subsequently died before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department if the person was injured by grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience;
- j. Participating in the physical treatment of an injury, including an attempted suicide, to a person who subsequently died before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department if the person was injured by grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience; or
- k. Manually transporting a person who was injured, including by attempted suicide, and subsequently died before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department if the person was injured by grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience.
- (b) Such disorder must be demonstrated by clear and convincing medical evidence.
 - (c) Benefits for a first responder under this subsection:
- 1. Do not require a physical injury to the first responder; and

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- 2. Are not subject to:
- a. Apportionment due to a preexisting posttraumatic stress
 disorder;
- b. Any limitation on temporary benefits under s. 440.093; or
- c. The 1-percent limitation on permanent psychiatric impairment benefits under s. 440.15(3).
- (d) The time for notice of injury or death in cases of compensable posttraumatic stress disorder under this subsection is the same as in s. 440.151(6) and is measured from one of the qualifying events listed in subparagraph (a)2. or the manifestation of the disorder, whichever is later. A claim under this subsection must be properly noticed within 52 weeks after the qualifying event.
 - (e) As used in this subsection, the term:
 - 1. "Directly witnessing" means to see or hear for oneself.
- 2. "First responder" also includes a part-time law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10(6) and an auxiliary law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10(8).
- 3. "Manually transporting" means to perform physical labor to move the body of a wounded person for his or her safety or medical treatment.
 - 4.3. "Minor" has the same meaning as in s. 1.01(13).
- (f) The Department of Financial Services shall adopt rules specifying injuries qualifying as grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience for the purposes of this subsection.
- (6) An employing agency of a first responder, including volunteer first responders, must provide educational training

597-02657-22 2022664c1 117 related to mental health awareness, prevention, mitigation, and 118 treatment. As used in this subsection, the term "first 119 responder" also includes a part-time law enforcement officer as 120 defined in s. 943.10(6) and an auxiliary law enforcement officer 121 as defined in s. 943.10(8). 122 Section 2. Section 112.18155, Florida Statutes, is created 123 to read: 124 112.18155 Correctional officers and part-time correctional 125 officers; special provisions for posttraumatic stress disorder .-126 (1) As used in this section, the term: 127 (a) "Correctional officer" has the same meaning as in s. 128 943.10(2). 129 (b) "Directly witnessing" has the same meaning as in s. 130 112.1815(5)(e). 131 (c) "Manually transporting" has the same meaning as in s. 132 112.1815(5)(e). 133 (d) "Mass killing" means three or more killings in a single 134 incident. (e) "Part-time correctional officer" has the same meaning 135 136 as in s. 943.10(7). 137 (2) For purposes of this section and chapter 440, and 138 notwithstanding ss. 440.093 and 440.151(2), posttraumatic stress 139 disorder, as described in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual 140 of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition, published by the American Psychiatric Association, suffered by a correctional officer or 141 142 part-time correctional officer is a compensable occupational 143 disease within the meaning of s. 440.151 if: (a) The posttraumatic stress disorder resulted from the 144

correctional officer or part-time correctional officer acting

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within the course of his or her employment.

- (b) The correctional officer or part-time correctional
 officer is:
- 1. Examined by a licensed psychiatrist who is an authorized treating physician as provided in chapter 440.
- 2. Diagnosed by the psychiatrist described in subparagraph

 1. as suffering from posttraumatic stress disorder due to one of the following events:
- $\underline{\text{a. Being seriously injured by an inmate in a manner that}}$ shocks the conscience.
- b. Being taken hostage by an inmate or trapped in a lifethreatening situation as a result of an inmate's act.
- c. Directly witnessing an injury, including an attempted suicide, to a person who subsequently dies before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department if the person was injured by grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience.
- d. Participating in the physical treatment of an injury, including an attempted suicide, to a person who subsequently dies before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department if the person was injured by grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience.
- e. Manually transporting a person who was injured, including by suicide attempt, and subsequently dies before or upon arrival at a hospital emergency department if the person was injured by grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience.
- f. Directly witnessing a death, including a death by suicide, that involved grievous bodily harm of a nature that

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shocks the conscience.

- g. Directly witnessing a homicide regardless of whether the homicide was criminal or excusable, including murder, mass killing, manslaughter, self-defense, misadventure, and negligence.
- h. Seeing for oneself a decedent whose death involved grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience.
- (3) The posttraumatic stress disorder must be demonstrated by clear and convincing medical evidence.
- (4) Benefits for a correctional officer or part-time correctional officer under this section:
- (a) Do not require a physical injury to the correctional officer or part-time correctional officer.
 - (b) Are not subject to any of the following:
- $\underline{\mbox{1. Apportionment due to a preexisting posttraumatic stress}}$ disorder.
 - 2. Any limitation on temporary benefits under s. 440.093.
- 3. The 1-percent limitation on permanent psychiatric impairment benefits under s. 440.15(3).
- (5) The time for notice of injury or death in cases of compensable posttraumatic stress disorder under this section is the same as in s. 440.151(6) and is measured from one of the qualifying events listed in paragraph (2)(b) or the manifestation of the disorder, whichever is later. A claim under this section must be properly noticed within 52 weeks after the qualifying event.
- (6) The Department of Financial Services shall adopt rules specifying injuries qualifying as grievous bodily harm of a nature that shocks the conscience for the purposes of this

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section.

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- (7) An employing agency of a correctional officer or parttime correctional officer shall provide educational training related to mental health awareness, prevention, mitigation, and treatment.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 210 111.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 111.09 Peer support for first responders.-
 - (1) For purposes of this section, the term:
 - (a) "First responder" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.1815(1) s. 112.1815 and includes 911 public safety telecommunicators as defined in s. 401.465.
 - Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 119.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 119.071 General exemptions from inspection or copying of public records.—
 - (3) SECURITY AND FIRESAFETY.-
 - (d)1. Information relating to the Nationwide Public Safety Broadband Network established pursuant to 47 U.S.C. ss. 1401 et seq., held by an agency is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution if release of such information would reveal:
 - a. The design, development, construction, deployment, and operation of network facilities;
 - b. Network coverage, including geographical maps indicating actual or proposed locations of network infrastructure or facilities;
- c. The features, functions, and capabilities of network infrastructure and facilities;

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d. The features, functions, and capabilities of network services provided to first responders, as defined in <u>s.</u>

112.1815(1) <u>s. 112.1815</u>, and other network users;

- e. The design, features, functions, and capabilities of network devices provided to first responders and other network users; or
- f. Security, including cybersecurity, of the design, construction, and operation of the network and associated services and products.
- 2. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 627.659, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 627.659 Blanket health insurance; eligible groups.—Blanket health insurance is that form of health insurance which covers special groups of individuals as enumerated in one of the following subsections:
- (4) Under a policy or contract issued in the name of a volunteer fire department, first aid group, local emergency management agency as defined in s. 252.34(6), or other group of first responders as defined in $\underline{s.\ 112.1815(1)}\ \underline{s.\ 112.1815}$, which is deemed the policyholder, covering all or any grouping of the members or employees of the policyholder or covering all or any participants in an activity or operation sponsored or supervised by the policyholder.
- Section 6. The Legislature determines and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest.

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262		Section	7.	This	act	shall	take	effect	July	1,	2022			