

Amendment No.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION

ADOPTED	_____	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	_____	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	_____	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	_____	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	_____	(Y/N)
OTHER		

1 Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Rules Committee
 2 Representative Koster offered the following:

Amendment

Remove lines 39-138 and insert:

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 6 (3) "Elected special district officer in a special
 7 district with ad valorem taxing authority" means an officer
 8 elected by the qualified electors of a special district, or
 9 appointed to fill an unexpired term of such officer, and does
 10 not include an officer elected by landowners when an election by
 11 qualified electors is a condition precedent to the exercise of
 12 the ad valorem taxing authority under s. 190.006(3). If such
 13 condition precedent does not apply, the term "elected special
 14 district officer in a special district with ad valorem taxing
 15 authority" means an officer elected by any method prescribed by
 16 law for a special district with ad valorem taxing authority.

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17 (4) "Executive director" means the chief administrative
18 employee or officer of a department headed by a board or by the
19 Governor and Cabinet.

20 (5) "Federal government" means the United States Congress,
21 any federal executive branch department, office, agency, or
22 instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, or any federal
23 independent agency, including any unit thereof.

24 (6) "Governmental entity" means a state government body or
25 agency, the Legislature, a political subdivision, or the federal
26 government.

27 (7) "Issue of appropriation" means a legislative decision
28 to expend or approve an expenditure of public funds, including
29 decisions that are delegated to an administrator.

30 (8) "Issue of policy" means a change in a law or ordinance
31 or a decision, plan, or course of action designed to influence
32 or determine the subsequent decisions or actions of a
33 governmental entity, to sell or otherwise divest public
34 property, or to regulate conduct. The term does not include a
35 decision or determination of any rights, duties, or obligations
36 made on a case-by-case basis.

37 (9) "Issue of procurement" means a proposal to purchase or
38 acquire property, an interest in property, or services by a
39 governmental entity.

40 (10) "Legislative action" means introduction, sponsorship,
41 testimony, debate, voting, or any other official action on a

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42 measure, resolution, amendment, nomination, appointment, report,
43 or other matter.

44 (11) (a) "Lobby" means to influence or attempt to influence
45 an action or decision through oral, written, or electronic
46 communication and, with respect to:

47 1. A state government body or agency, is limited to
48 influencing decisions, other than administrative action, that
49 are vested in or delegated to the state government body or
50 agency, or an officer thereof;

51 2. The Legislature or other body that is vested with
52 legislative power or the power to propose revisions to the State
53 Constitution, is limited to influencing a procurement decision
54 or any legislative action or nonaction by either the Senate or
55 the House of Representatives, or any committee or office
56 thereof, or by such other body or a committee or office thereof;

57 3. A political subdivision, is limited to influencing
58 legislative actions or other discretionary decisions, but does
59 not include administrative actions; or

60 4. The federal government, is limited to influencing a
61 decision of the legislative or executive branch of the United
62 States government for which registration as a lobbyist is
63 required.

64 (b) The term "lobby" does not mean any of the following:

65 1. Providing or seeking to provide confidential
66 information to be used for law enforcement purposes.

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67 2. Appearing as a witness to provide information at the
68 written request of the chair of a legislative body or committee,
69 including a legislative delegation meeting.

70 3. Appearing or offering written testimony under oath as
71 an expert witness in any proceeding for any purpose related to
72 the proceeding and communications related to such testimony.

73 (12) (a) "Lobby for compensation" means being employed or
74 contracting for compensation, for the purpose of lobbying, and
75 includes being principally employed for governmental affairs to
76 lobby on behalf of a person or governmental entity.

77 (b) The term "lobby for compensation" does not include any
78 of the following:

79 1. A public officer carrying out the duties of his or her
80 public office.

81 2. A public or private employee, including an officer of a
82 private business, nonprofit entity, or governmental entity,
83 acting in the normal course of his or her duties, unless he or
84 she is principally employed for governmental affairs.

85 3. Advice or services to a governmental entity pursuant to
86 a contractual obligation with the governmental entity.

87 4. Representation of a person on a legal claim cognizable
88 in a court of law, in an administrative proceeding, or in front
89 of an adjudicatory body, including representation during
90 prelitigation offers, demands, and negotiations, but excluding
91 representation on a claim bill pending in the Legislature.

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92 5. Representation of a person in any proceeding on a
93 complaint or other allegation that could lead to discipline or
94 other adverse action against the person.

95 6. Representation of a person with respect to a subpoena
96 or other legal process.

97 (13) "Other agency head" means the chief administrative
98 employee or officer of a department that is not headed by an
99 executive director or secretary.

100 (14) "Political subdivision" means a county, municipality,
101 school district, special district with ad valorem taxing
102 authority, or any agency or unit thereof.

103 (15) "Principally employed for governmental affairs" means
104 that the principal or most significant responsibilities of the
105 employee is to oversee the employer's various relationships with
106 governmental entities or representing the employer in its
107 contacts with governmental entities.

108 (16) "Secretary" means the head of a department who is
109 appointed by the Governor.

110 (17) "State government body or agency" means any
111 department, agency, commission, council, board, or
112 instrumentality created by the State Constitution or established
113 by general law and any official or officer thereof. The term
114 includes, but is not limited to, a state attorney, a public
115 defender, a criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, and a
116 capital collateral regional counsel.