1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to implementation of the 3 constitutional prohibition against lobbying by a 4 public officer; creating s. 112.3121, F.S.; providing 5 definitions for the purpose of implementing the 6 constitutional prohibition against lobbying by a 7 public officer; creating s. 112.3122, F.S.; providing 8 applicability; providing for administration; requiring 9 the Commission on Ethics to report certain findings and recommendations to the Governor; providing 10 penalties for a violation of the constitutional 11 12 prohibition against lobbying by a public officer; 13 authorizing collection of such penalties by specified entities; providing an effective date. 14 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. Section 112.3121, Florida Statutes, is created 19 to read: 20 112.3121 Definitions.—As used in this section and for 21 purposes of implementing s. 8(f), Art. II of the State Constitution, the term: 22 23 "Administrative action" means any process or decision 24 regulated by chapter 120 or, for a state government body or

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agency or a political subdivision not subject to chapter 120,

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any action or a decision on a license, permit, waiver of regulation, development order or permit, or development agreement; any quasi-judicial proceeding on local government land use matters regulated by s. 286.0115(2); any decision subject to judicial review by petition for writ of certiorari or as otherwise prescribed by general law; or any other administrative procedure or procedure governed by existing law, ordinance, rule, or regulation, except on an issue of procurement.

- (2) "Compensation" means a payment, distribution, loan, advance, reimbursement, deposit, salary, fee, retainer, or anything of value provided or owed to a recipient, directly or indirectly, from any source for lobbying activity.
- (3) "Executive director" means the chief administrative employee or officer of a department headed by a board or by the Governor and Cabinet.
- (4) "Federal government" means the United States Congress, any federal executive branch department, office, agency, or instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, or any federal independent agency, including any unit thereof.
- (5) "Governmental entity" means a state government body or agency, the Legislature, a political subdivision, or the federal government.
- (6) "Issue of appropriation" means a legislative decision to expend or approve an expenditure of public funds, including

decisions that are delegated to an administrator.

- or a decision, plan, or course of action designed to influence or determine the subsequent decisions or actions of a governmental entity, to sell or otherwise divest public property, or to regulate conduct. The term does not include a decision or determination of any rights, duties, or obligations made on a case-by-case basis.
- (8) "Issue of procurement" means a proposal to purchase or acquire property, an interest in property, or services by a governmental entity.
- (9) "Legislative action" means introduction, sponsorship, testimony, debate, voting, or any other official action on a measure, resolution, amendment, nomination, appointment, report, or other matter.
- (10) (a) "Lobby" means to influence or attempt to influence an action or decision through oral, written, or electronic communication and, with respect to:
- 1. A state governmental body or agency, is limited to influencing decisions, other than administrative action, that are vested in or delegated to the state governmental body or agency, or an officer thereof;
- 2. The Legislature or other body that is vested with
  legislative power or the power to propose revisions to the State
  Constitution, is limited to influencing a procurement decision

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or any legislative action or nonaction by either the Senate or the House of Representatives, or any committee or office thereof;

- 3. A political subdivision, is limited to influencing legislative actions or other discretionary decisions, but does not include administrative actions; or
- 4. The federal government, is limited to influencing a decision of the legislative or executive branch of the United States government for which registration as a lobbyist is required.
  - (b) The term "lobby" does not mean any of the following:
- 1. Providing or seeking to provide confidential information to be used for law enforcement purposes.
- 2. Appearing as a witness to provide information at the written request of the chair of a legislative body or committee, including a legislative delegation meeting.
- 3. Appearing or offering written testimony under oath as an expert witness in any proceeding for any purpose related to the proceeding and communications related to such testimony.
- (11) (a) "Lobby for compensation" means being employed or contracting for compensation, for the purpose of lobbying, and includes being principally employed for governmental affairs to lobby on behalf of a person or governmental entity.
- (b) The term "lobby for compensation" does not include any of the following:

1. A public officer carrying out the duties of his or her public office.

- 2. A public or private employee, including an officer of a private business, nonprofit entity, or governmental entity, acting in the normal course of his or her duties, unless he or she is principally employed for governmental affairs.
- 3. Advice or services to a governmental entity pursuant to a contractual obligation with the governmental entity.
- 4. Representation of a person on a legal claim cognizable in a court of law, in an administrative proceeding, or in front of an adjudicatory body, including representation during prelitigation offers, demands, and negotiations, but excluding representation on a claim bill pending in the Legislature.
- 5. Representation of a person in any proceeding on a complaint or other allegation that could lead to discipline or other adverse action against the person.
- 6. Representation of a person with respect to a subpoena or other legal process.
- (12) "Other agency head" means the chief administrative employee or officer of a department that is not headed by an executive director or secretary.
- (13) "Political subdivision" means a county, municipality, school district, special district with ad valorem taxing authority, or any agency or unit thereof.
  - (14) "Principally employed for governmental affairs" means

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126	that the principal or most significant responsibilities of the
127	employee is to oversee the employer's various relationships with
128	governmental entities or representing the employer in its
129	contacts with governmental entities.
130	(15) "Secretary" means the head of a department who is
131	appointed by the Governor.
132	(16) "State government body or agency" means any
133	department, agency, commission, council, board, or
134	instrumentality created by the State Constitution or established
135	by general law and any official or officer thereof. The term
136	includes, but is not limited to, a state attorney, a public
137	defender, a criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, and a
138	capital collateral regional counsel.
139	Section 2. Section 112.3122, Florida Statutes, is created
140	to read:
141	112.3122 Enforcement and penalties for constitutional
142	prohibition against lobbying by a public officer.—
143	(1) Section 8(f), Art. II of the State Constitution
144	applies to persons serving as public officers on or after
145	December 31, 2022.
146	(2) For purposes of administrative enforcement, a
147	violation of s. 8(f), Art. II of the State Constitution is
148	deemed a violation of this part.
149	(3) If the commission finds that there has been a
150	violation of s. 8(f)(3), Art. II of the State Constitution, the

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151	commission must report its findings and recommendations for
152	appropriate action to the Governor who has the power to invoke
153	any of the penalties under subsection (4).
154	(4) A violation of s. 8(f), Art. II of the State
155	Constitution may be punished by one or more of the following:
156	(a) Public censure and reprimand.
157	(b) A civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000.
158	(c) Forfeiture of any pecuniary benefits received for
159	conduct that violates this section. The amount of the pecuniary
160	benefits must be paid to the General Revenue Fund.
161	(5) The Attorney General and Chief Financial Officer are
162	independently authorized to collect any penalty imposed under
163	this section.
164	Section 3. This act shall take effect December 31, 2022.

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