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A bill to be entitled An act relating to statewide flooding and sea level rise resilience; creating s. 14.2031, F.S.; establishing the Statewide Office of Resilience within the Executive Office of the Governor; providing for the appointment of a Chief Resilience Officer; specifying the duties of the Chief Resilience Officer; authorizing and requiring certain entities to assist the Chief Resilience Officer; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection, in consultation with the Chief Resilience Officer, to submit a report on flood resilience and mitigation efforts to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; providing report requirements; creating s. 339.157, F.S.; requiring the Department of Transportation to develop a resilience action plan based on certain criteria for the State Highway System; providing the goals and required components of the plan; requiring the department to submit the plan and plan status reports to the Governor and the Legislature by specified dates; amending s. 380.093, F.S.; providing definitions; revising the projects the Department of Environmental Protection may fund within the Resilient Florida Grant Program; revising vulnerability assessment requirements for noncoastal communities; extending the

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to

dates by which the department must complete a
comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea
level rise data set and assessment; requiring the data
set to be developed in coordination with the Florida
Flood Hub for Applied Research and Innovation;
requiring eligible projects submitted to the
department to be ranked and included in the Statewide
Flood and Sea Level Rise Resilience Plan; revising the
entities authorized to submit proposed projects by
specified dates; revising the annual amount of
proposed funding for the plan; amending s. 380.0933,
F.S.; requiring the Florida Flood Hub for Applied
Research and Innovation to provide tidal and storm
surge flooding data to counties and municipalities for
vulnerability assessments; amending s. 472.0366, F.S.;
revising the requirements for copies of evaluation
certificates that must be submitted to the Division of
Emergency Management; revising requirements for the
elevation certificates; providing an effective date.
It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
Section 1. Section 14.2031, Florida Statutes, is created
read:
14.2031 Statewide Office of Resilience

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(1) The Statewide Office of Resilience is established
within the Executive Office of the Governor for the purpose of
reviewing all flood resilience and mitigation activities in the
state and coordinating flood resilience and mitigation efforts
with federal, state, and local governmental entities and other
stakeholders. The office shall be headed by a Chief Resilience
Officer, who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the
Governor.

(2) The Chief Resilience Officer shall:

- (a) Serve as a subject-matter expert for the state on issues related to flood resilience and mitigation.
- (b) Be responsible for promoting and coordinating flood resilience and mitigation efforts in the state and identifying gaps across state-supported activities.
- (c) Provide strategic direction for interagency and cross-disciplinary initiatives to minimize the flood vulnerability of critical assets as defined in s. 380.093(2).
- (d) Work with federal, state, regional, and local governmental entities and nongovernmental entities to align flood resilience and mitigation priorities.
- (e) Collaborate with the Florida Flood Hub for Applied

 Research and Innovation and other appropriate entities to

 provide technical guidance to state agencies, as well as local
 and regional governmental entities, to incorporate future

 standards and projections regarding flooding, including sea

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level rise projections, into future state projects, plans, and programs.

- (f) Engage with state agencies and water management districts to innovate processes, programs, decision frameworks, and reporting mechanisms intended to bolster flood resilience and mitigation activities.
- (g) Consult with the Florida Flood Hub for Applied Research and Innovation to improve the usability of data products intended to inform state agencies and local governments.
- (3) All state and local governmental entities are authorized and directed to assist the Chief Resilience Officer to the extent such assistance is consistent with law and with budgetary constraints.
- Section 2. The Department of Environmental Protection shall prepare a report, in consultation with the Chief Resilience Officer, regarding flood resilience and mitigation efforts in the state. The department shall submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 15, 2022. The report must include:
- (1) A list of local governments that are required to comply with the requirements of s. 163.3178(2)(f) but are not in compliance, as reported by the Department of Economic Opportunity.

IOI	(2) A list of local governments that have completed
102	vulnerability assessments that comply with the requirements of
103	s. 380.093(3).
104	(3) An overview of the geographic distribution of entities
105	with funded projects in the Statewide Flooding and Sea Level
106	Rise Resilience Plan.
107	(4) A statewide inventory of basin-level flooding
108	assessments and other related basin-level planning efforts self-
109	reported by water management districts or special districts
110	authorized to submit projects pursuant to s. 380.093(5).
111	Section 3. Section 339.157, Florida Statutes, is created
112	to read:
113	339.157 Resilience action plan.—
114	(1) The department shall develop a resilience action plan
115	for the State Highway System based on current conditions and
116	forecasted future events. The goals of the action plan must be
117	to:
118	(a) Recommend strategies to enhance infrastructure and the
119	operational resilience of the State Highway System that may be
120	incorporated into the transportation asset management plan.
121	(b) Recommend design changes to retrofit existing state
122	highway facilities and to construct new state highway
123	facilities.
124	(c) Enhance partnerships to address multijurisdictional
125	resilience needs.

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	(2)	The	resilience	action	plan	must	include	all	of	the
follo	wing	:								

- (a) An assessment of the State Highway System to identify roadway facilities and drainage outfalls that may be subject to vulnerabilities associated with tidal, rainfall, the combination of tidal and rainfall, and storm surge flooding, including future projections of sea level rise, using existing data for current and forecasted future events. As part of the assessment, the department shall, using the most up-to-date National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration precipitation frequency and sea level rise data, do all of the following:
- 1. Synthesize historical and current infrastructure resilience issues statewide.
- 2. Evaluate alternatives for retrofitting existing systems and infrastructure.
- 3. Develop prioritization criteria for resilience project identification.
- 4. Develop a prioritized resilience needs project list, in addition to existing projects within the work program, with the associated costs and timeline.
- 5. Develop a statewide database identifying and documenting those assets vulnerable to current and future flooding. The department shall develop a cost estimate and schedule to enhance existing data to include site-specific details and existing criteria to improve the needs

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prioritization.

- (b) A systemic review of the department's policies, procedures, manuals, tools, and guidance documents to identify revisions that will facilitate cost-effective improvements to address existing and future State Highway System infrastructure vulnerabilities associated with flooding and sea level rise.
- (c) Provision of technical assistance to local agencies and modal partners on resilience issues related to the State Highway System and the deployment of local and regional solutions.
- (3) By June 30, 2023, the department shall submit the resilience action plan to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Every third year on June 30 thereafter, the department shall submit a status report reviewing updates to the action plan and the associated implementation activities.
- Section 4. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (3), paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4), and paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (f), and (i) of subsection (5) of section 380.093, Florida Statutes, are amended, and new paragraphs (c) and (d) are added to subsection (2) of that section, to read:
- 380.093 Resilient Florida Grant Program; comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise data set and assessment; Statewide Flooding and Sea Level Rise Resilience Plan; regional resilience entities.—

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

- (c) "Preconstruction activities" means activities
 associated with a project that occur before construction begins,
 including, but not limited to, design of the project, permitting
 for the project, surveys and data collection, site development,
 solicitation, public hearings, local code or comprehensive plan
 amendments, establishing local funding sources, and easement
 acquisition.
- (d) "Regionally significant assets" means critical assets
 that support the needs of communities spanning multiple
 geopolitical jurisdictions, including, but not limited to, water
 resource facilities, regional medical centers, emergency
 operations centers, regional utilities, major transportation
 hubs and corridors, airports, and seaports.
 - (3) RESILIENT FLORIDA GRANT PROGRAM. -
- (b) Subject to appropriation, the department may provide grants to a county or municipality to fund:
- 1. The costs of community resilience planning and necessary data collection for such planning, including comprehensive plan amendments and necessary corresponding analyses that address the requirements of s. 163.3178(2)(f) $\cdot \div$
- $\underline{2.}$ Vulnerability assessments that identify or address risks of $\underline{\text{inland or coastal}}$ flooding and sea level rise.
- 3. The development of projects, plans, and policies that allow communities to prepare for threats from flooding and sea

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201 level rise.; and

- 4. Preconstruction activities for projects to be submitted for inclusion in the Statewide Flooding and Sea Level Rise

 Resilience Plan that are located in a municipality that has a population of 10,000 or fewer or a county that has a population of 50,000 or fewer, according to the most recent April 1 population estimates posted on the Office of Economic and Demographic Research's website projects to adapt critical assets to the effects of flooding and sea level rise.
- (d) A vulnerability assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (b) must include all of the following, if applicable:
- 1. Peril of flood comprehensive plan amendments that address the requirements of s. 163.3178(2)(f), if the county or municipality is subject to such requirements and has not complied with such requirements as determined by the Department of Economic Opportunity.
 - 2. <u>If applicable,</u> the depth of:
- a. Tidal flooding, including future high tide flooding, which must use thresholds published and provided by the department. To the extent practicable, the analysis should also geographically display the number of tidal flood days expected for each scenario and planning horizon.
- b. Current and future storm surge flooding using publicly available National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or Federal Emergency Management Agency storm surge data. The

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initial storm surge event used must equal or exceed the current 100-year flood event. Higher frequency storm events may be analyzed to understand the exposure of a critical asset.

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- c. To the extent practicable, rainfall-induced flooding using spatiotemporal analysis or existing hydrologic and hydraulic modeling results. Future boundary conditions should be modified to consider sea level rise and high tide conditions. Vulnerability assessments for rainfall-induced flooding must include the depth of rainfall-induced flooding for a 100-year storm and a 500-year storm, as defined by the applicable water management district or, if necessary, the appropriate federal agency. Future rainfall conditions should be used, if available. Noncoastal communities must perform a rainfall-induced flooding assessment.
- d. To the extent practicable, compound flooding or the combination of tidal, storm surge, and rainfall-induced flooding.
 - 3. The following scenarios and standards:
- a. All analyses in the North American Vertical Datum of 1988.
- b. At least two local sea level rise scenarios, which must include the 2017 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration intermediate-low and intermediate-high sea level rise projections.
 - c. At least two planning horizons that include planning

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251 horizons for the years 2040 and 2070.

- d. Local sea level data that has been interpolated between the two closest National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration tide gauges. Local sea level data may be taken from one such gauge if the gauge has a higher mean sea level. Data taken from an alternate tide gauge may be used with appropriate rationale and department approval, as long as it is publicly available or submitted to the department pursuant to paragraph (b).
- (4) COMPREHENSIVE STATEWIDE FLOOD VULNERABILITY AND SEA LEVEL RISE DATA SET AND ASSESSMENT.—
- (a) By July 1, 2023 2022, the department shall complete the development of a comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise data set sufficient to conduct a comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise assessment. In developing the data set, the department shall, in coordination with the Florida Flood Hub for Applied Research and Innovation, compile, analyze, and incorporate, as appropriate, information related to vulnerability assessments submitted to the department pursuant to subsection (3) or any previously completed assessments that meet the requirements of subsection (3).
- 1. The Chief Science Officer shall, in coordination with necessary experts and resources, develop statewide sea level rise projections that incorporate temporal and spatial variability, to the extent practicable, for inclusion in the

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data set. This subparagraph does not supersede regionally adopted projections.

- 2. The data set must include information necessary to determine the risks to inland and coastal communities, including, but not limited to, elevation, tidal levels, and precipitation.
- (b) By July 1, 2024 2023, the department shall complete a comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise assessment that identifies inland and coastal infrastructure, geographic areas, and communities in the state that are vulnerable to flooding and sea level rise and the associated risks.
- 1. The department shall use the comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise data set to conduct the assessment.
- 2. The assessment must incorporate local and regional analyses of vulnerabilities and risks, including, as appropriate, local mitigation strategies and postdisaster redevelopment plans.
- 3. The assessment must include an inventory of critical assets, including regionally significant assets, that are essential for critical government and business functions, national security, public health and safety, the economy, flood and storm protection, water quality management, and wildlife habitat management, and must identify and analyze the

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vulnerability of and risks to such critical assets. When identifying critical assets for inclusion in the assessment, the department shall also take into consideration the critical assets identified by local governments and submitted to the department pursuant to subsection (3).

(5) STATEWIDE FLOODING AND SEA LEVEL RISE RESILIENCE PLAN.—

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By December 1, 2021, and each December 1 thereafter, the department shall develop a Statewide Flooding and Sea Level Rise Resilience Plan on a 3-year planning horizon and submit it to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The plan must consist of ranked projects that address risks of flooding and sea level rise to coastal and inland communities in the state. All eligible projects submitted to the department pursuant to this section must be ranked and included in the plan. Each plan must include a detailed narrative overview describing how the plan was developed, including a description of the methodology used by the department to determine project eligibility, a description of the methodology used to rank projects, the specific scoring system used, the project proposal application form, a copy of each submitted project proposal application form separated by eligible projects and ineligible projects, the total number of project proposals received and deemed eligible, the total funding requested, and the total funding requested for eligible

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326	projects.
520	Projects.

- (b) The plan submitted by December 1, 2021, before the comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise assessment is completed, will be a preliminary plan that includes projects that address addresses risks of flooding and sea level rise identified in available local government vulnerability assessments and projects submitted by water management districts that mitigate the risks of flooding or sea level rise on water supplies or water resources of the state. The plan submitted by December 1, 2022, and the plan submitted by December 1, 2023, will be updates an update to the preliminary plan. The plan submitted by December 1, 2024 2023, and each plan submitted by December 1 thereafter, shall address risks of flooding and sea level rise identified in the comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise assessment.
- (d)1. By September 1, 2021, and each September 1 thereafter, the following entities counties and municipalities may submit to the department a list of proposed projects that address risks of flooding or sea level rise identified in vulnerability assessments that meet the requirements of subsection (3): \cdot
 - a. Counties.
 - b. Municipalities.
 - c. Special districts as defined in s. 189.012 that are

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351	responsible for the management and maintenance of inlets and
352	intracoastal waterways or for the operation and maintenance of a
353	potable water facility, a wastewater facility, an airport, or a
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	seaport facility.
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356	For the plans submitted by December 1, 2021; December 1, 2022;
357	and December 1, 2023, such entities may submit projects
358	identified in existing vulnerability assessments that do not
359	comply with subsection (3). A regional resilience entity may
860	also submit such proposed projects to the department pursuant to
861	this subparagraph on behalf of one or more member counties or
862	municipalities.
863	2. By September 1, 2021, and each September 1 thereafter,
864	the following entities each water management district and flood
865	control district may submit to the department a list of any
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	proposed projects that mitigate the risks of flooding or sea
	proposed projects that mitigate the risks of flooding or sea level rise on water supplies or water resources of the state and
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367 368	level rise on water supplies or water resources of the state and
367 368 369 370	level rise on water supplies or water resources of the state and a corresponding evaluation of each project: \div
367 368 369 370	level rise on water supplies or water resources of the state and a corresponding evaluation of each project: a. Water management districts.
367 368 369	level rise on water supplies or water resources of the state and a corresponding evaluation of each project: <u>a. Water management districts.</u> <u>b. Drainage districts.</u>
367 368 369 370	level rise on water supplies or water resources of the state and a corresponding evaluation of each project: a. Water management districts. b. Drainage districts. c. Erosion control districts.
367 368 369 370 371	level rise on water supplies or water resources of the state and a corresponding evaluation of each project: a. Water management districts. b. Drainage districts. c. Erosion control districts. d. Flood control districts.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

this paragraph by a county, municipality, regional

entity, water management district, or flood control district for consideration by the department for inclusion in the plan must include:

- a. A description of the project.
- b. The location of the project.
- c. An estimate of how long the project will take to complete.
 - d. An estimate of the cost of the project.
 - e. The cost-share percentage available for the project.
 - f. The project sponsor.

- (f) To be eligible for inclusion in the plan, a project must have been submitted by a county, municipality, regional resilience entity, water management district, or flood control district pursuant to paragraph (d) or must have been identified in the comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise assessment, as applicable.
- (i) The total amount of funding proposed for each year of the plan may not be less than exceed \$100 million. Upon review and subject to appropriation, the Legislature shall approve funding for the projects as specified in the plan. Multiyear projects that receive funding for the first year of the project must be included in subsequent plans and funded until the project is complete, provided that the project sponsor has complied with all contractual obligations and funds are available.

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401	Section 5. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 380.0933,
402	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) and (5),
403	respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section
404	to read:
405	380.0933 Florida Flood Hub for Applied Research and
406	Innovation.—
407	(3) The hub shall provide tidal and storm surge flooding
408	data to counties and municipalities for vulnerability
409	assessments conducted pursuant to s. 380.093(3). The hub shall
410	provide rainfall-induced and compound flooding datasets;
411	however, more localized data or modeling may be used.
412	Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 472.0366, Florida
413	Statutes, is amended to read:
414	472.0366 Elevation certificates; requirements for
415	surveyors and mappers.—
416	(2) Beginning January 1, 2023 2017 , a surveyor and mapper
417	shall, within 30 days after completion, submit to the division a
418	digital copy of each elevation certificate that he or she
419	completes <u>as outlined on the division's website</u> . The copy must
420	be unaltered, except that the surveyor and mapper may redact the
421	name of the property owner. The copy need not be signed and
422	sealed when submitted to the division; however, an original
423	signed and sealed copy must be retained in the surveyor and
424	mapper's records as prescribed by rule of the board.
425	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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