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A bill to be entitled An act relating to elections; amending s. 15.21, F.S.; requiring the Secretary of State to notify the Attorney General if signatures required for an initiative petition are no longer valid; authorizing the Secretary of State to resubmit the initiative petition to the Attorney General if certain conditions are met; amending s. 16.061, F.S.; requiring the Attorney General to withdraw his or her petition for an advisory opinion by the Supreme Court if notified by the Secretary of State that the initiative petition no longer meets the criteria for review; requiring the Attorney General to file a new petition for an advisory opinion if the initiative petition subsequently qualifies for review; creating s. 97.022, F.S.; creating the Office of Election Crimes and Security within the Department of State; specifying the duties and structure of the office; providing for construction; requiring the department to annually report to the Governor and Legislature regarding the office's activities; specifying requirements for such report; amending s. 97.0291, F.S.; clarifying provisions governing the prohibition on the solicitation, acceptance, use, and disposal of donations for funding certain election-related

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expenses; amending s. 97.057, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 97.0575, F.S.; revising a limitation on the amount of aggregate fines which may be assessed against a third-party voter registration organization in a calendar year; specifying that a third-party voter registration organization is liable for a certain fine if a person collecting voter registration applications on its behalf is convicted of unlawfully altering any application; amending s. 98.065, F.S.; revising the frequency with which supervisors of elections must conduct a registration list maintenance program; modifying required components of registration list maintenance programs; amending s. 98.0655, F.S.; revising requirements for certain registration list maintenance forms to be prescribed by the Department of State; amending s. 98.075, F.S.; authorizing the Department of State to identify deceased registered voters using information received from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; amending s. 98.093, F.S.; requiring clerks of the circuit court and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to furnish additional information to the Department of State on a monthly basis; amending s. 100.041, F.S.; providing an exception to certain county commissioner election

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requirements for certain districts; amending s. 100.371, F.S.; revising duties of the supervisor with respect to the processing and retention of initiative petition forms; requiring the supervisor to post additional information regarding petition forms on his or her website; requiring the Secretary of State to notify the Financial Impact Estimating Conference if the signatures for an initiative petition are no longer valid; specifying conditions under which the Financial Impact Estimating Conference does not need to complete an analysis and financial impact statement for an initiative petition; creating s. 101.019, F.S.; prohibiting the use of ranked-choice voting to determine election or nomination to elective office; voiding existing or future local ordinances authorizing the use of ranked-choice voting; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; deleting provisions that prohibit using an address appearing on identification presented by an elector as a basis to confirm an elector's legal residence and asking an elector for certain information in certain circumstances; amending s. 101.5614, F.S.; requiring specified individuals observing the ballot duplication process to sign a specified affidavit acknowledging certain criminal penalties; prohibiting persons authorized to observe,

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review, or inspect ballot materials or observe canvassing from releasing certain information about an election before the closing of the polls; providing criminal penalties; amending s. 101.6103, F.S.; conforming certain provisions governing the Mail Ballot Election Act to provisions applicable to the mailing and canvassing of vote-by-mail ballots; amending s. 101.655, F.S.; revising the date by which requests for supervised voting must be made; amending s. 102.091, F.S.; requiring the Governor, in consultation with the executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement, to appoint special officers to investigate election law violations; specifying requirements for such special officers; providing construction; amending s. 102.101, F.S.; prohibiting a special officer from entering a polling place; providing exceptions; amending s. 104.0616, F.S.; increasing criminal penalties for certain unlawful acts involving vote-by-mail ballots; amending s. 104.185, F.S.; increasing criminal penalties for a person who signs another person's name or a fictitious name on specified petitions; amending s. 104.186, F.S.; increasing criminal penalties for a person who unlawfully compensates a petition circulator based on the number of petition forms gathered; amending s.

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101	124.011, F.S.; providing that certain county
102	commissioners must be elected at the general election
103	immediately following redistricting; requiring such
104	commissioners' terms to commence on a certain date;
105	providing applicability; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.;
106	ranking a specified offense involving vote-by-mail
107	ballots on the severity ranking chart of the Criminal
108	Punishment Code; providing legislative findings and
109	intent; requiring the Department of State to submit a
110	report to the Legislature by a specified date;
111	providing report requirements; providing effective
112	dates.
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114	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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116	Section 1. Section 15.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to
117	read:
118	15.21 Initiative petitions; s. 3, Art. XI, State
119	Constitution.—
120	(1) The Secretary of State shall immediately submit an
121	initiative petition to the Attorney General if the sponsor has:
122	$\underline{\text{(a)}}$ Registered as a political committee pursuant to s.
123	106.03;
124	$\underline{\text{(b)}}$ Submitted the ballot title, substance, and text of
125	the proposed revision or amendment to the Secretary of State

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126 pursuant to ss. 100.371 and 101.161; and 127 (c)(3) Obtained a letter from the Divis

- (c)(3) Obtained a letter from the Division of Elections confirming that the sponsor has submitted to the appropriate supervisors for verification, and the supervisors have verified, forms signed and dated equal to 25 percent of the number of electors statewide required by s. 3, Art. XI of the State Constitution in one-half of the congressional districts of the state.
- (2) If the Secretary of State has submitted an initiative petition to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (1) but the validity of the signatures for such initiative petition have expired pursuant to s. 100.371(11)(a) before securing ballot placement, the Secretary of State must promptly notify the Attorney General. The Secretary of State may resubmit the initiative petition to the Attorney General if the initiative petition is later circulated for placement on the ballot of a subsequent general election and the criteria under subsection (1) are satisfied.
- Section 2. Subsection (4) is added to section 16.061, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 16.061 Initiative petitions.—
- (4) If the Attorney General is notified by the Secretary of State pursuant to s. 15.21(2) that an initiative petition no longer qualifies for ballot placement for the ensuing general election, the Attorney General must withdraw his or her request

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CS/HB 7061

151	for an advisory opinion if the Supreme Court has not yet
152	fulfilled that request. If the Secretary of State subsequently
153	resubmits the initiative petition if the criteria in s. 15.21(1)
154	are again satisfied and the court has not issued its advisory
155	opinion, the Attorney General must file a new petition seeking
156	such advisory opinion.
157	Section 3. Section 97.022, Florida Statutes, is created to
158	read:
159	97.022 Office of Election Crimes and Security; creation;
160	purpose and duties.—
161	(1) The Office of Election Crimes and Security is created
162	within the Department of State. The purpose of the office is to
163	aid the Secretary of State in completion of his or her duties
164	under s. 97.012(12) and (15) by:
165	(a) Receiving and reviewing notices and reports generated
166	by government officials or any other person regarding alleged
167	occurrences of election law violations or election
168	irregularities in this state.
169	(b) Initiating independent inquiries and conducting
170	preliminary investigations into allegations of election law
171	violations or election irregularities in this state.
172	(2) The office may review complaints and conduct
173	preliminary investigations into alleged violations of the
174	Florida Election Code or any rule adopted pursuant thereto and
175	any election irregularities.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	_	(3)	The	secretary	shall	appoint	а	director	of	the	office.
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- (4) The office shall be based in Tallahassee and shall employ nonsworn investigators to conduct any investigations. The positions and resources necessary for the office to accomplish its duties shall be established through and subject to the legislative appropriations process.
- (5) The office shall oversee the department's voter fraud hotline.
- (6) This section does not limit the jurisdiction of any other office or agency of the state empowered by law to investigate, act upon, or dispose of alleged election law violations.
- submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives detailing information on investigations of alleged election law violations or election irregularities conducted during the prior calendar year. The report must include the total number of complaints received and independent investigations initiated and the number of complaints referred to another agency for further investigation or prosecution, including the total number of those matters sent to a special officer pursuant to s. 102.091. For each alleged violation or irregularity investigated, the report must include:
 - (a) The source of the alleged violation or irregularity;

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201	(b) The law allegedly violated or the nature of the
202	irregularity reported;
203	(c) The county in which the alleged violation or
204	irregularity occurred;
205	(d) Whether the alleged violation or irregularity was
206	referred to another agency for further investigation or
207	prosecution, and if so, to which agency; and
208	(e) The current status of the investigation or resulting
209	criminal case.
210	Section 4. Section 97.0291, Florida Statutes, is amended
211	to read:
212	97.0291 Prohibition on use of private funds for election-
213	related expenses.—No agency or state or local official
214	responsible for conducting elections, including, but not limited
215	to, a supervisor of elections, may solicit, accept, use, or
216	dispose of any donation in the form of money, grants, property,
217	or personal services from an individual or a nongovernmental
218	entity for the purpose of funding any type of election-related
219	expenses related to election administration, including, but not
220	<u>limited to</u> , or voter education, voter outreach, <u>voter</u> or
221	registration programs, or the cost of any litigation related to
222	election administration. This section does not prohibit the
223	donation and acceptance of space to be used for a polling room
224	or an early voting site.
225	Section 5. Subsection (13) of section 97.057, Florida

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226 Statutes, is amended to read:

- 97.057 Voter registration by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.—
- (13) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles must assist the Department of State in regularly identifying changes in residence address on the driver license or identification card of a voter. The Department of State must report each such change to the appropriate supervisor of elections who must change the voter's registration records in accordance with $\underline{s. 98.065(5)}$ $\underline{s. 98.065(4)}$.
- Section 6. Present subsections (4) through (7) of section 97.0575, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5) through (8), respectively, a new subsection (4) is added to that section, and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:
 - 97.0575 Third-party voter registrations.
- (3)(a) A third-party voter registration organization that collects voter registration applications serves as a fiduciary to the applicant, ensuring that any voter registration application entrusted to the organization, irrespective of party affiliation, race, ethnicity, or gender, must be promptly delivered to the division or the supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides within 14 days after the application was completed by the applicant, but not after registration closes for the next ensuing election. A third-party

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voter registration organization must notify the applicant at the time the application is collected that the organization might not deliver the application to the division or the supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides in less than 14 days or before registration closes for the next ensuing election and must advise the applicant that he or she may deliver the application in person or by mail. The third-party voter registration organization must also inform the applicant how to register online with the division and how to determine whether the application has been delivered. If a voter registration application collected by any third-party voter registration organization is not promptly delivered to the division or supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides, the third-party voter registration organization is liable for the following fines:

- 1. A fine in the amount of \$50 for each application received by the division or the supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides more than 14 days after the applicant delivered the completed voter registration application to the third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf. A fine in the amount of \$250 for each application received if the third-party voter registration organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf acted willfully.
 - 2. A fine in the amount of \$100 for each application

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collected by a third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, before book closing for any given election for federal or state office and received by the division or the supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides after the book-closing deadline for such election. A fine in the amount of \$500 for each application received if the third-party registration organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf acted willfully.

3. A fine in the amount of \$500 for each application collected by a third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, which is not submitted to the division or supervisor of elections in the county in which the applicant resides. A fine in the amount of \$1,000 for any application not submitted if the third-party voter registration organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf acted willfully.

The aggregate fine pursuant to this paragraph which may be assessed against a third-party voter registration organization, including affiliate organizations, for violations committed in a calendar year is \$50,000 \$1,000.

(4) If a person collecting voter registration applications on behalf of a third-party voter registration organization alters the voter registration application of any other person,

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without the other person's knowledge and consent, in violation of s. 104.012(4) and is subsequently convicted of such offense, the applicable third-party voter registration organization is liable for a fine in the amount of \$1,000 for each application altered.

Section 7. Effective January 1, 2023, present subsections (3) through (6) of section 98.065, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4) through (7), respectively, a new subsection (3) is added to that section, and subsection (2) and present subsections (3), (4), and (5) of that section are amended, to read:

- 98.065 Registration list maintenance programs. -
- (2) A supervisor must incorporate one or more of the following procedures in the supervisor's <u>annual</u> <u>biennial</u> registration list maintenance program under which <u>the supervisor</u> shall:
- (a) <u>Use</u> change-of-address information supplied by the United States Postal Service through its licensees is used to identify registered voters whose addresses might have changed. Additionally, in odd-numbered years, unless the supervisor is conducting the procedure specified in paragraph (b), the supervisor must identify change-of-address information from returned nonforwardable return-if-undeliverable address confirmation requests mailed to all registered voters who have not voted in the preceding two general elections and who have

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not made a request that their registration records be updated
during that time; or

- (b) <u>Identify</u> change-of-address information is identified from returned nonforwardable return-if-undeliverable mail sent to all registered voters in the county; or
- (c) Change-of-address information is identified from returned nonforwardable return-if-undeliverable address confirmation requests mailed to all registered voters who have not voted in the last 2 years and who did not make a written request that their registration records be updated during that time.
- (3) Address confirmation requests sent pursuant to paragraph (2) (a) and mail sent pursuant to paragraph (2) (b) must be addressed to the voter's address of legal residence, not including voters temporarily residing outside the county and registered in the precinct designated by the supervisor pursuant to s. 101.045(1). If a request is returned as undeliverable, any other notification sent to the voter pursuant to subsection (5) or s. 98.0655 must be addressed to the voter's mailing address on file, if any.
- (4) A registration list maintenance program must be conducted by each supervisor, at a minimum, once in each odd-numbered year and must be completed not later than 90 days before prior to the date of any federal election. All list maintenance actions associated with each voter must be entered,

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tracked, and maintained in the statewide voter registration system.

- (5)(a)(4)(a) If the supervisor receives change-of-address information pursuant to the activities conducted in subsection (2), from jury notices signed by the voter and returned to the courts, from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, or from other sources which indicates that a registered voter's legal residence might have changed to another location within the state, the supervisor must change the registration records to reflect the new address and must send the voter an address change notice as provided in s. 98.0655(2).
- (b) If the supervisor of elections receives change-of-address information pursuant to the activities conducted in subsection (2), from jury notices signed by the voter and returned to the courts, or from other sources which indicates that a registered voter's legal residence might have changed to a location outside the state, the supervisor of elections shall send an address confirmation final notice to the voter as provided in s. 98.0655(3).
- paragraph (2)(a) or (b) is returned as undeliverable without indication of an address change, or there is no response from the voter within 30 days, or if any other nonforwardable returnif-undeliverable mail is returned as undeliverable with no indication of an address change, the supervisor shall send an

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address confirmation final notice to all addresses on file for the voter.

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The supervisor must designate as inactive all voters (d) who have been sent an address confirmation final notice and who have not returned the postage prepaid, preaddressed return form within 30 days or for which the final notice has been returned as undeliverable. Names on the inactive list may not be used to calculate the number of signatures needed on any petition. A voter on the inactive list may be restored to the active list of voters upon the voter updating his or her registration and confirming his or her current address of legal residence, requesting a vote-by-mail ballot and confirming his or her current address of legal residence, or appearing to vote and confirming his or her current address of legal residence. However, if the voter does not update his or her voter registration information, request a vote-by-mail ballot, or vote by the second general election after being placed on the inactive list, the voter's name shall be removed from the statewide voter registration system and the voter shall be required to reregister to have his or her name restored to the statewide voter registration system.

(6)(5) A notice may not be issued pursuant to this section and a voter's name may not be removed from the statewide voter registration system later than 90 days prior to the date of a federal election. However, this section does not preclude the

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correction of registration records based on information submitted by the voter or removal of the name of a voter from the statewide voter registration system at any time upon the voter's written request, by reason of the voter's death, or upon a determination of the voter's ineligibility as provided in s. 98.075(7).

Section 8. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 98.0655, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

98.0655 Registration list maintenance forms.—The department shall prescribe registration list maintenance forms to be used by the supervisors which must include:

- (1) An address confirmation request that must contain:
- (a) The voter's name and address of legal residence as shown on the voter registration record; and
- (b) A request that the voter notify the supervisor if either the voter's name or address of legal residence is incorrect;
- (c) If the address confirmation request is required by s. 98.065(2)(a), a statement that if the voter has not changed his or her legal residence or has changed his or her legal residence within the state, the voter should return the form within 30 days after the date on which the notice was sent to the voter; and
- (d) Information about updating voter information through the online voter registration system.

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	(3)	An	addres	s conf	irmatic	n fina	al not	tice t	hat r	must	be	sent
to	the ne	wly	record	ed add	ress of	legal	l resi	idence	e, or	to	all	
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pos	stage p	repa	aid, pr	eaddre	ssed re	eturn :	form a	and a	state	emen	t th	at:

- (a) If the voter has not changed his or her legal residence or has changed his or her legal residence within the state, the voter should return the form within 30 days after the date on which the notice was sent to the voter.
- (b) If the voter has changed his or her legal residence to a location outside the state:
- 1. The voter shall return the form, which serves as a request to be removed from the registration books; and
- 2. The voter shall be provided with information on how to register in the new jurisdiction in order to be eligible to vote.
- (c) If the return form is not returned, the voter's name shall be designated as inactive in the statewide voter registration system, and confirmation of the voter's address of legal residence may be required before the voter is authorized to vote in an election.
- Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 98.075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 98.075 Registration records maintenance activities; ineligibility determinations.—

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451 (3) DECEASED PERSONS.-

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- (a)1. The department shall identify those registered voters who are deceased by comparing information received from either:
 - a. The Department of Health as provided in s. 98.093; or
- b. The United States Social Security Administration, including, but not limited to, any master death file or index compiled by the United States Social Security Administration; and
 - c. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
- 2. Within 7 days after receipt of such information through the statewide voter registration system, the supervisor shall remove the name of the registered voter.
- Section 10. Section 98.093, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 98.093 Duty of officials to furnish information relating to deceased persons, persons adjudicated mentally incapacitated, and persons convicted of a felony, and persons who are not United States citizens.—
- (1) In order to identify ineligible registered voters and maintain accurate and current voter registration records in the statewide voter registration system pursuant to procedures in s. 98.065 or s. 98.075, it is necessary for the department and supervisors of elections to receive or access certain information from state and federal officials and entities in the

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476 format prescribed.

- (2) To the maximum extent feasible, state and local government agencies shall facilitate provision of information and access to data to the department, including, but not limited to, databases that contain reliable criminal records and records of deceased persons. State and local government agencies that provide such data shall do so without charge if the direct cost incurred by those agencies is not significant.
- (a) The Department of Health shall furnish monthly to the department a list containing the name, address, date of birth, date of death, social security number, race, and sex of each deceased person 17 years of age or older.
- (b) Each clerk of the circuit court shall furnish monthly to the department:
- 1. A list of those persons who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting during the preceding calendar month, a list of those persons whose mental capacity with respect to voting has been restored during the preceding calendar month, and a list of those persons who have returned signed jury notices during the preceding months to the clerk of the circuit court indicating a change of address. Each list shall include the name, address, date of birth, race, sex, and, whichever is available, the Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, or social security number of each such person.

2. Information on the terms of sentence for felony
convictions, including any financial obligations for court
costs, fees, and fines, of all persons listed in the clerk's
records whose last known address in the clerk's records is
within this state and who have been convicted of a felony during
the preceding month. The information may be provided directly by
individual clerks of the circuit court or may be provided on
their behalf through the Comprehensive Case Information System.
For each felony conviction reported, the information must
<pre>include:</pre>

- a. The full name, last known address, date of birth, race, sex, and, if available, the Florida driver license number,

 Florida identification card number, and social security number of the person convicted.
- b. The amounts of all financial obligations, including restitution and court costs, fees, and fines, and, if known, the amount of financial obligations not yet satisfied.
 - c. The county in which the conviction occurred.
- d. The statute number violated, statute table text, date of conviction, and case number.
- (c) Upon receipt of information from the United States Attorney, listing persons convicted of a felony in federal court, the department shall use such information to identify registered voters or applicants for voter registration who may be potentially ineligible based on information provided in

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526 accordance with s. 98.075.

- (d) The Department of Law Enforcement shall identify those persons who have been convicted of a felony who appear in the voter registration records supplied by the statewide voter registration system, in a time and manner that enables the department to meet its obligations under state and federal law.
- (e) The Florida Commission on Offender Review shall furnish at least bimonthly to the department data, including the identity of those persons granted clemency in the preceding month or any updates to prior records which have occurred in the preceding month. The data shall contain the commission's case number and the person's name, address, date of birth, race, gender, Florida driver license number, Florida identification card number, or the last four digits of the social security number, if available, and references to record identifiers assigned by the Department of Corrections and the Department of Law Enforcement, a unique identifier of each clemency case, and the effective date of clemency of each person.
- (f) The Department of Corrections shall identify those persons who have been convicted of a felony and committed to its custody or placed on community supervision. The information must be provided to the department at a time and in a manner that enables the department to identify registered voters who are convicted felons and to meet its obligations under state and federal law.

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	(g)	The	Departme	ent	of	Highway	Safety	and	Motor	Vehicles
shall	furr	nish	monthly	to	the	departr	ment:			

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- 1. A list of those persons whose names have been removed from the driver license database because they have been licensed in another state. The list <u>must shall</u> contain the name, address, date of birth, sex, social security number, and driver license number of each such person.
- 2. A list of those persons who presented evidence of non-United States citizenship upon being issued a new or renewed Florida driver license or Florida identification card. The list must contain the name; address; date of birth; social security number, if applicable; and Florida driver license number or Florida identification card number, as applicable, of each such person.
- (3) This section does not limit or restrict the supervisor in his or her duty to remove the names of persons from the statewide voter registration system pursuant to s. 98.075(7) based upon information received from other sources.
- Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 100.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 100.041 Officers chosen at general election.-
- (2)(a) Except as provided in s. 124.011 relating to single member districts after decennial redistricting, each county commissioner from an odd-numbered district shall be elected at the general election in each year the number of which is a

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multiple of 4, for a 4-year term commencing on the second Tuesday following such election, and each county commissioner from an even-numbered district shall be elected at the general election in each even-numbered year the number of which is not a multiple of 4, for a 4-year term commencing on the second Tuesday following such election. A county commissioner is "elected" for purposes of this paragraph on the date that the county canvassing board certifies the results of the election pursuant to s. 102.151.

Section 12. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (11) and paragraph (a) of subsection (13) of section 100.371, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on ballot.-

(11) (a) An initiative petition form circulated for signature may not be bundled with or attached to any other petition. Each signature shall be dated when made and shall be valid until the next February 1 occurring in an even-numbered year for the purpose of the amendment appearing on the ballot for the general election occurring in that same year, provided all other requirements of law are met. The sponsor shall submit signed and dated forms to the supervisor of elections for the county of residence listed by the person signing the form for verification of the number of valid signatures obtained. If a signature on a petition is from a registered voter in another county, the supervisor shall notify the petition sponsor of the

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misfiled petition. The supervisor shall promptly verify the signatures within 60 days after receipt of the petition forms and payment of a fee for the actual cost of signature verification incurred by the supervisor. However, for petition forms submitted less than 60 days before February 1 of an even-numbered year, the supervisor shall promptly verify the signatures within 30 days after receipt of the form and payment of the fee for signature verification. The supervisor shall promptly record, in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State, the date each form is received by the supervisor, and the date the signature on the form is verified as valid. The supervisor may verify that the signature on a form is valid only if:

- 1. The form contains the original signature of the purported elector.
- 2. The purported elector has accurately recorded on the form the date on which he or she signed the form.
- 3. The form sets forth the purported elector's name, address, city, county, and voter registration number or date of birth.
- 4. The purported elector is, at the time he or she signs the form and at the time the form is verified, a duly qualified and registered elector in the state.
- 5. The signature was obtained legally, including that if a paid petition circulator was used, the circulator was validly

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registered under subsection (3) when the signature was obtained.

position.

The supervisor shall retain <u>all</u> the signature forms, separating forms verified as valid from those deemed invalid, for at least 1 year following the election <u>for</u> in which the <u>petition</u> was <u>circulated</u> issue appeared on the ballot or until the division notifies the supervisors of elections that the committee that <u>circulated</u> the <u>petition</u> is no longer seeking to obtain ballot

(c) On the last day of each month, or on the last day of each week from December 1 of an odd-numbered year through
February 1 of the following year, each supervisor shall post on his or her website the total number of signatures submitted, the total number of invalid signatures, the total number of

signatures processed, and the aggregate number of verified valid signatures and the distribution of such signatures by congressional district for each proposed amendment proposed by initiative, along with the following information specific to the reporting period: the total number of signed petition forms received, the total number of signatures verified, the distribution of verified valid signatures by congressional district, and the total number of verified petition forms forwarded to the Secretary of State.

(13) (a) At the same time the Secretary of State submits an initiative petition to the Attorney General pursuant to s.

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651 15.21, the secretary shall submit a copy of the initiative 652 petition to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference. Within 653 75 days after receipt of a proposed revision or amendment to the 654 State Constitution by initiative petition from the Secretary of 655 State, the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall complete 656 an analysis and financial impact statement to be placed on the 657 ballot of the estimated increase or decrease in any revenues or 658 costs to state or local governments and the overall impact to 659 the state budget resulting from the proposed initiative. The 75-660 day time limit is tolled when the Legislature is in session. The 661 Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall submit the 662 financial impact statement to the Attorney General and Secretary 663 of State. If the initiative petition has been submitted to the 664 Financial Impact Estimating Conference but the validity of 665 signatures has expired and the initiative petition no longer 666 qualifies for ballot placement at the ensuing general election, 667 the Secretary of State must notify the Financial Impact 668 Estimating Conference. The Financial Impact Estimating 669 Conference is not required to complete an analysis and financial 670 impact statement for an initiative petition that fails to meet 671 the requirements of subsection (1) for placement on the ballot before the 75-day time limit, including any tolling period, 672 673 expires. The initiative petition may be resubmitted to the 674 Financial Impact Estimating Conference if the initiative 675 petition meets the requisite criteria for a subsequent general

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676	election cycle. A new Financial Impact Estimating Conference					
677	shall be established at such time as the initiative petition					
678	again satisfies the criteria in s. 15.21(1).					
679	Section 13. Section 101.019, Florida Statutes, is created					
680	to read:					
681	101.019 Ranked-choice voting prohibited.—					
682	(1) A ranked-choice voting method that allows voters to					
683	rank candidates for an office in order of preference and have					
684	ballots cast be tabulated in multiple rounds following the					
685	elimination of a candidate until a single candidate attains a					
686	majority may not be used in determining the election or					
687	nomination of any candidate to any local, state, or federal					
688	elective office in this state.					
689	(2) Any existing or future ordinance enacted or adopted by					
690	a county, a municipality, or any other local governmental entity					
691	which is in conflict with this section is void.					
692	Section 14. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of					
693	section 101.043, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:					
694	101.043 Identification required at polls					
695	(1)					
696	(b) If the picture identification does not contain the					
697	signature of the elector, an additional identification that					
698	provides the elector's signature shall be required. The address					
699	appearing on the identification presented by the elector may not					
700	he used as the basis to confirm an elector's logal residence or					

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otherwise challenge an elector's legal residence. The elector shall sign his or her name in the space provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for recording the elector's signature. The clerk or inspector shall compare the signature with that on the identification provided by the elector and enter his or her initials in the space provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for that purpose and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or inspector is satisfied as to the identity of the elector.

(c) When an elector presents his or her picture identification to the clerk or inspector and the elector's address on the picture identification matches the elector's address in the supervisor's records, the elector may not be asked to provide additional information or to recite his or her home address.

Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and subsection (8) of section 101.5614, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 101.5614 Canvass of returns.—

(4)(a) If any vote-by-mail ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot properly be counted by the voting system's automatic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged ballot in an open and accessible room in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged ballot. Likewise, a duplicate ballot shall be made of a vote-by-mail ballot containing an overvoted race if there is a clear

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indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice in the overvoted race or ballot measure. A duplicate shall include all valid votes as determined by the canvassing board based on rules adopted by the division pursuant to s. 102.166(4). A duplicate may be made of a ballot containing an undervoted race or ballot measure if there is a clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice in the undervoted race or ballot measure. A duplicate may not include a vote if the voter's intent in such race or on such measure is not clear. Upon request, a physically present candidate, a political party official, a political committee official, or an authorized designee thereof, must be allowed to observe the duplication of ballots upon signing an affidavit affirming his or her acknowledgment that disclosure of election results discerned from observing the ballot duplication process while the election is ongoing is a felony, as provided under subsection (8). The observer must be allowed to observe the duplication of ballots in such a way that the observer is able to see the markings on each ballot and the duplication taking place. All duplicate ballots must be clearly labeled "duplicate," bear a serial number which shall be recorded on the defective ballot, and be counted in lieu of the defective ballot. The duplication of ballots must happen in the presence of at least one canvassing board member. After a ballot has been duplicated, the defective ballot shall be placed in an envelope

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provided for that purpose, and the duplicate ballot shall be tallied with the other ballots for that precinct. If any observer makes a reasonable objection to a duplicate of a ballot, the ballot must be presented to the canvassing board for a determination of the validity of the duplicate. The canvassing board must document the serial number of the ballot in the canvassing board's minutes. The canvassing board must decide whether the duplication is valid. If the duplicate ballot is determined to be valid, the duplicate ballot must be counted. If the duplicate ballot is determined to be invalid, the duplicate ballot must be rejected and a proper duplicate ballot must be made and counted in lieu of the original.

- (8) Any supervisor of elections, deputy supervisor of elections, canvassing board member, election board member, or election employee, or other person authorized to observe, review, or inspect ballot materials or observe canvassing who releases any information about votes cast for or against any candidate or ballot measure or any the results of any election before prior to the closing of the polls in that county on election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- Section 16. Subsections (1) and (6) of section 101.6103, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 101.6103 Mail ballot election procedure.-
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7), the

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supervisor of elections shall mail all official ballots with a secrecy envelope, a return mailing envelope, and instructions sufficient to describe the voting process to each elector entitled to vote in the election within the timeframes specified in s. 101.62(4) not sooner than the 20th day before the election and not later than the 10th day before the date of the election. All such ballots shall be mailed by first-class mail. Ballots shall be addressed to each elector at the address appearing in the registration records and placed in an envelope which is prominently marked "Do Not Forward."

(6) The canvassing board may begin the canvassing of mail ballots as provided by s. 101.68(2)(a). The criminal penalty specified in that paragraph for the release of results before 7 p.m. on election day is also applicable to canvassing conducted under this act at 7 a.m. on the sixth day before the election, including processing the ballots through the tabulating equipment. However, results may not be released until after 7 p.m. on election day. Any canvassing board member or election employee who releases any result before 7 p.m. on election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 101.655, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.655 Supervised voting by absent electors in certain facilities.—

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- (1) The supervisor of elections of a county shall provide supervised voting for absent electors residing in any assisted living facility, as defined in s. 429.02, or nursing home facility, as defined in s. 400.021, within that county at the request of any administrator of such a facility. Such request for supervised voting in the facility shall be made by submitting a written request to the supervisor of elections no later than $\underline{28}$ $\underline{21}$ days prior to the election for which that request is submitted. The request shall specify the name and address of the facility and the name of the electors who wish to vote by mail in that election. If the request contains the names of fewer than five voters, the supervisor of elections is not required to provide supervised voting.
- Section 18. Section 102.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 102.091 Duty of sheriff to watch for violations; appointment of special officers.—
- (1) The sheriff shall exercise strict vigilance in the detection of any violations of the election laws and in apprehending the violators.
- (2) The Governor, in consultation with the executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement, shall may appoint special officers to investigate alleged violations of the election laws, when it is deemed necessary to see that violators of the election laws are apprehended and punished. A special

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826 officer must be a sworn special agent employed by the Department 827 of Law Enforcement. At least one special officer must be 828 designated in each operational region of the Department of Law 829 Enforcement to serve as a dedicated investigator of alleged 830 violations of the election laws. Appointment as a special 831 officer does not preclude a sworn special agent from conducting 832 other investigations of alleged violations of law, provided that 833 such other investigations do not hinder or interfere with the 834 individual's ability to investigate alleged violations of the 835 election laws. 836 Section 19. Section 102.101, Florida Statutes, is amended 837 to read: 102.101 Sheriff and other officers not allowed in polling 838 839 place.—A No sheriff, a deputy sheriff, a police officer, a 840 special officer appointed pursuant to s. 102.091, or any other 841 officer of the law is not shall be allowed within a the polling 842 place without permission from the clerk or a majority of the 843 inspectors, except to cast his or her ballot. Upon the failure 844 of any such officer of said officers to comply with this section 845 provision, the clerk or the inspectors must or any one of them 846 shall make an affidavit against the such officer for his or her 847 arrest. 848 Section 20. Subsection (2) of section 104.0616, Florida 849 Statutes, is amended to read:

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104.0616 Vote-by-mail ballots and voting; violations.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(2) Any person who distributes, orders, requests, collects, delivers, or otherwise physically possesses more than two vote-by-mail ballots per election in addition to his or her own ballot or a ballot belonging to an immediate family member, except as provided in ss. 101.6105-101.694, including supervised voting at assisted living facilities and nursing home facilities as authorized under s. 101.655, commits a <u>felony misdemeanor</u> of the <u>third first</u> degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 104.185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 104.185 Petitions; knowingly signing more than once; signing another person's name or a fictitious name.—
- (2) A person who signs another person's name or a fictitious name to any petition to secure ballot position for a candidate, a minor political party, or an issue commits a <u>felony</u> misdemeanor of the <u>third first</u> degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 22. Section 104.186, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

104.186 Initiative petitions; violations.—A person who compensates a petition circulator as defined in s. 97.021 based on the number of petition forms gathered commits a <u>felony</u> misdemeanor of the <u>third first</u> degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.084. This section does not

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prohibit employment relationships that do not base payment on the number of signatures collected.

Section 23. Subsection (2) of section 124.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

124.011 Alternate procedure for the election of county commissioners to provide for single-member representation:
applicability.

- (2) (a) All commissioners shall be elected for 4-year terms which shall be staggered so that, alternately, one more or one less than half of the commissioners elected from residence areas and, if applicable, one of the commissioners elected at large from the entire county are elected every 2 years, except that any commissioner may be elected to an initial term of less than 4 years if necessary to achieve or maintain such system of staggered terms. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, at the general election immediately following redistricting directed by s. 1(e), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, each commissioner elected only by electors who reside in the district must be elected and terms thereafter shall be staggered as provided in s. 100.041.
- (b) The term of a commissioner elected under paragraph (a) commences on the second Tuesday after such election.
 - (c) This subsection does not apply to:
 - 1. Miami-Dade County.

2. Any county the charter of which limits the number of

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901	terms a commissioner may serve.	
902	3. Any county in which vot	ers have never approved a
903	charter amendment limiting the r	umber of terms a commissioner
904	may serve regardless of subseque	nt judicial nullification.
905	Section 24. Paragraph (a)	of subsection (3) of section
906	921.0022, Florida Statutes, is a	mended to read:
907	921.0022 Criminal Punishme	nt Code; offense severity
908	ranking chart.—	
909	(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKI	NG CHART
910	(a) LEVEL 1	
911	1	
	Florida Felony	
	Statute Degree	Description
912	2	
	24.118(3)(a) 3rd Count	erfeit or altered state
	lotte	ery ticket.
913	3	
	104.0616(2) 3rd Unlaw	fully distributing,
	order	ing, requesting,
	colle	ecting, delivering, or
	posse	essing vote-by-mail
	ballo	ts.
914	4	
	212.054(2)(b) 3rd Discr	retionary sales surtax;
	limit	ations, administration,
	Dava	27 - 145

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			and collection.
915			
	212.15(2)(b)	3rd	Failure to remit sales taxes,
			amount \$1,000 or more but less
			than \$20,000.
916			
	316.1935(1)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to elude
			law enforcement officer.
917			
	319.30(5)	3rd	Sell, exchange, give away
			certificate of title or
			identification number plate.
918			
	319.35(1)(a)	3rd	Tamper, adjust, change, etc.,
			an odometer.
919			
	320.26(1)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit, manufacture, or
			sell registration license
			plates or validation stickers.
920			
	322.212	3rd	Possession of forged, stolen,
	(1) (a)-(c)		counterfeit, or unlawfully
			issued driver license;
			possession of simulated
			identification.
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921			
	322.212(4)	3rd	Supply or aid in supplying
			unauthorized driver license or
			identification card.
922			
	322.212(5)(a)	3rd	False application for driver
			license or identification card.
923			
	414.39(3)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent misappropriation of
			public assistance funds by
			employee/official, value more
			than \$200.
924			
	443.071(1)	3rd	False statement or
			representation to obtain or
			increase reemployment
			assistance benefits.
925			
	509.151(1)	3rd	Defraud an innkeeper, food or
			lodging value \$1,000 or more.
926			
	517.302(1)	3rd	Violation of the Florida
			Securities and Investor
			Protection Act.
927			
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	713.69	3rd	Tenant removes property upon which lien has accrued, value
			\$1,000 or more.
928			
	812.014(3)(c)	3rd	Petit theft (3rd conviction);
			theft of any property not
			specified in subsection (2).
929			
	815.04(5)(a)	3rd	Offense against intellectual
			property (i.e., computer
			programs, data).
930			
	817.52(2)	3rd	Hiring with intent to defraud,
			motor vehicle services.
931	045 50040		
	817.569(2)	3rd	Use of public record or public
			records information or
			providing false information to facilitate commission of a
			felony.
932			rerouly.
7.7.2	826.01	3rd	Bigamy.
933	020.01	014	2-9
	828.122(3)	3rd	Fighting or baiting animals.
934	. /	·	

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	831.04(1)	3rd	Any erasure, alteration, etc.,
			of any replacement deed, map,
			plat, or other document listed
			in s. 92.28.
935			
	831.31(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, deliver, or possess
			counterfeit controlled
			substances, all but s.
			893.03(5) drugs.
936			
	832.041(1)	3rd	Stopping payment with intent to
			defraud \$150 or more.
937			
	832.05(2)(b) &	3rd	Knowing, making, issuing
	, , , , , ,		
	(4) (c)		worthless checks \$150 or more
			worthless checks \$150 or more or obtaining property in return
			or obtaining property in return
938			or obtaining property in return for worthless check \$150 or
938		3rd	or obtaining property in return for worthless check \$150 or more.
938	(4) (c)		or obtaining property in return for worthless check \$150 or more.
	(4) (c)		or obtaining property in return for worthless check \$150 or more. Commercial bribe receiving.
	(4) (c) 838.15(2)	3rd	or obtaining property in return for worthless check \$150 or more. Commercial bribe receiving.
939	(4) (c) 838.15(2)	3rd	or obtaining property in return for worthless check \$150 or more. Commercial bribe receiving.
939	(4) (c) 838.15(2) 838.16	3rd 3rd	or obtaining property in return for worthless check \$150 or more. Commercial bribe receiving. Commercial bribery.

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941			
	847.011(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, distribute, etc.,
			obscene, lewd, etc., material
			(2nd conviction).
942			
	849.09(1)(a)-(d)	3rd	Lottery; set up, promote, etc.,
			or assist therein, conduct or
			advertise drawing for prizes,
			or dispose of property or money
			by means of lottery.
943			
	849.23	3rd	Gambling-related machines;
			"common offender" as to
			property rights.
944			
0.45	849.25(2)	3rd	Engaging in bookmaking.
945	0.60, 0.0	2 1	T - C - '-1
	860.08	3rd	Interfere with a railroad
946			signal.
940	860.13(1)(a)	3rd	Operate aircraft while under
	000.13(1)(a)	JIU	the influence.
947			che initiuchee.
<i>J</i> 1 /	893.13(2)(a)2.	3rd	Purchase of cannabis.
948	230.20 (2) (\alpha, 2.	0 = 0	
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	893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).				
949							
	934.03(1)(a)	3rd	Intercepts, or procures any				
			other person to intercept, any				
			wire or oral communication.				
950							
951	Section 25.	(1) It	is the intent of the Legislature to				
952	balance the security of vote-by-mail balloting with voter						
953	privacy and election transparency. The Legislature finds that						
954	further modifications to procedures governing vote-by-mail						
955	balloting would help to further ensure election integrity while						
956	also protecting voters from identity theft and preserving the						
957	public's right to participate in election processes. To achieve						
958	this purpose, the Legislature directs the Department of State to						
959	provide a plan to prescribe the use of a Florida driver license						
960	number, Florida identification card number, social security						
961	number, or any part thereof to confirm the identity of each						
962	elector returning a vote-by-mail ballot.						
963	(2) The Department of State shall review issues involving						
964	the feasibility, development, and implementation of such a plan,						
965	including issues related to:						
966	(a) In coordination with other agencies such as the						
967	Department of Hig	hway Safe	ety and Motor Vehicles, obtaining a				
968	Florida driver li	cense num	ber or Florida identification card				

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969	number and the last four digits of a social security number for
970	each registered voter who does not have such numbers on file in
971	the Florida Voter Registration System.
972	(b) Populating such numbers in the Florida Voter
973	Registration System.
974	(c) Protecting identifying numbers submitted with a vote-
975	by-mail ballot, including, but not limited to, prescribing the
976	form of the return mailing envelope.
977	(d) Any necessary modifications to canvassing procedures
978	for vote-by-mail ballots.
979	(e) Costs associated with development and implementation
980	of the plan.
981	(f) A proposal for a program to educate electors on
982	changes to the vote-by-mail process.
983	(g) A proposal for including a declaration of an elector's
984	current address of legal residence with each written request for
985	a vote-by-mail ballot.
986	(3) In the course of reviewing the required issues, the
987	Department of State must, at a minimum:
988	(a) Review relevant processes of other states.
989	(b) Review relevant federal law.
990	(c) Seek input from supervisors of elections, which must
991	include representation from supervisors of counties with large,
992	medium, and small populations.

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By January 1, 2023, the Department of State shall

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

993

House of Representatives a report on the plan and draft

legislation for any statutory changes needed to implement the

plan, including any necessary public records exemptions.

Section 26. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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