${\bf By}$ Senator Rodriguez

	39-00934-22 2022708
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to native language assessments in
3	public schools; amending s. 1003.435, F.S.; requiring
4	that a high school equivalency examination
5	administered in any language other than English be
6	given the same weight as a high school equivalency
7	examination administered in English; amending s.
8	1008.2125, F.S.; requiring written portions of the
9	coordinated screening and progress monitoring program
10	for students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten
11	Education Program through grade 3 to be in specified
12	native languages; requiring school districts to
13	administer the screening and monitoring in a native
14	language to certain students; providing for the
15	determination of when it is appropriate to administer
16	native language versions of the screening and
17	monitoring; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; revising
18	requirements of the statewide, standardized assessment
19	program to include native language versions of related
20	assessments; requiring school districts to administer
21	native language versions of such assessments to
22	certain English language learners and other students
23	for whom it is appropriate; providing for the
24	determination of when it is appropriate to administer
25	native language versions of such assessments;
26	requiring the Department of Education to create a
27	timetable and action plan for the development and
28	adoption of native language versions of the
29	assessments; requiring the state to accept results on

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30	the high school equivalency examination from any
31	language version of the examination; providing for the
32	administration of standardized assessments; requiring
33	the department to develop or identify content
34	assessments in target languages; providing for the
35	administration of content assessments in target
36	languages in certain education programs; requiring the
37	department to create a timetable and an action plan
38	for the development and adoption of native language
39	examinations; requiring the Commissioner of Education
40	to identify alternative assessments and passing scores
41	for a specified purpose; requiring the State Board of
42	Education to approve by rule passing scores on
43	alternative assessments; providing an effective date.
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45	WHEREAS, the federal Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)
46	includes the purpose of assisting all English learners,
47	including immigrant children and youth, in achieving at high
48	levels in academic subjects so that all English learners can
49	meet the same challenging state academic standards that all
50	students are expected to meet, and
51	WHEREAS, the ESSA requires states to make every effort to
52	develop annual academic assessments in languages other than
53	English which are present to a significant extent in the
54	participating student population, and
55	WHEREAS, Florida's diversity of English language learners
56	surpasses most states in the country, and
57	WHEREAS, Florida is ranked third nationally in English
58	language learner population and, although Spanish is the native

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    language of the majority of these students, English language
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    learners in this state speak more than 200 different languages,
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    and
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         WHEREAS, all students within this state should be given an
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    equitable opportunity to study and learn subjects required for
    grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation, and
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         WHEREAS, the current system of testing students for
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    accountability purposes in a language the students do not
    understand does not provide accurate information about how well
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    English language learners are learning content area subjects,
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    NOW, THEREFORE,
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    Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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         Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 1003.435, Florida
    Statutes, is amended to read:
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         1003.435 High school equivalency diploma program.-
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          (5) Each district school board shall develop, in
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    cooperation with the area Florida College System institution
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    board of trustees, a plan for the provision of advanced
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    instruction for those students who attain satisfactory
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    performance on the high school equivalency examination or the
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    subject area examinations or who demonstrate through other means
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    a readiness to engage in postsecondary-level academic work. The
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    plan shall include provisions for the equitable distribution of
    generated funds to cover personnel, maintenance, and other costs
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    of offering the advanced instruction. Priority shall be given to
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    programs of advanced instruction offered in high school
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    facilities. A high school equivalency examination administered
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88	in a language other than English must be given the same weight
89	as a high school equivalency examination administered in
90	English.
91	Section 2. Paragraph (h) is added to subsection (1) of
92	section 1008.2125, Florida Statutes, to read:
93	1008.2125 Coordinated screening and progress monitoring
94	program for students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education
95	Program through grade 3
96	(1) The primary purpose of the coordinated screening and
97	progress monitoring program for students in the Voluntary
98	Prekindergarten Education Program through grade 3 is to provide
99	information on students' progress in mastering the appropriate
100	grade-level standards and to provide information on their
101	progress to parents, teachers, and school and program
102	administrators. Data shall be used by Voluntary Prekindergarten
103	Education Program providers and school districts to improve
104	instruction, by parents and teachers to guide learning
105	objectives and provide timely and appropriate supports and
106	interventions to students not meeting grade-level expectations,
107	and by the public to assess the cost benefit of the expenditure
108	of taxpayer dollars. The coordinated screening and progress
109	monitoring program must:
110	(h) For any written portion of the screening and progress
111	monitoring, include native language versions for the three most
112	prevalent languages represented in the English language learner
113	population within this state. For students who are English
114	language learners enrolled in a dual language program and for
115	whom it is appropriate, each school district shall administer,
116	as appropriate, the native language screening or progress

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146	assessment program, the school district must notify the
147	student's parent and provide the parent with information
148	regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. The
149	statewide, standardized assessment program shall be designed and
150	implemented as follows:
151	(a) Statewide, standardized comprehensive assessmentsThe
152	statewide, standardized English Language Arts (ELA) assessments
153	shall be administered to students in grades 3 through 10. Retake
154	opportunities for the grade 10 ELA assessment must be provided.
155	Reading passages and writing prompts for ELA assessments shall
156	incorporate grade-level core curricula content from social
157	studies. The statewide, standardized Mathematics assessments
158	shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 8. The
159	statewide, standardized Science assessment shall be administered
160	annually at least once at the elementary and middle grades
161	levels. In order to earn a standard high school diploma, a
162	student who has not earned a passing score on the grade 10 ELA
163	assessment must earn a passing score on the assessment retake or
164	earn a concordant score as authorized under subsection (10) (9).
165	Statewide, standardized ELA and Mathematics assessments in
166	grades 3 through 6 must be delivered in a paper-based format.
167	(d) Students with disabilities; Florida Alternate
168	Assessment; English language learners enrolled in dual language

169 programs.-

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1. Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities in the core content knowledge 171 and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression 172 173 and high school graduation.

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2. A student with a disability τ as defined in s. 1007.02 τ

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student's IEP. Students using instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowed on a statewide, standardized assessment may have assessment results waived if the IEP team determines that the assessment cannot accurately measure the student's abilities.

b. If a student is provided with instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowed as accommodations for statewide, standardized assessments, the district must inform the parent in writing and provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected performance levels. A parent must

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204	provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom
205	instructional accommodations that would not be available or
206	permitted on a statewide, standardized assessment and
207	acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the
208	implications of such instructional accommodations.
209	c. If a student's IEP states that online administration of
210	a statewide, standardized assessment will significantly impair
211	the student's ability to perform, the assessment shall be
212	administered in hard copy.
213	d.(I) Each school district shall administer, as
214	appropriate, native language versions of statewide, standardized
215	assessments and EOC assessments to English language learners
216	enrolled in dual language programs in elementary or middle
217	school and for whom it is appropriate.
218	(A) A parent of an English language learner enrolled in a
219	dual language program in prekindergarten through grade 5 and a
220	parent of a student with disabilities of any grade level may
221	determine whether the administration of a native language
222	version of a statewide, standardized assessment and EOC
223	assessment is appropriate.
224	(B) An English language learner enrolled in a dual language
225	program in grades 6 through 8 may determine whether the
226	administration of a native language version of a statewide,
227	standardized assessment and EOC assessment is appropriate. The
228	parent of an English language learner enrolled in a dual
229	language program in grades 6 through 8 is entitled to prohibit
230	his or her student from being administered the native language
231	versions of the assessments.
232	(II) The Department of Education shall develop a timetable

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233	and action plan to phase in the development and adoption of the
234	native language assessments, beginning with assessments for the
235	three most prevalent languages represented in the English
236	language learner population within this state and with
237	assessments required for high school graduation. The state shall
238	accept results on the high school equivalency examination from
239	any language version of the examination.
240	4. For students with significant cognitive disabilities,
241	the Department of Education shall provide for implementation of
242	the Florida Alternate Assessment to accurately measure the core
243	curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine
244	State Standards.
245	(h) Content assessments in the target language of
246	instruction
247	1. Statewide, standardized assessments in the target
248	language identified or developed by the department must be
249	administered annually for the target language to English
250	language learners in dual language programs and bilingual
251	education programs.
252	2. The department shall develop a timetable and action plan
253	to phase in the identification or development and adoption of
254	native language examinations of achievement in the content areas
255	taught through the target language, beginning with examinations
256	in the most frequently taught content area in bilingual or dual
257	language programs in public schools.
258	(9) ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS; ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENTSThe
259	Commissioner of Education shall identify alternative assessments
260	and the respective passing scores to be offered in languages
261	other than English which are appropriate for demonstrating the

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262	college readiness of English language learners. The passing
263	scores on alternative assessments identified pursuant to this
264	subsection must be approved by state board rule.
265	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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