By Senator Pizzo

	38-00712-22 2022876
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to stunt driving on highways; amending
3	s. 316.191, F.S.; defining terms; prohibiting
4	specified acts relating to street takeovers or stunt
5	driving on highways, roadways, or parking lots;
6	prohibiting a person from being a spectator at a
7	street takeover; providing applicability of specified
8	criminal penalties; amending s. 318.18, F.S.;
9	providing applicability of a certain civil penalty;
10	amending s. 901.15, F.S.; conforming a provision to
11	changes made by the act; reenacting s. 322.0261(4)(a)
12	and (b), F.S., relating to driver improvement courses,
13	to incorporate the amendment made to s. 316.191, F.S.,
14	in references thereto; providing an effective date.
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16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
17	
18	Section 1. Section 316.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to
19	read:
20	316.191 Racing on highways, street takeovers, and stunt
21	driving on highways
22	(1) As used in this section, the term:
23	(a) "Burnout" means a maneuver performed while operating a
24	motor vehicle whereby the vehicle is kept stationary while the
25	wheels are spun, the resulting friction causing the vehicle's
26	tires to heat up and emit smoke.
27	(b) "Conviction" means a determination of guilt that is the
28	result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether adjudication is
29	withheld.

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30	(c) "Doughnut" means a maneuver performed while operating a
31	motor vehicle whereby the front or rear of the vehicle is
32	rotated around the opposite set of wheels in a continuous motion
33	which may cause a circular skid-mark pattern of rubber on the
34	driving surface or the tires to heat up and emit smoke from
35	friction, or both.
36	<u>(d)</u> "Drag race" means the operation of two or more motor
37	vehicles from a point side by side at accelerating speeds in a
38	competitive attempt to outdistance each other, or the operation
39	of one or more motor vehicles over a common selected course,
40	from the same point to the same point, for the purpose of
41	comparing the relative speeds or power of acceleration of such
42	motor vehicle or motor vehicles within a certain distance or
43	time limit.
44	(e) "Drifting" means a maneuver performed while operating a
45	motor vehicle whereby the vehicle is steered so that it makes a
46	controlled skid sideways through a turn with the front wheels
47	pointed in a direction opposite to that of the turn.
48	(f)(c) "Race" means the use of one or more motor vehicles
49	in competition, arising from a challenge to demonstrate
50	superiority of a motor vehicle or driver and the acceptance or
51	competitive response to that challenge, either through a prior
52	arrangement or in immediate response, in which the competitor
53	attempts to outgain or outdistance another motor vehicle, to
54	prevent another motor vehicle from passing, to arrive at a given
55	destination ahead of another motor vehicle or motor vehicles, or
56	to test the physical stamina or endurance of drivers over long-
57	distance driving routes. A race may be prearranged or may occur
58	through a competitive response to conduct on the part of one or

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59	more drivers which, under the totality of the circumstances, can
60	reasonably be interpreted as a challenge to race.
61	<u>(g)</u> "Spectator" means any person who is knowingly
62	present at and views a drag race, when such presence is the
63	result of an affirmative choice to attend or participate in the
64	race. For purposes of determining whether or not an individual
65	is a spectator, finders of fact shall consider the relationship
66	between the racer and the individual, evidence of gambling or
67	betting on the outcome of the race, and any other factor that
68	would tend to show knowing attendance or participation.
69	(h) "Street takeover" means the taking over of a portion of
70	a highway or roadway by blocking or impeding the regular flow of
71	traffic to perform burnouts, doughnuts, drifting, wheelies, or
72	other stunt driving.
73	(i) "Stunt driving" means to perform or engage in any
74	burnouts, doughnuts, drifting, wheelies, or other activity on a
75	roadway or highway which is likely to delay, distract, startle,
76	or interfere with other users of the roadway or highway.
77	(j) "Wheelie" means a maneuver performed while operating a
78	motor vehicle whereby a motorcycle or other motor vehicle is
79	ridden for a distance with the front wheel or wheels raised off
80	the ground.
81	(2) A person may not:
82	(a) Drive any motor vehicle, including any motorcycle, in
83	any street takeover, stunt driving, race, speed competition or
84	contest, drag race or acceleration contest, test of physical
85	endurance, or exhibition of speed or acceleration or for the
86	purpose of making a speed record on any highway, roadway, or
87	parking lot;
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88	(b) In any manner participate in, coordinate, facilitate,
89	or collect moneys at any location for any such race, street
90	takeover, stunt driving, competition, contest, test, or
91	exhibition;
92	(c) Knowingly ride as a passenger in any such race, <u>street</u>
93	takeover, stunt driving, competition, contest, test, or
94	exhibition; or
95	(d) Purposefully cause the movement of traffic to slow or
96	stop for any such race, street takeover, stunt driving,
97	competition, contest, test, or exhibition.
98	(3)(a) Any person who violates subsection (2) commits a
99	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
100	775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person who violates subsection (2)
101	shall pay a fine of not less than \$500 and not more than \$1,000,
102	and the department shall revoke the driver license of a person
103	so convicted for 1 year. A hearing may be requested pursuant to
104	s. 322.271.
105	(b) Any person who commits a second violation of subsection
106	(2) within 5 years after the date of a prior violation that
107	resulted in a conviction for a violation of subsection (2)
108	commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
109	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and shall pay a fine of
110	not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$3,000. The department
111	shall also revoke the driver license of that person for 2 years.
112	A hearing may be requested pursuant to s. 322.271.
113	(c) Any person who commits a third or subsequent violation
114	of subsection (2) within 5 years after the date of a prior
115	violation that resulted in a conviction for a violation of
116	subsection (2) commits a misdemeanor of the first degree,
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38-00712-22 2022876 117 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and shall 118 pay a fine of not less than \$2,000 and not more than \$5,000. The 119 department shall also revoke the driver license of that person 120 for 4 years. A hearing may be requested pursuant to s. 322.271. 121 (d) In any case charging a violation of subsection (2), the court shall be provided a copy of the driving record of the 122 123 person charged and may obtain any records from any other source 124 to determine if one or more prior convictions of the person for 125 a violation of subsection (2) have occurred within 5 years prior 126 to the charged offense. 127 (4) (a) A person may not be a spectator at any drag race or 128 street takeover prohibited under subsection (2). 129 (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) commits a 130 noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation 131 as provided in chapter 318. 132 (5) Whenever a law enforcement officer has probable cause 133 to believe that a person violated subsection (2), the officer 134 may arrest and take such person into custody without a warrant. 135 The court may enter an order of impoundment or immobilization as 136 a condition of incarceration or probation. Within 7 business 137 days after the date the court issues the order of impoundment or 138 immobilization, the clerk of the court must send notice by 139 certified mail, return receipt requested, to the registered 140 owner of the motor vehicle, if the registered owner is a person 141 other than the defendant, and to each person of record claiming 142 a lien against the motor vehicle.

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,
the impounding agency shall release a motor vehicle under the
conditions provided in s. 316.193(6)(e), (f), (g), and (h), if

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38-00712-222022876_146the owner or agent presents a valid driver license at the time147of pickup of the motor vehicle.

(b) All costs and fees for the impoundment or immobilization, including the cost of notification, must be paid by the owner of the motor vehicle or, if the motor vehicle is leased or rented, by the person leasing or renting the motor vehicle, unless the impoundment or immobilization order is dismissed. All provisions of s. 713.78 shall apply.

154 (c) Any motor vehicle used in violation of subsection (2) 155 may be impounded for a period of 30 business days if a law 156 enforcement officer has arrested and taken a person into custody 157 pursuant to this subsection and the person being arrested is the 158 registered owner or co-owner of the motor vehicle. If the 159 arresting officer finds that the criteria of this paragraph are 160 met, the officer may immediately impound the motor vehicle. The 161 law enforcement officer shall notify the Department of Highway 162 Safety and Motor Vehicles of any impoundment for violation of 163 this subsection in accordance with procedures established by the 164 department. Paragraphs (a) and (b) shall be applicable to such 165 impoundment.

(6) Any motor vehicle used in violation of subsection (2)
by any person within 5 years after the date of a prior
conviction of that person for a violation under subsection (2)
may be seized and forfeited as provided by the Florida
Contraband Forfeiture Act. This subsection shall only be
applicable if the owner of the motor vehicle is the person
charged with violating subsection (2).

173 (7) This section does not apply to licensed or duly174 authorized racetracks, drag strips, or other designated areas

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175	set aside by proper authorities for such purposes.
176	Section 2. Subsection (20) of section 318.18, Florida
177	Statutes, is amended to read:
178	318.18 Amount of penaltiesThe penalties required for a
179	noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal
180	offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:
181	(20) In addition to any other penalty, \$65 for a violation
182	of s. 316.191, prohibiting racing on highways, street takeovers,
183	and stunt driving on highways, or s. 316.192, prohibiting
184	reckless driving. The additional \$65 collected under this
185	subsection shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for
186	deposit into the Emergency Medical Services Trust Fund of the
187	Department of Health to be used as provided in s. 395.4036.
188	Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (9) of section
189	901.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
190	901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is lawful.—A
191	law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant
192	when:
193	(9) There is probable cause to believe that the person has
194	committed:
195	(d) A racing, street takeover, or stunt driving violation
196	as described in s. 316.191(2).
197	Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
198	made by this act to section 316.191, Florida Statutes, in
199	references thereto, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) of
200	section 322.0261, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:
201	322.0261 Driver improvement course; requirement to maintain
202	driving privileges; failure to complete; department approval of
203	course

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38-00712-22 2022876 204 (4) (a) The department shall identify any operator convicted 205 of, or who pleaded nolo contendere to, a violation of s. 206 316.074(1), s. 316.075(1)(c)1., s. 316.172, s. 316.191, or s. 207 316.192 and shall require that operator, in addition to other 208 applicable penalties, to attend a department-approved driver 209 improvement course in order to maintain driving privileges. The 210 department shall, within 10 days after receiving a notice of 211 judicial disposition, send notice to the operator of the 212 requirement to attend a driver improvement course. If the 213 operator fails to complete the course within 90 days after 214 receiving notice from the department, the operator's driver 215 license shall be canceled by the department until the course is 216 successfully completed. 217 (b) Any operator who receives a traffic citation for a 218 violation of s. 316.074(1), s. 316.075(1)(c)1., s. 316.191, or 219 s. 316.192, for which the court withholds adjudication, is not 220 required to attend a driver improvement course, unless the court 221 finds that the nature or severity of the violation is such that 222 attendance to a driver improvement course is necessary. The 223 department shall, within 10 days after receiving a notice of 224 judicial disposition, send notice to the operator of the 225 requirement to attend a driver improvement course. If the 226 operator fails to complete the course within 90 days after

228 license shall be canceled by the department until the course is 229 successfully completed.

receiving notice from the department, the operator's driver

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Section 5. This act shall take effect October 1, 2022.

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